CAN MAKE ALCOHOL

Yerkes Answers Criticisms on Law for Farmers.

SMALL STILLS ALLOWED

Cheapest Denaturants Allowed and Distilleries of Ten Gallons' Capacity Possible-Standard Does Not Control Materials.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Feb. 17.—Representative Jones of Washington, in order to ascertain just what benefits will accrue to farmers under the denatured alcohol law of last session, laid before Internal Revenue ington, Feb. 17.-Representative Jones of what benefits will accrue to farmers under the denatured alcohol law of last session, laid before Internal Revenue Commissioner Yerkes several clippings from Washington state newspapers criti-cising the law and holding it to be bene-ficial only to the Standard Oil Company. In reply Mr. Yerkes sent a letter of ex-planation to Mr. Jones and inclosed a more exhaustive letter on the same sub-ject, which he had written in answer to complaints that came from Minneapolls, The two letters are self-explanatory. That to Mr. Jones is as follows:

Will Pay Farmer to Distill.

The newspaper clipping is an aggregation of error and misstatement. There is no reason, in view of the law or the regulations, why the farmer should not build his distillery and engage in the production of alcohol for de

The article states that the production of alcohol by any but a large plant is virtually

The law of June 7, 1906, changed in no r The law of June 7, 1896, changed in no respect whatever the internal revenue system that has been in force for 40 years controlling the production of distilled spirits. It takes that product, when completed in the form of alcohol and allows it to be withdrawn free of Governmental tax when there is added to it

material which destroys its beverage qualities and its use for liquid medicinal purposes. A large plant is not necessary. There are today hundreds of distilleries in operation in United States whose total cost, for the distillery itself and the warehouse, does not exceed \$500. Some cost less. Co-operative plants can be constructed today by the farmers, just as they could have been constructed for a half

No Minimum Capacity.

The article states that the plant must have a capacity of 500 gallons of alcohol per day.
This is absolutely error. A plant can be constructed that will produce ten gallons a day
or 10,000 gallons a day. The question of cutput is a matter to be determined absolutely by the distiller.

As to inspection and Governmental surveil iance of these plants, this is required and to absolutely necessary to protest the Government against fraud. Alcohol when demaiured pays a tax of about \$2 per wine gallon. Naturally the Government must expecise the strictest cu-pervision to prevent the fraudulent with-drawal of alcohol from the distillery and tu-heing placed upon the market without the payment of tax.

as to inspection by the Government of these plants and surveillance of them, that is a matter of no financial import to the thetiller. The Government pays the milary of the inspector, whether he remains at the distillery every hour that it is in operation or whether he visits if once a week.

So far as the densitaring agents are concerned and their cost, every effort has been made to reduce that so a minimum.

In his letter on the Minneapolis complaint Mr. Yerkes said:

plaint Mr. Yerkes said: Minneapolis Man Ignorant.

I thank you for calling my attention to an interview in the Minneapolis paper you inclose in which the gentleman giving the interview criticises severely—and severity in criticism is often the result of absolute ignorance—the recent legislation of Congress with regard denatured alcohol and the regulations made this law,

Among other things he expresses surprise be cause the department requires alcohol that now pays a tax of about \$2 per wine gallon to be denatured with anything, because that any-thing must add to the cost of the article to

The Congress in its law provided that alco-hol now bearing the internal revenue tax above stated could be withdrawn from a bonded warehouse free of this tax, provided it were mixed in the presence of and under the direc-tion of an authorized Government officer, with methyl (wood) alcohol or other denaturing material or materials, destroying the character of the alcohol as a heverage and rendering it unfit for liquid medicinal purposes. Therefore, the addition of some recognized

denaturant is legally necessary. The gentleman interviewed complains bitterly that this department accepted the denaturant now used by Great Britain, namely, a certain percentage or wood alcohol and benzine.

Must Use Denaturant.

