FRANCE REJECTS BISHOPS' OFFER

Proposal to Lease Churches Is Called an Insolent Ultimatum.

BRIAND'S FEELINGS HURT

Threatens to Resign When Clemenceau Criticises Him, but Is Mollified by Apology—Chamber Passes Public Meetings Bill.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The Chamber of Deputies this evening concluded the discussion of and adopted public meetings bill by a vote of 550 to 5. During the debate, Minister of Education Briand left the Chamber and threatened to resign. This came about because M. Clemenceau, the Premier, during a reply to criticisms voiced by M. Jaures, the Socialist leader, on what he termed the "present imbroglio," admitted that incoherence existed, but said he, the Premier, although not responsible therefor, intended to stand by his colleagues. M. Briand thereupon retired to the lobby, fully determined to give up his portfolio.

After repeated efforts by his colleagues, M. Briand consented to reconsider his decision and he finally returned to the Chamber with M. Clemenceau. The Premier expressed regrets from the tribune for what he called a pure slip of the tongue and declared that he regarded M. Briand as indispensable for the carrying out of the great reform undertaken by the government. Resumption of debate afforded the Premier opportunity to make a further explanation of the government's attitude in the matter of the bishops' declaration, which he designated as "an insolent ultimatum." "If the episcopate," he said, "considers this a basis for negotiations, we do not respond. The bishops will not obtain anything beyond the common law. We will not concede anything, but we will hold the line of battle with unexhausted resources."

The public meetings bill consists of four sections. The first authorizes meetings without previous declaration of intention; the second repeals the restriction contained in the acts of 1881, 1905 and 1907; the third instructs the Mayors of France to place the existing meeting places at the disposal of the public; and the fourth holds the organizers of meetings responsible for damage. The law will become operative as soon as it passes the Senate.

TAKES FRANCE BY SURPRISE

Offer of Bishops to Lease Churches

Divides Opponents.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The French Cabinet has hardly recovered from its surprise at the proposition which the bishops, with the approval of the Pope, submitted to the government for a modus vivendi upon the basis of a virtual lease of the churches in perpetuity to the parish priests by the Mayors, and apparently some confusion exists as to what course to adopt. While the offhand remarks of Minister of Education Briand in the Chamber of Deputies last night that the conditions proposed were unacceptable do not necessarily exclude the possibility of a compromise, the attitude of the extreme radicals, who are incensed at the peremptory tone of the communication and at the dispatches from Rome reporting the Vatican as being determined, unless the bishops' proposal is immediately adopted, to order the parish priests to leave their churches and suspend worship, greatly embarrasses the Moderates. The latter believe that the government, having accomplished the separation of the church and state, can afford to accept any definite solution of the difficulties in the interest of peace.

Vatican Funds Running Low.

ROME, Jan. 30.—Complaint is made at the Vatican regarding the reports that have become current to the effect that large offerings of Peter's pence are pouring in from all parts of the world. It is stated that the reports are spread by persons evilly disposed, with a view of discouraging the faithful from sending money to the fund.

Far from having a surplus, it is stated this fund is diminishing, and this is a serious matter just now when the need of money is increasing.

VOTE ON SMOOT AT LAST

Senate Agrees to End Controversy and Smoot Is Ready.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate has agreed to vote on the resolution declaring Senator Smoot not entitled to his seat at 4 o'clock Wednesday, February 20.

Senator Burrows presented the proposition to vote in the form of a resolution which provided that the resolution declaring Senator Smoot not entitled to a seat in the Senate shall be taken up for consideration immediately after the morning business on February 20. "And that at 4 o'clock on said day the Senate shall proceed to vote on any amendments, and then upon the resolution itself without further debate."

Senator Allison objected on the ground that considering the present condition of Senate business a whole day ought not to be given up to this matter.

Mr. Smoot, the subject of the resolution, expressed the hope that the objection would be withdrawn. "Personally," he continued, "I should like to have a vote on this matter, and will be only too pleased to have it at an early day. I would further state that rather than take any further time of the Senate, if an early day will suit the Senate, I will be perfectly willing to have it come to a vote without further discussion. But I do hope that the Senator will withdraw his objection."

Senator Dubois urged the same action, and after it was explained that the resolution doubtless would be discussed prior to the date mentioned, Mr. Allison withdrew his objection, and the order was agreed to as suggested by Senator Burrows.

