

DIETRICH NAMED AS IDAHO JUDGE

Choice of Beatty's Successor First Victory for Senator Borah.

HEYBURN FOUGHT HARD

Tried to the Last to Get Alshie Appointed, but Charges Considered Too Serious—Change Will Come Next Month.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 20.—President Roosevelt today turned down Judge J. F. Alshie, Senator Heyburn's candidate for Federal Judge Idaho to succeed Judge Beatty, and appointed Frank S. Dietrich, of Pocatello, who was endorsed by Senator Borah, Idaho's junior Senator thereby wins a signal victory over his colleague, and demonstrates at the outset of his career that the President places the utmost reliance in his judgment.

Notwithstanding statements repeatedly made by Mr. Heyburn, it is learned on the highest authority that he made a stubborn fight for Judge Alshie, and no longer ago than yesterday urged the President to give him this position. Mr. Heyburn announced early in the contest that the President had promised to allow him to name Judge Beatty's successor and he believed till the last that he would win out over Mr. Borah.

WORKED HIS WAY TO THE TOP

Dietrich, Orphaned in Babyhood, Earned Education and Success. BOISE, Idaho, March 20.—(Special.)—Frank Sigel Dietrich was born in Kansas in 1867. His parents were Germans, who came to this country in 1830. Born during the Civil War, he was named after the father General. Eight months later his father died and his mother was left alone. He worked his way through the academic department of Ottawa College. Later he took a classical course at Brown University, graduating in 1887.

ADVANCE WILLIAMSON CASE

Hoyt Wants Decision Before Supreme Court Adjourns.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 20.—Next Monday Senator Hoyt, representing the Attorney-General, will submit to the Supreme Court a motion to advance the appeal of ex-Representative Williamson in the hope that the case can be tried this session and before adjournment in May in a formal opinion, which he has prepared to submit to the court. Mr. Hoyt briefly reviews the progress of the Williamson trial from its inception to and including the action of the Circuit Court of Appeals on March 11, and then states that his motion to advance is based on the following reasons:

WHERE PILGRIMS FOUGHT

household, for a large part of the building fund was given by Colonel Tighman, whose wife was a lady-in-waiting to Queen Henrietta Maria. Trinity Church, in Dorchester County, Maryland, is one of the many early churches built of brick from England, the brick making excellent ballast for ships that had taken over to ballast from Maryland and Virginia. Queen Anne gave the Bible and books to the church, and these are still preserved, as is also a cushion said to have been used by her majesty at her coronation.

"Old Green Hill Church" (St. Bartholomew's) is another old Maryland church, having been built in 1723. It has the distinction of having had the same rector for 65 consecutive years, the Rev. Alexander Adams coming in 1704 and remaining until his death in 1769, being then 30 years old. Christ Church, Clarendon St. Mary's County, was built in 1834 and shortly before the war had a membership of slaves so great that the black communicants were four times as many as the white. This church is said to have been designed by none other than Sir Christopher Wren himself, the architect of St. Paul's, London. In this church is buried an eccentric old economist who requested he be "planted in an upright position."

Down on Carter's Creek, Virginia, near the Rappahannock, a wilderness shades the walls of the old church where "King" Carter worshipped, and where the hapless old Madam Carter lies buried at her request under the floor on the "poor side," that those whom she had looked down on in life might walk over her in death, thus proving her humility of spirit.

Old Churches of California.

In contrast to the churches of the East were the Franciscan missions, which were built along the western coast of Cali-

foras between 1769 and 1823. These old pile of adobe and stone are like leaves from the book of some old-world tale. Father Junipero walked all the way from Mexico City to San Diego, lame as he was, believing work founded on such suffering would surely endure. There are 23 missions in all, making a chain a day's journey apart from San Francisco to the Mexican boundary line. Around these spread farms and vineyards, where the Indians were taught the arts of civilization, as well as the articles of faith. Within their hospitable walls guests and weary travelers found a welcome as hearty and an entertainment as good as any offered by an Old-World hospice.

