TIP FOR TAFT OUT TO RANK AND FILE

How the Machine Stands in Cincinnati, Foraker's Home Town.

LOCAL POLITICS AS FACTOR

Roosevelt Is the Dominant Personality and Boss Cox Doesn't Care to Break With Charles P. Taft.

CINCINNATI, April 8.—(Special to New York Times.)—In Senator Foraker's home city and county the question in the great Foraker-Roosevelt campaign is chiefly one of the Republican organization. Foraker, it is said, cannot credit the report that there is any chance of the organization being against him, and a Washington dispatch to The Cincinnati Times-Star tonight says that he "will not permit it."

Foraker will have a fine time trying to prohibit anything that the organization may want to do. Though this is Senator Foraker's home, he has nothing to do with controlling the organization. That has been attended to for many years by George B. Cox. Since Cox's alleged retirement from politics the controlling has been done by Rud K. Hynicka, although Cox could control it again tomorrow if he wanted to. Is the organization for Taft or against him? Foraker in Washington is serenely confident, but things have been going on here that Foraker knows not of.

Hynicka had a long conference with Charles P. Taft a while ago, and then immediately quitted the city, and has not been back since. Cox, when pressed to make an utterance, says it is "too early." Meanwhile the rank and file of the machine, the heelers, the roughnecks, the men who get their tips from headquarters, are talking Taft. Not that any of the rank and file are deeply in love with Taft. All over the State Taft's Akron speech, in 1905 infuriated the organization, but the resentment in other sections was as nothing to the resentment here, for here it came home. Here Taft wrecked the organization, defeated its county ticket. No machine man anywhere enjoyed that, but in the other counties the machine man's resentment was a matter of principle; here it was a matter of bread and butter.

Had to Go to Work.

The county went Democratic, and the henchmen were out of jobs. Many of them had to go to work. Others are still hanging on, hoping for better things. These find the price of meat a more important matter than it was before Taft delivered his Akron speech. And it is that very fact that lends significance to the pro-Taft utterances you hear from such men. If a man who, but for Taft, might have been in the City Hall drawing a good salary is talking Taft instead of Foraker, it means much. It is not especially significant if such a man does not talk Taft very joyously. That would not be in nature. The fact that he talks Taft at all is the amazing thing. Hence the line of talk you get from such men is something like this:

"Taft oughtn't to have made that Akron speech. Still, in politics you have to do a great many things that you don't want to do. I don't want to support Taft, but after all I don't want to support Foraker either. They have both been against the organization. The only difference is that Taft has been out in the open and fought on the level, and Foraker has posed as a friend of the organization and stabbed it in private. As between two enemies of the organization I'm for the man who fought it openly."

The Real Answer.

Then you ask him why he is really for Taft, and he says:

"Well, we've got to elect our local ticket this Fall," and "that's the answer."

There is to be a mighty effort to run out the Democratic and reform administration this year, and it is perfectly hopeless to attempt to do it under the Foraker banner. Hence the real secret of that apparent mystery, the question why any member of the Cox machine should be for Taft.

Though nobody has been able to extract a word from Cox or Hynicka, every man who has had any experience of politics knows that when the underlings of a machine talk in a certain way it is a pretty fair indication of the way the bosses are thinking. The rank and file usually do not plunge in without a tip. There is a mysterious telepathy, unexplainable but well known in politics, by which the thoughts of the boss trickle down to the precinct captain.

Charles P. Taft is the man chiefly responsible for this state of things. He is an organization man and has always been with Cox. His brother has been against Cox, and about the sincerity of their difference there has been no question. The organization has always loved Charles P. Taft and objurgated William H. Taft. Charles P. Taft is a power; he always was, but since William H. deprived the machine of its bread and butter the organization has been less cocky and less disposed to alienate its friends. The idea of embarking on a contest with Charles P. is abhorrent to the machine mind, and still more to the hungry machine stomach. If there are ever to be loaves and fishes in Hamilton County again, they are not to be got by driving leaders of the organization, especially such men as Charles P. Taft, into the independent ranks. And no one doubts for a moment that if the organization were to come out against William H., Charles P. would join the mugwumps for the first time in his life and take the Times-Star with him.

Reformers for Taft.

Meanwhile the reformers are for Taft. The Roosevelt Club has declared for him. Cincinnati is a city of clubs, and its politics is club politics. The Blaine Club is not merely the organization club; it is the organization. Every office-holder must join the Blaine Club. It has been quite customary in the palmy days for an office-holder's dues in the Blaine Club to be deducted from his salary before it is handed over to him.