That some denaturing material must be selected is plain from the law. When this office came to consider the question, it naturally, properly and sensibly made a study of the systems used abroad for the past half century. Great Britain uses for completely denaturing purposes 10 per cent of wood alcohol and bensine, Germany, wood alcohol and a pyridin base, say, bone oil. The testimony of govern-inent experts abroad is that wood alcohol is the best denaturant that can be employed, and this for a variety of reasons. To it is added bearing or bone oil, something to impart a distinct and unpleasant odor to the denatured spirits. This department did not follow the English formula absolutely, but decreased to some extent the wood alcohol-

The regulations were issued September 29. Later, by reason of the fact that the price of wood alcohol as offered for denaturing purposes was higher than this office had believed it would be, on December 10 a regulation was tesued, allowing the use, if denaturers pre-ferred it, of the German system, namely, 2 per cent of wood alcohol and a half of 1 per cent of a pyridin base. This regulation of De-cember 10 was sent broadcast throughout the country, yet your interviewed gentleman on December 21 mains that this office allows only the use of the British formula.

The people of the United States have the right to use the German formula, which, according to the statement in the Minneapolis paper, Consul Mason, of Paris, thinks is the cheapest and best on earth. I regret that the gentleman who gave the interview disknown this. He could have known it if he been as diligent in the search for information has be were collections.

be was voluminous in the field of criticism. Whether or not any of these articles are controlled by trusts, as the gentleman states, is a matter for investigation and determination by

No Change in Regulations.

The new law did not change in any regard the mode controlling the production of alco-hol. A distillery furnishing alcohol for denaturing purposes must be constructed just as the law for 40 years has required it. Every effort has been made by this department to facilitate the use of the denatured article—to place it in the hands of the consumer as cheaply as possible.

I think the gentleman perhaps has been led believe by use of the expression "free al-hel" that the Government would give it to him absolutely without cost and pipe it directly into his plant. He says he is ready to build a plant. I hope he will construct it. There is no reason why it would not be a profitable venture; and if he will take the trouble to study the laws and regulations, it is possible then, in the full light of real information, his foundations will be laid as soon as the frost is out of the Minnesota earth.

This interview reminds me of editorical is have seen in certain Minnesota earts.

have seen in certain Minnessta papers. One of them—a paper of a great metropolis of Min-nescta—estived that under, the regulations of this office no distillery could produce alcohol

for denaturing purposes unless it had a daily average production of 500 gallons. The simple truth is that there is no legal or departmental restriction on the size of any distillery. Many are in operation that produce ten gallons a

Change Regulations to Suit.

Another condition the gentlemen in the Northwest seem to have overloaded. They complain because the law and regulations were not made for the purpose of meeting the needs of small farm distilleries. The law was made to meet existing conditions.

Whenever the farm distillery becomes a fact and there is no reason under this law why

and there is no reason under this law t should not—then a new regulation w made to meet the new conditions arising by reason of the change in modes, methods and places of production. As a matter of fact, alcohol is now produced at few distilleries, and those large ones. Whenever the change for the small distillery comes, the Government will arrange in every way possible to facili-tate and increase their construction and opera-tion.

In another letter sent to Mr. Jones in speaking of the charge that the Standard Oil Company would have a monopoly in the matter, Mr. Yerkes said the charge was without a just basis. He said:

Benzine will be produced by many other companies than the Standard Oil Company. The latter company does not produce pyridin base, there being only one plant in the United States mental operations, is absolutely under the con-rol of the Standard Oll Company. For one, I to not believe it, nor do I for a moment con-cur in the thought that this Government cannot protect itself by proper laws against the effort of the Standard Oil Company, or any other company, to unduly interfers with the operations of this denatured alcohol legisla-

The Commissioner further says that the French government has a standing offer of two prizes, one of 30,000 francs, the other 20,000 francs, to the chemist or individual who would furnish that government with a denaturing agent cheaper and better than the one now used.

WILL GIVE NOONDAY TALKS

Rev. George R. Cairns, of Seattle, to Address Business Men.