Little Church Around Corner. St. Mark's, New York, stands on the site of a chapel built by Peter Stuyvesant, the last of the Dutch Governors. The Church of the Transfiguration, dear to the world of player-folk as "the Little Church Around the Corner" in London, is a Gothic building in a quiet lot just off Fifth avenue, on Twenty-ninth street, and is reached by a foot-path that opens in a court shaded with great trees. Many years ago Joseph Jefferson went to the pastor of a famous Madison-avenue church and asked his services for the funeral of George Holland, a noted actor, who had just died. The haughty clergyman refused, but suggested that they might be accommodated at "the little church around the corner." To this church Jefferson went, the rector officiated at the funeral, and since then the weddings and baptisms and funerals of the people of staghound are considered the Government hold at this quaint and democratic church.

Oldest Washington Churches. Washington, D. C., is rich in historic churches, or those in which the great people of the Nation have gathered. The oldest one near the city is known as St. Paul's, of Rock Creek Park, and was built in 1729 of brick brought from England, and the old walls are still retained by the proud worshippers, though it was remodeled 40 years ago. Very old indeed is the tiny, old wooden church of St. Ann's, near the Navy-Yard, is the next oldest, having been built in 1736, five years before the Government took possession of the National Capital. Presidents Jefferson and Madison attended services there, and now No. 1, was given to the Government when he came into office. He and his family are said to have attended morning service almost every Sunday. The Congressional burial ground, the site of the city, and many who have been prominent in the legislative and executive affairs of the Nation.

Old South Church, Boston. Old South Church, Boston, was built in 1630 and the present edifice in 1729. It was from this building that the men marched out to that fatal meeting with the British known as the Boston massacre. It was the Governor's church for awhile and enjoys the reputation of having been so sternly ruled that the wives and daughters of the founders were not admitted to membership for five years. It was desecrated by the British in 1776, the pews being taken out, the site having been used by the British as a rifle range, and Burgoyne's men turning the body of the building into a riding school.

The first church in St. Mark's parish in the city was built and equipped by General Sir Alexander Spotswood, Governor of Virginia and founder of the only American order of knighthood, the Knights of the Golden Horse. It was built chiefly for the use of the colony of German miners and ironworkers which settled at the village of Germantown. To Governor Spotswood belongs the honor of building and operating the first iron furnace in America, the workmen having been secured for him by Queen Anne at that time. The first iron furnace in America was built by Spotswood on his way from Georgia to England after the Indians had made it too warm for him. Colonel Eyd, of Westover, makes mention of the church and the "castle" of the Governor. In his writings he also tells of the wonderful pier-glass mirrors that his father, the Duke of Devonshire, had brought from England at great expense, and how one of these was broken by a pet deer, which wandered into the drawing-room and was moved to fight his own reflection.

Tomorrow—A Continuation of Historic Churches in the United States.

WHOLE COUNTRY REVOLTS

ROMANIA PEASANTS TURN ON THEIR OPPRESSORS.

Rebellion Spreads Like Prairie Fire. Another Attack on Botoshani Repulsed With Bloodshed.

BERLIN, March 20.—A special dispatch to the Tageblatt from Bucharest says the peasants' uprising already has spread over the whole of Upper Moldavia, including the districts of Botoshani, Doroschi, Jassy, Neamzu, Tutova, Bukeu and Roman. In spite of all precautions vandalism is spreading.

SEND ARMY AGAINST REBELS

Roumania Takes Vigorous Measures. Premier Promises Suppression. BUCHAREST, March 20.—Brigadier-General Tell, commanding the Eighth Division at Botoshani, was today placed in command of the Fourth Army Corps, with full powers to suppress the agrarian revolt. Several regiments have been ordered to Jassy from Bucharest and other places to reinforce the troops under General Tell's command.