SNEAKING IN BACK ENTRANCE

Mexico Asked to Prevent Immigration of Diseased Assyrians.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 30.—The Mexican government has been formally requested by the United States to aid the latter in preventing undesired immigrants from crossing the border from Mexico into the United States. The American ambassador here has directed a note to the Mexican government calling attention to the influx into the United States of a large number of Assyrians, who are disembarked at Vera Cruz by French and German boats and who later go to the Northern Mexican frontier with the very probable intention of trying to get into the United States.

The especially undesired immigrants who are sent this way try to enter the United States when they know it would be impossible to do so at any of the Atlantic ports, and are those who are afflicted with trachoma. The American embassy, it is said, refers to the immigrants afflicted with infectious diseases. The communication is being considered by the Superior Board of Health and the Commission of Federal Affairs.

In the statement it is said that a large number of Assyrians are ultimately sent to Uniontown, Pa., and that the Syrian colony in that city has agents in Mexico who help the immigrants across the border.

MAKE PACKERS PAY THE COST

Beveridge Says They Use Government Inspection as Advertising.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Senator Beveridge today inquired of Senator Proctor, chairman of the committee on agriculture, when a report might be expected on the bill placing the cost of meat inspection on the packers.

Beveridge held up a large number of newspaper advertisements of meat products in which Government inspection was made the guarantee of purity, and remarked that last year Senator Proctor had said the inspection would be worth millions a year to the packers as an advertisement. "And," continued Beveridge, "we are giving them $3,000,000 a year besides."

Proctor said he had understood it to be the intention to incorporate the inspection bill in the agricultural appropriation bill as an amendment, but that, if separate action was desired, the committee would take up the question.

Hard to Find Good Consuls.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The first of the examinations for the consular service under the new rules laid down by Secretary Root has been fixed for March 14, and the result is awaited with a good deal of anxiety by persons interested in the development of the consular service on civil service lines. The trouble lies in the difficulty of finding applicants properly equipped technically with the necessary knowledge of two or more languages and at the same time possessing an acquaintance with worldly affairs and business methods likely to make them good consuls.

May File on Non-Timbered Land.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate committee on public lands today authorized a favorable report on a bill allowing holders of forest reserve scrip, which was invalidated because of the repeal of the forest reserve lieu section law, to select other non-timbered land. The Secretary of the Interior has reported that about 42,000 acres are involved.

Carrie Nation Barred by Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Carrie Nation, attended by two friends, called at the executive offices of the White House today. She was denied admission, and began to harangue the crowd which had gathered regarding the treatment offered her. After speaking about a minute she voluntarily retired.

Hearings on Coal Land Leasing.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate committee on public lands today considered the policy of the administration to reserve to the Government the title to oil, coal and mineral land. It was decided that there should be public hearings before a sub-committee to be appointed by Chairman Hansbrough.

CONTRACTS NULL AND VOID

Philadelphia Judge Knocks Out Claims of Grafting Ring.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Judge Beitler tonight handed down a decision in the suits of the city against the firm of J. M. McNichol & Co., to recover $5000, which it was alleged had been fraudulently received by the firm on contracts for the construction of the city's filtration plant. The members of the firm at the time the original contracts were awarded were Mrs. McNichol, wife of State Senator James P. McNichol; Israel M. Durham, the Republican leader; John M. Mack, and D. J. McNichol. Sixteen contracts amounting to about $10,000,000 were involved.

Judge Beitler declares null and void five contracts aggregating $2,745,462 which were awarded at the time Senator McNichol was a member of Councils, which body ratified the contracts. He decides that they were obtained illegally, sustaining the contention of the city that Mrs. McNichol and D. J. McNichol were never more than figureheads in the firm. The court decided the five contracts were wrongfully obtained and instructs the contractors to make an accounting to the city of the actual cost of material and work done on these contracts and to refund to the city any profit.

Five other contracts for a total of $1,300,000 were sustained and six were not ruled on, having been already fulfilled by the contractor.

OPEN SIOUX RESERVATION

Agreement to Buy Nearly 1,000,000 Acres on Rosebud Tract.

NORFOLK, Neb., Jan. 30.—The Daily News says that Indian Inspector McLaughlin, of Washington, has just secured an agreement with the Rosebud Sioux Indians for the throwing open by the Federal Government of nearly 1,000,000 acres of land in Trapp County, South Dakota, as soon as details can be attended to. The Indians are to receive $6 per acre for land taken by settlers during the first three months, $4.50 for that taken during the next four months and $2.50 after that, including school land. All Indian children born within the past eight years are to receive allotments. This allotting will require about a year. All land untaken after four years will be auctioned off to the highest cash bidders.

