

## LONG DEMANDS AMPLE APOLOGY

### Roosevelt's Charge He Says Is False.

#### OFFERS TO PROVE WOLF STORY

#### Quotes Indians in Answer to President's Attack.

#### DIRECT ISSUE OF VERACITY

Author of Animal Book Accuses Roosevelt of Using Official Position to Discredit—Alternative in Proof or an Apology.

STAMFORD, Conn., May 28.—Dr. W. J. Long today made public a letter sent by him to President Roosevelt. The letter is in part: "To His Excellency, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States—Dear Sir: The issue between you and me is no longer one of animals, but of men. It is not chiefly a matter of natural history, but of truth and personal honor. In a recent magazine article you deliberately attacked me as well as my book. You have used the enormous influence of your official position to discredit me as a man, to injure my reputation and incidentally to make a poor man even poorer by the destroying, if possible, of the sale and influence of his work. In my book I have given the result of long years of watching animals in the wilderness with no other object than to study their habits and, so far as man can, to understand the mystery of their domestic life. In my preface I have stated, and I now repeat the statement, that every incident I have recorded from my own observation is true as far as an honest, educated man can see and understand the truth.

**Direct Issue of Veracity.**  
"In your recent attack this is what you chiefly deny. I have spoken the truth, and you accuse me of deliberate falsehood and misrepresentation. As President of the United States you have gone out of your way publicly to injure the private citizen who was attending strictly to his own business; as a man you have accused of falsehood another man whose ideals of truth and honor are quite as high as your own. This is the whole issue between us—meet it squarely, and so must you.  
"If I have spoken falsely, if in my book or words of mine I have intentionally deceived any child or man regarding animal life, I promise publicly to retract every word and never to write another animal book. On the other hand, if I show to any disinterested person that you have accused me falsely, you must publicly withdraw your accusation and apologize. As a man and as President, no other honorable course is open to you.

#### Basis of Roosevelt's Attack.

"You base your recent charges chiefly on the matter of a big white wolf killing a young caribou by a bite in the chest, described by me in 'Northern Trails.' You declare the thing to be a mathematical impossibility, and declare, 'by no possibility could a wolf perform the feat.'  
"Dr. Long declares he knows from his own observation and from the testimony of Indians that wolves do sometimes kill in this way, and then quotes the signed and witnessed statement of S. K. Haplan, an educated Sioux Indian, who states that he saw a horse which a wolf had killed by tearing its chest. In addition to this, Dr. Long says he himself had seen a deer which had been slain in this manner by a wolf, and further recites that an Indian—Matty Mitchell, of Bonny Bay, Newfoundland—declares that the big white wolf frequently kills caribou in this manner. Continuing, Dr. Long says:

#### Demands Public Apology.

"These are the facts underlying the incident which you declare to be impossible and false. If this testimony is not enough, I will fill it up to full scriptural measure.  
"You cannot, at this stage, Mr. Roosevelt, take refuge behind the Presidential office and maintain silence. You have forfeited your right to that silence by breaking it; by coming out in publications to attack a private citizen. If your talk of a square deal is not all a sham, if your frequent moral preaching is not hypocritical, I call upon you as President, as a man, to come out and admit the error and injustice of your charge, in the same open and public way in which you made it."

#### CAUSE OF LONG'S CHALLENGE

#### What President Roosevelt Said About Animal Story.

From E. B. Clark's Interview With President Roosevelt, in Everybody's. "I don't believe for a minute," said Mr. Roosevelt, "that some of those men who are writing Nature stories and putting the word 'truth' prominently in their prefaces, know the heart of the wild things to which they refer. They are writing the truth, but they are not writing the truth about truth, do claim attention as realists because of their animal stories, have succeeded in learning the real secrets of the life of the wilderness. As for the matter of giving these books to the children for

the purpose of teaching them the facts of nature's history—why, it's an open rage. If these stories were written as fables, published as fables, and put into the children's hands as fables, all would be well and good.  
"William J. Long is perhaps the worst of these Nature-writing offenders. It is his stories, I am told, that have been put, in part, into many of the public schools of the country in order that from them the children may get the truths of wild animal life.