Rev. George Robert Cairns, of Temple Baptist Church of Seattle, occupied the pulpit of the Second Baptist Church yesterday morning and evening. At the morning service he preached on "The New

Birth and What It Means to the Chris-tian." It was a plain gospel sermon. Rev. Cairns will continue his meeting at this church every night during the week. In addition he will deliver noonday addresses at the Y, M. C. A, on the fol-

doresses at the owing subjects:

Monday, "Daniel, the Iron Willed";
Fuesday, "David the Man of Action";
Wednesday, "Sampson in the Lap of Tuesday, "David the Mednesday, "Sampson Delilah"; Thursday, "Abraham, the Three-fourths Man.

Rev. Cairns is a noted evangelist. These talks to business men will be plain and interesting and practical.

SETBACK TO SEATTLE FAIR

Piles' Efforts in Senate Meet Opposition From East.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washngton, Feb. 17.-Senator Piles made anther attempt yesterday evening to secure bussage of the Seattle exposition bill, but objection was made by Senator Burkett, and the bill went over. It devel-oped today that Senator Hale is opposed to passing the bill this session, inasmuch as it cannot get through the House, and his opposition may prevent favorable ac-tion by the Senate this session.

Pennsylvania Railroad Proud of Its Employes.

COMMITTEE MAKES REPORT

Finds Only 15 Out of 2050 Men Accepted Gifts They Should Not Have Received-Denies Favoritism in Shipments.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.-"A mistaken public opinion, misinformed as to the facts because of the publication of portions, and not the whole, of the therefore basing its conclusions upon insufficient premises, has done grave injustice to the whole service of the of educated, trained and self-respecting men, whose honorable lives have won the esteem of those who know them best; it has its traditions of loyalty and it has had in its successive officers examples of unselfish devotion to duty and steadfast adherence to the

This, in brief, is the report of the pecial committee appointed by the card of directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company nearly a year ago to examine into the facts connected with the acquisition and ownership by officers and employes of the company, of stock or any other interest in any company, the holding of which could

affect the performance of their duty or the company's duty to the public. The alleged acceptance of gratuities by employes of the company was also inquired into by the committee. As a result of its examination of 2050 officers and employes, including every officer of the several companies whose individual action or whose order to any subordinate could effect any discrimination, the committee reports it found that 266 employes are interested in coal or other corporations or firms or with individuals. With the exception of 15, all of these had acquired their interest by purchase. The 15 admitted that they had received gifts of shares or interests in various corporations, and their names have been reported to the presidents of the sev-eral rallroads for appropriate action. Alleged favoritism to certain ship-pers of freight, mainly coal, is treat-ed at considerable length by the committee, which sums up the results of its investigation of this subject with the statement that "there is not and has not been on the part of the rail-road any discrimination as between

shippers in the facilities given for the exercise of that legal right." On charges of discrimination to favored shippers in the bituminous coal fields, the committee quotes the report of a company of expert accountants

MRS. HARRY K. THAW TELLING HER STORY TO THE JURY

SKETCHED FROM LIFE BY A NEW YORK WORLD ARTIST ON THAT EVENTFUL DAY OF THE TRIAL

MACKAY HOLDS TROPHY

plon of Eastern States.

property. The sec. 15-12 for Mackay.

DEAD OF THE NORTHWEST

BAKER CITY, Or., Feb. 17.—Lester Dudley Wells, one of the pioneers of the Presbyterian Church, in which he was actively engaged as minister and missionary for 20 years, passed away at the age of 67 years at the home of his son, Herbert A. Wells, in this city, at the control of the control o testimony of the witnesses before the 8:30 o'clock Thursday morning. Deceased Interstate Commerce Commission, and was born in Chester, O., October 18. 1839. He was given a preparatory and college education, and was considered one of the best scholars in the West, being able to write and speak fluently Pennsylvania Railroad Company. That service is of more than 60 years' agrowth; it is constituted in the main of educated trained and self-respectyears ago. Among the posts of impor-tance which he has filled was that of synodical missionary in the East. He filled pulpits at Montesano and Centralia

Since coming West 12 years ago.

