# SCHNEIDER TAKES IMMUNITY BATH

Man Who Informed on Hyde and Benson Gives Little Evidence.

#### LETTERS SENT HERMANN

Zabriskie First Warned Him o Frauds and He Objected to Informing Hitchcock - Hawley Testifies to Reputation.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March i3.-Joost H. Schneider, he man whose alleged confession to the man whose alleged confession to Special Agent Hotzinger disclosed to the Federal authorities the vast land frauds in Oregon and California, was called to the stand today as a witness for the prosecution in the case of Binger Hermann. In view of the sweeping charges which Hotzinger reported Schneider had made to him, it was expected that he would make some startling revetations of the methods used by the sileged land conspirators in securing big tracts of public land. Instead, however, Schneider, wrapped in the mantle of his constituwrapped in the mantle of his constitu-tional privilege, refused to answer ques-tions propounded to him by District At-torney Baker on the ground that to answer would incriminate him.

Schneider is under indictment for land frauds, being one of the defendants in the Hyde-Benson-Schneider-Dimond case and Justice Stafford ruled that Schneider need not respond to Mr. Baker's in-

Before invoking his privilege, Schneider identified his signature to letters offered by the prosecuting attorney addressed to him by Hermann, in which reference was made to other correspondence. The presecutor asked if Schneider had written any letters to Hermann prior to the date of the letters from Hermann to him. Schneider declined to answer on the ground that he would be giving testi-mony against himself. The witness was then discharged, his examination of more than half an hour having proven of no value to either side.

How Hermann Learned of Frauds.

Earlier in the day, while the Distric Attorney was endeavoring to find out what had become of the letters which first apprised the Land Office of the land frauds, A. S. Worthington, chief counsel for Hermann, produced the letters and admitted that they had been kept by Hermann and had never been in the Land Office files. Mr. Worthington gave the letters to Mr. Baker, who had them read to the jury. They were written April 29 and May 12, 1902, by J. A. Zabriskie, a lawyer of Tucson, Ariz., who is now says ruined her and there judge. In them Judge Zabriskie gave explicit information as to the transactions of F. A. Hyde & Co.; and suggested what the department should do in the matter. The writer explained that his information had been received from a client. This client, he said, he was trying to protect. The Holsinger investigation and report impovering gigantic operations in public land followed the receipt of the Zabriskie

while C. Hawley, of Salem, Hermann's successor in Congress, this afternoon testified that Hermann still holds a good reputation in Oregon. The general opinion in that state, Mr. Hawley said, was hat Hermann in his whole official career had never done anything with a wrong-fiel motive. Wills C. Hawley, of Salem, Hermann's

#### Hermann Kept Facts to Himself.

W. G. McGee, a clerk in the Land Office 1889, testified that he was contest since isso, testined that he was contest-clerk in the special service division at the time Mr. Holzinger's report was re-ceived at the department. He was the list man to get hold of it and imme-diately took it to Hermann, to whom he the report. Hermann asking him what he thought about it. He said he told Hermann that, if the statements made in the eport were true, they disclosed the most report were true, they disclosed the most eligantic frauds in the history of the Land Office and that he thought the Serretary of the Interior should be informed of the presence of the report in the office. At this, he said, Hermann took umbrage, deciaring that he was Commissioner and that he would attend to whatsper investigation was to be made her.

"Unless Mr. Delmas takes up a long time in his cross-examination of the ever investigation was to be made. Her-mann ordered him to write to Holsinger to gather additional details. Mr. McGee said he left the report that night with Assistant Commissioner Rich-

ards, got it back next morning and soon thereafter turned it over to Hermann. He dld not see it again.

### BITTER WITH MRS. THAW

(Continued from First Page,)

Hummel about her trip through Europe with Thaw.

'Mr. Hummel," she said, "then dictated a lot of things to a man and put in lots about Harry Thaw which was not true

Denies Knowing What She Signed

She denied signing any paper in Hum-mel's office, but admitted having signed some papers later in White's studio. She said she did not know what the paper were. Some time afterward she says, she demanded that White show her the papers. She was taken to Hummel's office and there a paper bearing her signature was shown her and destroyed. She was not allowed to examine it, she declared.

