

BIG FLEET COMING TO PACIFIC COAST

Twenty Battleships to Steam Around Cape Horn in the Winter.

GREAT NAVAL SPECTACLE

Metcalf Announces Long Practice Cruise for Atlantic Fleet—Will Visit San Francisco—No Trouble With Japan.

OAKLAND, Cal., July 4.—Secretary of the Navy Victor H. Metcalf, in an interview this morning with the Oakland Tribune, confirmed the report that a large part of the United States Navy will be seen in Pacific waters next winter.

Keep Fleet at Home.

"It is the policy of the Navy Department at the present time to keep the fleet in American waters as much as possible. It is also our policy, as has been stated, to keep as large a number of the fleet as possible in the Pacific. We might as well spend the money that is devoted to our Navy in various ports as abroad."

No Quarrel With Japan.

"I hope that the talk of Japanese troubles and of international differences may be dropped by all the newspapers in this country. There is nothing to produce any feeling except this talk of the newspapers. It is without foundation. The story that Ambassador Aoki is in favor of his own government I believe purely an invention. I know of no reason at the present time why Japan and the United States should not be on the friendliest of terms."

LOEB EXPLAINS NAVAL POLICY

Battleships to Make Long Voyage, Probably to Pacific.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 4.—An official statement was made public at the executive office here today regarding the report of a battleship fleet visiting California. The statement as given out by Secretary Loeb follows: "There is no intention of sending a fleet at once to the Pacific. For the last two years the administration has been perfecting its plans to arrange for a long cruise of the battleship fleet when a sufficient number of warships are gathered. This cruise may be to the Pacific, but might possibly be to the Mediterranean or the South Atlantic. It may possibly take place next winter, but on the other hand, it may not be convenient to arrange it until later. In any event, after a month or two, the fleet will be brought back together to the Atlantic coast."

"Whether the voyage is made or not, whether the fleet stays in the Atlantic or goes to the Pacific, will be determined simply as a matter of routine in the management and drill of the navy. It is not a part of the policy of the Navy Department, in its effort to keep the navy up to the highest point of efficiency, always to keep the battleships together, maneuvering as a fleet composed of several squadrons, and it is desirable that this fleet should remain in the Atlantic. The relations between the United States and all other powers never were more peaceful and friendly than at the present time, and if the fleet were sent to the Pacific, the fact would possess no more significance than the further fact that three or four months later it would be withdrawn from the Pacific. Both would merely be part of the ordinary routine of the naval administration."

BATTLE WITH GRAFTERS

(Continued From First Page.)

been nominated through the support of W. R. Hearst. He had been elected District Attorney on the Ruff ticket. His obligation was a small one, but Mr. Langdon is a man of blameless record, of high integrity.

He was at Santa Cruz on his way down the state when Mr. Heney and Mr. Spreckels approached him. Mr. Langdon demurred to their proposition. He said if there were reforms to be worked his office was capable of working them. Mr. Heney and Mr. Spreckels returned to San Francisco and an appeal was made to Mr. Hearst. The Hearst papers, the last to join in the cry against the administration, had attacked the trolley steal and were eager to unseat Ruff and Schmitz. Mr. Hearst urged Mr. Langdon to agree to the proposals of Mr. Spreckels and Mr. Langdon finally consented. With Mr. Langdon's assurances, Mr. Heney set to work.

Mr. Burns had been here before. He had worked up the case against Dimick, who robbed the mint of \$33,000. Mr. Burns reached here in September, went into consultation with Mr. Heney, Mr. Spreckels and Mr. Older and began work. At this time the public was in ignorance of any movement against the administration. A streetcar strike occurred in September. The fighting plants were but partly restored and large sections of the city were in complete darkness. Half a dozen murders occurred nightly. A gang of murderers walked the city murdering merchants in their

places of business by daylight. A Japanese bank was rifled and its manager killed at noon. Schmitz and Ruff had reopened the saloons, had sent policemen away on enforced vacations and the city was left at the mercy of thieves and murderers.

