### THE MORNING OREGONIAN, MONDAY, MAY 27, 1907.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

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Daily, without Sunday, the Mursday), ... Sunday, one year (issued Thursday)... Sunday and Weekly, one year..... BY CARRIER,

3.50

next Monday.

water."

clent.

fear

greed and chicane.

lating to liquor license fees, on the

ground that the purpose seems to be

to give the liquor dealers an advantage

by forestalling future action by the

Council, with which body the right

should remain to raise the fees even

TAXATION OF CREDITS.

above the figures proposed.

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PORTLAND, MONDAY, MAY 27, 1997.

LANDS AND VALUES.

There is an evil in holding land out of use, for speculative purposes, which could be and ought to be diminished: but society or government has no means of doing it other than by taxation of such lands upon yearly increasing valuations. That is, as fast as the land grows in value it should be assessed to the full, so that the inert owner shall not be able to pocket the whole of the uncarned increment for which he waits. Country lands are little subject to this evil. It chiefly affects city lots and near suburban lands, and is a real evil in and about

every growing city. It is commonly said that it is the would tie the hands of the city besides. This committee advises the suthori-This committee advises the authorimassing of population in and about the zation of dock, park and Madison-bridge es high value to land: oonds; but it opposes the ordinances re-

of the loggers, but this one struck other The Oregonitan logs instead of the water and sped like the proverbial shot out of a cannon. A he owes to B. sight like that would have astonished not only the ancients, but also some moderns, who are unfamiliar with the habits of logs as large as Oregon produces, -

This method would not, however,

There is not the slightest reason in safe in the Bay City. this situation, but it is a situation created by law-by constitutional law. The most that can be said in extenuation is that the man who loans money

knows that the law requires him to pay must make his terms accordingly. SUBMITTED UNDER THE INITIATIVE. In practice the injustice of this sys-"This is true liberty," writes Milton, translating from Euripides, "when freeborn men, having to advise the public, may speak free." Suggestions, then, are in order from any citizen or group of citizens, as to the ordinances, amendments and franchises to be voted on by the electorate of the City of Portland | A pamphlet containing 'information

speaking for the Chamber of Commerce, reports a list of his property is penalthe Federated Trades, the Taxpayers' Thomas N. Strong, general chairman, of the proposed measures, with recom- who escape such payment. It is also a mendations thereon. By this group of safe guess that such a situation exists

citizens most of the propositions are approved. A leading exception, how-ever, is the proposal for an additional pipe line to Bull Run. Some of the cox to insist that all notes and credits objections seem sound-particularly the be assessed upon the same basis as his one contending that since the bonds and interest are to be paid out of the gen-ilc sentiment which will demand the eral taxes and not out of the earnings amendment of the section of the conof the water plant, the market value of stitution creating the injustice. the bonds is likely to be diminished.

SPECULATION RUN RIOT.

necessarily require that water should be "free," though undoubtedly it would be a step in that direction. Even if the bonds should be voted, therefore the people would still retain the right to as has raged in Chicago the past month. pass on the proposition for "free is shown by a statement in a Chicago dispatch in yesterday's Oregonian, that On the whole, it seems to us that the city must very soon have another pipe line; and if the present proposition should be voted down it volume of \$200,000,000. In the midst

may be doubted whether there will be of a wild speculation of such monuample time," as asserted by these mental proportions, it is but natural citizens, to get the result, before the that conditions bearing any relation on present pipe line shall become ineffi-

supply and demand, which in the end must govern prices, should be entirely As to the franchise for the Economy Gas Company, we agree with these citizens that it has not been framed with with some damage by bugs, and a fairly sufficient regard for the interests of the city. The measure is subtly drawn, for the purpose, plainly, of securing advantages for those who seek the franchise. It would tle the city up in many new ways, and though we believe a competitor ought to be put in against the present gas company, we should a juggle in this proposal that