Almost since the begining of the trial Mr. Jerome has been trying to put in a photographic copy of the affidavit. It developed yesterday that the copy was made by the same photographer who had been employed by Stanford White to make the "tired butterfly" and other pictures of Evelyn Nesbit.

about bringing the taking of testimony to a close this week, but others who have followed the trial believe the end is still ten days or two weeks away

CRUCIAL POINT IS REACHED

Jerome Tries to Prove Mrs. Thaw Never Told Her Story.

NEW YORK, March 13,-James Clinch Smith, Stanford White's broth Clinch Smith, Stanford whites broth-er-in-law, was called again as a wit-ness in the Thaw trial this morning. Mr. Smith was late in arriving and Mr. Jerome summoned Abraham Hummel to the stand. Scarcely had Hummel taken his seat when Smith appeared. There-upon Hummel was temporarily ex-

'As I remember the message it read: | bruised.

Your evidence most important; your

Your evidence most important; your attendance desired."

He had first communicated this evidence to his lawyers.

Mr. Smith said he returned to this country on February 17 and communicated with the District Attorney's office on the 19th. He had reduced to writing his conversation with Thaw upon the roof garden and had shown the memoranda to his counsel and Mr. Garvan. Mr. Delmas had no further questions, and Mr. Smith was excused.

Mr. Hummel again took the stand. He had testified before the arrival of Mr. Smith that he saw Evelyn Nesbit at his office October 27, 1963, after her return from Europe.

"Did you, after a conversation with Evelyn Nesbit, on October 27, dictate something to a stenographer?" asked Jerome.

Delmas objected upon the ground that this was not in rebuttal of any testimony offered by the defense.

Justice Fitzgerald overruled the ob-

"Yes, sir," answered the witness.

Jerome Soon Strikes Snag. "Did Mrs. Thaw tell you that Thaw

wanted to injure White and put him in the penitentiary and that Thaw begged her time and again to swear to documents he had prepared involving Stanford White and charging that he had drugged and ruined her, and that Thaw had besten her because she would not sign the paper?" asked Je-

Delmas rose to lay the ground for a objection. He asked Hummel If an objection. He asked Humm Miss Nesbit he was acting as her legal adviser and attorney

"No, I was acting only for Stanford White," replied the witness.

"And you did not contemplate some action in Miss Nesbit's behalf?"

"No, there was no legal action contemplated so far as she was concerned. There was no communication between the wirness and Miss Nesbit as counsel and client."

"I must object," said Delmas, "to the uestion, upon the ground that it is not roper rebuttai." Before the court could rule, Delmas

put further questions to the witness which had reference to the payments he received from Stanford White for legal services. The amount paid for this particular item of service, witness sald, was about \$100. Delmas renewed

his general objection.
"It is not rebuttal," said Delmas. "It is also immaterial and irrelevant and not proper testimony."

Mr. Jerome proceeded to argue the points of law involved. Mr. Jerome's contention was that, if it could be shown that under oath Miss Neshit de-nied that she told Thaw the stories about Stanford White which she testified to having told him in Paris, that fact must have weight with the jury in deciding whether she had in truth made the statement related in her testimony and which has been the basis of the theory that the defendant

#### Either Heroine or Perjurer.

"If her story is true," continued Mr. Jerome, "I know nothing in history or literature more sublime than Evelyn Nesbit's self-sacrifice in her renunciatold, was paying honorable court

But she returned to America on Ocober 24 and on October 27 she was in she now says ruined her and there she said that in Europe Thaw had stripped her and beaten her with a whip because she refused to sign a pap cusing White of drugging her. ford White, she said, never harmed her,

"The proposition I make to the court is very simple. If Evelyn Neshit did not tell Thaw this story in Paris, the reason for his insanity disappears. If she did not tell the story, the hypo-thetical question on which the experts

#### May Wind Up Case Friday,

Mr. Delmas said that, as the hour for the luncheon recess was approaching and as Mr. Jerome's argument necessi-tated an extended reply, he would ask that the recess be taken immediately so that his argument might not be in-tercupted.