The Stamina League contained most of the reformers, but as it was not unanimous, a good many of the Staminas withdrew and started the Roosevelt League. This organization is composed of the men who bolted the Cox ticket in 1905, the men who are fighting for municipal reform now and the men who will fight the Cox ticket in future. The Roosevelters adopted a resolution indorsing Taft a short time ago. Thus Taft seems to have a chance for both sides.

There is an element of danger here for Taft, however. It lies in the fact that if the organizations indorse him it will undoubtedly expect him to keep quiet in the local campaign, and if he does the machine will most likely assert that it now has both Tafts with it. In any such event the reformers are quite sure to address a letter to William H. Taft informing him that they followed his advice in the election of 1905, and asking him whether he still sticks to that advice or has changed his mind. There is not much doubt that if such a situation were squarely presented to William H. Taft he would reaffirm his Akron position without the slightest regard to the effect on his own political fortunes, and if he did of course the machine would fight him.

The reformers, however, say that on such an issue they could beat the machine, because of the immense Roosevelt strength in this country. The machine never has had much use for Roosevelt. When he came in his Vice-Presidential stumping tour in 1900 not a single party chief called upon him except Representative Bromwell. The affront was studied, premeditated, and caused by his reputation as a silk-stocking reformer. When he was inaugurated President the Blaine Club stayed at home and let the Julius Fleischman Colored Republican Club represent it at Washington.

Roosevelt the Vote-Getter.

But the machine must have votes, and it cannot get them if it opposes Roosevelt. Roosevelt's strength among the people here is great, fully as great as it is anywhere else. There is something in the excuse given by machine men for supporting Taft, that the organization has little cause to love Senator Foraker as Taft. Foraker was once a popular idol in Cincinnati, but he is so no longer. A reputation for being immensely selfish, for doing nothing for anybody and a great deal for Foraker, has grown up about him, and such a reputation is fatal to a man among politicians. As for the people who are not politicians, they don't like Foraker, either, for two reasons—first, that he is against Roosevelt, and, second, that his corporation alliances are too close, too open, and too flagrant.

"The impression current here about Foraker," said a Taft man today, "is that he can always be counted upon to be for anybody who is against the general public."

One difficulty with the Foraker plan to arouse sentiment against Taft on the score of his labor record is that the labor people are even more thoroughly against Foraker than they are against Taft. They do not like Taft's decision in the Phelen strike case, but when it is Foraker who presents that argument against the Secretary the average man listens coldly. Foraker has never been an organizer, and never had an organization of his own. He always trusted to making use of the local organization, using Cox's in Cincinnati and others in other parts of the state. The result is that he has nowhere to turn if the organizations are against him.

As for Dick, he amounts to nothing in Hamilton County, and never did. It was always Cox who ruled here. Dick is practically unknown here, has no following and no friends. Hence the situation in Hamilton County is desperate for the Senators unless they can hold the machine.

ROUTE FOR LONG RIDE

M'CABE SELECTS COURSE OF 3000-MILE TRIP.

Rider of Davenport's Steed Chooses Quartermaster-Sergeant Peterson as His Companion.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14.—(Special.)—Lieutenant E. Warner McCabe, of the Sixth Cavalry, who has been picked by General Bell to ride from Silverton, Or., across the continent on an Arab stallion, has asked that Quartermaster-Sergeant Samuel Peterson, troop K, Sixth Cavalry, be detailed as his orderly to accompany him on the long trip.

McCabe has also indicated that he will lay his route along the Oregon Short Line and the Union Pacific road from Silverton to Umatilla, Or.; thence to Boise Barracks, Idaho; Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.; Omaha, Neb.; Fort Des Moines, Ia.; Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.; Columbus Barracks, O.; Pittsburg and Harrisburg, Pa., to New York City.

General Bell said today that he thought the trip, which will embrace more than 3000 miles, might be made in 100 days, and even less if the horse had the necessary endurance. Complete statistics of the condition of the horse and rider, amount of food consumed and other details will be kept from day to day.

DELMAS OUT OF THAW CASE

Statement Made by Member of Counsel—Quiet Day for Prisoner.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Harry K. Thaw spent a quiet Sunday in the Tombs today. Early in the afternoon his wife called to see him, but Warden Flynn told her that she would have to abide by the usual prison rules, consequently she was not permitted to see her husband, as she had done on previous Sundays during the 11 weeks that Thaw had been on trial.

