DR. Eft.nune

SWAMP-ROOT

Elenty, Liver and Bladde

them to require.

This great remedy care all Meiss, there, bladder and Urei and the same for the first from the same for the same for the bladder, graver pleasants to the bladder, graver pleasants in turning a military Disease, which he to week form of bladder disease.

It is givened to take.

DR. HILMER & CO., graduantes, E. T.

TRACING COURSE OF PUTER CLAIMS

Looked Suspicious Till Mitchell Was Paid, and Then Rushed Through.

MITCHELL'S MEMORY BAD

Neither He Nor Hermann Could Re call Mrs. Watson-Much of Robertson's Interesting Testimony About Hermann Excluded.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-March 26.-That interest in the trial of Binger Hermann is lagging was strikingly illustrated today, when one of the jurors fell asleep in the midst of the testimony of Harry C. Robertson, formerprivate secretary to Senator Mitchell. testimony produced this week has not been startling, in fact it covers ground already gone over by other witnesses, it being the intention of District Attorney Baker by preponderance of evidence to convince the jury that Hermann had an important motive in destroying his so-called private letterbooks. The testimopy, however, is largely technical and uninteresting.

Mr. Robertson's testimony today cov-tred the same ground as his testimony in Portland. He showed the close relations that existed among Hermann, Mitchell, Mays and Puter, testified as to their cor-respondence regarding land matters, since proven fraudulent, and to that extent ma-terially aided the prosecution. terially aided the prosecution.

Interesting Facts Shut Out.

Had Mr. Robertson been permitted to Had Mr. Robertsen been permitted to tell extensively of his relations with Hermann in 1856-97, when the latter was first in Congress, he could have materially offset some statements of those who appeared as character winesses for the defendant. Before court opened Mr. Robertson talked freely with the District Attorney about his relations with Hermann while serving him as private secretary, and an attempt was made to bring put these facts, but objection was made by counsel for the defense, inasmuch as by counsel for the defense, hasmuch as they had no direct bearing on the case at bar, and the court statained the ob-jection. For that reason Mr. Robertson's testimony was robbed of considerable in-

Progress of the Puter "7-11" claims Progress of the Puter 1-12 through the General Land Office was carefully traced, when George R. Ogden, a clerk in the public lands division of that office testified. Mr. Ogden prepared the correspondence in the case. He rehe correspondence in the case. He re-mested the special land agent in Oregon diested the special and agent in Organization to report on these claims. On the receipt of the Loomis report, Mr. Ogden did not feel satisfied as to the showing made, and asked State Forester Ormsby's report upon the claims. Ormsby's report, witness said, was almost identical

with the Loomie report.

It was at this stage of the proceedings, there Mr. Ogden had prepared another comprehensive statement of the condition of the claims, that the cases were made "special" and the matter taken out of

Thought Patents Justified.

All of the papers in the claims, he said, were asked for either by Commissioner Hermann or Assistant Commissioner Richards. The next day Mr. Ogden was tichards. The next day Mr. Oguen was called into conference with Mr. Richards regarding the claims. He told Mr. Richards that he did not feel satisfied with the showing made. Mr. Richards replied that he had looked over the papers and thought there was a sufficient showing to the issuance of patents.

Mr. Ogden said the cases might have been reached in the regular course of business within three days, even if they

and copies of the letters he wrote regard-ing the claims identified by the witness.

Money Made Mitchell Nervous. Harry G. Robertson, of Seattle, Wash, private secretary to Hermann during the latter's term in Congress in 1896-97, and who held a like position with the late Senater Mitchell from 1901 to 1995, testified Senator Mitchell from 1901 to 1905, testified for the Government. Mitchell, he said, dictated to him the affidavits which Mrs. Watson and S. A. D. Puter executed regarding the Puter claims, in the further since of which Puter testified he gave Mitchell two \$1000 bills. A day or so after this, he said, Mitchell was apparently hervous when Mr. Robertson went to his hotel to receive the morning dictation.

