

Morning Oregonian



VOL. XLVI.—NO. 14,509.

PORTLAND, OREGON, MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1907.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

ADAMS TO TAKE STAND FOR STATE

Orchard's Alleged Partner in Crime

MUCH TO TELL IF HE WILL

Little Choice Left for Self-Confessed Criminal.

FACTS FROM INNER CIRCLE

Prosecution Promises Long List of Sensations When It Comes to Corroborating Testimony of Orchard—Witnesses Gathering.

BOISE, Idaho, June 9.—(Special.)—The announcement that Steve Adams is being brought here by the state and that he will be put on the stand in corroboration of Orchard's statements has created great interest. It is not known what the state proposes to do with him, but it evidently feels it is in a position to use him to advantage, notwithstanding the fact that he repudiated the confession he made last year.

As a result of Adams' visit to Telluride with Huckleby Wells last year, the officers there are in possession of an immense amount of evidence respecting his crimes, particularly the murder of Arthur Collins, and it is believed he will certainly hang if the officers down there get hold of him. Further, it is thought very likely the state will succeed in convicting him on the next trial for the murder of Fred Tyler in Shoshone County.

His Colorado Crimes.

At Telluride, Adams guided the officers to places where the remains of some of the victims of murders there in 1902 were buried. He spent one night at the Collins' house. While there he was asked to point out the spot where he stood when he fired the charge of buckshot into the room and killed the mine manager. He walked directly to the point which had been found at the time. Its direction from the window was determined by the course of one shot which passed through the sash of the window. Following that course, the officers found where the murderer stood, 60 feet away. The marks of his feet were there, and there lay an empty shell. When asked to point out the spot, Adams did so without hesitation. He talked freely, giving the officers a mass of information, most of which has been checked up and fully corroborated.

Take Choice and Hang for It.

There would seem to be two ropes around his neck, and he will have a hard choice to make if he refuses to stand by his original statement. There is no possibility that he can gain immunity by testifying, but it would seem as though he would take the chance of getting some consideration in return for standing by his statement made to Detective McFarland. A section of the confession was introduced at his trial at Wallate in February and he admitted he told it all excepting the one fact that he fired the shot that killed Tyler. He also admitted he made the statements voluntarily, being told there was no case against him. So he will have to face the original statement and his sworn evidence on the stand. It is a peculiar feature of that confession that it was taken in several parts, subscribed and sworn to separately. The other sections have never been made public.

William O'Neill, who keeps the hotel at the head of navigation on the St. Jos, where Orchard and Simpkins stopped in the Fall of 1906, is here as a witness. Another hotelkeeper who has arrived is Mrs. John Gera, who kept the Belmont House in Denver, under which Pettibone kept his

store. She will also appear for the state. Where He Got Peabody Bomb.

Sheriff Bailey, of Shoshone County, is here. It is understood he will give testimony respecting the finding of the Peabody bomb in the river at Wallace, the bomb which Orchard brought from Colorado, and which he discarded on the advice of Simpkins as being too heavy, giving it to a man named Cunningham. Another man who knows something of that bomb is Joseph Roach, of Denver, a plumber. Orchard took the sheet lead from which the case of the bomb was made to this man to have holes bored in it. He asked Orchard what he intended to do with the perforated lead and the latter said he intended to raise cactus plants in it.

G. W. Rich is another witness on the



Steve Adams, Alleged Partner of Harry Orchard, Witness for the State in the Haywood Trial.

ground. He kept the Tupper House at Pocatello at the time Steve Adams went down there in 1904 to kill the train load of nonunion miners. Four witnesses are on the way from Ogden to testify to Adams getting money from Haywood to get him out of jail in that city. Ex-Governor Peabody, of Colorado, is due to arrive in the morning.

Sensations Yet to Come.

Attorneys for the state say the interest in this trial will grow more pronounced as the witnesses come on after Orchard is released. The latter will be re-examined by the state and that will extend the period of his stay on the stand. It is thought the defense will get through with him in two more days, but that is not certain, and it seems likely that he will be on at least until Wednesday night. The testimony following, it is said, will be of the most interesting character, and that will certainly be true when it comes to the turn of Steve Adams to go on. The feeling is that the developments will be rapid and, sensational throughout and that the story as thus rounded out will become more and more absorbing.