"Take Mr. Long's story of 'Waynes, the White Wolf.' Here is what the writer says in his preface to the story: 'Every incident in this wolf's life, from his grasshopper hunting to the cunning caribou chase, and from the den in the rocks to the meeting of the wolf and children on the storm-swept barrens, is minutely true to fact, and is based squarely upon my own observation and that of my Indians.'

Mr. Roosevelt then proceeded to analyze the story in his usual vigorous manner, claiming that the account of the fight between the wolf and a caribou fawn is the wildest imagination, and ridicules the idea of the wolf's attempt to kill his victim with his chest. He said nothing except an alligator or a shark would attempt such a thing, and adds: 'I don't believe the thing occurred.' He asserted that the wolf must have turned a somersault, or else got his head upside down under the fawn's forelegs to have bitten into the heart.

## DE RAYLAN WAS WOMAN

### BODY BURIED AT PHOENIX FULLY IDENTIFIED.

Russian Consul Recognizes It as That of Former Clerk—Autopsy Determines Sex.

PHOENIX, Ariz., May 28.—The body of Nicolai de Raylan, whose sex has been the subject of dispute and litigation since December, was examined yesterday afternoon and taken to an undertaking parlor, where the facts of the disinterment were made known upon the arrival late today of Baron von Schlippenbach, the Russian Consul at Chicago, accompanied by Samuel J. Schaeffer, attorney for Mrs. Anna de Raylan.

The body was in a fine state of preservation and the face was entirely unchanged. When the white casket was opened the body was seen attired in woman's white robe.  
It had been previously announced that the body would be exhumed on Thursday, but this date was anticipated by the news, it is said, to avoid publicity. Michael Felner, representing Public Administrator Reddick, of Chicago, was present throughout the proceedings and expressed satisfaction. Baron von Schlippenbach, after viewing the body a moment, said: "This is the body of Nicolai de Raylan, who was for 12 years my secretary."

Mr. Schaeffer has not yet seen the body.

The result of the inquest established beyond a doubt the identity of the corpse as the body of Deraylan and that the person in question was a female.

## ROOSEVELT STARTS WEST

### Will Attend McKinley Funeral and Make Three Speeches.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—President Roosevelt left here tonight at 9:30 for his trip West, to be away until Saturday afternoon. The Presidential party occupied the private car Magnet, attached to the regular train over the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.  
Tomorrow the President will attend Mrs. McKinley's funeral at Canton; on Memorial day he is to speak at the unveiling of General Lawton's statue at Indianapolis and on Friday he is to address the Michigan Legislature at the Capitol at Lansing briefly in the morning and in the afternoon is to speak to the students of the Agricultural College there.

#### Orders Voliva to Vacate

Successor to Dowle Has Check Refused at Zion Bank.

CHICAGO, May 28.—General Overseer Voliva, who succeeded in ousting John Alexander Dowle from control of Zion City, has been ordered by Receiver John C. Hatley to vacate all leases of buildings May 31.

This action was taken today by Mr. Hatley as a climax to a bitter struggle between Voliva and the president of the Zion City Bank. Voliva presented his check at the bank for \$1830 and demanded payment at once. The bank official declined to comply with the request until he had some advice from Receiver Hatley in the matter.  
When informed of Voliva's action, Receiver Hatley ordered the cashier of the bank to withhold all moneys from Voliva and then notified Voliva that, commencing June 1, the lease held by him on the tabernacle and public buildings would expire and that Voliva must relinquish his control of them.

## LOTTERY MEN TO CONFESS

### Fines Without Imprisonment Penalty of Honduras Gang.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 28.—Indications that the end of the Government prosecution of the Honduras lottery cases will come soon by the easy process of pleas of guilty and the imposition of fines, were apparent today in relation to the indictments against John M. Rogers, J. K. Bayliss and Lester R. Bayliss, of this city. They were indicted by the Federal grand jury at Mobile, Ala., the former for sending from one state to another the lottery tickets which were printed at Rogers' printing establishment in this city. In response to subpoenas issued at Mobile, they will start thither this week. Their present intention is to plead guilty and the presumption is that the penalty will be a fine without imprisonment.