Two children remain to mourn his departure, his wife having passed away four years ago at Aberdeen, Wash. The children are H. A. Wells, of this city, and Mrs. Arthur J. Cole. of St. Johns. one sister and three brothers also re-main—Mrs. Mary P. McCoy, of Ionia, Mich.; Charles K. Wells, of Atlantic City, N. J.; Everett Wells, of Chester-neid, O., and Arthur Wells, residing in

this city tomorrow

Animals That Rarely Drink.

There are some animals which rarely drink; for example, the llamas of Pata-gonia and certain gazelles of the Far East. A number of snakes, lizards and other reptiles live in places devoid of water. A bat of Western America inhabits waterless plains. In paris of Lozere, France, there are berds of cows and goats which hardly ever drink and yet produce the milk for Roquefort cheese.

Rev. A. J. Joslyn at Grace Church In the absence of Rev. Clarence True Wilson, Rev. A. J. Joslyn preached at Grace Methodist Church last night, taking for his text, Il Corinthians, 4:18.
"The things which are seen are temporal: but the things which are not seen

Death of Mrs. Martha Butler.

Mrs. Martha Butler, an old resident of who made an investigation of the mat-ter. The accountants' report declares that "the officers of the railroad com-February 11. She was 59 years old. Burial pany have fair operating or other rea- was in Brainard Cemetery

Retains Title Amateur Tennis Cham-

TUXEDO PARK N. Y. Feb. 17.—Clarence H. Mackey, of the New York Tennis and Racquet Club, by defeating George H. Brooke, formerly amateur champion of the Philadelphia Racquet Club, today in three straight sets on the courts of the Tuxedo Tennis and Racquet Club, re-tains his title as amateur champion of the Eastern states for the gold racquet. Mackay today won the third leg of the gold racquet, which now becomes his property. The scores were 15-8, 15-8 and

Rev. Lester Dudley Wells.

Mrs. E. J. Cornell.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 17.-(Special.)-Mrs died at the family home near that town yesterday. Deceased was 69 years of age and was for many years a resident of Salem. The funeral will take place in

Boston Herald.

the accused men for trial was declared to be a second Dred Scott decision and

lar results.

Lucy Parsons, widow of one of the an-Chicago Haymarket riot, attempted to harangue the audience, but her voice was drowned in the noise and shouting. John M. O'Neil, of Denver, editor of the official journal of the miners' organization, spoke. A collection netted \$120.

DEMAND A FAIR TRIAL.

Mass Meeting of Labor Unions Held at Stockton.

inder the auspices of the local labor councll, resolutions were adopted protesting against the so-called kidnaping of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, the Colorado miners accused of complicity in the mur-der of ex-Governor Steunenberg of Idaho, and demanding a fair trial for the men.

YEAR BEGINS AUSPICIOUSLY

Work for Montavilla Church.

tain repairs for additional room.

At the close of his address the congregation voted to build a room at the rear of the church to cost \$500. Money for this work has been practically as-sured. In addition to this it was voted to spend \$100 in the interior of the auditorium. There has been a large increase in the membership of the church, and reports showed progress in all lines of de-partment work.

JAPANESE COME TO BORDER

Hundreds Filling Mexican Town Awaiting Chance to Cross.

migrants are filling up Cludad Juarez, the Mexican City opposite El Paso, seek-ing admission to the United States. Many of them are penniless and are denied ad-mission, but are being smuggled in. Lately the immigration force has been strengthened and inspectors stationed at smaller towns down the Rio Grande, also at interior towns to pick up these stragglers when they slip in.

nission to inquire into the situation

ALONG WITH THE "EIGHTY-NINERS"

A Pioneer of the Early Days, And setting a pace today that Drives Competition to desperation: WOODS WAS!