Mitchell told him he had given Mr. McKay, the hotel manager, some money toget changed. In an hour or so Mr. McKay returned, Mitchell having gone to the hatel office to look for him several times.

Mr. McKay handed Mitchell a package of
the bills an inch and a flaif thick. Mr.
Robertson said he met P. P. Mays in
Washington in 1902, at which time Mitchmade an appointment to introduce Mays to Hermann.

Their Memories Failed.

In 1964 he called a conference at Mitchell's hotel between Mitchell and Hermann. The latter had just returned from Portland, where he had been a witness in the land-fraud suit against Puter. Hermann told Mitchell he could not identify Man.

mann told Mitchell he could not identify. Mrs. Watson, although a letter of intro-duction was given him in court to refresh his memory. Mitchell said he could not remember her or her affidavits.

Some time later Mitchell and Hermann conferred in the presence of Mr. Robertson as to whether they should obey a summions to tentify in another land-fraud case. In Oreson, They decided to avail. case in Oregon. They decided to avail themselves of their privilege not to, and Mirchell dictated a number of telegrams to prominent persons in Oregon asking for opinions as to what would be the general impression did they not testify. Several Government clerks testified and literalised certain exhibits in the case.

Letter on Hyde-Benson Frauds.

The Government put in evidence a letter nurporting to outline the character of the land operations of the Hyde-Benson-Dimond combination. The latter was signed "A Citizen of the United States," and identified in the files of the Land Office by W. E. Valk, a clerk. Its admission was concerted by Mr. Worthington because of an apparent erasure in the office notation on the back. Both sides were given opportunity to examine the letter before court convenes tomorrow, when court convenes tomorrow, when the matter of its admission will be set

During court today Justice Stafford halted the trial to have a built arouse an apparently slumbering juryman.

King on Way East to Testify.

VALE. Or., March 26.—A. G. King, ex-county Clerk of Malheur County, but now a resident of Seattle, arrived in the county seat Friday en route to Wash-ington, D. C., in company with Deputy ington, D. C., in company with Deputy United States Marshal Crabtree, of Sest-tle. Mr. King is subpensed as a witness in the Binger Hermann land fraud case. It was necessary for Mr. King to come to

Vale to get some valuable papers in the county vault here, which will be used as evidence in the case.

BOARD OF IMMIGRATION

President Appoints Men to Investigate and Prepare Law.

WASHINGTON, March 26.-The Presi-ent has appointed the following as civilian members of the Immigration Commis authorized at the last session of

Charles P. Neill, Commissioner of La-bor; Prof. J. W. Jenks, of Cornell Uni-versity, and William R. Wheeler, a busiless man, of Oakland, Cal. The commission is now complete, the Senate and House members having been announced. They are Senators Lodge, Dillingham and Latimer, and Representatives Howell, Bennett and Burnett.

The Commission is to make a full in-quiry into the subject of immigration and report its findings and recommenda-

Coast Member of Commission.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.-William SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—William R. Wheeler, appointed on the Immigration Commission by President Roosevelt, is connected with the firm of Holbrook, Merrill & Stetson of this city. He was prominently mentioned for the place on he Interstate Commerce Commission now held by Franklin K. Lane at the time of the latter's appointment. He has taken a conspicuous interest in matters af-fecting the business affairs of the Coast, particularly with reference to the rates on transcontinental traffic.

TURNS MORE MONEY LOOSE

Cortelyou Enlarges Customs Deposits and Pays Interest Ahead.