Mr. Jerome amended the motion by and it. He and Hermann then discussed asking that court adjourn for the day saying: "I am very desirous of getting through with this case and we could save time if we adjourn now until tomorrow morning and in the meanting

time in his cross-examination of the experts, I see no reason why the case should not be closed on Friday." Justice Fitzgerald ordered the ad-journment until tomorrow morning.

HEAD OFFICERS OF NEW SECT NEGOTIATE FOR CITY.

Purchase Depends on Whether City or Farm Colony Be Formed.

Zionists Ready to Give Up.

CHICAGO, March 13.-(Special.)-Zion City may become the abode of the Holy Rollers. Correspondence to that end has been carried on for three weeks between D. L. McKay, of Windsor, secretary to Mother Elinor L. Mason, spiritual head of the sect in America, and W. G. Voliva, who succeeded Dowle as the ruler of

"The price demanded for Zion City Is of no moment as far as the financial ability of the House of Israel to purchase it is concerned." said Trustee Dickinson

in Detroit, headquarters of the sect.
"Whether we purchase it or not depends entirely upon the question as to whether it is deemed advisable that the colonies shall enter into city commercial activities or whether they shall become farmers and till the soil. Many members prefer the establishment of farm coll-

With their leader dead, their city torn by bitter dissension and overwhelmed by debts, the Zionites would welcome an op-portunity to sell for enough to get away.

#### MIRACLE DID NOT COME OFF Sick Girl, Trusting in Dowie's Heal-

ing Power, Badly Hurt. CHICAGO, March 13.-Rachael Fisher

Mr. Smith was late in arriving and Mr. Jerome summoned Abraham Hummel to the stand. Searcely had Hummel taken his seat when Smith appeared. Thereupon Hummel was temporarily excused.

Mr. Smith was questioned by Mr. Delmas for the defense as to the cablegram from Mr. Jerome summoning him to appear as a witness. Mr. Smith said he did not have either the eriginal of the cablegram or a copy.

"As I remember the message it read: CHICAGO, March 12.—Rachael Fisher, together, the of a crowd which througed around the big rate. Zion City in the hope of being cured of these aliments by touching the hem of the shroud, was badly burt. She is suffering from locomoter ataxia. She kissed the hem of the shroud and then told her father, who had carried her into the room, that she could walk. She attempted to descend a flight of stairs but rouled to the bottom, where she was picked up unconscious and seriously bruised.

San Francisco School Board Acts on Japanese.

#### RESCINDS FORMER ACTION

Provides for Examination of Alien Children and Special Schools for Those Deficient - Roosevelt to Do His Part.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12.—The San Francisco Board of Education kept its word to President Roosevelt, unanimously reachding the resolution of last October by which Japanese were segregated in the public schools and adopting an alterna-tive resolution in accordance with the understanding reached at the Washington conference between the President, Sec-retary Root, the school board and Mayor Schmitz. The board then sent the follow-ing telegram to the President and Mr. Root, signed by its president Lawrence signed by its president, Lawrence F. Wlash:

At the regular meeting of the Board o Education, held this afternoon, a resolution as agreed upon with you was adopted unan-imously. Certified copy was given to United States District Attorney Devila.

Roosevelt Must Do I & Part.