The long standing agrarian grievances of the peasants of Roumania against the absentee land owners, which are largely responsible for the recent anti-Semitic excesses, formed the subject of an appeal by the opposition leader in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday. The Premier replied in behalf of the government, appealing to all the political parties to assist in reaching a just solution of the difficulty.

The first duty of the government was to stop the excesses and this the Government proposed to do by all means in its power. The declaration of the Premier was warmly received by all political parties and was ordered to be placarded throughout the country.

Pure Blood

Is certain if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla. This great medicine cures those eruptions, pimples and boils that appear at all seasons; cures scrofula sores, salt rheum or eczema; adapts itself equally well to, and also cures, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles; cures rheumatism and catarrh; cures nervous troubles, debility and that tired feeling.

Sarsaparilla—For those who prefer medicine in tablet form, Hood's Sarsaparilla is now put up in chocolate tablets called Sarsats, as well as in the usual liquid form. Sarsats have identically the same curative properties as the liquid form, besides accuracy of dose, convenience, economy—no loss by evaporation, breakage, or leakage. Druggists or promptly by mail. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

GUARANTEED under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906. No. 324.

INDICTMENTS IN SHEAVES ISSUED

(Continued From First Page.)

ments were not "the beginning of the end of Ruff," but merely the beginning of the work of exposing the municipal corruption in San Francisco and the prosecution of those "high up" who are responsible for such conditions in this city. District Attorney Langdon said immediately after the indictments had been filed:

"The remarkable organization of this grafting and corruption in the municipal affairs in San Francisco, its amazing ramifications involving millionaires and the better class of citizens, will appal not only in this city but the entire country when it is fully laid bare."

Only Beginning, Says Burns. "This is only the beginning," declared Secret Service Agent Burns. "The evidence in the indictment filed today and others that have been returned, but for the present will remain secret, is absolutely conclusive, and as perfect as the evidence in any case of investigation with which I have been connected."

"Ruff acted as broker and agent," he continued, "between the corporations and the Board of Supervisors in all matters pertaining to the obtaining of privileges from the city fathers." Mr. Burns declared that he had been ordered back to Washington, as reported, and declared that it might take an entire year yet to complete the work that he and Mr. Heney have undertaken here. He asserted that every department in the city government would be thoroughly investigated.

Consternation in Ruff's Camp. Consternation seemed to reign in Ruff's camp today. Following a long conference with his attorneys this morning, Ruff decided that he preferred to remain in the custody of Elmer Biggs at the St. Francis Hotel, and his attorneys appeared before the Supreme Court, asking that the application of a writ making Sheriff O'Neill custodian of the political boss be dismissed. This was granted. Half an hour later his attorneys again appeared before the Supreme Court and sought to have their former action quashed and the application for a writ reinstated. The court took the matter under consideration until tomorrow.

Names of Confessed Grafters. The Board of Supervisors is composed of the following: C. J. Harrington, engaged in the saloon business at the time of his election. Jennings Phillips, a printer. F. P. Nicholas, a carpenter and president of the local Carpenters' Union. He was made chairman of the building committee of the Board of Supervisors and is under indictment for graft in connection with the purchasing of furniture. He was also interested in a cigar stand.

Patrick M. McGushin, prior to his election a saloonkeeper. James Skelley, a piano-tuner and politician and a union member. Max Mamlock, an electrician. After the fire he became engaged in the auto business.

Thomas F. Loneragan, a baker. Charles Boxton, a dentist by profession. He has been on the Board of Supervisors for the last seven years. He saw service in the Philippines and was promoted from the rank of Captain to Colonel in the California volunteers.

Michael W. Coffey, a hack-driver. Daniel G. Coleman, probably the youngest member of the Board of Supervisors. He formerly held a clerical position with a firm of lumber-dealers.

John J. Furey, a blacksmith prior to becoming a member of the board. His new conduct as a member.

J. J. O'Neill and O. A. Tyeitmoer were appointed by Mayor Schmitz some two or three months ago and are not involved in the recent bribery.