WASHINGTON, March 26 .- Under instructions recently issued by the Secre-tary of the Treasury, Collectors of Cus-toms throughout the country were di-rected to deposit their customs receipts in the regular depositories. This, how-ever, did not embrace the so-called sub-treasury cities. These instructions have been today enlarged by the Secretary so that the public deposits with Na-tional bank depositories in New York City will at once be increased about \$15,300,000 from customs receipts un-der the provisions of the act of March

This action is taken with a view to facilitating the redemption of the 4 per cent bonds of 1907 and also to render available additional funds for the usual disbursements occurring on disbursements

April 1.
The Secretary also has instructed the Treasurer of the United States to mail at once to the owners the checks for interest due April 1, 1997, on registered bonds of the 2 per cent consols of 1930 and the 4 per cent funded loan of 1907. The sub-treasury officers have been instructed to eash the checks on presen-tation and to cash any April coupons belonging to the bonds of the two

Mr. Cortelyon's action today with refand the anticipation of April interest will result in relieving the money market to the deposit of about \$16,000,000. Of this amount \$15,000,000 was today deposited in the depository banks in New York City. for which Government, state, municipal, railway, Hawaiian, Philippine and Porto Rican bonds will be accepted as security. When asked as to whether he would continue to make customs deposits from day to day, the Secretary said he was

not prepared to announce the definite pollcy in that regard, but said he expected

CALL ELECTION IN PHILIPPINES

If Peace Is Complete, President Will Order Commission to Act.

WASHINGTON, March 26 .- Th Commission has been structed to cable to inform President Roosevelt by tomorrow whether a con dition of general and complete peace, with recognition of the authority of the United States, has continued in all that portion of the archipelago not inhabited by Moros or other non-Christain tribes for the past two years. If the answer is in the affirmative, the President will direct the commission to call a general election on July 30 next, for the choice of delegates

next, for the choice of delegates to the first popular assembly of the peo-ple of the Philippines.

The proposed assembly consisting of two houses, the upper composed of the Philippine Commission and the lower of the delegates to be elected, will take over all the legislative power now exercised by the Philippine Com-mission alone. Under an act of Con-gress none of the members of the n-Christian tribes can participate in the elections.

SOLDIERS HAD SHOTGUNS, TOO Senate Learns More of Free and

Easy Way With Firearms.

WASHINGTON, March 26.-The cross examination of Thomas Taylor, formerly of Company F. Twenty-fifth Infantry, was resumed today when the Senate committee on military affairs again took up its investigation of the "shooting up" of Brownsville, Tex. When asked concerning the issue of extra ammunition to soldiers when they desired to go hunting. Taylor said he never had secured any, because he always took one of three shotguns which belonged to his company. This is the first admission since the investigation was begin that the company had shot-guns in its possession.

Joseph L. Wilson, Company B, gave testimony concerning events of the night of August 13, when the shooting occurred,

similar to that given by Taylor

No Tariff Treaty With Canada.

LONDON, March 26. - Replying in the House of Commons today to a question of Mr. Forester, Foreign Secretary Grey said the general negotiations respecting commercial reciprocity between the United States and
Canada, which had been left unsettled in 1898, had not been reopened in
the recent negotiations of Ambassador
Bryce and would form no part of
them. Secretary Grey had not heard
that Secretary Root proposed the
adoption by Canada of the United States
tariff, against Great Britain and all other
countries, and the establishment of free
trade between Canada and the United
States. etary Grey said the general negotia-

Arrange for Summer Camps.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Brigadler-General Murray, chief of artillery, has requested the adjutant-general to instruct the commanding officers of the artillery districts where joint drills are to be held this Summer with State militia, to put himself in direct communication with the State authorities with a view to ascertaining the details of their plans and in order to render them such assistance as may be practicable in connection with arrangements for transporting, employing, subsistence, instructing and returning to their homes in safety after the xercises, such troops as may participate

Same Old Dividend on Anaconda.

NEW YORK, March 36.-The directors between here and the California terof the Anaconda Copper Mining Company today declared a quarterly divideed of \$1.50 a share, which is the same amount as that declared three months zero.

Railroads Put on Par With Other Property.

BY NEW LAW IN NEBRASKA

End of Bitter Fight Lasting Six Years Is Passage of Bill-Adds \$500,000 to the State Revenue.

