

MOB DRIVES CARS FROM THE STREETS

San Francisco Scene of Bloody Conflict With Strikers

ONE DEAD, THIRTEEN HURT

Strikebreakers Defend Themselves With Shower of Bullets.

MOB'S FRENZIED PURSUIT

Police Show Sympathy by Arresting Guards.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT TODAY

United Railroads Accuse Police of Threat to Shoot Strikebreakers. Governor, Is Not Ready to Call Out the Militia.

DEAD AND INJURED IN RIOTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—Following is a list of the killed and injured in the street riots at the Central Emergency Hospital:

DEAD.
James Walsh.
INJURED.
Thomas White, lacerated scalp.
Police Officer Harry Sauer, shot through shoulder.
F. Joy, laceration of cheek.
J. Krohmer, shot in shoulder.
William Blaney, contusion of foot and hand.
J. Arena, contusion of knee.
A. C. Jahn, shot in throat.
N. Lesh, shot through chest.
St. Donville, laceration of face.
G. A. McNaughton, shot in forehead.
Tom Buchanan, shot in abdomen; will die.
C. W. Fryer, contusion of face.
Detective Sergeant Bell, shot in chest.
A. Palm, shot in neck; may die.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—Rioting by street strikers and their friends and repeated fusillades of bullets from strikebreakers today marked the first attempt to run cars on the United Railroads since the strike began. The movement of a freight car from one barn was the signal for obstruction of the track by a mob and for a shower of missiles aimed at those who operated the car. After running only half a block, the car was taken back to the barn.

Brickbats and Bullets Fly.

Having thus made a test, the company at 2:30 P. M. sent a string of seven passenger cars out of the Turk and Fillmore street barns, manned by armed strikebreakers. Their appearance was the signal for renewed rioting. Brickbats, paving stones and all manner of missiles were hurled at the cars by a pursuing mob of several thousands. One of the guards on the cars retaliated with a shot, which hit its mark. The assault on the cars became more furious and the guards retaliated with several fusillades, which caused the death of one man, wounded one fatally and 12 less seriously. After running a few blocks, the cars were returned to the barn and the attempt to operate the lines was abandoned for the day.

Police Action Ineffective.

The police did little to check the lawlessness. They attempted to dissuade the mob from violence, but only two of them used force and they did it so effectively that they cleared the way for the cars for the time being. The police arrested 13 of the strikebreakers for shooting, but made no arrests among the mob.

That the many bloody events of today may be repeated with even more tragic results was the fear expressed tonight, when it was made known that the United Railroad's programme for Wednesday includes another attempt to resume the operation of its system. This attempt, according to General Manager Mullally, will be made some time in the forenoon. He declined to state at what hour or to discuss the company's plans in this respect.

Police to Shoot Strikebreakers.

Mr. Mullally said that, when attorneys for the United Railroads visited the Central Police Station this evening to request the admittance to ball of the strikebreakers under arrest for shooting strikers and their sympathizers, Chief of Police Dinan said:

"Tomorrow I shall arm the police with rifles. If any strikebreakers start any

shooting from the cars, they will be shot in turn by the police."

"I can hardly credit this statement," added Mr. Mullally, "but it comes to me direct and authentically."

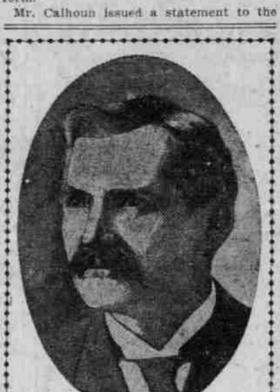
Thirteen strikebreakers were arrested. Three of them were released on bail and the remainder were held awaiting developments.

First Death From Shooting.

James Walsh, one of the strike sympathizers, who was shot this afternoon from one of the attacked cars, died at the Central Emergency Hospital tonight. No hope is held out for the recovery of Tom Buchanan, one of the strikers. He also is in the Central Emergency Hospital. A bullet penetrated his abdomen and punctured the intestines 22 times.

President Calhoun tonight, at his home, stated that he has in view no appeal to the Governor for state troops. "That," he said, "is not a task for me to perform."

Mr. Calhoun issued a statement to the



James N. Gillett, Governor of California, who threatens to use militia to suppress San Francisco riots.

people of San Francisco, passing up to their verdict the merits of the controversy in its new and tragic developments of today.