The President having tele, when the Mayor yesterday that he would direct Mr Devlin to dismiss the suits against the board in the United States Circuit Court and the Supreme Court of California as soon as the action stated should be taken by the board, members of that body look upon the Japanese incident as now closed, insofar as San Francisco is concerned. There is, however, it is said. an unwritten reservation to the effect that, should the President's reciprocal promises to the board regarding discre-tionary restriction of collie immigration to California not be carried out, the board may feel at liberty to re-adopt the October resolution and again segergate the Japanese. Following is the official record of the board's action at today's

Examine Foreign Children. Resolved and Ordered. That the following

resolution, adopted by the Board of Edu-cation on the 11th day of October, 1906, be and the same is hereby repealed, except-ing in so far as it applies to Chinese and "Resolved, That, in accordance with arti-cle X, section 1662, of the school law of California, principals are hereby directed to send all Chinese, Japanese and Corean chil-dren to the Oriental public school, situated on the south side of Clay atreet, between

Powell and Mason, on and after Monday,

Powell and Maron, on and after Monday, October 15, 1906."
Resolved, That:
Section 1. Children of all alien races who speak the English language, in order to determine the proper grade to which they may be entitled to be enrolled, must first be examined as to their educational qualifications by the principal of the school where the application for enrollment shall have been made. Section 2. That no child of alien birth over the ages of 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15

and 16 years shall be enrolled in any of the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, venth or eighth grades, respectively. Section 3. If said children shall be found Section 2. If said children shall be found deficient in their ability to speak, or deficient in the elements of, the English language, or unable to attend the grades mentioned in section 2 by reason of the restrictions mentioned herein, such children shall be enrolled in special schools or in special classes established exclusively for such children as and in the manner the Board of Education shall deem proper and

#### WILL CARRY OUT AGREEMENT

Roosevelt Will Make Passport Rule Effective and Dismiss Suit.

WASHINGTON, March 13.-Following the receipt of a telegram tonight from President Walsh of the San Francisco Board of Education, announcing the car-Board of Education, announcing the carrying into effect of the agreement between the President. Secretary Root, the San Francisco Mayor and school board and the President Roosevelt tomorrow will sign an order putting into effect the passport amendment of the immigration bill.

The case pending in California, instituted by the Federal authorities to stituted by the Federal authorities to stituted by the Federal authorities to segregating Japanese children, will not be segregating Japanese children, will not be solven the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by five or six hours, and the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by about two hours, the time of the fast trains between Chicago and Denver by about two hours, the time segregating Japanese children, will not be

### THEY MUST RETRENCH.

(Continued from First Page.) carried on with surplus funds, but these are exhausted and we cannot borrow in New York, because of the tightening up of the money market there, are changing rapidly and it is necessary to anticipate what may come next year The suspension of this work does not secessarily mean abandonment. If the Government or states were guarantee our bonds, things would be different."

Mr. Mohler emphatically indorsed the statement made by President Stickney, of the Chicago-Great Western in his inter-view at Washington, in which he expressed the belief that the people were laying the foundation for a tremendous panic. Mr. Stickney approved the actions of the President, so far as he had gone, but said the state Legislatures were vying with each other to pass laws regulating rates and methods of the railroads and that many of them will be forced into bankruptcy if the present attitude of the

### HILL PREDICTS HIGHER RATES

Says Present Conditions Would Soon Bankrupt Railroads.

ST. PAUL, March 13.—"I want to go on record here that your rates will be ad-vanced in the Northwest instead of being reduced. They will be advanced simply because it is necessary to provide the service. Now I am not complaining about the rates, but present conditions will bankrupt some of the roads in this state."

bankrupt some of the roads in this state.

Thus declared J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, before the Sundberg Senate committee, which is investigating the value of railroad properties in the state. Mr. Hill said the company had adopted the method of reducing rates as the revenue has justified, and an investigation of the records would show that the rolless especially on grain and farm suspicious tigation of the records would show that its rates, especially on grain and farm products, are lower than in other sec-tions of the country. Great Northern rates applied to Union Pacific traffic would mean a reduction in the Union Pacific income of nearly \$5,000,000 and in the case of the Northwestern of nearly that

Asked by James Manahan if it were true that the lines in the East have not been making enormous profits recently. Mr. Hill replied that he did not think so. He said the whole question of operation

increased so much that he knew of an Eastern line which had advanced rates, "I think all of the railroads of the country today have received a check they will not get over for many, many yours," he asserted.