HARRY WOODS was the ploneer in cutting prices on meats in Portland. His competitors were forced to follow.

HARRY WOODS sells meats killed and dressed in Oregon-Statements to the contrary by jealous and maddened competition are as false as they are malicle

HARRY WOODS stands for 16 ounces to every pound and forces competition to too that mark and meet him on the platform of a SQUARE DEAL to the people. Harry Woods hits from the shoulder and does not skulk behind the mask of insin

Every time you buy of Woods you encourage a plucky fight against odds-against those dealers who pose as "Trust Busters," but who, if left to themselves, would raise the prices on meats to Portland's consumers. Harry Woods makes these prices you

191061		
BEEF. Per lb.		1 1
ng Beef 4e	MEATS SOLD BY	Stew
der Steak 7c	HARRY WOODS ARE	Shoulder
n Steak10c	GOVERNMENT IN-	Shoulder Front qu
Ribs10e	SPECTED AND REAR	Hind Qu
burger Se	THE STAMP OF AP-	Legs of
VEAL.	PROVAL OF THE	
Per lb. Stew	U. S. GOVERNMENTI CLEAN, PURE,	Loin Cho
st of Veal 10c ider Roast 10c Veal 1214c	HEALTHY, WHOLE- SOME,	Pigs' Fee Sausage

Per 1b. &c Chops.....10c Roast......10c uarter. PORK ...121/2e

Special Prices Given to Hotels and Restaurants

THE HARRY WOOD MARKET COMPANY

The Meatshop on the Corner With Prices on the Square CORNER FIRST AND ALDER STREETS

RAGE AT CAPITAL

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

Do You Believe in His Admini-

that this Administration has and will continue to make Federal stamp upon meats

I am authorized to say to you

Federal stamp upon means and meat-food products stand for something."—Extract from address before the New York State Breed-ers' Association, at Syracuse, N. Y., December 18, 1906, by Hon.

George P. McCabe, Solicitor for United States Department of Agri-culture. (See "U. S. Agricultural Dept. Bureau of Animal Industry Circular No. 101.")

Should

Anarchists, Socialists Unionists on Parade.

RED FLAG IS UNFURLED

Big Demonstration Against Further Detention of Moyer, Heywood

and Pettibone Held in Chicago.

CHICAGO Feb. 17.-Several hundred narchists, socialists and trade unionists paraded the streets here today, carrying ed flags and banners, to mark the anniversary of the arrest and deportation from Colorado of Charles H. Moyer, Wiliam D. Haywood and George A. Pettibone, officials of the Western Federation of Miners accused of complicity in the urder of ex-Governor Steunenberg of

parade was followed by a mass neeting, where revolutionary speeches n English and German were made in ienunciation of capitalists. The decision of the Federal Court up-

olding the Idaho authorities in holding would, it was predicted, bring about simi-

STOCKTON, Cal., Feb. 17.—At a largely attended mass meeting held here tonight

Rev. Gilman Parker Has Done Good

Rev. Gilman Parker began his second year's pastorate of Grace Baptist Church, Montavilla, yesterday under most favor-able auspices. After long absense from able auspices. After long absense from Oregon Dr. Parker was called back from California to the Montavilla church, with the result that in one year the church has been generally revived in every way. At the annual rollcall Tuesday over 155 members responded. The pastor gave a short talk, pointing out the needs of cer-

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 17.-Japanese im

Investigate Spotted Fever Cases.

LONDON, Feb. 17 .- Owing to the alarm ing mortality from spotted fever at Bel-fast, and the high death rate, attributa-ble, it is alleged, to unsanitary conditions in many parts of that city, the government has appointed a royal com-

Writing a Popular Song.

According to a celebrated composer, the popular song, though speered at by the superior, is in reality the ambition of est composers. Thousands of them, he "would give their ears to write a

tune that reached the barrel-organs." And when it has been on the organs some little time a good many other people would wish to dispose of their ears.

AT THE HOTELS.

The Portland P. Van Hore Seattle C. Staylon.