## KUROKI QUAILS AT KILLING OF HOGS

### Warrior Who Led Army to Slaughter

#### SHUDDERS AT SIGHT OF BLOOD

#### Victor of Mukden Sees Wonders of Stockyards

#### PACKING SOLDIERS' FOOD

Though He Saw Russian Dead Piled Deep in Mukden Trenches, Work of Butcher Affects Him. Wonders at Inventions.

CHICAGO, May 28.—(Special.)—"Russian losses were terrible. The fighting on the crest of the hill was altogether with cold steel. The Russian officers, with swords aloft, leading the scaling column, were literally lifted into the air by the Japanese bayonets, and the Japanese then bayoneted the first of the Russian soldiers who piled in the trenches. All the dead in the trenches were bayoneted, their weapons bearing marks of the dreadful combat."—From an Associated Press description of the battle of Mukden, where General Kuroki led the Japanese right wing.

General Baron Tememoto Kuroki, the great Japanese warrior, who shuddered not at the terrible battle scenes in the Japanese-Russian war, shrank today from the bloody killing floors at the Union Stockyards. It was at Swift & Company's plant that the Japanese soldier first got his view of the commercial slaughter of the porkers. As the stalwart butcher plunged his knife into the hog's throat, the aged general sprang to one side, deeply affected.

#### Pays Visit to Mayor Busse.

General O. E. Wood, of the United States Army, who was in charge of the Japanese visitors, noticed General Kuroki's agitation and, holding up his hands, gave the signal to go on.

General Kuroki and his party passed two busy hours in the stockyards, which closed with a luncheon at the Saddle and Strain Club. Preceding his visit to the packing firm, General Kuroki paid his respects to Mayor Busse at the City Hall, smiled at the unique position in which the Columbus fountain was "squeezed" up against the building, and commented on the beauty of Michigan avenue as a drive.

#### Sees All Work of Packers.

At the stockyards the General gazed with amazement at the droves of cattle and watched with undigested interest the packers of the meat industry. He saw the hog-killing at Swift & Company's, the canning at McNeil & Libby's, the office and sausage-room of the Nel-

son Morris plant, and the killing and dressing of beef in the wholesale market at Armour's. He shook hands heartily with the owners and managers of the different plants, asked hundreds of questions and smiled at the rapidity with which the cattle passed into the finished product ready for shipment. He was especially interested in the United States Government inspection of meats and the methods of seal-tight packing of products for shipment to the Orient. He saw duplicates of the cans of which the Japanese used millions in the last warfare which ended in Japan's victory over her foe.

#### Finds Meat Industry Wonderful.

General Kuroki declared that the whole stockyards industry was "wonderful" in its cleanliness and method of operation. Among the other things which especially attracted his attention was a manure operator working on the hands of a



General Lord Methuen, Appointed Commander of British Army in South Africa.

girl employed in the packing-house and the women who were sewing the ham sacks and labeling the cans. He asked his guide what wages were earned and the number of hours the employes were obliged to work. A nailing machine which forces the nails over the lids which cover the cans of meat greatly interested him.

#### SPENDS FOUR DAYS ON LAKES

Kuroki Entertained by Chicago, Milwaukee and Local Japanese.

CHICAGO, May 28.—General Baron Kuroki and staff today began a four days' round of sightseeing in and around Chicago, with a tour in automobiles through the public parks and boulevards. They next made a minute inspection of the great packing plants at the stockyards. This afternoon the Japanese residents of Chicago entertained their distinguished countryman, and this evening General Kuroki and staff were guests at dinner at the home of the Japanese Consul.

Tomorrow morning the party will go to Milwaukee. Thursday and Friday will be devoted to visits to industrial plants and great mercantile establishments of Chicago, the University of Chicago and educational institutions, and Saturday the party will resume its homeward journey.

#### Big Atlantic Steamer Agreement.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, inbound, ran aground in the west edge of the main ship channel at 11:03 o'clock last night. She is resting easy and is in no danger. It is believed that she can be floated without assistance at high tide in the morning.

## HAS CANNON SEEN LIGHT ON REVISION?

### Hopkins Says It Is His Campaign Issue.

#### HAS BEEN CHIEF OBSTACLE

#### Speaker Organized Committees to Stand Pat.

#### CAN ENFORCE HIS POLICY

Reorganization of Rules and Ways and Means Committees Would Clear Way for Revision by Next Congress.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 28.—Quite the most interesting piece of political gossip that has gone forth of late was contained in an interview with Senator Hopkins of Illinois, when he said that Speaker Cannon had renounced the "stand-pat" policy, and is now willing to have the tariff revised. Mr. Hopkins went further and expressed the belief that Mr. Cannon would take up tariff revision and make his campaign for the presidential nomination on that issue.

