



ORCHARD'S CONFESSION AT CLIMAX

Tells How He Stalked Steunenberg Before Killing.

RACE TO SET DEADLY TRAP

Had Tried to Assassinate Many Leading Citizens of Denver.

CRIMES OF HIS EARLY LIFE

Committed Bigamy and Eloped With Another Man's Wife.

BORAH TRAPS RICHARDSON

Cross-Examiner Blunders Into Scoring Point for Prosecution—"Innocent" Man Killed With Bomb Intended for Gabbert.

MEAN ORCHARD TRIED TO KILL.

Chief Justice William Henry Gabbert, of Colorado Supreme Court, Governor James H. Peabody, of Colorado, Frank Hearne, president of Colorado Fuel & Iron Company (since dead), David H. Moffat, president of First National Bank of Denver and president of Denver, Northwestern & Pacific Railroad, Sherman Bell, Adjutant-General of Colorado, Luther M. Goddard, Associate Justice, Colorado Supreme Court.

BOISE, Idaho, June 6.—(Special)—E. F. Richardson, of the defense, fell down in a startling manner during the half hour of his cross-examination of Harry Orchard today. The friends of the defense are congratulating themselves that he brought out the fact that Orchard is a bigamist, but, as that is not a very serious matter in the case of a man who has confessed so many murders, it does not strike the ordinary person as a strong point. Moreover, it has been known that Orchard intended to tell everything about himself just as rapidly as he got to it.

Borah Springs Trap.

The feature that attracted most attention was a stroke made by Senator Borah in bringing out and emphasizing the fact that Mr. Richardson had proved the intimacy between Orchard and Pettibone at the time Orchard alleges he was in such association with Pettibone and the other defendants. The mere narrative of the cross-examination would not disclose the point unless the reader were alive to the fact that it has been the contention of the defense that the accused had practically nothing to do with Orchard at any time during the period covered by his statement. Though they had met him, they had no relations with him whatever. With that knowledge in mind those in the courtroom began to prick up their ears when Mr. Richardson began to ask Orchard about a great many stories he is alleged to have told Pettibone about himself. Orchard with a quiet smile admitted he might have told some of them but he was not sure that they were lies. The witness appears to have been in the habit of exchanging longbow stories, being as ready at lying in such intercourse as he was at committing murder. These stories have to do with the alleged burning of his cheese factory to get the insurance, attacking his brother with a pitchfork, managing a trip to Manila, taking up a residence in Utica, N. Y., Pettibone's former home, and so on.

Richardson Springs Into It.

Mr. Richardson made some suggestion that all these stories were yarns they were spinning to each other about their boyhood days, when Mr. Borah interrupted with: "Hold on just a moment. Let us connect these stories up with the case. When were the conversations held to which you refer?" Orchard replied promptly, "In 1904."

Those sitting close behind Mr. Richardson observed that the blood mounted to his head, showing where the hair should be. He seemed to appreciate the fact that Mr. Borah had sprung a trap into which he had walked in his haste to show up the career of the witness.

Those who faced Mr. Darrow observed the suggestion of a supercilious smile playing over his features. There has been contention between the two men from the start as to which is leading counsel. Mr. Richardson demanded the right to cross-examine this witness and finally carried his point. Some of the observers rather look for him to retire from performance of that duty before Orchard leaves the stand.

Federation View of Innocence.

Walley, the man killed in Denver by the bomb set for Justice Gabbert, was a mining engineer. His death was a great mystery until Orchard made his confession. Though he had been about the mines in the disturbed district, it was not known that he had incurred the enmity of the unions. When Orchard told of the tragedy today, he said that when he talked about it with Haywood, the latter said he regretted that it was an "innocent man" and not the Judge who was killed. It was a striking statement, as showing the measure of innocence that

must have been set up in the mind of the man alleged to have made the statement.

Miller Avoids Testifying.

There is much interest here about the departure of Fred Miller, of counsel for the defense, and it is being predicted that he will not return. He is on the list of witnesses for the state and is in a rather tight box. He is the man who hastened to Caldwell from Spokane immediately after the murder to look after Orchard's case. Orchard, then known as Thomas Hogan, had not communicated with any one after his arrest, but he was arraigned and asked if he had counsel. He said he would have one or two on the way there if the case was published in the newspapers. There was no subsequent communication by him with any one, but the next night the firm of Robertson, Rosenbaupt & Miller, which always represented the Western Federation at Spokane, wired that Mr. Miller would leave at once to defend him. The message was addressed to Thomas Hogan, an alias. Mr. Miller left as indicated. The question has always been who sent him. It is not known whether it was him that question, if it gets him on the stand, and it is not believed by many he will place himself in a position where it can do so.