Public indignation reached a high pitch. A vast citizens committee was formed and there was talk of vigilance committees and lynchings. A big mass meeting was called in Union Square, but it proved a fiasco, for the Ruff cohorts swept down and captured it.

Trap Sprung in Schmitz' Absence.

All this time Mr. Burns had been spreading his dragnet over the city. A score of detectives were at work. They had begun an investigation of the liquor traffic when a local reporter crossed their trail. He discovered that Mr. Burns was in San Francisco and that he was gathering evidence against Ruff. The prosecution decided to come out into the open and in October, 1906, Mr. Langdon formally announced that he had appointed Mr. Heney a deputy and they had enlisted the services of Mr. Burns to investigate conditions in San Francisco.

But two weeks before this announcement was made, Schmitz, flushed with the enormous sum of the Eastern press, had left for a tour of Europe and the Eastern States. The trip was undertaken against the advice of Ruff. Although Schmitz stated that he intended to investigate the insurance question abroad, the real purpose of his trip was to gain personal recognition and some degree of social prestige. Schmitz, with his suddenly acquired wealth, had developed a desire to mix with "high society," the folk to whom for years, as leader of the orchestra, he had displayed only his back.

Grand Jury Begins Work.

The efforts of Ruff, left alone to fight the battle, to read Mr. Langdon out of office need not be dwelt upon. The facts are well known. Supervisor Gallagher, as acting Mayor, did as Ruff directed, but at each skirmish Ruff and his grafting crew lost ground.

Against the violent opposition of Ruff a grand jury was impaneled, a grand jury of upright citizens, despite the fact that for two years Ruff had been able to control the local grand jurors. At its second session the grand jury returned indictments against Ruff and Schmitz for extortion. In an instant the entire forces of the administration were lined up for battle. The labor interests were called upon to assist in counteracting the movement. Mass meetings were held at which Mr. Spreckels, Mr. Heney and Mr. Langdon were denounced. Labor leaders from the platform threatened to interfere. A vast organization to be known as the Metropolitan League was formed of all the administration forces. It was quickly dubbed the "Looters' League," and as such passed out of existence two months after its formation.

The attack of the prosecution was soon widened to include the Supervisors and a coterie of other city officials. Schmitz came hurrying home from Europe, confident that before he could "wipe out his enemies," his homecoming was the signal for a great demonstration on the part of his followers. What seemed to Schmitz that night as his greatest triumph was but a last stand for a lost cause.

FIJI ISLANDS DEVASTATED

HURRICANE WREAKS GREAT DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

No Lives Are Lost—Buildings Are Razed and Food Shortage Is Feared.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 4.—News of a disastrous hurricane in a portion of the Fiji group, resulting in the complete devastation of Futuna Island, causing great property loss, but no loss of lives, was brought by the steamer Moana, Captain Davidson, which arrived from the scene of the hurricane. The island, which towered high with beautiful vegetation, now is a great burnt-up brown lump of earth. The island is a scene of desolation, strewn completely with debris, and that no lives were lost is considered remarkable.

Nearly every building was destroyed, some of the smaller houses being swept out to sea. A large Roman Catholic Church, with walls 25 inches thick, was razed, as were nearly all of both European and native buildings. A food shortage is feared among the natives. A sensational robbery is reported from Melbourne, where three gold bars weighing 60 ounces were stolen from a bank. The robber is believed to have stolen the keys of the safe from a constable employed at the mint.

DISABLED BOAT IS SAFE

Thought to Be the Assumption With Machinery Broken.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 4.—The disabled steamer reported previously from Carmanah was seen making her way into the straits at 10 P. M.

It is probable that the vessel is the Assumption, which left the Sound yesterday morning for the south, and having broken down off the entrance to the straits, has been able to effect sufficient repairs to allow her to return without the assistance of the tug.

SHERIDAN THE CHAMPION

Defeats Cotter for Honors of Amateur Athletic Union.

NEW YORK, July 4.—Martin J. Sheridan, of the Irish-American Athletic Club of this city, won the all-round championship of the Amateur Athletic Union at Celtic Park, Long Island, today. His only opponent was his clubmate, Richard Cotter. Sheridan established a new record of 7390 points for the ten events, beating his former record of 6824 points made at Boston two years ago.