If Mr. Hopkins knows what he is talking about and if he has spoken truthfully there is reason for justification among those Republicans who favor a modification of the Dingley law. Heretofore, Mr. Cannon has been regarded as the most pronounced opponent of tariff revision in the entire Republican party. It was due very largely to the attitude of the Speaker that the President himself decided two years ago to say nothing about the tariff at that time. Mr. Cannon was decidedly hostile, and up to this time it has been understood that he had not changed his views.

He had the committee on rules of the House so organized that he could prevent tariff legislation. He also had the committee on ways and means similarly organized. The committee on rules was made up of the Speaker, Representative Daisell, of Pennsylvania, and Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, all equally opposed to tinkering with the tariff. Mr. Daisell the most radical of them all. The ways and means committee was presided over by Congressman Payne, of New York; Mr. Daisell and Mr. Grosvenor were also members, and a majority of the Republican membership was opposed to tariff revision.

#### Can Fix Committees for Revision.

If the Speaker has changed his heart and is now satisfied that the tariff should be revised, he will have the opportunity of a lifetime so to remodel the committee on rules and the committee on ways and means as to frame and put through a tariff bill that will meet with general ap-

proval throughout the Republican party. It is a foregone conclusion that Mr. Cannon will be elected Speaker to succeed himself in the next Congress. Mr. Daisell is a member, but Mr. Grosvenor has been defeated. The chances are that Mr. Daisell will be re-appointed on the rules committee, but Mr. Grosvenor's place could be filled by a man who believes in tariff revision, and the votes of the Speaker and this new member, combined with the votes of the two Democratic members, would hold that committee in line for any tariff revision programme that might be outlined. Mr. Payne will no doubt retain the chairmanship of the committee on ways and means, but, if the Speaker is in favor of tariff revision, Mr. Payne will take the same position. Mr. Payne does not formulate the policies of the House; he reflects the views of the Speaker. Mr. Daisell would, of course, not consent to tariff revision, but there are ten other Republican members of the ways and means committee, as against a total Democratic membership of only six, and the Speaker would have no trouble whatever in remodeling this committee to line up in favor of tariff revision.

#### Vacancies for Revisionists.

Out of the Republican membership of twelve who have been promoted to the Senate, Charles Curtis of Kansas and William Alden Smith of Michigan, three others, Messrs. Grosvenor of Ohio, Babcock of Wisconsin and McClary of Minnesota were not re-elected. That leaves five positions to be filled by the Speaker when the next Congress organizes. Of the remaining membership, Messrs. McCall of Massachusetts, Needham of California and Watson of Indiana are favorable to tariff revision, and the probabilities are that the two remaining members, Mr. Hill of Connecticut and Mr. Boutell of Illinois would fall into line. Assuming that the Speaker should reorganize this committee with a view to framing and passing a tariff bill, he could so organize it that Mr. Daisell would be the only vigorous opponent of tariff revision.

#### Tackle Question After Election.

All this is very interesting, but it is only valuable in case it is true that the Speaker has been converted on the tariff question. The chances are that the Speaker has not seen the light on such short notice as indicated by Mr. Hopkins. He says in an interview that he has not talked tariff to anybody. But he may be making the point that there is a general and a great demand for a modification of certain schedules, and he may begin to realize that he will not be strong enough to stave off tariff revision much longer, but, if Mr. Hopkins speaks by the card and if Mr. Cannon really believes the time has come to revise the tariff, consideration must be given the further statement of the Illinois Senator that Mr. Cannon proposes to make his campaign for the presidential nomination on the tariff issue. That would seem to indicate that the Speaker is not in favor of revising the tariff at the coming session of Congress, but that he prefers to let the matter rest until the first session of the Sixty-first Congress, or possibly a special session of that Congress immediately following the next presidential campaign. But these facts as they may be, it is most important if the Speaker has come to a realization of the justice of the demand for tariff revision. It was supposed that he would be one of the last Republicans to consent to any modification of the Dingley law. If he has changed his mind, the real friends of tariff revision have a great deal to hope for.