OMAHA. March 26.—The passage by the Nebraska Legislature today of the bill for the taxation of railroad property in cities and villages for local purposes on he same basis on which other property taxed, marks the end of a fight that egan in the Legislature of 1901 and had een waged with bitter spirit in every succeeding session. It was inaugurated by the late Edward Rosewater, editor of The Bee.

The bill will increase the annual taxa-

give the slowest service. From present indications the schedules west of Kan-sas City and Omaha to San Francisco and Los Angeles will be lengthened by from seven to nine hours, but practi-cally no reduction will be made east of the Missouri River.

This is not in accordance with the original plan for slower trains, which was based in part on a desire for re-taliation against the Western states which had passed two-cent-a-mile laws and other legislation nostile to the rail-

coads.

Operating officials of all the roads declare that the present schedules of passenger trains are not too fast for safety, but in order to run them on schedule they are obliged to delay freight trains, which pay much larger profits. The officials of the freight departments concur in this theory, and are also advocating slower schedules for passenger trains. for passenger trains

PROPOSES JOINT CONFERENCE

Schiff Wants Railroads and Commission to Plan New Laws.

NEW YORK, March 26.-Jacob H. Schiff head of the banking firm of Kuhn, Loe & Co., said today that the fear that some thing exceptionally distressing will hap pen to the railroads in the way of legis-

who should go into convention or conference with the members of the Interstate Commerce Commission, that body, o

"In this conference there could be

posals for railroad legislation of all kinds, and it ought to be possible for such a body of men to agree on a plan of legislation fair to all parties, which could receive the sanction of the President, of the people generally and of the stockholders of the railroads. This could be

made the basis of legislation by Congre

vidual states to do more than to follow the lines laid down here."

COMPROMISE ON NEW RATES

Terms Proposed for Reduction on

Minnesota Roads.

te in the Legislature over the

resolution urging a committee to propose a plan of arbitration to the Governor, At-torney-General and representatives of the rallroads. The arbitration plan embraces

the adoption of a 2½ cent a mile passenger rate, a 2000-mile interchangeable selection and a 500-mile famil, arage book, both redeemable in cash at 2 cents a mile any time.

In regard to commodity freight rates,

TWO-CENT FARE BILL PASSED

Pennsylvania Senate Adopts House

Measure, Adding Severe Penalty. HARRISBURG, Pa., March 25.—The Senate today passed the House 2 cent rail-road fare bill, which now goes to the

House for concurrence in the Senate amendments, one of which provides a fine of \$1000 for each offense committed by a

ond company against the provisi

fair and frank discussion of all the sals for railroad legislation of all kinds,



MAP OF THE WARRING CENTRAL AMERICAN STATES.

tion of railroads in Nebraska more than \$20,000 on present property, to say noth-ng of vast improvements being made. Of the total, between £100,000 and \$125,000

or the total, between 100,000 and 122,000 will go into the city treasury of Omaha, Heretofore railroads have been taxed in Nebraska on their track mileage only, shops, stations and other terminal properties almost entirely escaping taxation. The bill provides that the franchise value of roads shall be included in the property subject to this tax, except that the relation of the control of the the valuation shall be distributed through the state, instead of taxed in bulk in the ocal community, as the tangible prop-

The bill went to the Governor today and will be signed by him, as he has been one of its staunchest advocates.

HILL SEES DANGER SIGNALS Says Lights Show Red, Meaning

Business Recession. NEW YORK, March 26 .- J. J. Hill, presi dent of the Great Northern Rallway Company, returned to the city yesterday from the West. When asked for his views on industrial and railway conditions, he

replied: "Remember that there is a decided difference between hard times and business recession. There is nothing in present conditions to make anybody apprehen-

"Several months ago," he continued. dropping into railroad parlance, "the lights showed red to me, and it looked like a recession in business. Wall street may end of the opinion that lights show green, and that means that everything

appears clear. The red lights are still ahead, and that means that we ought to go slow. The recession that has set in is not formidable, but business has been affected. About 55 per cent of the country's business is done on credit. This credit is impaired, and that is the chief trouble.

and that is the chief trouble.