would leave the city worse off than was legitimate and how much was due in equal treatment to all. now. The plain way to deal with the to the plunging of the Wall street present abuse is to repeal the franchise gamblers, who temporarily abandoned

of the present company, and then allow stocks. competition on a basis that would secure results to the city and be fair and just all round. Had the Legislature done its duty at the recent session the wheat way would be open now, but the Senate was completely dominated by "the interests," and voted down this and all ropositions to recover to the people what had been wrested from them by Still we cannot see that the proposal now offered for another franchise would improve the gas situation in Portland,

but rather would complicate it further. The franchise as proposed is a one-sided kind of a statistical position. But the affair, not drawn with the purpose of organization is now to be commended protecting the rights of the city, but with a view of securing to private perof their wheat at the "minimum price." ons further advantages at the city's expense. Surely we have had enough advice, the society, through its press of this sort of business. Yet doubtless there are many who will vote for this franchise under the hope of getting in a blow through it at the old and ner bushel. thoroughly-hated gas company, which

certainly deserves the rub. But this usual, there are losers where there are the odor arising is infinitely worse. grant would not meet the purpose, and gainers, and someone will get seriously

hurt if the price goes too high or too

before honest capital and decent, selfowed to him by C by offsetting the \$1000 respecting American labor will again be

> The wisdom of the Oregon Legislature, in turning a deaf ear to the request of Professional Agitator Furuseth, of San Francisco, who was at

taxes on the money due him, and he Salem endeavoring to secure the passage of a bill repealing the law against crimping, is now apparent. Furuseth tem is multiplied, for one man escapes has a strong hold in California and succeeded in working his bill through the burden. A man whose note is se- the California Legislature. As a result cured by a mortgage has made a pub- crimping in the Bay City is now carried lic record of the credit and cannot hide on with a degree of lawlessness that his property from a vigilant Assessor. was unknown in the North even in the Another man owning a note of the same days of Jim Turk, Bunko Kelly and value but not secured can keep it off other past masters in the shanghaling the assessment rolls if he is willing to art. Blood money in the Bay City is perjure himself when he gives in his list up to \$70 per man, and may go higher. about these matters, issued by citizens of property. The man who faithfully The situation has become so serious for the shipowners that it will be discussed ized for so doing. It is safe to say at the meeting of the international League and the Board of Trade, Mr. that the number of men who pay taxes Thomas N. Strong, general chairman, on notes and other credits is incon-Francisco undoubtedly will be punished Francisco undoubtedly will be punished is offered, which presents some analysis siderably small as compared with those with a heavy advance in freight rates.

> The wool-buying season in Eastern Oregon is interesting, both for sheepmen and buyers. When a rancher has 100.000 pounds of wool, a difference of one cent a pound means a great deal to him. On the other hand, the value of a particular lot of wool depends not be non-committal. upon the character of the wool only itself, but also upon the amount of sand in it. The buyer who misses his guess as to the amount of dirt in the

wool may easily lose on one lot enough The comparatively insignificant part to equal his salary for six months. If value as a public servant. It saves many people, and often whole complayed by physical conditions of the wheat crop, in producing such an ava-lanche of speculation and high prices munitles, from disappointment, on account of double-dealing or false promquires as much experience as to be a ises. When you are expecting or desiring something you know whether you market is as exciting to the producers the trading on the Chicago Board of as an active hop market, though the can depend upon his assistance, and are not kept in suspense and caused to lose Trade in the past thirty days reached a prices of wool do not vary so much as, time and labor in pursuing an imposalor so often as, the prices of hops,