#### Hamilton Predicts Revision.

HONOLULU, May 28.—Congressman E. L. Hamilton, who is one of the Congressional party now visiting Hawaii, in an interview today with the local press said that revision of the tariff would probably be undertaken at the first session of the Sixty-first Congress.

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## CALLS ROOSEVELT TO OREGON'S AID

### Bourne Works to Break Land Monopoly.

#### FORGE HARRIMAN TO SELL OUT

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#### LEGAL INQUIRY BEING MADE

Senator Urges Suit to Compel Southern Pacific to Sell—Harlan Transfers Task to Townsend of Fargo.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 28.—Senator Bourne talked with the President today regarding the Southern Pacific land grant in Oregon, and, as he emerged from the White House, intimated to newspaper correspondents what he had been pressing, explaining briefly the purpose of his efforts to force the railroad company to dispose of its grant in accordance with law.

The Senator's statements at once led the newspaper men to conclude that Mr. Bourne was planning to "break Harlan," and that his numerous conferences with the President during the past few months had been devoted to this matter. Since Mr. Bourne has twice declared in favor of Mr. Roosevelt's nomination, Eastern newspapers have been endeavoring to ascertain his motive. Today's statements led to the conclusion that Mr. Bourne had joined with the President to undo Mr. Harlan.

The fact is that Mr. Bourne has all along been exerting himself to the utmost to bring about some practical method of compelling the Southern Pacific to put its land grant on the market at the price and under the terms stipulated in the act under which it was granted. His talk today was only one of many at which this subject formed the principal topic.

The administration is unable to act until it receives a report from District Attorney Harlan of Alaska, who was detailed to make an investigation and report to the Attorney-General.

#### BOURNE CONSULTS ROOSEVELT

#### Presses Oregon's Cause Against Southern Pacific Land Grab.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—(By Associated Press.)—Senator Bourne, of Oregon, again consulted with the President today about the cases of the Southern Pacific Railway Company, which he charges is holding up approximately 3,000,000 acres of public land, much of which is in Oregon, that should be opened to settlement. The Senator says that grants covering the land, which originally were for 6,000,000 acres, were made with the understanding that the land should be opened up to settlement at a nominal price per acre. A great deal of it, he says, was sold for \$15 an acre, and much of it was withheld from sale altogether.

In the meantime, the Senator says, the progress of the country is being retarded, and he intimates that the railway company is holding the land for speculative purposes. Mr. Bourne is urging that legal proceedings be instituted to compel the company to dispose of the lands. He says that some of the grants were to companies which have been since absorbed by the Southern Pacific.

The Department of Justice has for some time had under consideration the question of certain lands held by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company in Oregon under grants to railroad companies which have been absorbed by the Southern Pacific. A preliminary report on the matter had been made by Nathan V. Harlan, United States Attorney for the third division of Alaska, who has been engaged in the investigation while absent from his post of duty on account of ill health. Mr. Harlan will now return to Alaska, and the Attorney-General will designate E. D. Townsend, Assistant United States Attorney at Fargo, N. D., to carry on the work, if Mr. Townsend can arrange to leave his official duties for that purpose.

#### More Time for Klamath Canal.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 28.—An extension of three months from April 30, 1907, has been granted to Mason, Davis & Co., of Portland, for completion of their contract for a portion of the main canal of the Klamath irrigation canal project, subject, however, to a provision that they will complete and deliver such portions of the work as may be required for irrigation during 1907 on or before June 10, 1907. Extreme weather and bad roads so seriously interfered with the progress of the work that it was impossible for the contractors to complete it on time.

#### Jobs for Two Portland Men.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 28.—David Blakeley, of Portland, Or., has been appointed meteorologist under the Bureau of Animal Industry, Agricultural Department. John McNulty, of Postdam, has been appointed nautical expert at \$300 salary, in the hydrographic office, Portland.

#### Oregon Girls Visit Roosevelt.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 28.—The President today received a party of Oregon girls who are guests of the Pacific Northwest on a trip to the Jamestown Exposition. This evening the party left for the Exposition.