"As I said months ago, the depression will affect the luxuries of life, such as automobiles and diamends. Fewer of them will be sold, but the great necessaries of life—wheat, coal, iron and lumber—will continue to be used."

NEW DIVISION ON N. P. ROAD

Pasco to Be Headquarters for Portland & Scattle Line.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 26.-(Special.)
-Announcement was made today by the -Announcement was made today by the Northern Pacific of the creation of a new division to be called the Pasco division, extending from Spokane to Ellensburg, a distance of 270 miles, on the main line, and including the Sunnyside branch.

The change becomes effective May 1 and is made not only because of a partition of the Idaho division, which is untion of the Idaho division, which is unusually large, but will have a bearing on
the operation of the Portland and Seattie line when it is finished. The dispatcher's office will be at Pasco, through
which trains will be operated after the
Portland cutoff is completed. This will
make Pasco an important point.
The Palouse & Lewiston and Washington Central branches will continue to be
operated as part of the Idaho division. operated as part of the Idaho division.

J. L. Force is appointed division superintendent of the new division. He is at present trainmaster at Spokane,

CAN'T AGREE ON SLOW TRAINS

Passenger Officials Trying for Revenge on Prairie States.

CHICAGO, March 26.—Passenger of-ficials of Western railroads are not making rapid progress with their gen eral scheme to run trains slower. At their meeting yesterday it was appar-ent that they can never reach an agreement to lengthen by 18 hours the schedule of the fastes; trains between

here and the Pacific Coast, as was originally proposed.

The plan of running trains slower throughout the West has raised a storm of protest from all the important places

minals.

The strongest efforts to secure slower schedules are being made by the roads wast of the Missouri River, which now

Reparation for Outrage and Organization of Police-Chamber Sustains Cabinet.

> PARIS, March 36.—Replying in the Chamber of Deputies today to interpella-tions upon the subject of Morocco, For-Minister Pichon said the situation become intolerable. The Moors were e and more insolent and efficacious sures were necessary to compel the Sultan to restore order and respec

Sultan of Morocco.

HE MUST PAY INDEMNITY

Pichon Announces Purpose to Force

French rights.

Besides the occupation of Oudja
France would demand indemnities, reparation and the introduction of measures
providing for the security of foreigners The official view of the situation is as

"The question is entirely between France and Morocco. There is not the slightest reason for outside complications. France is not actuated by ulterior tions. France is not actuated by interior motives. The occupation of Oudja is for the purpose of demonstrating that she cannot flout France with impunity, though heretofore France has been extremely lenient. When an outrage occurred she has contented herself with presenting her claims to diplomatic cir-cles. They have been disregarded so long that France has been compelled to

long that France has been compened to teach the Sultan a lesson.
"Besides satisfaction for the murder of Dr. Mauchamp and the organization of a Moorish police force upon the Algerian frontier, Morocco will be required to put an end to the anarchistic conditions under which the lives of foreigners of all nations in Moroccan territory are constantly endangered. France believes constantly endangered. France believes that the Sultan will yield. In serving Oudja, France places her finger upon the nerve-center of Moroccan commerce. Chamber unanimously adopted attion of confidence in the govern

Private unconfirmed dispatches received here say that General Liautey has occupled Oudja.

PURIOUS AGAINST EUROPEANS Agitation Among Moors Grows and

Unpaid Troops Desert.

TANGIER, March 36.-The excitemen among the population in the interior against Europeans is increasing. The agitation at Casa Blanca and Rabat is particularly dangerous. Many of the particularly dangerous. Many of the Moroccan troops have deserted because there are no funds with which to pay

BRITISH CONSUL ATTACKED Fires in Self-Defense, Killing 'Two Moorish Fanatics.