BRICKBATS MET BY BULLETS

Howling Mob Pursues Cars and the Strikebreakers Shoot.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—The strike of the 1700 union motormen and conductors of the United Railroads developed this afternoon in a riot in which more than a score of persons were severely, some fatally, wounded, and others more or less injured. At 2:30 the company made its first attempt to resume the operation of its system by sending out seven passenger cars manned by between 30 and 40 strikebreakers wearing the uniform of car inspectors and each carrying a thirty-eight calibre revolver strapped around his waist outside of his coat. The start was made from the company's barns at Turk and Fillmore streets, where a crowd variously estimated at from 200 to 500 men and boys was congregated. Twenty-seven policemen, five mounted officers and several sergeants under the command of Captain Moony were on patrol guard.

First Shot Enrages Mob.

The appearance of the cars in Fillmore street, from which they were switched into Turk street, was the signal for an immense outburst of jeers and hoots. Before the cars had gone one block they were made the targets of showers of stones and bricks. In a few moments every pane of glass had been smashed and several of the armed operatives had been struck, cut and bruised. At Turk and Buchanan streets an especially fierce attack was made on the foremost car. A guard on the rear platform answered the flying stones with a pistol shot. The bullet struck one of the union sympathizers in the arm.

This happening transformed the crowd into a wild mob and thereafter for 15 blocks a pitched battle was fought. The strikers and their friends, aided by hundreds of youthful hoodlums, kept up a running shower of missiles; the guards on board the cars responded with fusillade after fusillade of pistol shots. Eight men received bullet wounds, some of which will prove fatal, among these thus injured being a detective sergeant and a patrolman.

Guards Arrested; More Shooting.

Finally a dozen or more of the guards were taken under arrest by squads of reserves from the central station and a union crowd boarded the rear-most car and started it back to the barn. Arriving there, the strikers charged that revolver fire was opened on them from the barns. In this encounter several more men were shot. A non-union man threw the switch at the corner of Turk and Fillmore and the derailed car shot into the sidewalk, maiming two men whose names have not been learned. In the stampede that followed scores of women and children on the outskirts of the mob in Fillmore street were hurled to the pavement and trampled upon.

The appearance of relief squads to re-enforce Captain Moony's men resulted about 4:30 o'clock in the partial dispersing of the crowds.

A current rumor has it that Superintendent Chapman, who spent the forenoon and early afternoon at the Fillmore-street barns, was seen about 5 o'clock driving rapidly away on Golden Gate avenue in an automobile that was dashed with blood. There is as yet no confirmation of the rumor that Mr. Chapman was wounded.

At the Central Emergency Hospital at Golden Gate avenue and Gough street is gathered a large crowd of union men and their friends waiting eagerly for the messages that drift out from moment to

WANT NO MORE OF COL. BRYAN

Old Line Democrats in Open Revolt.

OPPOSED TO HIS DOCTRINES

Southern Senators in Conference at Washington.

JUDGE GRAY POSSIBILITY

Propose to Put Ultra-Radicals in a Party by Themselves and With Jeffersonian Leader Go Before Country on State Rights.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—(Special.)—A senatorial syndicate having for its object the control of the next Democratic National convention is in process of formation. William J. Bryan might call it a conspiracy, because it is decidedly anti-Bryan in character, while the work preparatory to launching the movement that is contemplated has been conducted with well-guarded secrecy. Something tangible, however, is likely to transpire in connection with the movement within a very few days, when the country will be let into some of the details.

Mr. Bryan's federalistic tendencies have supplied the excuse for positive action, which conservative leaders of the Democratic party, have long awaited. Recently there have been a good many conferences looking to concerted, effective effort. Several Democratic Senators, of pronounced states rights and old line tendencies, have lingered in Washington since the adjournment of Congress or have found it convenient to drop in at the capital on some kind of business. Now the secret is out. According to authoritative information tonight a compact organization has been practically effected already, and the general movement throughout the country only awaits formal statements from some of the leaders. An initial statement from one of the most influential minority members of the Senate may be expected some time this week.

Want to Sidetrack Bryan.

The frantic desire of the Eastern conservative Democrats to sidetrack Mr. Bryan and Bryanism was shown most forcibly at the recent Jefferson Day dinner in New York. This open manifestation, however, was less important than the real political standpoint than the movement to perfect a thorough working organization among the party leaders in Congress, which takes in those from the South in particular.