The opening will be conducted similarly to that of the Gregory County lands. There are 1,094,000 acres of reservation land in the county, which will be reduced to about 700,000, it is estimated, when Indian allotments are extracted.

Once Wealthy Man a Suicide.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Edward P. Langworthy, attorney for William R. Wieboldt, a once wealthy merchant and Board of Trade operator, informed the police today that Wieboldt, who has been missing for several days, had thrown himself into the lake. His daughter, however, declared later that she knew nothing regarding the disappearance of her father and she said she was willing to give the police all possible aid in finding him. The police allege that Wieboldt set fire to his store.

Closing Break in Colorado's Bank.

IMPERIAL, Cal., Jan. 30.—Since last Sunday night, when the dumping of rock was begun on the break in the Colorado River, 471 cars have been dumped from the trestle. The rock is now seen above water all the way across the break. Much of the flow has been turned to the old channel. Rapid progress is being made

ONE VACANT CHAIR

Eleven Jurors Secured for Trial of Thaw.

STATE MAY OPEN TODAY

Prosecution's Evidence Will Be Short and Defense Will Bring Out Story of Crime—Stress Is Laid on Insanity.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—There was but a single vacant chair in the Thaw jury box when court adjourned today and it is expected that tomorrow afternoon at the latest District Attorney Jerome will begin his opening address to a completed jury. Then the defendant, his wife and all the members of his family who are able to be in court must listen to the story of the roof garden tragedy, told in all its dramatic detail and as impressively as lies within the power of the people's officer to portray.

Just how far back he will delve into the history of the principals in the famous case no one but Mr. Jerome knows. He has not related the plans of his opening address to anyone, though it has been intimated authoritatively that the direct evidence of the prosecution will be of the briefest possible character, dealing only with the incidents leading up to the killing and the story of the tragedy itself as seen by eye-witnesses. One or two witnesses may be heard as to the alleged motive for the crime. It remains for the defense to open the way to testimony which has to do with any relations which may have existed between Stanford White and Evelyn Nesbit prior to the slaying of the architect. Thaw's attorneys probably will not reply to Mr. Jerome tomorrow, reserving their opening until the state has finished.

Two More Jurors Secured.

Two jurors were assigned to the trial panel today, making 11 in all. In an effort to complete the jury the attorneys exhausted the second special panel of talesmen summoned for the trial. A new panel of 100 was ordered and will be in court tomorrow morning. The twelfth juror will be chosen from the new list and should be in the box before recess. Sixty-five talesmen were examined today, breaking all records of the trial thus far. The highest number on any previous day was 51.

Harry C. Brearley, an advertising agent, was the first talesman to qualify. He took the place made vacant by the dropping out of Harold R. Faire yesterday. Mr. Brearley told the attorneys for the defense that he had no prejudice whatsoever against a plea of insanity and that in judging such a plea he would be guided by the principle of allowing the defendant the advantage of every reasonable doubt.

The afternoon juror, Henry I. Kleinberger, a silk merchant, said he knew very little about the subject of insanity and would have to be guided by the instructions of the court in arriving at a conclusion on such a plea. He did not think his judgment would be unduly swayed by sympathy or emotion.

Signs of Insanity Plea.

The manner in which Thaw's attorneys continued to dwell upon the subject of insanity in their examination of various talesmen seemed to indicate that a plea of temporary insanity, which would be a legal defense, will eventually be entered. In developing this plea that Thaw was insane at the time of the tragedy, the defendant's attorneys may bring in such details as they and the prisoner believe will influence the sympathy of the men who may have an undefined belief in the so-called "unwritten law."

There is much speculation as to what course Mr. Jerome will pursue if Thaw's counsel begin to develop their plea of temporary insanity. He is prepared to combat the proceedings to an abrupt halt and apply for the appointment of a commission to decide whether or not the defendant is insane at the present time. Or he may let the matter be fought out in open court, expert for expert. In that event the trial will drag out to a great length.

Two Thaw Women Absent.

Neither Mrs. William Thaw, the prisoner's mother, nor his sister, the Countess of Yarmouth, was in court today. The day opened stormy after a heavy snowfall, and, as both Mrs. Thaw and the Countess are nursing colds, they decided not to risk their health today by being in court during the dull process of selecting a jury.

"Tell the newspaper men," Thaw said to one of his counsel, "that I advised my mother and both my sisters to stay at home today and take care of themselves."