high degree for the duties which he has The Southern Pacific seems to have been chosen to perform. - He has the reason on its side in the position it has taken in California, on distribution of ability and force sufficient to grapple cars for transportation of fruit. It with difficulties and overcome opposilost sight of. A late season and unfa-vorable weather conditions, together tity of fruit ready for shipment, but tion, when force is needed, but has the tity of fruit ready for shipment, but some of the fruit men want them distact and suavity sufficient to accomplish more by diplomacy than can be strong foreign situation, warranted an tributed according to acreage. The done by force. Socially and intellectually he is a very brilliant man, and can advance in wheat prices from the low Santa Fe distributes according to acrefigures at which they rested prior to age, and that plan is unsatisfactory to and does win much by these qualities, May 1. But natural conditions, statis- many growers, who are complain where brute force or intellect without tical or climatic, were speedily lost When there is a shortage of cars the suavity and an agreeable personality. sight of in the seething whirl of specu- growers are quite likely to be dissatis would fail. Already he has made a lation, which swept the market off its fied with any plan of apportionment, National reputation, and has won the feet and made it impossible to deter- but the plan adopted by the Southern esteem and friendship of the President. mine how much of this sharp advance Pacific seems to be most likely to result Senators and members of Congress, and influential people from all parts of the

The initiative is invoked for raising

the salaries of officials. Why raise the Even the American Society of Equity, salaries of officials? Truly and indeed which began a campaign for dollar if men don't like the pay they needn' about two years ago, stands hunt for the offices. But your good citibreathless in amazement at the sky- zen thinks the office highly desirable. rocket flight of prices, but recovers he abandons the practice of medicine to sufficiently, modestly to state: "As a become Mayor, or gives up other am factor in the rapid rise, there isn't a bitions and lucrative pursuits to be doubt but the agitation for controlled come Auditor or Police Judge or City marketing and the campaign for dollar Attorney; and straightway after he wheat, played a conspicuous part." gets the office encourages the thought There has been occasion in the past to of larger salary. But you will observe riticise the advice of the Society of that he never wants to guit and to Equity, when it urged farmers to hold push for business and livelihood on his heir wheat in the face of the weakest own account.

Theodore Tilton is dead. But he lived for its instructions to farmers to sell all long enough to see the day when the scandal which made him famous, or which is \$1 per bushel. In spite of this perhaps infamous, would have been a second-rater in comparison with the bureau, ventures the opinion that it kind which New York seems to demand may be advisable to fix the price for in this twentieth century. The Thaws, the new crop at a higher figure than \$1 Goulds, Coreys et al. may not be working along exactly the same offensive Meanwhile, the game goes on and, as lines as were followed by Tilton, but

-The gross receipts of the Union

low. The American Society of Equity, Pacific for March, 1907, were more than and the mon who are sh than for the correthan the climatic protection bugs to the wheat fields, are both fac- sponding month a year ago. This is one more step in the direction of that tors in the present hysterical condition of the market, but the one great bankruptcy which we were assured overpowering factor, which in the end would come if the President and the will restore prices to a normal level, is states did not recede from rate regusupply and demand. When the specula- lation. And there was no backing or tive haze clears a little, so that we can side stepping, either. more easily discern the dimensions of The pessimistic individual who thinks this factor, Wall street will find the field for speculative endeavor so cirthat Portland is being over-boomed, cumscribed that its plungers and pikers or is growing too fast, should start out will return to their old game of stocks, in quest of quarters either for residence

## GOOD WORDS OF SENATOR BOURNE CRIME IN CARRYING OF PISTOLS

Why He Has Alrendy Won a High Law Is Nowhere Enforced, but It Place at Washington. Eugene (Or.) State Journal,

That Jonathan Bourne, Jr., would

make one of the best Senators that

Oregon has ever had we never doubted

and frequently asserted both before

many other personal friends who en-

tertained similar views we take great

stastic. As stated in these columns

Provide States of States

Indianapolis News. The man who carries a pistol is in a state of war and rebellion; he should be

state of war and rebellion; he should be treated as an enemy of the public, and the law so regards him. Many thought-less and foolish boys have no malicious intent in "carrying a gun." but they pay heavily for their folly often by using the weapon in a moment of passion. If they were not armed their anger would pass off and no harm would result. Every day's occurrences include shoot-ing by men, and even women, whose fault and since his election. Along with his

Should Be.