It is the present intention of the state to put on its witnesses for the corroboration of Orchard's testimony immediately after Orchard finishes. Steve Adams will be the last on that branch of the subject so far as now known. Adams will be taken to the county jail upon his arrival here tomorrow morning and will be kept there. The officers have feared an effort would be made to intercept him with a writ of habeas corpus while passing through Oregon, but that does not seem likely.

LONG LIST OF BLOODY CRIMES

Adams' Detailed Confession Is Said to Surpass That of Orchard's.

BOISE, Idaho, June 9.—Steve Adams, another prisoner witness for the state in the case against W. D. Haywood, is now on his way to Boise, coming from the jail at Wallace, where he is held pending trial on the charge of murder. Adams, according to Harry Orchard, was the partner of the great assassinator in many of the "bumping-off" expeditions, successful and unsuccessful, to which Orchard has made confession. Adams had also confessed last year, but, unlike Orchard, he repudiated the document when he faced the gallows. The confession is, however, sworn and in writing. It shows careful correction and interlineation in Adams' own handwriting. Astounding though it may seem, those who have seen Adams' confession say it surpasses Orchard's.

(Continued on Page 3.)

TOKIO WAR PLOT COMES TO LIGHT

Party Agents Active in Washington.

PROGRESSIVES PLAN COUP

Scheme to Overthrow Japanese Ministry.

THEN DEMAND AN APOLOGY

Would Also Ask Indemnity From United States for San Francisco Troubles—Japanese Delegates Visit Ambassador Aoki.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—That the Japanese-Pacific Coast and the Progressives, a political party of Japanese, have entered into an alliance which has the earmarks of an international conspiracy, with the overthrow of the present ministry in Japan and the annulment of the clause in the Immigration bill excluding Japanese coolie labor from continental United States, as the ultimate objects, was learned authoritatively here today. The preliminary steps in this scheme, it is said, will be to induce the Tokyo government to recall Viscount Aoki, the Japanese Ambassador to the United States, for the alleged acts of violence against Japanese subjects residing in San Francisco.

With this end in view, representatives of the faction hostile to the Saonji ministry have been in Washington to consult with the Japanese Ambassador and the State Department officials regarding the objectionable clause in the immigration bill, the California school question and the recent riots in San Francisco. The report which they have sent to Tokyo, it is alleged, will form the basis of a systematic campaign to bring about anti-American demonstrations in Japan, and force Minister Hayashi, if possible, to demand indemnity and an apology on account of the Japanese disturbances in San Francisco.

Turned Down by Ambassador.

These facts became known today for the first time when it was learned that T. Takahashi, representative of the Seattle Japanese Society; O. Noda, representative of the San Francisco Japanese Society, and K. Kawakami, staff representative of the Yoruji (daily newspaper) of Tokyo, came to Washington on April 21 and remained until May 12, during which they were negotiating with the Japanese Ambassador looking to the annulment of the Japanese Immigration Limitation law.

This delegation failed in its purpose, and it is stated, after charging Ambassador Aoki with treachery to the Japanese of the Pacific Coast and with misrepresenting conditions to his home government, they telegraphed to Ototaka Yamaoka, the personal representative of Count Okuma, who was awaiting their report in Seattle, with the request that he communicate with the anti-administration leaders in Tokyo. Messrs. Takahashi, Noda and Kawakami had an interview with Assistant Secretary of State Bacon on May 8. They then telegraphed Yamaoka that they were dissatisfied with the attitude of the State Department, and urged the necessity of carrying the fight to Japan. Acting upon this suggestion Yamaoka sailed for Japan on May 14, on the steamer Aki, and it was pointed out today that the renewal of the anti-administration agitation in the Japanese press has begun since his arrival in Tokyo, May 28. It is also believed here that he prompted the deputations of progressives to call on Foreign Minister Hayashi for an explanation of the government's apparent "inaction and want of efficiency in the presence of the grave

EVENTS OF COMING WEEK

Take Up Peace Movement.