LONDON, March 28.—The British For-eign Office, although officially advised of the murder of Dr. Mauchamp, of the French Geodetic Mission, at Morocco City, has received no notification of the alleged attack upon the residence of the British Consular Agent there, Mr. Len-nox, who is said to have been compelled to fire upon the mob. killing two persons

Whole Press Supports Cabinet.

PARIS, March 25.-The French pres PARIS, March 26.—The French pressure unanimously appreciates the gravity of the Government's decision to bring the Sultan of Morocco to reason, and withou exception the newspapers support the Cabinet's determination to restore French prestige in North Africa by the occupation of Oudja, which it is considered, will make the Moroccan authorities understand that France's National dignity cannot longer permit the Moors to disre-ST. PAUL, March 26.—Full terms of the make the Moroccan authorities under-proposed arbitration between the railroads and that France's National dignity and the state of the passenger and freight rate war were made public today in the

The French column of occupation which is to move on Oudja will be composed of detachments of the Second Regiment of Spahis, the second and sixth African Rifles, a large body of Zouaves

Loots Home of \$9000.

CHICAGO, March 26 .- The residence of George Castle, the theatrical mana-ger, 470 North State street, was robbed of diamonds and jewelry valued at nearly \$9000 yesterday. The burglar the railroads are to agree to accept a reduction of an equivalent of two-thirds of the reduction ordered by the State Railroad & Warehouse Commission. In turn, the state is to dismiss all suits now pending looking toward enforcement of the Railroad Commission rates. was a well-dressed negro, who escaped after frightening a servant, Anna Coyle, almost into hysteries, by threatening her with death if she scramed. The thief entered the house by a rear stairway, while two earpenters, who had been working around the house, were in the basement, preparatory to leaving for lunch

in the busement, preparatory to leaving for lunco.

There was not a male member of the household in the place at the time.

Mrs. Castle was absent.

The robber overlooked money and valuables, including silverware and heir-looms, valued at \$10,000.

Tired and nervous women find help in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It enriches their

Colds on the Chest

Ask your doctor the medical name for a cold on the chest. He will say, "Bronchitis." Ask him if it is ever serious. Lastly, ask him if he prescribes

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral REVISED FORMULA

for this disease. Keep in close touch with your family physician, and follow his advice carefully.

The new kind contains no alcohol

We have no secrets to hide! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

J. C. AYER CO., Manufacturing Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

WILL END ANARCHY ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WEAK?

Thousands of Men and Women Have Kidney France Determined to Coerce Trouble and Never Suspect It.

> To Prove What the Great Kidney Remedy, Swamp-Root, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of The Oregonian May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Absolutely Free by Mail.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

Didn't Know I Had Kidney Trouble

"I was out of health and run down generally; had no appetite, was dizzy and suffered with headache most of the time. I did not know that my kidneys were the cause of my trouble, but somehow felt they might be, and I began taking Swamp-Root. There is such a pleasant taste to Swamp-Root, and it goes right to the spot, and drives disease out of the system. It has cured me, making me stronger and better in every way, and I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers."

Gratefully yours, Mrs. A. L. Walker, 340 Bouleyard Place, Atlanta, Ga.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for many kinds of diseases, and if permitted to continue much suffering and many fatal results are sure to follow. Kidney trouble irritates the are sure to follow. Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull sche in the back, joints and muscles; make your head ache and back ache, cause fidigestion, stomach and liver trouble, you get a sallow, yellow complexion, make you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have pienty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

To overcome these troubles take Dr. Kilmer's To overcome these troubles take Dr. Klimer a Swamp-Root, the world-famious kidney remedy. In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature. for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that has yet been discovered.

How to Find Out

If there is any doubt in your mind as to your condition, take from your urine on rising about four ounces, place it in a glass or bottle and let it stand 24 hours. If on examination it is milky or cloudy, if there is a brick-dust settling, (Swamp-Root is pleasant to take,) or if small particles float about in it, your kidneys are in need of immediate attention.