Mrs. Carnegie disobeyed the injunction, however, and was present. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw and her companion, Miss May McKenzie, were early in the courtroom.

Thaw passed an uneasy night, and was especially annoyed by the excusing of Harold Faire, the broker, who had made a good impression on him.

Newspaper Artists Shut Out.

Justice Fitzgerald announced through the court officers that no more sketches should be made during the trial. Artists from most of the principal Eastern cities have been in court from day to day, and have not been restricted in any way whatever.

There was a wild story going the rounds of the Criminal Court building today to the effect that there was a fund of $100,000 for use in corrupting a juror. It was given no credence whatever in any responsible quarters. For the first time talesmen called today were asked if they had been approached by anyone in connection with the case since being summoned. All replied, "No."

ARMY ACTS ITS RELIGION

(Continued from First Page.)

can get at. You will find that last year they furnished over 12,000,000 meals to hungry men, and supplied 4,000,000 beds to homeless wanderers who had no place to sleep. You will find that they visited and assisted 100,000 families who were in distress.

You will find that they distributed 600 tons of coal and 122,000 pounds of ice. You will find that these poke-bonneted slum angels gathered in 13,000 homeless children, poor little wastrels of humanity, wandering aimlessly in the jungles of our cities, and placed them in the snug, warm Rescue Home. The Army manages to maintain with the nickels and dimes its workers pick up by passing the tambourine. If you have not been in the habit of giving the girls in blue something when they approach you, I hope you will never let the tambourine go by again. The price of a good cigar, which you in your fattened prosperity can well afford to give, will surely be put to good use. It will buy food or a bed for some poor unfortunate, who in all likelihood will be much in need of the mercy of God and the charity of man.

Work in Slums and Farms.

And the Army does still more things than I have named. It is doing a grand settlement work in the slums of the large cities. A body of women in plain gingham dresses and aprons will rent a room in the worst tenement house they can find, clean it up, put in simple furniture and then begin to "neighbor" among the pitiful people about them. They nurse the sick, teach the well better ways of living, conduct sewing and cooking classes, plan fresh air excursions for the little ones, take care of neglected children whose mothers are away at work and shroud the dead. This is one way of using the dime you put in the tambourine. But there are still other things they do with it.

The Army owns nearly 3000 acres of farm land, divided into colonies at Fort Romie, Cal.; Fort Amity, Colo.; and Fort Herrick, O. The settlement workers in the slums gather up families who are having a hard time of it and encourage them to make a new try at life in the open air. The family is settled on a good piece of land with the privilege of buying it later. Many of those located in this unique way are making money as chicken-raisers, truckgardeners, etc. Think of the boon it is to famished children who have known only the crowded, stifling conditions of tenement life, to be in the open air with green grass under their feet, and birds singing in the trees above them. Don't be stingy with your dimes and quarters the next time the girl in blue comes along with her tambourine.

Women Began Good Work.

A woman first thought of reaching the people of the slums by means of the Salvation Army. She was the wife of a preacher and saw that the good message her husband was trying to impart was going over the heads of the people of the great submerged under-world of London. She saw that the big churches with their organs and orderly equipment remained vacant of the poor. She conceived the idea of going on the street and making a noise to attract eyes and ears that had long been dulled to thoughts of higher living. The level they struck is still beyond the pale of the ordinary church work. This woman was the wife of William Booth, and their first service was held in an old tent in a burying-ground in Whitechapel, London, on Sunday, July 2, 1865.

Commander Ballington Booth, son of General Booth, left the Salvation Army shortly after he came to the United States to organize a similar work under the name of Volunteers of America. His wife was Miss Maude Charlesworth, a woman of artistocratic family and excellent education, who left a luxurious home to become a worker in the ranks. Once in Sweden she wished to attract the students of the University of Upsala to her meetings. They were a ribald set, eager for some new sport, and she knew if an appeal were made direct to them they would doubtless either come and break up her meetings or not come at all. So she skillfully worded the big invitation posters in Latin and had them placed conspicuously over the city. It was a tribute to the learning of the students and caught their fancy at once. As a result 1600 of the 2000 students attended the meeting and gave her an orderly, respectful hearing.

Pioneers of Salvation.

A much different method was that adopted by a young girl in London. This worker had been converted from the slums and wanted to reach the people of her class, even at the expense of her own dignity. She arrayed herself in eccentric style, with streamers of varied hues floating from her dress and hair, and carried a large placard which read: "I Am Happy Eliza." She paraded the streets and alleys of the poorer quarters and soon had an immense crowd following her, many of them old friends and associates. She of course led them to the gospel meeting-house, where they heard the music and the sermon.