Travel Eastward in Motor-Boat.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 4.—To undertake the journey of Lewis and Clark backward and in a motor-boat is the ambition of W. James Corwin, aged 35 of Pasadena, and Joseph Giddings, aged 22, of the same city. The former has built the 16-foot boat and engine.

In Russia the postoffice is part of the military system and the postman, therefore, is under a discipline as strict as army rule.

SUBMITTED TO LAW

Rockefeller Did Not Wait for Deputy Marshal.

SENT LANDIS A TELEGRAM

Promised to Appear in Court and Said Subpoena Not Necessary. No Request to Make Deposition at Pittsfield.

ROCKEFELLER OFF TO CHICAGO.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., July 4.—John D. Rockefeller left Pittsfield tonight for Chicago, where on Saturday he will be interrogated by the Federal Court regarding the affairs of the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Rockefeller attended several children staying at the home of his son-in-law, Prentice E. Parmelee, to light fireworks during the day.

GREEN BUSH, Wis., July 4.—Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, of the United States District Court of Chicago, who is spending a few days here with his friend, Dr. Carey, said today that he had received numerous requests for information relative to the report that John D. Rockefeller had requested permission to make a deposition in Massachusetts instead of coming to Chicago to give personal evidence in the Standard Oil inquiry that was under way before Judge Landis.

The judge said he had received no such request from Mr. Rockefeller. On the contrary, he had sent the following message to the United States Marshals in the districts of New Jersey, New York and Ohio: "I have received word that a subpoena was served on John D. Rockefeller at Pittsfield, Mass., on the afternoon of July 4. I have also received the following message from Pittsfield, dated July 3: 'I understand that a subpoena has been issued for my appearance at Chicago on Saturday. No subpoena is necessary. I will be there.' 'JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER.' You will therefore make no further effort to serve processes."

INVITED MARSHAL TO COME

Archibold Says Rockefeller Called Him to Serve Subpoena.

NEW YORK, July 4.—With regard to the service of a subpoena upon John D. Rockefeller in Pittsfield, Mass., John D. Archibold, a director of the Standard Oil Company, made the following statement today: "The reports published today of the service of a subpoena upon Mr. Rockefeller are erroneous. The facts are that Mr. Rockefeller telegraphed to Judge Landis in Chicago notifying him that in Judge Landis' opinion it was necessary for Mr. Rockefeller to go to Chicago, he would be present on Saturday without the service of a subpoena. Mr. Rockefeller sent word to the United States Marshal whose district included Pittsfield, if he had a subpoena to come and serve it."

WILL TESTIFY ON SATURDAY

Sims Will Put Rockefeller on Stand When Court Opens.

CHICAGO, July 4.—Assuming that Mr. Rockefeller would reach Chicago tomorrow night, District Attorney Sims tonight said that plans were being made to have the head of the Standard Oil Company take the stand when the court opens at 10 o'clock Saturday morning. No request has been made of Judge Landis by Mr. Rockefeller, whereby the oil magnate might be permitted to give his testimony by deposition, thus saving him from the court ordeal.

CARNAGE PALLS FOURTH

(Continued From First Page.)

bullet, by design or accident, killed the celebrator. Another person celebrating sent a bullet through the brain of 13-year-old Nimpa Grizanti as she stood near the open window of her room, dressing her hair.

Henry Engelhart, aged four years, was killed by a bullet while looking out of the window of his home.

Jesse Curvior, 21 years old, is dying from another stray bullet wound.

John Graham, 10 years old, was mortally wounded by a charge from a toy cannon.

James Beneso, 6 years old, was all but burned alive when a firecracker ignited his clothing.

Arthur Corfoot, 25 years old, is one of a dozen, one of whose hands were blown off.

Lost eyes and fingers and scar-leaving wounds added to the total of emergency cases.

Oratory had its place, the larger meetings including that of Tammany Hall, where Congressman Henry T. Rainey, of the California delegation, presided, and the gathering in honor of the memory of Garibaldi, the Italian liberator.