Peace as demanded by enlightened public opinion and modern civilization will be the chief topic of the world this week at the second Hague conference, which has been called to meet at The Netherlands capital by the Emperor of Russia. The Congress will assemble on June 15, and representatives of 49 countries will be in attendance.

Roosevelt at Jamestown.

President Roosevelt will be at the Jamestown Exposition again on Monday to deliver two addresses and take part in the celebration of Georgia Day. After reviewing the feet of American and foreign war vessels, he will deliver his first address from the grandstand at the Exposition. A parade will follow, after which the President will visit the negro exhibit and the Georgia building, where he will be given a reception by the women commissioners. In the afternoon he will address the National Educational Association, and then he will return to Washington.

Busy Week of Taft.

Secretary of War Taft is scheduled to deliver several addresses during his Western trip this week. Monday night he will make an address at Milwaukee, and on Tuesday he will visit the Rock Island arsenal at Davenport, and be the guest of the Press Club. On Wednesday he will speak at Minnesota University at Minneapolis, and Friday night he will dine with the Commercial Club at St. Paul.

Conference of Charities.

The National Conference of Charities will meet at Minneapolis June 12 to 15. Archbishop Ireland will preach the annual sermon. President Roosevelt will leave Washington for his summer home at Oyster Bay Wednesday.

diplomatic questions with the United States.

The report which Yamaoka carried to the elder statesmen, it is believed here, is responsible for the attitude of the opposition newspapers in urging the concentration of Japanese National efforts toward the settlement of the San Francisco question by forcing an apology from this government for the alleged insults growing out of the school question and the recent attack on the Japanese restaurants.

Yamaoka, who brought about the alliance with the Japanese of the Pacific Coast, is now one of the recognized leaders of the Progressives, a faction led by

(Continued on Page 3.)

CONTENTS TODAY'S PAPER

The Weather.

YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 64 degrees; minimum, 32 degrees.

TODAY'S—Rain; southerly winds.

Foreign.

President Cabrera of Guatemala assassinated. Page 1.

Winegrowers protest against adulteration. Page 2.

National.

Japanese war party plotting to overthrow Tokyo ministry. Page 1.

Senator Bourne secures presence of Cruiser Charleston for Portland Rose Festival. Page 13.

America to be active participant at The Hague. Page 3.

Domestic.

Arthur Brisbane says Mrs. Eddy is fully capable of taking care of her affairs. Page 1.

Lid on tight at St. Paul, first time in history of city. Page 3.

President Delano, of Wahwah Road, says heavy rains are more dangerous than light ones. Page 2.

Pacific Coast.

Steve Adams to take witness stand for the state. Page 1.

Steamer Wyanerio fights flames on high seas. Page 4.

South channel at mouth of Columbia now has 28 feet of water; may become main waterway. Page 8.

Sports.

Brewers beat Trunkmakers, 7 to 6; Frakes defeat Cubs, 5 to 1. Page 5.

Beavers defeat Seals, 5 to 1. Page 5.

Portland and Vicinity.

Omaha business men's excursion arrives. Page 1.

Telegram girls return with poor opinion of the East. Page 9.

Portland Woodmen hold annual memorial exercises. Page 4.

Protestant churches observe Children's day. Page 4.

Man who lost himself is Dr. Fred H. Van Tassie, of Berkeley. Page 8.

Attorney Ralph Dunlavy, in address to Socialists, points out that city election and bond issues are grossly irregular. Page 13.

SURROUNDED BY IDEAL CONDITIONS

Arthur Brisbane Writes of Mrs. Eddy's Life.

BRUTALITY OF "NEXT FRIENDS"

Attempt to Take Her Property Thus Characterized.

MENTAL VIGOR UNUSUAL

Result of Interview Convinces Writer That Christian Science Leader is Well Able to Look Out for Herself and Her Property.