pleasure in knowing that he has dur-ing the few months that he has been Every day's occurrences include shoot-ing by men, and even women, whose fault begins when they put pistols in their pockets. There is sudden excitement, a disturbance growing out of an unpre-meditated incident, some one pulls a pistol and commits murder or man-slaughter. Could the dead who have lost their lives in such needless encounters be assembled, they would form a vast multi-tude. The parent, or teacher who dis-suddes a how from the pistol habit is in office more than made good the fondest hopes of his most ardent admirers, of which we have for at least 12 years been one of the most enthuduring the primary campaign, he is peculiarly well fitted, by nature and by education and association, to succeed in that high and responsible ofsuades a boy from the pistol habit is preventing murder. The woods are no longer full of Indians or savage beasts fice in the highest degree. He is able, active, industrious, optimistic,

persevering, firm, conscientious, relia-(in fact, more is the pity, there are no woods), and the world is not so had ble, sincere, truthful, and is superior in many ways to the common that men must be constantly armed to run of politicians. He always means

meet expected danger. Every civilized community forbids the carrying of concealed weapons, but few communities enforce the law. New York what he says and is not afraid to speak out and say what he means. If he says "yes" he means it, and if he police, driven to act by a murderous con-dition existing among the Italians of the means "no" he says so and does not city, have been searching and disarming men and boys in the Italian districts. There will be universal sympathy with deceive by evasions or pretending to His word is always as good as a firstthe police everywhere if they disarm not mortgage bond. You can depend upon only Italians, but Americans and Afri-cans and whoever needlessly and in viola-tion of law fills his pockets with dangerhim, which cannot be truthfully said of a great many people occupying high ous weapons, his stomach with bad liquor and his head with fantastic notions of danger and bravado. positions. This adds greatly to his

Chicago Record-Herald.

Most criminal vagabonds carry weapons. The city ordinances permit a fine of \$209 for the offense of carrying concealed weapons, and a \$200 fine in most cases weapons, and a 5300 line in most cases means an extended stay in the Bridewell to work it out. If the police made an effort they could arrest dozens or scores of weapon carriers every day. They not only make no effort, but when they ar-rest men with guns or knives they rarely book them on this charge. The neglect of the possibilities that lie in the enforceble scoeme. This qualifies him in a ment of this ordinance has gone so far that some of the judges of the Municipal Court have taken special note of it and complained of the lost opportunities to punish men who need punishment.

## What Yale College Men Do.

New Haven (Ct.) Dispatca. Professor William Balley answers the question. "What became of Yale men?" in announcing the result of an extended investigation into the occupation of every graduate from the class of 1897 to 1932. He finds that law takes double the number of graduates that any other profession does, a total of 29.4 per cent of graduates seeking (hat field. He notes a drop in the num-ber of alumni who enor the ministry to 7.7 per cent. A quarter of a con-tury ago it was more than fwite as great.

great. Professor Bailey's classification ranks

Occupations. Numbe Lew Finance Education Medicine finistry arming and politics ..... ferchants hants . nalists . neers . Engineera This list foots up a total of 2243 graduates.

"Tis a Hard Question.

man to enter in the Presidential Derby of 1908 a man born in 1835. That takes Adlai E. Stevenson out of the paddock,

No Alarm in Milton Town. Milton Eagle.

Milton Eagle. The report that a Mormon had been elected president of the O. A. C. is causing no consternation in this part of the state. There are a whole lot of people kicking about the Mormons who are maintaining one wife on alimony and another on credit.

# Color Line in Senttle.

Portland Advocate. But, on the other hand, if a commit-tee of colored citizens had been ap-pointed to find suitable locations and places for the entertainment of the bishops during their attendance at the Christian Endeavor Convention, and not attempt to force them into some hotels where their presence is not desired and their money not wanted, in our estima-tion they would have been doing the proper thing. The time has come when the colored man must learn to care for his own, and cease depending wholly and solely upon the white man.

GOSSIP OF OREGON EDITORS.