Senator F. C. Knox, Indorsee by Pennsylvania Republican Convention for President.

Women Sneer at Orchard.

During the afternoon session yesterday Mrs. Pettibone and Mrs. Adams secured seats directly in front of the witness, where they could gaze at him all the time, and they devoted themselves to sneering at him. Sheriff Hodgkin said last evening he intended to put them back of the rail today and have the further performances of that kind. Judge Wood made the matter easier, however, by making an order that all women should be back of the rail.

James Kirwan, acting secretary of the Federation, has arrived. He was here three weeks ago and slipped away when he found the state was about to subpoena him. The state, however, wired a subpoena to Montpellier, where it was served on him. Kirwan subsequently communicated with counsel for the defense, asking what he should do, and was advised that they would let him know later. He made up his mind to come, but it is not known whether this was by the advice of the attorneys.

Witnesses Pouring In.

Albert Burch, former manager of the Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mine, arrived tonight to take the witness stand. Sheriff Sutherland, of Shoshone County, is also here for the same purpose, as is Stanley P. Fairweather, auditor of that county. The state is mightily well pleased with the manner in which witnesses from distant states are responding. It has news of a great number being on the way who, it feared, might not come at all, and it will lose very few of all those relied upon.

DETAILS HIS CROWNING SIN

Orchard Confesses Steunenberg Murder and Admits Bigamy.

BOISE, Idaho, June 6.—Harry Orchard crowned his admissions of grave crimes today when, continuing his testimony against William D. Haywood, he made an explicit confession of the murder of Frank Steunenberg by an infernal machine that directly opens the way for his own conviction and execution for the mortal offense. He swore that the assassination of Steunenberg was first suggested by William D. Haywood, was jointly plotted by Haywood, Moyer, Pettibone and himself, was financed by Haywood, and was executed by himself, after

(Concluded on Page 2.)

GRAINGROWERS FORM COMBINE

Organize Department of Regulation.

MEMBERS TO STORE PRODUCT

Hearst Emissary Frankly Told He Is Not Wanted.

ASKED FUNDS FROM BANKS

Plans Outlined Whereby Farmers May Hold Products in Association Elevators Until the Price Agreed Upon Is Paid.

OMAHA, Neb., June 6.—The 200 delegates called into convention by the American Society of Equity today practically completed the organization of the most formidable combine ever attempted for the purpose of controlling the prices of grain, to be known as the Graingrowers' Department of the American Society of Equity.

It adopted a constitution and set of by-laws which plainly indicated its objects. They state in so many words that the purpose of the organization is to control distribution and name a minimum price at which its members may dispose of their farm grain products, which are enumerated as being anything from wheat to broomcorn.

The matter of finances has not been overlooked, and the organization makes a pledge to its members whereby they may borrow money in any reasonable sum, which may be secured by their holdings of grain while it remains in a granary or elevator.

It was announced to the meeting that over 500 banks had pledged themselves to make loans to the members of the association when endorsements were made by properly accredited officials. The convention made itself felt in the matter of politics during the day, when Charles A. Walsh, of Ottumwa, Ia., a former secretary of the Democratic National Committee and at this time an organizer of Independence League Clubs for Hearst, was given plainly to understand that his presence in the capacity of an organizer was not required.

Mr. Walsh dropped into the city Tuesday, and it was stated that he would endeavor to get his propaganda before the convention. This idea was quietly but promptly set down on. Many of the delegates did not know of his presence at the convention until after he had left the city this afternoon.

With each committee report came a revelation. When the finance committee reported it was to the effect that all convention expenses had been ar-

ranged for and that a good fund was in sight for the field work which is to begin at once. Chairman Pauley of that committee, were unanimous in a statement that \$35 banks over the country were ready to furnish all the money necessary to carry out the objects of the association.

The plan is to make low-rate loans to farmers on their grain after it is threshed and hold it in society granaries and elevators until the price demanded is available. The plan also contemplates a European agency for shipping grain direct to European markets.

A committee on crop intelligence reported a plan whereby all information is to be withheld until it is called for by the association statistician. A partial crop report was made to the convention, in which it was stated that wheat in Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota and the Dakotas would average below 70 per cent of last year's crop.

The committee on resolutions presented a draft of the constitution and by-laws, which was adopted with minor changes and which confers extraordinary powers upon the officers of the association.

Article 2 states: "The purposes and objects of this department are to complete the thorough organization of graingrowers, to regulate production, to direct marketing and do every other thing that may be necessary to secure profitable prices for wheat, corn, oats, barley, flax, rye, buckwheat, hay and all other similar crops."