FIRECRACKERS LIGHT REVELERS

Explosion Occurs Under Carriage Seat—Three Injured.

CHELSEA, Mass., July 4.—Riding in a carriage to the river, a party of 8 dozen picnickers were suddenly lifted into the air by the explosion of a quantity of firecrackers under the seat. A careless youth had dropped a lighted cigar into the fireworks. The seat was torn loose, and several of the party literally were lifted into the air.

Harry McKenna, Guy Alee and Ruth Boyer are so severely burned that their condition is critical.

Of the others, Cecil Boyer, Clyde Besty, Daisy Kenney, Laura Wheeler and Tenny Squelers all suffered severely.

POWDER EXPLODES TOO SOON

Kills Two and Injures Five in Boating Party.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 4.—Four pounds of giant powder exploded today in a rowboat, killing two persons and injuring five others. The powder was to be used to make the noise for a small picnic. The survivors say that one of those killed threw a cigarette on top of the can and that a spark from it must have reached the contents.

Children Killed in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 4.—One child was killed, one probably fatally injured and two others were hurt in a

celebration of the Fourth of July at Chatham last night. Frank Herrero, engineer of a coal mine at Chatham, took seven 2½ gallon cans of powder with which to celebrate the Fourth and told the children not to touch the powder, which he left in the back yard. The children finished supper before he had and went into the back yard and Mary, 8 years old, struck a match. John, 8 years old, attempted to tear her hands away before the powder exploded, but was too late. Mary was so severely burned that she died on her way to a hospital in Springfield, and John is terribly burned and may die. Maggie, aged 11 years, and Ernest, aged 3 months were also burned and are in a hospital.

YOUTH KILLED BY LIVE WIRE

Battered by Companions He Meets Tragic Death.

WINONA, Minn., July 4.—A Fourth of July prank caused the death of Roy Van Sicken, aged 17 years, at a picnic near here today.

The park is illuminated by an electric light tower 100 feet high, and Van Sicken, following a "dare" by his companions, climbed to the top of the structure. He came in contact with a live wire, and his body was hurled to the ground, striking on rocks which crushed his head.

Roosevelts See Fireworks.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 4.—The celebration of the Fourth made apparently little difference to the transaction of Government business by President Roosevelt today. The executive staff went through the usual routine. Tonight the President, with his family and relatives, witnessed an elaborate display of fireworks.

MESSAGE TO TAMMANY

BRYAN SAYS THREE ISSUES BEFORE NATION.

Rainey Rails Against Third Term and Predicts Nebraskan's Easy Victory.

NEW YORK, July 4.—A message from William J. Bryan was one of the features of the celebration of the Fourth by the Tammany Society today. Mr. Bryan was one of the guests invited to help the society celebrate, but was unable to attend, and sent a message from Lincoln, in which he said: "I trust your celebration will increase the enthusiasm of the New York Democratic party and draw attention to the fact that the economic questions now before the country—the trust question, the tariff question and the railroad question—all involve the same issue, viz: whether the Government shall administer in the interest of a few favorites or in behalf of the whole people."

Other questions will enter into the campaign, but I emphasize the importance of applying to the Government the Jeffersonian doctrine of 'equal rights to all and special privileges to none.' The Tammany exercises consisted of the reading of the Declaration of Independence and speeches by Congressmen Bourke Cockran, of New York; Hon. J. J. Ray, of Illinois; and James Brainin, of Colorado.

Colonel Rainey, in an address, attributed to President Roosevelt the design of destroying the States and state rights. He said in part: "Washington was too big to accept a third term, but the present occupant of the White House is not big enough to refuse. With the danger of a third term staring us in the face, at the beginning to look around for a man who stands upon his declaration of independence, and out West we offer you such a man."

There is not money enough locked up in all the vaults of the trusts to defeat William J. Bryan next year, should he be the candidate of the Liberal party."

NEILL TRIES TO MEDIATE

Ends Deadlock in Operators' Strike on Union Recognition.