### Hood River Invites Lownsdale.

Hood River Glacler. M. O. Lownsdale has issued an open letter to the fruit growers of the Wil-lamette Valley in which he proposes the holding of an apple show for the growers of the Valley this year. We are exceedingly sorry that we are not permitted to enter the competitive race. We took nearly everything in sight at the great apple exhibition in Portiand last Fall, and we are anxious to get another clip at Brother Lownsdale's "Just as good as Hood River" proposition. Well, we are not selfish. We hereby invite our brother to be present at our apple fair next Fall. We will accord him the best position in the pavilion.

Survival of Mossbackism.

#### Pendleton Tribune

It is the survival of the old mossback tendency that kills. It was noticed a couple of weeks ago that when the couple of weeks ago that when the state sheep inspectors went that Lane County to superintend, or, rather, in-quire into the necessity of enforcing the state law requiring the dipping of scabby sheep, they were met by the notification that if they undertook to interfere with what was claimed to be the whet of each individual to deterthe right of each individual to deter-mine for himself, they would be driven off their premises with shotguns. The result was the local inspector re-

signed his position rather than, as he said, incur the hostility of his neighbors and the loss of his practice, he

being a physician. The old-fashioned theories are good enough for some people, no matter whether it be sheep scab or codlin moth that demands a recognition of new methods.

# Jack London "Runs Dry."

East Oregonian. The Portland Oregonian made a sig-nificant remark about Jack London in a recent fasue, when it said the public should know what book he is going to

take his next novel from. The first few things which London wrote were excellent, radiating, illum-inating flashes of literature. He touched a new and extremely popular fancy. He wrote with a whirl and a rush seldom, if ever, equaled in lit-

rush seldom, if ever, equaled in lit-erary history. But soon he "ran dry," as they say of a false oil well. He was soon pumped out. Instead of spouting high up above the surface he failed. His stuff became stale. He was evidently writing for money, on the reputation he first made.

His last few stories are absolutely illy. He copied his "Before Adam" silly. from a book and a plot long extant and otherwise "flunked," as they say when a man does not make good.

London is now trying to make money on his reputation. The magazines en courage him by buying his silly stuff and the people are wondering if he is ever going to "spout up" again, as he did when he first broke into fame, or if he is permanently "dry,

BIG DOINGS IN THE COUNTRY.

Out of Sight, Anyway,

Dr. Mary Walker's Advice Falls on Irreverent Understanding. New York Sun. The Burlington Railroad Company has refused to heed the following remonstrance from Dr. Mary D. Walker, of Oswego, N. Y .: "The order to remove the whiskers

of conductors should be rescinded im mediately, as such protection is needed

lung protector would be much more serviceable than a beard. As a sanitary measure the order to remove whiskers really commends itself to the faculty. To take exceptions to the order we should seek other grounds

country, by cultivating the friendship. rather than stirring up animosities and opposition by "butting in" to everything and everybody and displaying oratorical abilities in season and out of season, as has been done by men

who talked too much to the galleries. WHISKERS AS SANITARY HELP

Washington Post. Mr. Watterson is too eminent a turf-

Perhaps Carter Harrison is the man. Chicago pulled Illinois into the Demo-cratic column in 1892. Tom Johnson is too rich. No rich man has been Democrat since Samuel J. Tilden was gathered to his fathers. Ben Cable is another rich man-besides, he was Palmer and Buckner traitor of hob. Harmon is altogether too much As a result of a combine among the of a Democrat to be thought of. So is manufacturers of bosiery it is said stock-ings are getting higher and higher-and William H. Vilas. We do not, know what response Mr. Bryan will give to the end is not yet. Mr. Watterson's overture. This we do know — that the momentous question now confronting the Democracy is not whom shali we nominate? But how shall the old party be saved from an-nihilation?