The officers may make contracts of all kinds with railroads and elevator concerns, hire field agents and organizers, and decide what shall be the minimum selling price of grain. The president and secretary are to receive \$500 salary. The intent of the constitution is to centralize all power into the official body.

BEECHY'S NARROW ESCAPE

AERONAUT'S MACHINE DISABLED WHEN OFF SHORE.

Boats Drag Airlship Ashore Near Boston When It Is Fast Settling Into the Water.

BOSTON, June 6.—The breaking down of his motor, which allowed the airship he was navigating to be blown seaward, almost resulted in the death of Lincoln Beechey off Revere Beach today. Beechey made a seven-mile journey from Revere Beach to Boston. On the return journey the motor became disabled when the aeronaut was a mile off shore, over Boston harbor, and the airship was carried some distance seaward.

Beechey managed partially to repair his engine so as to get back to the vicinity of Revere Beach. When several hundred feet off shore, the airship settled rapidly, and it looked as if Beechey would be thrown into the water. Men in rowboats and launches seized the drag-ropes and towed him and his apparatus ashore before he struck the water.

Middles Receive Diplomas.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 6.—The 73 members of the final section of the graduating class of the Naval Academy received their diplomas from the hands of Secretary of the Navy Metcalf today in the presence of a large assemblage, which included Admiral Thierry of the French Navy; French Ambassador Jusserand; Admiral Baron Assbeck of the Dutch Navy, and Governor Warfield and the official board of visitors. Mr. Metcalf urged constant preparedness for war.

POINT SCORED IN SCHMITZ' FAVOR

No Threats Made, Says Restaurant Man.

SUDDEN CHANGE OF ATTITUDE

Mayor Forced Police Board to Renew Licenses.

REAGAN TELLS HIS STORY

Says Schmitz Forced Action and Removed Hutton for Opposing Him. Campbell Exposes Conspiracy of the Waiters' Union.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—A few minutes before adjournment of court this afternoon the defense in the trial of Mayor Schmitz for extortion scored a point, during the cross-examination of one of the prosecution's chief witnesses, Antonio R. Bianco. Until the great fire Bianco was proprietor of Delmonico's, one of the five French restaurants from whose owners the Mayor and Abraham Ruef are accused of having extorted thousands of dollars under threat, "implied if not expressed," to prevent the reissuance of their liquor licenses.

"Did Ruef ever tell you that, if you did not pay this money you would not get your license renewed," asked Mr. Campbell, the Mayor's senior counsel. "No," replied Mr. Bianco, promptly, "he did not."

"Did the Mayor ever tell you that?" "No."

"Did anybody ever tell you so?" "No. Nobody ever made that threat to me," said Mr. Bianco.

Four witnesses were on the stand today: Officer Charles E. Skelley, secretary of the Board of Police Commissioners, ex-Police Commissioners Thomas Reagan and Dr. Joseph Pohelm and Antonio Bianco.

Only Paid Ruef Attorney Fee.

The first witness tomorrow will be Joseph Mulgani, proprietor of Delmonico's restaurant. He acted as agent for the other French restaurateurs and handed Ruef the money which the prosecution alleges was extorted and which the defense maintains was paid purely as a retainer and in pursuance of a legal contract by which Ruef was to act as attorney for the Frenchmen in the matter of securing the renewal of their licenses, which had been held up by Police Commissioners Reagan and Hutton on charges of immorality.

Pierre Priest, who conducted the negotiations with Ruef on behalf of the other restaurant keepers and himself and whose name appears as a signer of the contract alleged, is dead.

Mr. Reagan testified minutely to the

suddenness and determined change of the Mayor's attitude on French license renewal from advising their refusal to demanding that they be granted—simultaneously with the appearance of Abe Ruef as attorney for the restaurateurs, and testimony implicated the Waiters' Union in a plot to expose the immorality of these places as a result of union difficulties with their proprietors.

Ruef's Bogus Regulations.

Dr. Pohelm told of the compiling by Ruef of a set of bogus regulations for the government of restaurants, how he and the boss had laughed over these and how, after they had been submitted by Ruef to the Police Board, the held-up licenses were granted.

Antonio Bianco testified that he and the proprietors of the Pup, Delmonico's, Maroon's and Tortoni's had raised a fund of \$10,000 to be paid to Ruef, "as a lawyer and the political boss," for "taking care" of their licenses.

After adjournment Mr. Heney was asked when Ruef will be called to the stand. He replied that he was unwilling to say, for he did not want to give Mr. Campbell a chance to prepare for Ruef's cross-examination.