It was stated by one of the counsel who acted for Thaw in the recent trial that D. M. Delmas will not hereafter have anything to do with the case, but that Messrs. Peabody and O'Reilly would act for him in the future.

MINERS' STRIKE SETTLED

Differences Are Compromised and Men Return to Work.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, April 14.—A special to the Herald from Park City, Utah, says the strike of 400 miners on the Daly, West and Ontario mines was settled today. The differences arose over an order that the company's men should go to and from work on their own time. Settlement is a compromise, the miners going and coming on company's time, but eating noon lunch on their own time. Park City is an eight-hour camp.

HELD FOR ABNER'S MURDER

Clay Thomas Placed Under Arrest. Men Had Quarreled.

BEATTYVILLE, Ky., April 14.—Clay Thomas was arrested today for the murder of Jesse Abner last night. Thomas says Abner struck him with a rock and came near knocking him off his horse and that he drew his revolver and shot him. The killing is the result of the Hargis-Cockrill feud, in which John Abner, a relative, is a central figure. The men are known to have quarreled at the time John Abner was in jail charged with the assassination of Dr. Cox, and Thomas accused Abner with having been against the Hargis'.

Arrested for Theft of $3.

Charles Jacobs, who says he is a cook on one of the tramp steamships in the harbor, pointed out Paul Tietz to Patrolmen Tennant and Edgerton about 1 o'clock this morning, declaring that the latter had stolen $3 from him. The officers called for the patrol wagon and sent both men to the station. On being searched, Tietz was found to be without any money, and Jacobs was held as a witness.

J. H. ECKELS FOUND DEAD IN HIS BED

Ex-Comptroller of Currency Stricken With Heart Failure in His Chicago Home.

DEATH CAME AS HE SLEPT

Strong Member Cleveland's Administration and Prominent in Financial World—Wife and Daughter Are in Europe.

CHICAGO, April 14.—James H. Eckels, president of the Commercial National Bank of this city, and ex-Comptroller of the Currency, died here today of heart disease. Mr. Eckels died while asleep in bed. The fact that he was dead was discovered by the butler, who entered Mr. Eckels' room after hearing a telephone within ring continuously without receiving an answer. Other members of the family were summoned.

Dr. Frank S. Churchill gave it as his opinion that Mr. Eckels had been dead for some hours.

Mrs. Eckels and her daughter, Phoebe, 18 years of age, are in Paris, where the latter is attending a finishing school for girls. They have been abroad since last Fall and planned to return to Chicago in a few weeks. They were at once communicated with by cable. It is understood they will sail from France for New York tomorrow.

The death of Mr. Eckels came on the eve of a breakfast party which he had planned for a number of his friends and relatives. Judge Landis, of the Federal District Court; Mrs. Landis, Judge and Mrs. E. H. Garry, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. George M. Eckels, brother and sister-in-law of the deceased, and others were to have been his guests.

Father Died Two Months Ago.

James A. Eckels, of Princeton, father of James H. Eckels, died two months ago. On the morning of the death of the elder Eckels, the son was a host of ex-President Cleveland. The ex-President and Mr. Eckels were at breakfast when news of the father's death was received at the Eckels' residence. Mr. Eckels was kept in ignorance of the fact for several hours until Mr. Cleveland had left the city.

It developed during the day that the person who was trying to communicate with Mr. Eckels over the telephone, the ringing of which led to the discovery of the death, was George M. Eckels, a brother. Half an hour later he was called to his own telephone and notified of his brother's death.

A postmortem examination was held and a statement issued giving the cause of death as organic heart disease. A formal Coroner's inquest will be held tomorrow morning. The funeral will be held Tuesday afternoon from the Fourth Presbyterian Church. Rev. William Nottmann will conduct the services. Interment will not take place at once, it having been decided to place the body in a vault until the return of Mrs Eckels and daughter, when a private funeral will be held.

Prominent in Financial World.

Mr. Eckels was a stockholder and was prominent in the management of several concerns, among them being the Hewitt Manufacturing Company and the Union Traction Company, of which he was vice-president; the Featherstone Foundry & Machine Company, the Chicago Real Estate Trustees' Association, the Allis-Chalmers Company, the American & British Securities Company, the Bankers' Trust Company of New York and the First National Bank of Baltimore. He was a member of the Union League, the Merchants' and the Commercial Clubs, of Chicago, and of various clubs in the East.

Mr. Eckels was one of the receivers of the Chicago Union Traction Company appointed by Federal Judge Grosscup several years ago.