CO-OPERATE ENFORCING LAW Navy Department Announces

Fink Admits Obedience of Railroads Necessary to Peace.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Henry Fink, chairman of the board of directors of the Norfolk & Western Railroad, who has been in active railroad service for 56 years, and George J. Gould, added their voices yesterday to those who have spoken for co-operation between the rail-roads, the Government and the public.

roads, the Government and the public. Mr. Fink said:

"The thing has got to be gone through making the people see the facts in the case. The idea has been heretofore that the railroad men have been too busy to explain the complicated railroad problem to the people on the one hand and the people have been too busy to study it for themselves on the other hand. There are, however, two all important things in this matter of co-operation. Congress must not only pass wise laws, but the railroads must obey them both in

letter and spirit, without attempting an evasion, and must co-operate in their enforcement. That is the only way in which co-operation can be put on a satisfactory basis between the railroads and the Government.

George J. Gould, in his statement, said: "The interests of the railroads and those of the public are identical, and they always have been so. Sometimes the public and sometimes the railroads

fall to realize the fact, but it is never-theless true that their interests are one public is pretty sure to be making money, too, while, on the other hand, if the rail-roads are not prospering, the case is pretty sure to be the same."

BRYAN EXPLAINS THE CRISIS

Says Railroads Terrorize Legislatures and Water Stock.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., March 13.-A epresentative of the Associated Press today asked William J. Bryan on his ar-rival here what effect the Harriman and other investigations would have on the agitation in favor of the Government own-ership or management of railroads. He

"The most interesting phase of the situ-tion is the refusal of the people to lend oney freely to the railroads. The railroad managers say this is due to hostile legislation, but this is a mistake. There has been no hostile legislation of suf-

has been no hostic legislation of sur-ficient severity to impair the real value of railroad securities, if the railroads have been honestly conducted upon an honest capitalization. "If the investing public is alarmed, it is because the railroad managers, in a vain effort to terrorize the Legislatures, have carried matters too far. If any have carried matters too far. If any other reason is needed for the hesitancy on the part of investors, the investigations furnish it, for the inquiries have shown to what extent railroad stocks have been

But what is the alternative? Must the the public into buying inflated securities The sooner the railroads are put on an honest basis the more secure will the in-vesting public feel."

#### SLOWER AND FEWER TRAINS

Railroads Plan to Offset Loss by Two-Cent Fares.

CHICAGO, March 13 .- The Record Heruld today says: Western railroad officials are discussing the advisability of lengthening out the running time of fast trains with a view

schedules are being prepared by several roads with a view to presentation to the

Although an understanding has been reached, there is a general feeling that the time of the fast trains between Chi-

affected, and would also make it pos-sible to take off a large number of local

#### Morgan Sails for Europe

NEW YORK, March 13.-J. Morgan sails this morning for Liverpool on the steamer Baltic. Mr. Morgan went aboard the steamer last evening, which was scheduled to sall early today. Mr. Morgan declined to be interviewed on his Washington mission, and refused to state what would be accomplished by the rall-road men's conference with President Rooseveit. He sent out word that he did not care to add anything to his Washing-ton statement. It is not known definitely how long Mr. Morgan will be gone.

Two-Cent Fares in Keystone State. HARRISBURG, Pa., March 13. - The HARRISBURG, Pa., March 13. — The Senate railway committee today reported favorably the 2-cent railroad fare bill, which passed the House two weeks ago. Despite the opposition of the railways it is expected to pass the Senate next week. The Senate committee struck out the clause imposing imprisonment for railroad officers for violation of the act. clause providing for \$1000 fine re-

Stops Work on Athol Hill Cut-Off. OMAHA, Neb., March 12.-The Union Pacific announced today that work on the Athol Hill cut-off near Cheyenne, Wyo., would be discontinued at once because of adverse legislation toward that road, ending in a cut in rates. Eight hundred men will be thrown out of employment

by the stoppage. Sneakthief Robs Showcase

Some vandal or sneakthief smashed the showcase in front of the Toggery, 382 Washington street, about 10 o'clock last night and removed most of the furnishing goods on display in it at

the time.