as a sanitary measure. It is the worst of orders, engendering lung troubles." Sympathy for the shaven conductors because they may be threatened with pneumonia is misplaced. A competent

politicians and farmers together. His summarized table is as follows:

but there are causes that give rise to the concentration of population. The energy that erects buildings, starts, promotes and supports industries, pushes mercantile effort, concentrates trade and expands it, attracts the working classes to the centers and makes It possible for them to obtain employment, is the underlying principle of all growth and progress at the centers of

population. In all this movement the The old question of double taxation land-owners take the chief part; for through the taxation of a credit is causunless they owned the land they would Ing some, controversy over in Grant not build upon it, and great cities County, and a citizen of that part of would not exist, nor, consequently, the state, W. H. Wilcox, of Prairie City, would there be the concentration of writes The Oregonian for an expression population to which it is so often said of its opinion upon the subject. From land values are due.

his letter it appears that he sold a The land-owner therefore is entitled plece of real property and took a note secured by a mortgage for a large porprimarily to the credit of creating or of enhancing land values. We mean, tion of the purchase price. The propcourse, the enterprising land-owner; erty is now assessed to the man who not the drone, who, is holding, without ught it and the note is assessed to improvement, for the higher values Mr. Wilcox, the assessment on the note created through the spirit and energy being greater than that on the propof others. Every community, however, erty. The question arises whether this has its drones; but the men and women is not a case of double taxation and who erect buildings, push the improves therefore unconstitutional. It is a quesments and activities that make a city tion that will present itself very forcibly to any one in the position of Mr. oataclysm of fire and death, which should not be told that, as land-holders, they are robbers, because they have Wilcox, and it is one to which lawmakappropriated values created by others. ers may well give attention."

The question of constitutionality is What is it that has made the parcels asily answered. The double taxation of land upon our principal streets valu-The improvements made upon is certainly constitutional-in fact it them, which in many, even most, inwould be unconstitutional to exempt stances represent the work of owners the note from taxation. Such has been of the West which was a heritage from lifetime. But for the imthe ruling of our courts upon a plain provements on these streets the land provision of the constitution, which would have no more value than it had makes it the duty of the Legislature to in its original state. provide for the assessment and taxation

It will be said, of course, that it is of "all property, both real and perthe growth of population that has sonal, excepting such only for municicreated the values; yet without the pal, educational, literary, scientific, re- willing to advance money. As soon as builders there would have been no ligious or charitable purposes as may the details were worked out, San growth of population. Recognition of be specifically exempted by law." A Francisco began rising from the ashes. the work of the builders is the moral It has a note is personal property. basis of their right to the larger values, value. It can be bought and sold, carried from one state to another, con- fall to attract attention, and for a time as against the argument that these veyed by will or otherwise disposed of. the city made rapid progress in regainowners have done nothing to create them.

The legal right of those who make no improvements, but hold merely for under the constitution, to provide for its gan emerging from the ruins, the firegrowing values, is of course unassaliassessment and taxation. And the tax can be collected by a levy upon the property of the owner. The old mort-on that awful April morning a year ago. able; for laws and the administration thereof must follow broad lines or prin The only practicable way. ciples, gage-tax law made mortgages taxable Then the whole world, in ignorance of therefore, of dealing with the useless land-owner is to assess his property as real property. That law has been the rottenness of its grafters, the tyr-each year at the fullest value that can repealed, but a credit, otherwise known anny of its labor unions, and the lawsecured by a mortgage on real prop-erty. The effect so far as the taxpayer is concerned is the same. be placed upon it. There can be no inas a chose in action, is subject to taxa- lessness of its corporations, stood in justice in collecting taxes upon such tion as personal property even though lands at about the rate the owner himself places upon them when approached with an offer to buy them. The evil is concerned is the same.

of holding lands out of use, for higher That this system is not entirely equitable is readily values, is one not easily exaggerated. apparent. If A should borrow from B \$1000 and deposit