SMALL WITHDRAWS ORDER

Awaits Result of Neill's Mission Before Extending Strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 4.—President S. J. Small, of the Telegraphers' Union, it is stated, has temporarily withdrawn his order given the operators in another city, believed to have been ordered to go on strike within the next few days.

This action, it is believed, was taken pending the arrival at Chicago of Labor Commissioner Neill from Washington, and the outcome of his efforts there to prevent a general strike. It is taken as an indication that despite the apparent hopeless deadlock between the telegraph companies and the telegraphers, the chance of a compromise of the local trouble is not entirely dismissed.

Superintendent I. N. Miller, of the Western Union, has signified his willingness to meet the "ex-employees" of that company but only on the basis of a concession, which seems to be a slight concession, but whether sufficient to open up a way for negotiations is doubtful.

There is no likelihood that the strike will be extended along the Coast," said President Small.

ITALIANS HONOR GARIBALDI

Dedicate Pantheon at Former Liberator's Home on Staten Island.

NEW YORK, July 4.—The one-hundredth anniversary of the birth of the Italian national leader, Garibaldi, was observed here today by a parade and dedication of the Garibaldi Pantheon at Clifton, Staten Island, where the liberator lived from 1850 to 1858. Delegates from all over the country took part. The pantheon encloses the house where Garibaldi lived and contains many relics of the patriot.

The ceremony was the rendezvous of Italian societies and delegations from many cities for the start of the parade. It moved down Broadway to the Staten Island ferry, cheered by hundreds of Italians.

Established 1850—FIFTY-SEVEN YEARS IN BUSINESS—Established 1850

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Good Merchandise Only—Quality Considered Our Prices Are Always the Lowest

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY

As advertised in all papers yesterday, tremendous bargains in all departments today—many not advertised.

38 Summer Jackets, Vals. to \$15 at \$4.97

38 ladies' Summer Jackets in fancy striped serge box coats, black silk Eton jackets, and 22-inch tan covert jackets, all new this season. Ideal for wear at the coast or mountains, for cool evenings, or next fall.

Reg. \$2.75 New White Lingerie Waists, \$1.48

An assortment of 300 new Lingerie Waists of best quality white lawns, made in lace and embroidery-trimmed styles, with clusters of fine pin tucking; full new elbow sleeves, with tucked and lace-edged cuffs.

Clearance of Summer Wash Fabrics at Half

Hundreds of patterns, scores of weaves, in the daintiest sheer Summer fabrics, at exactly half the regular price—the bargain opportunity of the season. Every popular Summer fabric—printed batiste, printed Organdies, printed dimity, mercerized mulls, white lawns, white waistings, in every conceivable pattern for Summer wear.

Table with 4 columns: 15c Qualities 8c Yard, 20c Qualities 10c Yard, 25c Qualities 12 1/2c Yard, 35c Qualities 18c Yard, 50c Qualities 25c Yard, Many Other Bargains

Trim'd Dress Hats, Vals. to \$8.00 at \$1.89

Final reduction of our entire stock of fine Dress Hats that formerly sold up to \$8.00, including fine hair-braid shapes, fancy straw shapes, etc., trimmed with flowers, ribbons, malines, etc. A great chance to get a new and different Summer Hat.

Short Kimonos and Sacques, \$2 Values, 98c

Women's Short Kimonos and Dressing Sacques, made of white dotted Swiss, white lawn, fancy figured lawns, fancy figured dotted Swiss. All the newest styles of nightgales, kimonos and dressing sacques, with fancy scalloped edges, with or without collar and belt. Regular values to \$2.00.

Child's Wash Dresses, Vals. to \$1.89 at 98c

Greatest bargain event of the year in children's colored Wash Dresses; made of fine ginghams, percale, chambray, galatea and duck. Made in all new styles; yoke, French, Russian, bloomer and sailor suits; sizes 2 to 6 years. Regular values to \$1.89.

Child's Wash Dresses, Values to \$2 at \$1.19

An assortment of children's Washable Dresses in chambray jumper suits, Peter Pan suits and percale dresses, sizes 6 to 14. All new and up-to-date. Selling regularly up to \$2.