Mr. Skelley was called to the stand



Lincoln Beechey, former Portland aeronaut who had narrow escape in flight on Atlantic Coast.

and completed the identification and corroboration of police commission records relating to the licenses of the French restaurants.

Told to Vote Against Licenses.

Mr. Reagan, under the questioning of Mr. Heney, picked up the thread of his testimony where it was dropped yesterday at the time of the calling of Mr. Skelley.

"I told the Mayor," said Mr. Reagan, "of the action of the police commission in refusing renewal of the Tortoni license November 22, 1904, and he told me to vote against all the French restaurant licenses; that they were all bad places and should all be closed up."

"After November 22, 1904, and until the time of your removal from the board, did you vote against these licenses?" (Concluded on Page 4.)

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SAYS HUSBAND IS IMPOSSIBLE

Mrs. Gould's Complaint Given Airing.

NUMEROUS POINTS ARE MADE

Defendant's Counsel Says Every Count Is Denied.

MUST BE MORE SPECIFIC

Developments in Celebrated Case Promise to Be Sensational in Extreme and Likely to Be Fought Very Vigorously.

NEW YORK, June 6.—The case of Mrs. Howard Gould, who instituted suit for separation from her husband, Howard Gould, was given its first public airing in court today. The occasion was the hearing of arguments on motion of counsel for Mr. Gould to strike out certain allegations in Mrs. Gould's complaint. Arguments of considerable length were made, and at their conclusion the attorneys were given until Monday to file briefs in the case.

The grounds on which Mrs. Gould is suing her husband, as shown by parts of the complaint read by counsel for Mrs. Gould, are: First, abandonment by her husband; second, the allegation that the habits and conduct of Mr. Gould are such that it was improper for his wife to live with him; third, that since September last he has neglected her and refused to provide for her, except that he paid for her support at a hotel since that time; and fourth, that Gould has treated his wife with extreme cruelty, employed spies to harass her, caused her mailbag to be tampered with, maintained illicit relations with women of bad character and employed an ex-convict and several New York detectives to procure improper evidence against Mrs. Gould.

Will Deny All Charges.

Delaney Nicolai states that every allegation against Mr. Gould will be denied when the answer to the suit is filed. He maintained that the charges, to which he objected as scandalous and irrelevant, did not tend to support the allegation of cruelty. He especially objected to the charge that for three years Gould had maintained illicit relations with women of bad character and had conducted himself in this respect in an open and notorious manner. He declared that the charges were made for the purpose of putting the defendant in an embarrassing position and that in other cases where such allegations have been introduced the court has stricken them out.

"The allegations are decidedly sweeping," said he, "the plaintiff does not make any specifications, mention any specific cases, or even tell exactly what misconduct the defendant is charged with. There is absolutely no reason for such charges in the complaint for separation on the ground of cruelty."

Says Evidence Unfit to Mention.

In replying to Mr. Nicolai's argument, Clarence Shearn, counsel for Mrs. Gould, said that if the defense would ask for a bill of particulars, specific charges would be made of so serious a character that he would not presume to mention them in court in the course of his argument.

"We have tried to make this case as little scandalous as possible," said Mr. Shearn, "and I do not want to make the complaint any more specific in open court. But if the allegation that the defendant for three years maintained illicit and immoral relations with women of bad character and conducted himself notoriously and openly in this respect is too general, we will make it more specific. It is true that we do not say whether the defendant's actions were adulterous or worse, but we will be glad to submit a full bill of particulars if it is asked for."

Mr. Shearn argued that if the court should strike out these allegations from the complaint it would do the plaintiff an irreparable injury by not allowing her to prove them when the time comes. On the other hand, if they were permitted to remain, the defendant still would have the remedy left at the time of the trial."

GOES TO MEET HER LOVER

Miss Parsons May Horsewhip Him, and Again May Not.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 6.—(Special)—With funds supplied by Charles A. Buchanan, whose matrimonial record she came from Salt Lake City to St. Louis to investigate, Miss Georgia Parsons is returning to the Utah City. He sent the money when she telegraphed him she had discovered he had not been divorced. She had not changed her mind about horsewhipping him. "But I love him so that I may lose my courage when I meet him," she said.

Abruzzi Leaves for Jamestown.

NEW YORK, June 6.—The Italian armored cruiser Varese, with the Duke of Abruzzi on board, will leave the harbor today for Jamestown, Va., to take part in the naval review at the exposition, scheduled for June 10. Later the Italian squadron will go to Boston and Halifax and Quebec will be visited before the return to Italy.