How Facts Were Obtained. The indictments returned today resulted from the clever and indefatigable work of Mr. Heney and Mr. Burns during the past week or ten days. The entering wedge was driven when Supervisors Loneragan and Boxton were alleged to have been trapped several days ago by Mr. Heney and Mr. Burns in the act of taking a small bribe. Their confession of all grafting with which they were connected was followed last Sunday by the confession of Sanderson to Mr. Heney at Palo Alto. Sanderson, who was formerly a schoolmate of Mr. Heney's, went to Arizona several months ago, and upon his return was met by Mr. Heney. When confronted by the latter with evidence already in hand, Sanderson reluctantly admitted his part in the taking of bribes. With the confession of those three, supported by a mass of information obtained from other sources,

the remainder of the Supervisors, except J. J. Furey, were summoned by the grand jury Monday. When confronted by the confessions of their colleagues, it is said that they literally fell over each other to tell all they knew, and thereby secure possible immunity from prosecution. The Supervisors were interrogated and sweated by Mr. Heney and Mr. Burns from 11 o'clock in the morning until after midnight, and made most sensational disclosures of bribery and corruption. It was largely while this information that today's indictments were returned, and others, which, it is said, are to follow. Purey was examined today, but George Duffy, formerly a Supervisor, but now president of the Board of Public Works, has not yet been called.

After Board of Public Works Next. It is said that Duffy, who has heretofore been generally regarded as the onerous member of the board, is willing to trace the bribe money to its source, in order to obtain immunity. This, however, has not yet been granted to Mr. Heney, upon certain conditions that he also tell of the alleged corruption in the Board of Public Works, where astounding conditions are said to prevail.

While neither Mr. Heney nor Langdon will admit that the Supervisors were promised immunity from prosecution if they confessed, it is practically certain that the "small fry" of the board, in order to convict the bribe-takers, who Mr. Heney and Mr. Burns declare, are the actual criminals, it is apparent that no attempt will be made to prosecute the "small fry." If the latter will give such information as it may have.

Mr. Burns tonight refused to discuss the report that even Ruff had been promised partial immunity from the many charges against him if he would confess. He said that the prosecution to trace the bribe money, it is alleged to have been handled by Ruff back to the officials of the public service corporations in such a manner as to insure their conviction. However, however, deplored the fact that such a report had been circulated, and spoke of how often the newspapers of this city had embarrassed, obstructed and retarded his work during this investigation. He vehemently denied also that negotiations had been entered into with Mayor Schmitz. Although Mr. Burns has so far been returned in connection with the alleged telephone graft, Mr. Burns asserted that the proving of that alleged graft had just begun.

Gallagher's Chief Aid. The grand jury was in session for three hours this afternoon, during which time E. J. Zimmer and ex-Auditor Sherwin, of the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph Company, were under subpoena, upon coming from the grand jury room, admitted that he had been closely questioned about the affairs of the telephone company, which he had in charge of the books and had also been interviewed about Halsey. At 5:30 o'clock the grand jury, accompanied by Mr. Heney, Mr. Burns and Mr. Langdon, went to Judge Coffey's court and filed the indictments, which were in duplicate, and filed a large suitcase.

According to Mr. Heney and Mr. Burns, James L. Gallagher, Mayor during the absence of Schmitz in Europe, assisted Ruff in the handling of the bribe money for the board and, next to the "boss," invariably received the lion's share. Mr. Burns stated that it was originally intended that the Supervisors should each receive \$500 for granting the overhead trolley franchise, but for some unexplained reason Ruff cut this sum to two and gave each member but \$300, excepting Gallagher.

Schmitz Gives New Bail. Mayor Schmitz today appeared in the Supreme Court with Frank Drew, one of his allies, and made application to have the bail heretofore deposited by him on indictment No. 231 set aside. This was granted and Schmitz was remanded into the custody of Deputy Sheriff Knox. Schmitz went to the Sheriff's office and deposited new bail of \$100 to secure his attendance in the Supreme Court. The proceeding was made necessary by the fact that the Supreme Court had denied his application for a writ of habeas corpus.