The Portland—R. Van Horn, Seattle; C. Settle, L. Janes, New York, H. W. Woodward, Lynn, Mass, W. B. Linn, Seattle; R. D. McDonald, Seattle; E. Smith, Empire City, M. M. Griffin and wife, New York; W. R. Spidermann, Philadelphia; J. C. Fairchild and wife, New York; W. T. Cobban and wife, Butte; J. G. Esuffer, Chicago; R. Barrie, Philadelphia; G. H. Sandridge, A. H. Coles and wife; San Francisco; J. R. Wurtbeltyn, Cincinnati; P. D. Gordon, San Francisco; J. Shoup, Junean; E. L. C. Farris, Coos Bay; H. Knapp, J. S. Haight, C. Edwards, H. Simmons, New York; E. A. Barriett, San Francisco; P. W. Madison, J. F. Dunn and family, Salt Lake; F. E. Dusison and wife, Los Angeles; W. Bayhr, Spokane; L. J. Hohl, E. W. Connelly, H. B. Cooper, San Francisco; A. C. Abbott, Seattle; D. H. Leck, A. E. Lee, San Francisco; H. M. Adams and wife, J. F. Slaughter, Seattle; S. O. Mayer, Cincinnati, H. M. Henyman, San Francisco; E. S. Hooper, Denver, J. Cochran, Los Angeles; J. N. Hubbard and wife, Chicago; S. H. Campbell, St. Louis; P. W. Ellfott, Chicago; J. T. Whistler, Hermiston, Mrs. M. L. Hunt and maid, city; F. L. Hulery, Wasco.

The Oregon—M. Sander and wife, San Francisco; J. T. Peters, The Dulley, J. Done. J. T. Whistler, Hermiston, Mrs. M. L. Hunt and maid, city; F. L. Hulery, Wasco.

The Oregon—M. Sander and wife, San Francisco; J. T. Peters, The Dalles; J. Donohue and wife, New York; D. D. Hutchinson, Vancouver, B. C.; A. C. Thompson, wife and son, Colorado; M. Watts, Scappoose; J. H. Ricahrds, San Francisco; W. Klipper, J. D. Scharff, New York; H. A. Chadwick and wife, Seattle; E. B. Quick, St. Joseph; G. H. Graves, Salem; W. G. Hanshaw, San Francisco; Mrs. A. Harris, D. W. French and wife, Baker City; R. H. Thompson, Chicago; C. H. Newman, Walla, Walla; A. H. Edlepen, Portland; A. P. Sprague, Elgin; W. H. Simpson, New York; J. C. Basker, Chicago; F. Johnson, Spokane; Louise Bryant, Mrs. F. A. Hansen, Eugene; J. H. Bloedel and wife, Beilingham; A. E. Benton, San Francisco; E. P. McCormack, Solem; B. L. Barty and wife, Dayton; A. A. Perry and wife, Seattle; J. F. Lampley, city; R. E. Dahlberg, St. Paul; H. D. Smith, Hood River; E. Robbina, C. Engle, Molalla; H. H. Matteson, Seattle; A. Thompson and wife, Prinville; F. E. Martin, Baker City; F. A. Dielschneider and wife, McMinnville; M. J. Mullins, city.

The Perklus—J. Boyle, Kalama; L. Peterson North Platte Neb. C. Ray Clayereige.