Persons passing by removed two
vests and a half dozen pairs of gloves
left by the thief in making a hasty
departure, and turned the articles over
to the police. No one saw the act and to the police. No one saw the act and the police are working on a descrip-tion of a man who was seen acting suspiciously near the store shortly be-fore the glass was broken. New Fire Chief at Hoqulam.

cial.)-Tom C. Soul, a well-known tug-poat master and owner, was tonight ap-pointed fire chief, vice Andrew Bruce, re-Northwest Scenery - Lobby Imperial-

HOQUIAM. Wash., March 13.-(Spe

Single Command.

**BROWNSON ADMIRAL OF ALL** 

Three Squadrons of Two Divisions Each Will Meet for Drill and Exercise-No Ships to Be Transferred From the Atlantic.

WASHINGTON, March 12—Complete plans for the consolidation into one fleet of all American cruising vessels in the Pacific Ocean were made public today by the Navy Department. The order probably will go into effect about the end of this month, when Rear-Admiral thief of all American naval Pacific. Resr-Admiral Swinbur will be commander of the second squad-ron and Rear-Admiral I. H. Dayton will command the third squadron. At present the warships in the Pacific

are organized into the Asiatic fleet and the Pacific squadron. Their consolidation is in accordance with the Navy Depart-ment's policy instituted by the abolition of the South Atlantic and European stations in the Atlantic and the concentration of all vessels in that ocean under

In a statement from the Navy Depart-ment it is shown that the groups of ships in the Pacific will remain in the same general position and perform much the same duty they have at present. will, however, probably meet for gen-eral drills and exercises. As far as is pructicable, docking and minor repairs to vessels in Asiatic waters will be made at Cavite or Clangapo. The department does not expect to send any of the bat-tleships now in the Atlantic to the Pa-

The first squadron of the Pacific flee will be made up of the following vessels First division-West Virginia, Colorado Maryland and Pennsylvania.

Second division—Chattanooga, Galves-ton and two others of the same class. The second squadron will consist of these vessels: Third division-Charleston, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Chicago

Fourth division-Albany, New Orleans Cincinnati, Raleigh.

Cincinnati, Raleigh.

The third squadron will consist of:
Fifth division — Rainbow, Concord,
Helena, Wilmington.
Sixth division—Volcano, Quiros, Villalobos, Callao, Paraguay, Pampanga,
Panay, Arayet.
The coast defense vessels Monterey and
Monadrock and a number of submarines Monadnock and a number of submarine will be in this division, also two torpedo flotillas, including the Barry, Date, Decatur, Chauncey, Bainbridge, Paul Jones and Proble.

### OLD SCALE IS REFUSED

Butte Union Votes Down Proposal of Publishers.

BUTTE, March 13.—Tonight the local members of the International Typo-graphical Union finally voted down the proposition of the Butte and Anaconda

newspaper publishers that the compos-

itors return to work at last year's scale, which would mean a reduction 50 cents per man per day. running time of fast trains with a view to greater economy of operation.

It is stated that owing to 2-cent passenger legislation and the necessity of conserving revenue everywhere, the Western officials believe a general lengthening in train schedules is advisable. It is said that all that remains to carry the plan into effect is an agreement as to the time it is advisable to make. Tentative schedules are being prepared by several roads with a view to presentation to the finally disposed of tonight. This action leaves the newspaper situation about where it was 30 days ago, with

### tion of daily paper service.

PERSONAL MENTION. Mr. Hy, Ellers, president of Ellers Music Company, returned home from San Francisco just in time to attend the Rosenthal recital here. Mr. Ellers reports the work of restoration pro-gressing with unabated vigor, trade in all lines being especially active and business with most merchants larger than ever before the fire, with money

plentiful on every hand. John C. Young, of Baker City, who was recently appointed private secretary to Senstor Jonathan Bourne, is in Portland. It is Mr. Young's intention to remain in this city and take up his new duties upon the return of Senator Bourne to Portland, which he thinks will be some time in May next. Mr. Young is a newspaper man of