Men's White and Fancy Vests, \$3 Val. \$1.75

300 men's white and fancy Vests, made of fine pique, Oxfords, mercerized Oxfords and dimities. This is a manufacturer's representative line of samples. Each vest is finished and tailored in the very best possible manner and is such as we have sold regularly for \$2.75 to \$3.00.

25c Women's Cotton or Lisle Vests for 15c

1000 fine quality women's cotton or lisle Vests, low neck, no sleeves, silk-taped at neck. Our regular 25c quality, for this Friday sale only. 500 fine lisle Swiss-ribbed Union Suits, lace-trimmed at yoke and lace-trimmed umbrella drawers. An extraordinary bargain at the regular price of only 98c; sale - 1000 extra fine quality women's lisle or mercerized Vests, lace-trimmed, both silk or mercerized tape at neck. Regular 50c quality, for today's sale. 1000 extra fine Swiss-ribbed lisle or mercerized Vests, beautifully trimmed, silk-taped; regular 75c quality; special for today. 15c, 50c, 25c, 43c

Reg. 18c Outing Suits for Only 12 1/2c Yd.

5000 yards linen-finished Outing Suiting—blue and white, black and white plaids, white with polka dots in blue, black and red; also plain blue.

Sale 5000 Yards Imported Colored Madras

5000 yards of colored Imported Madras, in all of this season's best patterns in all of the pretty, soft colorings that make madras the most effective of Summer window draperies. The light filtering through is toned down to the pretty, soft effects so desirable. All of the best color combinations in shades of green, cream, brown, red, yellow, old rose; 48 and 50 inches wide.

Table with 4 columns: Regular 60c and 65c values, yard. 48c, Regular 1.00 values, yard. 79c, Regular 75c values, yard. 59c, Regular 1.25 values, yard. 98c, Regular 85c values, yard. 68c, Regular 1.50 values, yard. 1.15

Many other Special Sales in all departments—some as advertised in yesterday's papers, others equally good values but not advertised. Look for sale placards. See window displays

NO IDEA OF BOYCOTTING

Japanese Chambers Say It Would Be Suicidal Step.

LONDON, July 5.—"The leading Chambers of Commerce assure me," cabled the Tokio correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, that they never even entertained the idea of boycotting American goods. Such a boycott would be considered suicidal, in view of the existing trade conditions."

All Malevolent Inventions.

BERLIN, July 4.—In an article published today emanating from a semi-official source, the Cologne Gazette declares that the hints appearing in various quarters that German influence brought about the recent difficulties between Japan and the United States, as well as the present Russian situation, are malevolent inventions.

Dies of Thirst in Desert.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 4.—With his lips pressed to the steel of the railway track in an effort to secure moisture, Samuel Anderson, of this city, was found on the desert near Monah by the crew of a Southern Pacific freight train, dying of thirst. He would not have died had not a gang of section men declined to go to his assistance earlier in the day. When picked up by the train crew, the victim of a cruel thirst and heat was in extremis. He was taken to Palm Springs, and there died.

The mercury on the desert is said to have registered 125 degrees in the shade on the day Anderson died. The man was almost nude when found. He had torn

Dreaded Being Buried Alive.

NEW YORK, July 4.—James Green Wellington, of Corning, N. Y., died suddenly of heart disease, at Avon, N. Y., Wednesday. He was 76 years old. He had a horror of being buried alive and several years ago made his brother, Dr. James B. Wellington, promise to use every

known test upon his body before giving his consent to burial. The doctor promised if he survived to carry out Mr. Wellington's wish; the bodies was carried to the bedside of Dr. Wellington who made the tests.

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

COFFEE

Poor coffee is commonly sold in bulk, not in packages; no good coffee should be sold in bulk. Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best; we pay him.

Doctors Say;

Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels. The Secret of Health. The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result. Tutt's Liver Pills Cure all Liver Troubles.

WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS

W.G. SMITH & CO. WASHINGTON BUILDING Fourth and Washington Streets