The battering rams with which the it in a bank, or even carry it in his ancients tore down fortifications were pocket, the law imposes upon A the mere playthings compared with a log duty of paying a tax upon the money that broke loose in a Hood River saw-mill a few days ago. Imagine a green on the credit, so that if each gives in that it will be an irremovable burden that broke loose in a Hood River sawlog, six feet in diameter and twentyhis list of property faithfully there will against the investment as long as it

four feet long, sliding down a steep be a total assessment of \$2000 where but stands, and the men who attempt to chute to a millpond and striking other \$1000 of actual value exists. If A do business on such conditions will be logs so hard that it bounded up the should, in turn, loan the \$1000 to C, the forced to meet the competition of oth-forty-foot incline, over which logs are money would be assessed once and the ers who establish themselves in less Hood River would not be in such urgusually drawn, and plunged through the credit twice, making a total assessment expensive and more orderly cities. The

mill, carrying everything before it, and out into the lumber-yard on the other side. Hundreds of logs had taken their are those prescribed by law, A could of the damage wrought is irretrievable. dive in the pond, according to the plans | not escape paving taxes on the \$1000 | and at the best it will be many years suitable candidate for Vice-President.

common and preferred. -STRICKEN SAN FRANCISCO.

land is not growing fast enough. But little more than a year has passed since San Francisco passed through her awful baptism of earthquake and fire. As her thousands of people groped painfully among the blackened ruins of their homes and elegant and costly business edifices, it seemed to them that they had sounded the depths of mental and financial disone else. They need the money. tress and suffering, and that nothing which could happen could create a worse condition of affairs than then existed in the stricken city. But that

and property valued at many millions, their attorneys, even if they have less did not rob San Francisco of her knowledge of law. matchless natural location at the gate way of the Orient and the Occident, nor If old Jay Gould had left his son a did it eliminate that indomitable spirit little less money, perhaps the family name would be less involved in scandal the pioneers who laid the foundations To have one's name mentioned in the of San Francisco's commercial and same breath with that of Corey and

financial greatness. That spirit of the West and the natural location of the port were collateral on which a sympathetic world seemed

The enterprise and faith of her people were so inspiring that they could not

it is property and not within the ex-empted classes, hence it is not only the power but the duty of the Legislature, twelve months after San Francisco be-

The cost of every building erected in

he made on Friday evening, about the looting of the franchises of Portland, he rubs in on the "first families." And it's all right. Lest we forget.

tude.

Calhoun and Mullally proclaim their innocence through the newspapers. Well, then, why not plead "not guilty" still because the cost of all material and labor has reached a point where all and submit the question to a jury withhope of profit from the investment has out further delay?

Thaw is a calamity of no small magni-

Lane County farmers who have de

ided to dip their sheep without further

rotest are wise. It is said that sprayng is good for a tree, even if it is not

diseased. Quite likely, dipping is good

The Czar gave audience on Satur-

day to a delegation of Japanese on

its way to the Peace Conference at

The Hague. This was probably not em-

It is timely-lest we forget. When

Mayor Lane makes a speech like that

Japs on peace questions before.

for a sheep even if it is not scabby.

Berries have "declined" to \$5 a crate. San Francisco since the earthquake That is \$4.50 a crate better than they has run so far ahead of the estimates were a dozen years ago, when the growers could scarcely give them away.

> If there were fewer idlers in the plaza blocks these pleasant days, perhaps ent need of berrypickers,

Now it would be nice of President Roosevelt to suggest Mr. Bourne as a

Beards by some are regarded as a badge of dignity, and the Orientals revere them. There is nothing quite as majestic as a grave, wholesome old man with a flowing patriarchal beard, especially in advertisements of cereal foods. Tradition and the orthodoxy of more faiths than one could be cited in favor of the beard. The oath by it was sacrosanct. In western countries the rise and fall of the beard in popular favor makes a voluminous literaor business purposes. A few days