BOSTON, Mass., June 9.—(Special.)—The most recent light thrown upon the mental condition of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, upon which question a hearing is to be held tomorrow in the Superior Court at Concord, N. H., comes from an interview had with her Saturday by Arthur Brisbane, the newspaper and magazine writer. Mr. Brisbane tonight outlined his observations while with Mrs. Eddy as follows:

"I visited Mrs. Eddy as the representative of the Cosmopolitan Magazine. I had a long and extremely interesting talk with her. The conditions of Mrs. Eddy's home at Concord are, briefly, as follows: Those about her are devoted to her. She is in absolute control of her own movements and mistress of her entire household, that is evident. Mrs. Eddy is thoroughly competent to take care of herself and of her business.

"The suggestion that she should be deprived of her personal liberty, or of the property that she has earned, is preposterous and shameful. For a woman of her age—she is 88 years old—her mental vigor and clearness of thought is most unusual. I had every opportunity of convincing myself thoroughly as to her mental and physical condition. She talks clearly, logically. She reads beautifully, with a voice very musical and of great power. She understands business matters thoroughly. She speaks with intense feeling and gratitude of her friends and their devotion. To accuse these friends of conspiracy against her welfare is, in my opinion, disgraceful.

"I shall say at length in the Cosmopolitan what I feel most deeply, namely, that if Mrs. Eddy in her old age should be deprived by law of her fortune, of the right to dispose of it, or of the right to dispose of herself, the act would be outrageous. And it would cause just apprehension in the minds of all women past three score and ten and possessed of property that might arouse the cupidity or the interest of outsiders.

"Mrs. Eddy lives under ideal conditions of comfort, happiness and contentment. It would be sheer brutality on the part of the so-called 'next friends' or any other to interfere with her life as it is today.

"To interfere with Mrs. Eddy's life, to take away from her her complete liberty of action, would be a shameful outrage, and I am convinced that no court will encourage the effort. I shall write you more fully before preparing the article that I have promised.

(Signed) "ARTHUR BRISBANE"

WILL SEND WARSHIP HERE

Cruiser Charleston to Be Feature of the Rose Festival.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 9.—The cruiser Charleston, flagship of the Pacific squadron, was today ordered to Portland to participate in the rose festival, beginning June 13, and to remain in the harbor and take part in the Fourth of July celebration. This

order was issued by the Secretary of the Navy by direction of the President.

A week ago Senator Bourne requested that the ships of the Pacific squadron be sent to Portland to participate in these two celebrations, but he found the Navy Department disinclined to carry out the wishes of the people of Oregon, because the Department has established a new policy of maintaining the fleets as units in the interest of the service, and it had been decided to make no special details of this character.

The Senator then took the matter to the President and interested him. It was discovered that all the large ships of the Pacific squadron are now out of commission except the Charleston and one torpedo-boat destroyer. When it was ascertained that the Charleston, drawing 35 feet of water, could safely cross the bar and ascend the river to Portland, the



Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, Who is Upheld by Arthur Brisbane and Pronounced by Him Competent of Managing Her Own Affairs.

President saw to it that the flagship was detailed as above stated.

FALLS BY ASSASSIN'S HAND

PRESIDENT OF GUATEMALA REPORTED SLAIN.

Meager Message of the Crime Has Been Received in Mexico City. Details Not Obtainable.

MEXICO CITY, June 9.—The Associated Press office here received a message from the Oaxaca Herald at a late hour tonight saying that a private message had been received in Oaxaca saying that President Cabrera, of Guatemala, had been assassinated. No further details could be obtained up to this time.

Owing to the lateness of the hour, it was difficult to see officials in an endeavor to corroborate the story. Minister Manuel Giron, the Guatemalan representative to Mexico, was seen at his home, but knew nothing of the alleged assassination. Dr. Francisco Reyes, ex-Minister of Foreign Relations in Salvador, who is now in this city, declared that if the report was true it meant revolution in Guatemala.

The report has caused great excitement in this capital, but there is a disposition to discredit the story. The message conveying the report of the assassination of President Cabrera was received by the daughters of General Barrantida, who was formerly a President of Guatemala, who himself was assassinated some years ago. The message follows:

"The daughters of ex-President Barrantida of Guatemala, who live in this town, have received a telegram from Guatemala saying that President Cabrera has been assassinated.