The Perkins—J. Boyle, Kalama; L. Peteron, North Platte, Neb.; C. Ray, Cloverdale; B. Sackett, Salem; P. Wallace, Miss Wallace, Vancouver, B. C.; W. P. St. Clair and cife, Seattle; A. N. Lawler, San Francisco; Dorgan, Albany; F. P. Uronan, Monaouth; E. Murphy and wife, Dallas; A. hiele, N. F. Carter, S. B. Brown, Seattle; Thiele, N. F. Carter, S. B. Brown, Seattle; O. Mybee, Cazadero; S. W. Bonner, Chicago; G. A. Brown, Vancouver; F. M. Joslin, St. Paul; G. H. Groves, Salem; W. L. Truax, F. C. Whitten, Grant's Pass; E. D. Beagle, Salem; J. R. Wagner, G. Siletz, G. S. Benz, city; F. S. Sawyer, Scattle; R. Innes, O. McGaw, city; G. A. Beachwood and wife; Tacoma; Mrs. McTarnahan, Albany; W. L. Pulman, St. Paul; L. R. Stinson, C. S. Jackson, Salem F. C. Rinchart, Elgin; C. Dannals, Albany; F. Melchira, Chicago; F. E. Van Dusen, Pendleton; C. E. Owen, Pocatello; A. J. Boehan, Payette; H. Van Emmett and wife, city; B. N. Reamer, New York; S. E. Bueren and wife, Miss J. K. Craven,

P. Smith and wife, Condon; C. State Stayton.

The Imperial—E. Riddle, Island City; Fairchild, Heppner; Dr. E. O. Parker wife, Pilor Rock, B. H. Williams, Cod Alene; G. Howe, city; J. W. Connell a wife, Hillshoro; W. T. Emery, Hulpqua, W. Ambrone, Canyon City; E. D. Brit Ashland, Mrs. H. B. Royce, Joseph; W. May, St. Faul; H. H. Cook, C. W. Cook, wife, Caspar; Mr. and Mrs. D. Wris Baker City; S. Hickle, Denver; J. D. Buy J. W. Burns, Condon; D. M. Smith, Vance ver; G. H. Merryman, Klamath Falls; M. C. H. Pickett, Springfield; F. B. Friha Salem; W. C. Peterman, Seattle; E. Mowers, Troutdale; S. P. Bartlett, Cook B. W. J. Bowen, New York; H. D. Nort Grant's Pass; C. Rasch, Helenn; E. Halnes, Forest Grove; Addle G. Miller, Taylor, Albany; D. Stewart, Owemes, N. Miss, O. St. Martin, W. St. Martin, Cars D. W. Dorrance, Newberg; J. Satterwh Ellensburg; Miss Weatherred, Hilliaho Miss Tennessee Weatherred Hilliabror; L. McMahon, Salem; U. L. Walker, Bridal V. T. Suillvan, city; R. Forster and wife. P. deton; Mr. and Mrs. L. Strong, New Yo. P. S. Easterday, Walla Walla; Miss Concity; T. O'Donoghue, San Francisco.

The St. Charles—A. Williams, T. Reity: E. D. McKay, B. Wilson, Cape Holty, T. P. City, E. D. McKay, B. Wilson, Cape Holty; E. Strander, A. Williams, T. Reity: E. D. McKay, B. Wilson, Cape Holty; E. D. McKay, B. Wilson, Cape Holty; E. D. McKay, B. Wilson, Cape Holty; E. Strander, A. Williams, T. Reity: E. D. McKay, B. Wilson, Cape Holty; E. D. McKay, B. Wilson, Cape Holty; E. D. McKay, B. Wilson, Cape Holty; E. P. McK