quest in any and all of the desirable localities will convince him that Portture. If the beard had always been treated with respect by its wearers and nature had been allowed to take her course it would not have fallen into disrepute A Seattle man is suing the Standard by the vulgar name of whiskers. The by the vulgar name of whisters. The Dundreary, Burnside and Galway cuts account for much of the Mostility to hair on the face. There is a popular and excusable impression that a man with an eccentric beard or too much Oil Company for \$1.50 because one of John D.'s delivery wagons damaged an awning to the amount named. Any opportunity which escapes a Seattle man desirous of putting out a little adverbeard has a sorew loose or 18 a crank or humbug. Quacks notoriously run to beards. Nevertheless, a man has a contising will hardly be noticeable to anystitutional right to grow a beard, though he may waive the right if he is It is a sad commentary upon the It is a sad commentary upon the ethics of the legal profession when a defendant insists upon pleading gullty over the protest of his attorney. But some criminals have more sense than Amasa. Joab took Amasa by the beard amicably, inquired about and thrust the sword under Amaza's fifth rib. A conductor acting as a po-lice officer on his train is greatly han. dicapped by a long beard. For this reason, and because a smooth face dis-tinguishes its conductors from grang-

ers, musicians, artists and retired lake captains, giving the trainmen an alert, brisk and on-time expression, the Burlington stands on its order.

#### Irish Hall of Fame

barrassing, for he has conferred with

Irish Hall of Fame Hartford Courant. "Tlease give," said the teacher, as she rubbed her tired eyes. "The names of some great Irishmen, my dears." And when a hand waved frantically she no-ticed with surprise The grimmy paw was Jimmle McAleer's. "Twis something new for Jimmle to be in terested when. A question was before the house, and so. "Weil, Jimmle," said the teacher, "name your famous Irisbmen." He proudly answered: "Here's a few I know: "McGinnity and Hogan, Mike Kelley, Dick Cogan, Jim Collins, Wild Bill Donovan and Ryan; McGill and McInityre, Spike Shannon and McGutre, McCarthy, Dolan, Daly and O'Brien;

Spike Shannon and McGutre, Spike Shannon and McGutre, McCarthy, Doian, Daiy and O'Brien; Jiggs Donohue, McBride, Waddell, the Phillies pride, McFarland, Muggs, McGraw and B. Mc-Guirk, Maioney, Grady, Lally, Jack Sullivan, O'Malley, Pat Flaherity, J. Hurley, Eddie Burke, McGinley, McNamara and McGann, Hugh Duffy and McMackin, McHale, McGee, McCracken, O'Nell, McQuaid, McManus and McMahon."

"Why, Jimmle," cried the teacher, "just whit a moment please; What did those folks you mention even

What did those focks you mention ever do? How is it that you didn't give me any names like these: Tome Moore, Parnell and Robert Emmett, too?"

"Gee whiz" exclaimed the urchin, "I never seen dem guys-I named the warmest members in the mess: De feliers you are boostin' fer can't be so very whe: Dey must 'ave played in some bush

Dey must 'ave played in some league, I guess."

Then and Now.

Chicago Record-Herald. A valet helps him into bed; She cannot dress without hor maid; In haunts by fashion tenanted Her jewels nightly are displayed.

Their fathers both as pioneers Drove oxen over ion-ly ways: Their mothers tolled through trying years And cooked their own meals all their days.

He has to have his morning tub, An expert polishes her nalls; He sits and dobbers at his club, To Europe twice a year she sails.

Their fathers and their mothers through The wilderness hewed out a path And ate things with their knives and knew Not what it was to have a bath.

Just Kids. Moro Observer. The mother Angora goat belonging to Reed Hulse, had triplets this spring. One died, and the pair is a great attraction to

all the other kids in town

29.4 13.4 10.6 8.4

Everybody Warks

Independence Enterprise. There is not an idle man to be found in Buena Vista and women and child-ren are training hops for a dollar and a half a day.

Polk County Landmark.

Dallas Observer. Uncle Ira F. M. Butler, of Monmouth, celebrated his 95th birthday, May 20. All day long his many friends called to pay their respects, and the band boys gave him some fine music in the evening.



vanished.

swept out of existence hundreds of lives