Mr. Eckels was born at Princeton, Ill., November 22, 1856, and most of his life had been spent in Illinois. He received an early education in the schools of his native city, later taking up the study of law at Albany, N. Y., graduating from the Albany Law School in 1880. He practiced law at Ottawa, Ill., until appointed by ex-President Cleveland to the post of Comptroller of the Currency in 1893.

Mr. Eckels, during the agitation of the currency question, became prominent as an advocate of the gold standard. Always a Democrat, he became affiliated in 1896 with the Gold Standard Democrats. He retained the office of Comptroller of the Currency until the end of President Cleveland's term in 1897, when he became president of the Commercial National Bank of this city.

Mr. Eckels left only four near relatives. They are his wife and daughter, his brother, George M. Eckels, and a sister, Mrs. Jane E. Palmer, of Princeton, Ill. George M. Ecels is an attorney of this city.

CLEVELAND DEEPLY TOUCHED

Ex-President Feels Keenly the Loss of His Close Personal Friend.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 14.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland was deeply touched when he learned of the death of Mr. Eckels. He said:

"I am closely related to Mr. Eckles, and his death comes to me with a peculiar shock. In important public work I learned to know him intelligently and industriously. He devoted himself to duty, and in the intimacy of close friendship I learned to know and appreciate his rare and attractive qualities of heart. These incidents have a personal touch with my deceased friend and cause me to mourn his death as a great personal sorrow.

"Mr. Eckels illustrated the traits that make the best American citizenship. Deeply interested in every question connected with the public welfare, he studied them with soberness, in the end that he might increase his usefulness. He was a public spirited man who saw duty all about him and whose influence was impressed on all his surroundings for good.

"There was nothing frivolous about Mr. Eckels. In every relation of life, as a citizen, business man and as a friend, he was earnest and wholehearted. Neither the immediate community in which he dwelt nor the country at large can well afford to lose a man like James H. Eckels."

Fatally Shot by Burglar.

NEW YORK, April 14.—George M. Shambacher, a wealthy real estate dealer, 55 years of age, was shot and mortally wounded while in the dining-room of his home today. His family believe that a burglar surprised by Shambacher shot him.

FLOODS DO GREAT DAMAGE

Southeastern Europe Suffers Heavily From Overflow of Rivers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 14.—Continuous heavy rains have caused the rivers to overflow, seriously flooding Macedonia and Asia Minor. The plains of Brusa, Adabazar, Kutuahia, Adin and almost all the villages are submerged and there have been heavy loss of life and destruction of cattle and property. Coming after the severe Winter and the ruination of crops, the floods have entailed acute distress among the population, and the interruption of railway traffic renders relief difficult.

INDUSTRY IS AT STANDSTILL

French Porcelain Plants Closed Because Exports Are Delayed.

LIMOGES, France, April 14.—Work in hte porcelain industry at this place is almost at a standstill and several hundred men are out of employment because of the holding up of consignments by the United States customs, as a result of a dispute. There are 300 to 400 cases of porcelain lying at New York. When the manufacturers were asked to explain this they declared it resulted from a report of a United States treasury agent to the effect that the goods were being sold cheaper in the United States than in Europe. They have furnished the real facts to the United States Consul at Limoges and appealed from the examiners to the board of appraisers.

BRAZIL AT PEACE MEETING

South American Republic Will Take Part in The Hague Conference.

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 14.—Brazil has received official information from the government of the Netherlands that she is to participate in the approaching peace conference at The Hague. The Brazilian government has denounced the existing commercial treaty with France, and it has been decided to denounce also the agreements with France, Spain, Italy, Portugal and Switzerland under which the consular representatives of the specified countries are allowed to intervene in the collection and settlement of inheritances.

MANY GO TO SEE PAINTINGS

Varnishing Day Attracts Crowds to Salon of National Society.

PARIS, April 14.—Varnishing day at the salon of the National Society of Fine Arts attracted an enormous and fashionable gathering. The exposition is less important than of the old Society of French Artists, which will open May 1. However, there are several pictures of real merit. The landscapes generally are of a higher level than the figures. American artists are prominent, especially F. K. Freiseke, of Michigan.

AUER'S FUNERAL IMPOSING

Fifty Thousand Socialists Pay Respects to Dead Leader.

BERLIN, April 14.—The funeral of Herr Auer, member of the Reichstag, who died last Wednesday, was held today and was an imposing demonstration. Fifty thousand Socialists, including members of the Reichstag, attended, and Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader in the Lower House, and others made orations at the grave.