President Barrantida was assassinated some years ago on board an American war vessel, and his daughters are known to have large interests in Guatemala.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Mannel Estrada Cabrera, President of the Republic of Guatemala, reported assassinated in Guatemala City today, was 47 years of age. He came to the front in Guatemala during the battles which followed the death of President Barrios, who was also assassinated. Cabrera kept himself constantly surrounded by a strong guard of soldiers, and it is said that all his meals were cooked by his own mother, because of Cabrera's fear of assassination by poisoning. In July, 1906, Cabrera attracted the attention of the world by a war which threatened to involve Guatemala, Salvador and Nicaragua. The United States sent one of her battleships and the matter was settled by the representatives of the states on board the American warship.

(Continued on Page 13.)

VISITORS FROM OMAHA IN CITY

Business Men Arrive on Tour of West

TRAVEL IN LUXURIOUS STYLE

Citizens Gather at Depot to Welcome Excursionists.

MEETING OF GOVERNORS

Members of Party Spend Day Quietly in Visiting Friends—Formal Reception Will Be Tendered Them Today.

Listen to the song I sing, Omaha, my Omaha, While we are on the wing, Omaha, my Omaha. Voicing this refrain, 100 business and professional men of the Nebraska metropolis disembarked at the Union Depot early yesterday morning from the special train that is carrying them through the Northwest on one of the most extensive commercial excursions ever undertaken. Eighty-five of the leading business houses of Omaha are represented in the party that is combining business and pleasure by traveling with all possible convenience and forming friendships and closer trade relations with the people of the many cities visited.

Although the hour of their arrival was 8 o'clock there was a large delegation on hand to welcome the visitors when they reached Portland. W. B. Glafke, heading a committee from three local commercial bodies, was chairman of the delegation, and Governor Chamberlain was there to greet George L. Sheldon, Governor of Nebraska, who is a member of the party. In the official committee were also included President Hodson and Manager Richardson, of the Commercial Club; President Reed and Secretary Giltner, of the Chamber of Commerce; President Nash, of the Board of Trade, and others. There were also present many citizens who are former residents of Nebraska, to meet friends in the party.

Visit Friends in Portland.

As soon as the cordial but informal welcome had been given, and the Nebraskans presented with huge bunches of beautiful Oregon roses, many left the train to become guests of Portland friends. Although the party makes its headquarters on the train, hardly half a dozen remained in the Pullmans during the day, the majority visiting acquaintances here. A large number of Portland people claim Nebraska as their former home and they lost no time in calling and extending courtesies to the tourists.

At the request of the Omaha party no formal entertainment was arranged for them yesterday. They have been on the road a week and desired an opportunity to rest or spend Sunday sightseeing at their leisure. All entertainment was therefore postponed until today, when there will be a ride over the scenic carlines of the city and a reception and luncheon at the Commercial Club.

In the visiting party are some of the most prominent citizens of Omaha. While they are spending much of their time in seeing the beauties of the country, the excursion is essentially a business men's affair. The representatives of the large jobbing houses are meeting the dealers in their respective lines and urging the advantages of Omaha as a trading point. They are enthusiastic boosters for their home city, distributing advertising literature and giving information to all those whom they meet.

To those of the party who have not before visited this district the Pacific

(Continued on Page 13.)



OMAHA EXCURSIONISTS AND DELEGATION THAT WELCOMED THEM, JUST AFTER THE SPECIAL TRAIN HAD ARRIVED AT THE PORTLAND UNION DEPOT.

In the center of the group stand Governor Sheldon of Nebraska and Governor Chamberlain of Oregon. At the left hand of Governor Sheldon, wearing white Portland-ribbons, are C. W. Hodson, president Portland Commercial Club (partly in front of Governor Sheldon); S. G. Reed and Tom Richardson (at the left of Mr. Hodson), and E. C. Giltner (behind Mr. Hodson and Mr. Reed). At the right hand of Governor Chamberlain are M. McSwesson, George W. Hoyt (partly behind Governor Chamberlain), William McMurray, W. B. Glafke, A. F. Swenson and F. O. Northrup. They are surrounded by Omaha men.