Calvin S. Heilig returned yesterday from a trip over the Canadian Pacific as far as Calgary in company with John Cort for the purpose of extending the scope of the Northwestern Theatrical Association, of which he spresident. Ten additional theaters were added in the rapidly growing towns of the Canedia Northwest. He reports business condi-tions flourishing in that section, and coniders that the country has a great future

CHICAGO, March 13 .- (Special.)-The following Portland people are registered at Chicago hotels:
Auditorium—F. Dudley, J. B. Ywen,
Guy Talbott, Mrs. L. D. Smith, Miss mith, S. Chapman. Paimer House-J. D. Lee, C. G. Fui-

Majestic-W. Haddard. Great Northern-W. H. Merrick.

NEW YORK, March 13.-(Special.)-Th ollowing Northwest people registered at New York hotels today:
From Portland-E. C. Delroder and wife at the Prince George.
From Seattle-W. Raymond at the Woodward; R. C. McDonald, at the

Arbuckle Forced to Sell Ranch. CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 13.—John Arbuckle, the New York coffee king, has ordered the manager of his big "P. O"

No Appetite Means loss of vitality, vigor or tone, and is often a precursor of prostrating sickness. This is why it is serious. The best thing you can do is to take the great alterative and tonic Hood's Sarsaparilla Which has cured thousands.

# = Lipman, Wolfe & Co. =

## Thursday Is Linen Day



\$1.75 Tablecloths

On Sale for Thursday Only at the Extremely Low Price of . . . .

offered in Portland. While they last

For Thursday only, we offer 250 half-bleached Pattern Tablecloths of extra quality, absolutely all-pure linen, 8-4 size, border on four sides. Regular value \$1.75. Without doubt the greatest genuine linen bargain ever

# Lingerie Waists--Silk, Lace

## and Net Waists



Fashion's mandate is variety in Waists. The plain tailored Linen Waists will obtain to a certain degree, but cannot displace the lacy lingerie mulls and lawns we show. Cluny Lace Waists are greatly favored, but vie with the new filet laces, and nets try to outshine the soft transparent silk Waists that have burst in upon us and taken us all by storm, they are so exquisitely beautiful. So you see we have variety enough in material alone. not to mention the many graceful new styles or the numerous and intricate combinations in trimmings. These run all the way up to \$35.00

But to return to the Lingerie Waists. The style portrayed to the left is but one of the dainty mulls we are showing. It has sheer embroidery yoke that is outlined with a fine lace motif, and the tucks give it a graceful fullness. Some very especial values are on display today.

anch, containing 55,000 acres, and lying north of this city, to sell the ranch at once, together with the stock, which consists of \$125,000 worth of cattle and horses. The sale is due to the recent action the Government in forcing Arbuckle t tear down 45 miles of fences erected o next. Mr. Young is a newspaper man of Government lands, and in the absence of long experience, and has been identified a land-leasing law. Arbuckle has no place to range his livestock. Arbuckle has been number of years.

> Headaches and Neuralgia From Colds. Lazative Bromo Quinine, the world-wide cole and grip remedy, removes cause. Call for ful name. Look for signature E. W. Grove. 25c

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS

W.G.SMITH&CO. Washington Building 

Bring Your Eye Troubles To Experienced Men if You Want the

OREGON OPTICAL CO. Y. M. C. A. Bldg.

Free Eye Examination by the Latest Scien-tific Appliances. Buy

# Dr. Graves' **Tooth Powder**

Avoid discomfort, danger and unpleasant after taste by refusing all other powders or fect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsi-pastes, washes and soaps. ness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue pastes, washes and soaps. Your dentist will advise you. In handy metal cans or bottles, 2

Dr. Graves' Tooth Powder Co.

COFFEE

The responsible man is the roaster; his is the

name to go-by. Your grocer returns your money if you don't

like Schilling's Best.

GRAND OPENING EILERS PIANO HOUSE Today and Tomorrow

See Announcement, Page 7



Positively cured by these They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsis, Indigestion and Too Hearty Fating. A per-Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They

Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose Small Price.