CAPTURE BAND TERRORISTS

Men Were Lying in Wait Opposite Residence of Governor.

MINSK, Russia, April 14.—A band of Terrorists, lying in wait in a house opposite the Governor's palace, apparently with the intention of assailing the Governor, was discovered today by the police. In an interchange of shots, a policeman was killed and two were wounded, two Terrorists were captured. The others escaped.

MOROCCO BREAKS AGREEMENT

Contract for Drainage System at Tangier Let to German Firm.

PARIS, April 14.—The correspondent at Tangier of the Temps says the Moroccan foreign board has awarded a contract for a public drainage system at Tangier and a sea embankment to a German firm, which bids $180,000, although the treating directly with a private firm in the matter of a public utility is in violation of the Algeciras agreement.

TAKES MODERN TIME SYSTEM

Russian Railways Adopt 24-Hour System for the Time Tables.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 14.—Russia is experimenting with the 24-hour time system, the hours being numbered consecutively from one to 24 instead of two periods of 12 hours. The Minister of Railways has prescribed that the Summer timetables for the railways to Moscow be printed in the new system.

Detect Banknote Forger.

PARIS, April 14.—The police of France and Switzerland have arrested banknote forgers who apparently had just commenced operations. The total value of the forged banknotes already in circulation is not known at the Bank of France, but it is believed that the criminals have not had time to dispose of more than a few thousand francs. The notes were made in Switzerland.

Four Mexican Miners Killed.

CHIHUAHUA, Mex., April 14.—Four miners were killed and two others seriously injured in an accident yesterday in the Galena mine of the San Toy Mining Company, Santa Eulalia camp, of this district. The miners were descending one of the deep shafts in a cable bucket when the cable broke, precipitating them a distance of 110 feet.

Inciting Violence Among Strikers.

NANTEZ, France, April 14.—Yvete, a delegate to the General Conference of Labor, was arrested today on a charge of inciting lawbreaking by violence of language when addressing strikers. He is alleged to have invited the dockworkers to "cut buttonholes" in the stomachs of those opposed to them.

People Stop Sale of Absinthe.

GENEVA, April 14.—A referendum of Canton of Geneva has ratified the law prohibiting the sale of absinthe by a vote of 7840 to 7061.

Torpedo-Boats Off for Gaeta.

NAPLES, April 14.—A squadron of torpedo-boats left today for Gaeta, to be present at the meeting of King Edward and King Victor Emmanuel.

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Good Merchandise Only—Quality Considered Our Prices Are Always the Lowest

April Sale Bargains for Monday See Sunday Page Ad.

Great Annual Lace Sale

In all there are a million yards in about two thousand patterns — the season's newest and most desirable designs—being fully represented in Allovers in Net and Point de Venise, Net Top Laces, French Valenciennes, Galloons, Medallions, Motifs, etc. Every woman who appreciates extraordinary bargains in Fine Laces will be here early this morning.

18-inch Allover Lace in Net and Point de Venise, white or ecru; also Baby Irish.

Laces to $1.50 Yd. $ .87
Laces to $2.00 Yd. $1.19
Laces to $2.50 Yd. $1.47
Laces to $3.00 Yd. $1.87
Laces to $4.00 Yd. $2.47

French Valenciennes Lace and Insertions, in broken sets and some to match.

½ to 1 in. 50c Value at 27c Dozen
½ to 1¼ in. 85c Value, 47c Dozen
¾ to 1¼ in. $1.35 Val. 67c Dozen
¾ to 1½ in. $2.00 Val. 97c Dozen

18-inch Allover Lace for waists, white or ecru, 75c value, yard..... 47c

$1.50 Embroidery 63c

22-inch Allover Embroidery for waists, small neat patterns and some openwork designs; values to $1.50 yard; for..... 63c

35c Net Top Lace at 17c

Net Top Lace for sleeves and waist trimming; also for house sacques; white and ecru; values 35c yard; for..... 17c

85c Cotton Net Lace 57c

Plain White and Ecru Cotton Net, 72 inches wide, for waists and suits, value 85c yard; sale at..... 57c

Galloons, Medallions and Motifs in white and ecru, for waists and skirts, 3 to 8 inches wide, in Net and Venise; all new patterns.