It previously has been explained how certain Senators planned to start a campaign with the next session of Congress, to control the making of the National

platform of their party in 1908, regardless of the personality of the candidate selected to head the ticket. They accepted Bryan as inevitable, so far as the nomination was concerned, but they thought they could guide the party in its declaration of principles for the campaign.

A brief lapse of time has shown the inconsistency of any scheme, such as has been proposed originally. It has become clear that if Bryan be the nominee he will, to all intents and purposes dictate the platform on which he will stand. Therefore, in spite of the undeniable hold of Bryan upon the rank and file of the party, it seems to have been determined to go in for full control.

Gray Favored Candidate.

Some of the plans of the senatorial syndicate are merely tentative, but at this time the candidate favored for the Presidential nomination is Judge Gray, of Delaware. Unless something unforeseen happens, it is believed that Judge Gray will be the sure-enough conservative Democratic candidate for presentation to the National convention.

The ultra-radicals will be told to join Hearst's Independence League, and if the ultra-conservatives have their full way, William J. Bryan will be read out of the party as effectually as he told Democrats he would drive them from the party if they did not profess allegiance to the initiative and referendum doctrine.

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DAY IS SPENT IN UNION AND BAKER

Business Men See Much of Eastern Oregon.

GOOD SPEECHES ARE HEARD

Splendid Reception Tendered by Baker City People.

WILL REACH BOISE TODAY

After Seeing Metropolis of the Gem State, Portland Party Will Start for Home Thursday—Greetings Are Very Cordial.

BAKER CITY, Or., May 7.—(Special.)—In Union and Baker Counties today the Portland excursionists received warm greetings. At Elgin, Imbler, La Grande, Hot Lake, North Powder, Haines and Baker City. Tonight's reception in Elgin Hall by citizens of this growing place was the best attended and one of the most satisfactory of the journey. Tomorrow evening the Portland men will reach Boise, when they will depart toward home Thursday afternoon.

At tonight's meeting the visitors were welcomed by Mayor C. A. Johns and City Attorney Charles F. Hyde. Responses were made by T. W. B. London, chairman of the party, for the day, and assistant manager of Balfour, Guthrie & Co., W. E. Williams, of the Continental Fire Insurance Co.; W. M. Calk and Tom Richardson. The occasion was enlivened by frequent music of the White Swan brass band, one of Baker City's objects of pride.

The visitors had ridden over the city after arrival and beheld its many evidences of thrift and growth, so that their speakers were well loaded with appreciative sentiments. Their words were uttered with frequent applause. Their addresses were the best yet spoken on the trip.

Learn Much in Baker City.

Mayor Johns acted as leader of the Baker City residents in becoming style. He pointed out the foremost position of Baker City as a shipping point on the O. R. & N., showed the phenomenal increase in value of farm lands and cited that the banks have \$2,000,000 in deposits. He closed with an appeal for united action of all sections of the state and Portland. A sawmill is building at Imbler for 15,000 feet output a day. Large quantities of potatoes are shipped there. The town has about 200 population, and contains two merchandise stores.

Visit the Mormon Temple.

On the return to La Grande the reception committee of that town led the party to the Commercial Club. There Walter M. Pierce made an address of welcome, to which Mr. London and F. E. Beach, of Portland, responded. The Portland men next were led to the new \$10,000 Mormon temple uptown, the best church in Oregon, outside of Portland. As they approached the Latter Day Saints brass band struck up and led into the temple. After listening to music of the band inside the large auditorium and encoring the musicians, the visitors were welcomed by George Stoddard, Bishop of the La Grande ward, and W. S. Brownell, President of the Union Stake of the Church of Latter Day Saints. Responses were delivered by Mr. London, T. G. Halley and Senator Fulton.

President Brownell made a fitting address and showed the liberality of his church by saying that the temple was open for the use of any religious body desiring to come to La Grande, whatever its creed. He remarked that he and his associates expected to be loyal to the government of the state, to help build up La Grande, and to make Oregon their home as law-abiding citizens. Further music by the church choir and male quartette pleased the visitors so much that they applauded for and obtained encores.

Make Stop at Hot Lake.

At the end of the music and speaking the visitors gave three loud hurrahs for La Grande. The Portland men next inspected a new sawmill of the George Palmer Lumber Company. This mill of 125,000 feet capacity in 10 hours is completely modern. It will soon begin sawing logs brought by rail.