P. S. Easterday, Walla Walla; Miss Concity; T. O'Donoghue, San Francisco.

The St. Churles—A. Williams, T. Recity; E. D. McKay, B. Williams, T. Recity; E. D. McKay, B. Williams, T. Recity; E. D. McKay, B. Williams, T. Rewissen, Marchard, R. Wormath, Bellingham; F. Lowise, San Friesco, Mrs. J. W. Deane, Kelso; C. T. Geolety; W. H. Deane, Kelso; W. F. Pinschty; F. G. Glenn, San Francisco; M. Kearns, Salem, A. C. Marsters, L. L. Fl. ders, M. Eastman, B. Tawnsend, city; M. Miller and wife, Chicago; H. M. Cis Kalams, B. Fallert, Bellingham; C. K. boum, Estacada; G. E. B. Hainsey, Ore. City; J. M. Purcell, Scattle; W. Smith, I lalia; C. F. Armstrong, Condon; E. K. boum, Salem; D. Johnson, J. Woods, Sh dann L. Word, Weiser; J. Oison, J. Sloan, city; M. M. Gray, Bainier; F. Mendhalt, city; L. G. Pike, Newberg; J. M. Driyahhany; S. H. Cole, Fossil; C. D. Mora Kalams; G. L. Bordman and wife, Gosh J. W. Wetherell, Carson; H. G. Bordm Hood River; W. Walters, Kelso; D. An Palmer; J. W. Thornton, Watsonville; Rodgers, H. Heney, city; W. P. Peterson, Johns; E. Renolds, Tacoma; B. Morgan, D. Hallertin, North Yambill; E. B. Baxt C. W. Stipp, Woodland; E. Lafferty, H. River; F. MeWillis, O. C. Olson, A. Broand slater, Bay View; C. Wilson and w. Mint; J. E. Eldred, Champoeg, Mrs. E. Miller, Mrs. E. Racy, A. J. Landeker, Jeff Miller, Mrs. E. Recy, A. J. Landeker, Jeff and sister, Bay View; C. Wilson and w. Mist; J. E. Eldred, Champoeg, Mrs. B., Miller, Mrs. E. Racy, A. J. Landeker, Jeff son; J. W. Eastman, B. Lumsend, Li. Falls; J. A. Letournan, Kalama; H. C. Joeon, Hood River; W. L. McDonald, A. H. E. Kearney, Aberdeen; S. J. L. Whitm Jefferson; W. C. Natterson, Cattin; B., Bordman, Hood River; H. F. Whetstone, L. Johnson, Medford; E. W. Faferty, J. Wilson, Hood River; D. Bugren, Donov P. Millinger, Houlton.

Hotel Donnelly, Tacoma, Wash, European plan. Rates, 75 cents to \$1 per day. Free bus.

MEN'S DISEASES O

Consultation Free No Pay Unless Cured



In Any Uncomplicated Case. We do not treat all diseases. We treat men only, and cure them to atay cured. We challenge the world for a case of BLOOD POISON, NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY or ALLIED TROUBLES that will not

readily yield to our treatment. To these maladies alone we have carnestly devoted our energies and claim advantages over other physicians in their treatment. If you have treated elsewhere without success you are especially invited to come and see us. We will do by you as we would want you to
do by us if our cases were reversed. Our counsel
will cost you nothing, and our cures are reasonable
and within your reach. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are
cordially invited to consult us. Hundreds right here in Portland have
recently been made well and happy by us, and cheerfully commend our
cures to their afflicted fellow, men. What we have done for cures to their afflicted fellow-men. What we have done for them we can do for you. Every man needing medical attention should carefully

VARICOSE AND KNOTTED VEINS

Under our treatment this insidious disease rapidly disappears. Pain ceases almost instantly. The pools of stagnant blood are driven from the dilated veins, and all soreness and swelling quickly subside. Every indication vanishes, and in its stead come the pride, the power and the pleasures of perfect health and restored manhood.

BLOOD POISON

Our special form of treatment for Blood Poison is practically the result of a life work, and is indorsed by the best physicians of this and foreign countries. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappear completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient prepares anew for the duties of life.

NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY

Our cure stops every drain of vigor and builds up the muscular and nervous system, purifies and enriches the blood, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the liver, revives the spirits and brightens the intellect, makes a new man of you and the best is none too good for your trouble. Don't let your life and health be one of drudgery when a cure is in store for you. If you do not receive any benefit from other physicians come and see us. We know our business and will cure you sound and well, physically and mentally. Call and see us.

If You Cannot Call, Write for Symptom Blanks HOURS-8 to 5, 7 to 8:30, daily; Sundays, 9 to 12. Consultation free.

SURGICAL DISPENSARY CORNER SECOND AND YAMHILL STREETS, PORTLAND, OREGON