Case Against Mrs. Walker Dropped. TACOMA, Wash., March 20.—(Special.)—The case of Marie E. Walker, the woman barber, who was arrested some months ago for conducting a barber's business without a license, was called this morning in Judge Snell's court, when it was discovered that the defendant had never been arraigned. Mrs. Walker has meantime moved away from the city, being now engaged in the business at Ruston.

Reading Turns Down Osterism. PHILADELPHIA, March 20.—President Baer, of the Reading Railway Company, was today authorized by the board of directors to advance the agent of employes from 35 to 45 years. This is in line with the recent action of the Pennsylvania Company.

Watch Tonight's Papers for Great Glove Sale News

Lipman, Wolfe & Co. Good Merchandise Only—Quality Considered Our Prices Are Always the Lowest. Thursday Is Linen Day—a Dozen Extra Linen Bargains Today. \$1.50 Bleached Table Cloths \$1.19. Regular \$2.00 Values, Today Only, at \$1.19. 150 Bleached Linen Pattern Table Cloths, actual size 72 inches long by 65 inches wide. Made in various patterns, with border all around. Extraordinary value for Linen \$1.19. Thursday, at \$1.19. \$2.25 Linen Napkins, \$1.58 Dozen. 100 dozen Bleached Linen Napkins, 20 inches by 20 inches, regular \$2.25 values a dozen in this sale \$1.58.

LAST DAY. LAST DAY. LAST DAY OF THIS. Greatest of Waist Sales. All day yesterday the sale was crowded. Extraordinary values today and choice of hundreds of styles. \$1.15 For Regular \$1.50 Waists. \$1.39 For Regular \$1.75 Waists. \$1.78 For Regular \$2.25 Waists. \$2.73 For Regular \$3.50 Waists. \$1.58 For Regular \$2.00 Waists. \$1.98 For Regular \$2.50 Waists. \$2.15 For Regular \$2.75 Waists. \$2.35 for Regular \$3.00 Waists. \$2.95 for Regular \$3.75 Waists. \$3.55 for Regular \$4.50 Waists. LAST DAY. LAST DAY. LAST DAY.

COFFEE. The worst extravagance is a "cheap" one; better not waste the money. Your greater return your money if you don't like Schilling's Best. Bring Your Eye Troubles To Experienced Men if You Want the Best Service. OREGON OPTICAL CO. 123 Fourth Street. Y. M. C. A. Bldg. Free Eye Examination by the Latest Scientific Appliances.

A Carload of Reed-French's Famous Little Bijou Pianos Unloaded Yesterday—The Greatest \$190 Piano Ever Put on the Market on Exhibition at Reed-French's Store, Sixth and Burnside. \$5.00 a Month Installments. Lots of pianos are sold in Portland—sold at all prices—but for downright goodness, no piano can touch the Reed-French Bijou at the price. Some people say a piano can't be good at such a price—they feel like they must pay three hundred dollars or more; but we say our \$190 piano can beat, on any kind of a test, a retailer's three hundred dollar instrument. We make these pianos; we know what's in them. We sold four carloads last Fall, and they behaved as well through the past Winter as pianos costing twice as much. This car of beautiful little instruments (the first we have had since Christmas) will be on exhibition today. Here's the Proposition—It's the same as we made last Fall.—Select a piano, pay \$5.00 a month installments, keep it 60 days, and if it isn't more than we say, pay the cartage and get your money back. If you prefer to begin payments from the first, that will be satisfactory. Piano Manufacturers, Dealing Directly with the People.

From Maker to Player. Note: If You Will Phone Us (Main 1252) We Will Meet You in the Evening. REED-FRENCH PIANO MFG. CO. Sixth and Burnside. G. W. KENNEDY, Wareroom Manager.

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