After leaving La Grande the party tarried some 25 minutes at Haines, when Walter M. Pierce guided the members through the sanitarium at that place. At North Powder the citizens gave an enthusiastic welcome with a brass band, and a speech by Mayor John R. McLaren. Responses were made by Mr. London and T. T. Burkhardt.

The next stop was at Haines, when the visitors were greeted by Mayor David Wilcox.

The train arrived at Baker City shortly before 5 o'clock.

FIND RIPLINGER IS SHORT \$20,000

Prominent Seattle Man Wanted by Police.

THINK HE IS IN HONDURAS

Recent Nominee for Mayor Is a Fugitive From Justice.

SPENT THE CITY'S FUNDS

Becomes Suddenly Ill After Defeat at Polls. Pleads Poverty and Borrows Money With Which to Recuperate in California.

SEATTLE, May 7.—(Special.)—John Ripplinger, ex-City Controller and candidate on the Republican ticket a little more than a year ago for Mayor, is declared to be an embezzler. In so far as the city authorities have been able to check up his accounts, he was short \$20,000 when he left the Controller's office in March, 1906. The shortage will probably reach \$30,000.

For several months former associates in the Controller's office have known something was wrong. For an indefinite period Harry W. Carroll, formerly accountant under Ripplinger during most of the eight years he served as chief clerk and then Controller, has been certain Ripplinger was short in his accounts, and has relied implicitly upon a pledge Ripplinger has made by letter and telegram to return to Seattle.

But today the storm broke when a telegram came from Los Angeles that indicates Ripplinger has gone to Honduras, where no extradition can reach him. The facts were laid before the County Attorney, and tonight a warrant was issued, and the Sheriff is telegraphing to all important American cities and to foreign Consuls in South America the description of the man whom his friends referred to here for years as "Old John Ripplinger, as honest as the day is long."

Faint Hope of His Arrest.

Ripplinger is supposed to have gone from Los Angeles April 1 to accept a position as foreman of a banana ranch in Honduras. Though there is no extradition treaty with that country, County Attorney Mackintosh has a faint hope that the fact that Nicaragua is now in control of that country will allow him to have Ripplinger returned.

Mackintosh was one of Ripplinger's strongest supporters a year ago, but tonight he had to wire the State Department to know whether an extradition drawn upon Nicaragua would be honored by the Nicaraguan military officials in Honduras. And Sheriff Smith, who allowed Ripplinger to use his name and his office a year ago in his political fight, had to sign a telegram asking the police of every important American city and Honduran consuls to capture Ripplinger.

Nicholas Ripplinger, a brother, formerly employed in county offices here, is supposed to be with the former Controller. The embezzlement scheme of Ripplinger was simple. The practice in local street improvement districts here has been what a contractor has practically completed his work, to turn over to him the entire series of local improvement bonds, accepting his certified check in a sum sufficient to protect the city against any loss. These checks are held by the Comptroller and the money is paid back when the work is finally accepted.

Converted Checks Into Cash.

Ripplinger forgot to pay back an amount now believed to be approximately \$20,000, and known to be at least \$30,000. Strutt & Goetz, contractors on what was known as the Benton Hill job, involving nearly \$200,000, were tied up in payments on a final \$4500 by a fight made in court by some of the property-owners. They took the bond issue, but gave a certified check for the \$4500. The day before Ripplinger left office he converted this into money and this is the specific charge on which a warrant was issued tonight for his arrest.

The Majority election caused what amounted almost to a mental collapse in Ripplinger's case. Possibly the worry over his financial condition caused it, but when Ripplinger turned over his office a year ago he was a wreck. He pleaded to friends a need of rest and a claim that he was penniless. A big merchant here advanced him \$500 and told him to go to California. It developed tonight that after this money was received Ripplinger was seen at a bank stowing away funds he had on deposit there, presumably the last \$4000 taken.

Trip to California a Mystery.

There has been a mystery about Ripplinger since he left here a year ago. He was supposed for a time to have been in a California sanitarium, then he was reported in the mountains of Mexico. He was in that country prospecting for a time, but broke his leg and returned to Los Angeles. Then he fled presumably to Honduras. Frequent letters recently told of his impending return and about a month ago he wrote to a friend asking what chance he had if he sought a Majority election next year. He disappeared before an answer could be returned.

None of his friends can account for Ripplinger's manner of spending the shortage. He unquestionably spent thousands upon

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"JUST MY SIZE!"