Values to 85c Yard for 47c
Values to $1.50 Yard for 87c
Values to $2.00 Yard for $1.27
Values to $3.00 Yard for $1.67

75c Embroidery at 27c

Embroidery Bands and Insertion, 3 to 5 inches wide, and corset cover embroidery, 18 inches wide; value to 75c yard; on sale for..... 27c

100 Women's Smart Tailored Suits

Reg. Val. $35.00 for $23.75

Special for today, the Lipman-Wolfe School of Style offers 100 Women's Summer, 1907, Tailored Suits in Eton and Pony Styles. Made of special weave, plain Panama in black, navy and brown, and fancy stripes and checks. Trimmings of silk and braid in novel and beautiful effects. Regular $35 values—Special for..... $23.75

Other Great Sales Advertised for Today

$10 Net Waists at $4.80
$2 Nainsook Gowns $1.19
Sale $1 Fancy Silks 85c
April Sale of Curtains
$6.50 value, $4.98 $3.50 value, $2.33
$5.50 value, $3.98 $2.25 value, $1.53
$4.50 value, $3.19 $1.75 value, $1.19
Anti-Trust Sale of Drugs
Sale 50c Drugs at..... 23¢
Sale $1.00 Drugs at..... 49¢

$7.50 Petticoats, $4.78
Sale of Hat Trimmings
35c values....19¢ 50c values....39¢
Big values....50¢ 75c values....59¢
April Sale Dress Goods
60c values..47¢ $1.50 values.$1.19
$1.35 values..98¢ $1.75 values.$1.19
60c values..43¢ $1.00 values.. 75¢

These Prices Only on Goods Advertised Sunday

KANSAS IS FOR ROOSEVELT

KANSAS SAYS PEOPLE WOULD GIVE HIM THIRD TERM.

Senator Has Just Returned From Panama and Believes Canal Should Be Dug by Contract.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 14.—United States Senator Charles Curtis, who returned home today from Panama and Cuba, said:

"I am sure that the people of Kansas will be for President Roosevelt or his policy in Presidential matters. If President Roosevelt is a candidate for renomination or will accept a renomination I think the people of this state will be for him."

There were 14 in the party of Congressmen that went to Panama.

"What was the consensus of opinion among them?" was asked Senator Curtis, "regarding the future manner of doing the work on the canal?" He replied:

"It was pretty well agreed among the members of our party that the best plan to follow would be to let a contract for the work. The reasons advanced were that it would put a man right on the ground who was doing the work that it would not be necessary to go to Washington every time something was to be done."

Speaking of the conditions in Cuba Mr. Curtis said:

"Ninety per cent of the people there are unfit for self-government, and the remainder are quarreling among themselves."

League Team Plays Aberdeen.

ABERDEEN, Wash., April 14.—(Special.)—Gray's Harbor fans showed their interest today when they turned out by thousands to witness a game between the new Northwest League team and a local nine. All the batteries of the league team were used on both sides, but the local team only scored one run, while the league got nine.

BRYAN ON TAINTED MONEY

Healthful Sign When Church Refuses Rich Men's Gifts.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—William J. Bryan addressed nearly 2000 persons here today under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., and took for his subject "The Prince of Peace." Mr. Bryan concluded with praise for the colleges and universities that have declined to accept money from wealthy men "who have gained their riches by dishonest methods."

"One of our rich men," he said, "has reached a point where he sometimes has difficulty in finding people to take his money. This I regard as the best evidence of the growth of a moral sentiment in this country. It means something when a great church pauses, hesitates, refuses to accept the money until it knows how it was made. I believe the time will come when churches and colleges will refuse to go into partnership in the spending of money immorally made. The influence of public opinion will be a powerful factor in the restoring of righteousness. These great institutions should say to a man: 'You did not make your money honestly; we will not share the odium with you.'"

A reception was tendered Mr. Bryan after his address tonight, after which he left for New York to attend the peace congress.

Have your abstracts made by the Security Abstract & Trust Co., 7 Chamber of Commerce.

Bad Blood

Is responsible for most of the diseases and ailments that afflict humanity. To rid yourself of it take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Liquid or tablets. 100 Doses $1.

COFFEE

The stars are degrees of excellence.

★ ★★ ★★★ ★★★★ ★★★★★

Schilling's Best.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like it; we pay him.

WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS

W. G. SMITH & CO.

WASHINGTON BUILDING

Fourth and Washington Streets

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

Tried Friends Best.

For thirty years Tutt's Pills have proven a blessing to the invalid. Are truly the sick man's friend.

A Known Fact

For bilious headache, dyspepsia sour stomach, malaria, constipation and all kindred diseases, TUTT'S Liver PILLS AN ABSOLUTE CURE.