EDITORIAL NOTICE.—So successful in Swamp-Root in promptly overcoming even the most distressing cases, that to prove its wonderful merits you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mall. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testinonial letters received from men and women who found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy they needed. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle.

In writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Portland Daily Oregonian.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and you can purchase the regular 50-cent and \$1 size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

STOLYPIN OFFERS THE OLIVE BRANCH TO LIBERALS.

Douma Votes to Abolish Summary Execution-Premier's Appeal for

Pacification of Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 26 .- At he close of two days debate, the lower louse of Parliament today adopted a reliminary Constitutional Democratic resolution providing for the abolition of the drumbead courts-martial, and instructing the committee to draw up

instructing the committee to draw up and present a bill to this effect with as little delay as possible. The vote was almost unafilmous. After the vote had been taken Premier Stolypin, who had just had a conference with Emperor Nicholas, announced the government's position, stating that orders had been given that drumhead courts-martial be here-after employed only in case of ex-

after employed only in case of ex-treme necessity. The members gave the Premier a courteous and atten-tive hearing. During the debate the secret police arrested a man in the members lobby on suspicion that he was connected with an attempt upon the life of the

Premier, but the prisoner was identiled as a newspaper cartoonist.

M. Stolypin in his speech today paid a ligh tribute to the oration delivered yeserday by M. Maklakoff, the Constitution-

to maintain that it was the right and duty of the government to protect the existence of the state to the utmost. In every state of the world the government's right to suspend the usual laws when life was in danger was not questioned. Even

dictatorships were sometimes justified by the unavoidable necessities of self-de-fense. The Premier concluded: "In your hands rests the reconcillation of Russia. If you fulfill your task, this law and other repressive measures will dle a natural death. We are arraigned as bloody-handed executioners, but Rus-sia is able to distinguish between blood on the hands of a hangman and on those of an experienced surgeon. History will say we are surgeons inspired with an honest desire to cure the country."

Marshal Fined for Gambling. PENDLETON, Or., March 26. - "Jack" Noble, Marshal of Echo, pleaded guilty this morning in the Circuit Court to a charge of gambling, also to malfeasance in office. He was fined \$50 and costs in

M. H. Gillette, owner of the Echo Ho-tel, pleaded guilty to two separate charges of permitting gambling, and was fined \$59 in each case. Thad Burnes was fined \$50

Bomb Misses the Governor.

BIALYSTOK, March 26.-A bomb was thrown today at Governor-General Bog-alevski while he was out driving. The Governor-General was not injured, though the force of the explosion broke all the windows in the street and his coachman was slightly wounded. The man who threw the bomb escaped.

Forbidden to Go Out at Night.

KUTAIS, Russia, March 26.-Orders claring that it was difficult to answer that brilliant and able jurist. The Premier fully agreed with M. Maklakoff's arguments from an abstract standpoint, but



INVESTIGATE THIS OFFER

QUAKER MAID RYE is absolutely pure, perfectly aged, mellow and of xquisite flavor. For sale at leading bars, cases and drug stores.

S. HIRSCH & CO. Kansas City, Mo.

It Is Bona Fide No Strings Attached to It

The Daily and Sunday Oregonian, one year, \$9.00. A \$25 Talking Machine and six records, or a \$25 Violin, bow, strings, case and rosin, all for \$25.65. In other words, you get \$37.60 worth of values for \$25.65, paid for in very liberal weekly installments.

This is an extraordinary proposition, and if you want all the news, home and foreign, before breakfast every morning, and a fine musical instrument to furnish entertainment for the entire family, you can-not afford to turn it down, without a careful inquiry into the merits of the offer.

EILERS PIANO HOUSE PARK AND WASHINGTON PRIVATE EX. 23 THE OREGONIAN MAIN 7070 ROOM 200