The pioneers in the work of the Salvation Army in America were one commissioner and a party of six girls, who were sent over by General Booth in 1879. One member of this party, Adjutant Ella Westbrook, is still living. The first service in America was held in an old chair factory in Philadelphia. Commander Booth Tucker, one of the highest officers of the Army, was a Judge on the Queen's bench in India. He received by chance a copy of the War Cry. He read it and applied for six months' leave of absence. He went to London, where he visited General Booth and saw the operations of the Army in its campaign against vice. At the end of six months he resigned his position as Judge in India and applied for admission to the Army as an officer.

He later married the daughter of his commander. This devoted woman, Emma Booth Tucker, was killed in a railroad wreck near Kansas City not long ago. General William Booth, founder and head of the Salvation Army, is still living and the veteran will visit the United States in March on his way to Japan, where he goes to visit the branch of the Army in the Island Empire of the East. His daughter, Eva Booth, is in New York in charge of the work in this country.

Attract Capital to Islands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A public hearing was had today before the Senate committee on the Philippines in support of the plan of the Philippines Commission to induce capital into the islands to be employed as loans on agricultural land and providing a Government guarantee of 4 per cent on such investments. There were heard in support of the proposition, Professor E. W. Kemmerer of Cornell University, Professor Jeremiah Jenks, financial expert employed by the War Department, and the former Governor of the Philippines, Henry C. Ide. Mr. Ide showed that without the proposed Government guarantee capital hesitates to go into the islands and that farmers therefore are in the hands of usurers. The plan proposes that the Government shall not be liable for more than $500,000. All the men appearing before the committee opposed the plan of establishing a Government Agricultural bank.

Headaches and Neuralgia From Colds. Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world-wide cold and grip remedy, removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature E. W. Grove. 25c.

Notion Specials

Box Writing Paper—Linen crash finish, 35c val., special.....19¢
Fountain Pens—Hard rubber barrel, 14-karat gold pen; regular value, $2.50; special.....85¢
Fountain Syringe—2-quart size, red or white; $1.25 val. for.85¢

Olds, Wortman & King
Fifth, St. Washington, St. Sixth, St.

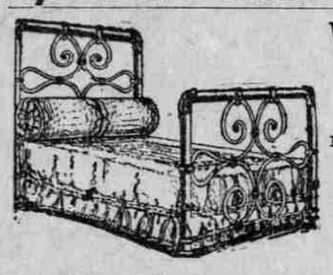
Clearance Sale LASTS JUST 3 DAYS MORE

Sleeveless Silk Vests $1.25; Hosiery Reduced

WOMEN'S SLEEVELESS SILK VESTS, fine ribbed, plain and crocheted yoke; big $1.50 and $1.75 values; cream and pink; broken lines. Special **$1.25**
Same as above, in $2.00 and $2.50 values; broken lines. Special **$1.69**
WOMEN'S WHITE COTTON VESTS, Merode, medium light weight; long and short sleeves; ankle and knee length; tights to match; 50c values **42c**
Women's Cream Tinted Merode Vests, cotton, medium weight, long and short sleeves; ankle length; tights to match; 65c values. Special, each **55c**
Women's 35c Sleeveless Vests, lisle; special..... **30¢**
Women's 25c Sleeveless Vests, cotton; special..... **21¢**
Women's 15c Sleeveless Vests, cotton; special..... **12¢**
Children's Fine White Lisle Vests, long sleeves and no sleeves; knee pants to match; values to 35c. Special **18c**
Children's Silver Gray Merino Vests and Pants; broken lines; values to 80c. Special, each **40c**

WOMEN'S FINE BLACK IMPORTED COTTON HOSE, full shaped, double sole, spliced heels; also black with white soles. Clearance price **21c**
WOMEN'S BLACK COTTON HOSE, plain and fine ribbed, full shaped, double sole, spliced heel; also black with white sole; also black with embroidered boots; regular 35c. Clearance special **30c**
WOMEN'S BLACK COTTON HOSE, medium weight and gauze weight; also with white cotton sole; regular price 50c. Clearance special **42c**
WOMEN'S BLACK LISLE HOSE, with embroidered boots; broken lines of 75c, 85c and $1.00 hose; also in blue and tan. Special clearance price **55c**
WOMEN'S BLACK SILK HOSE, medium weight and great $1.50 value. Special **$1.25**
CHILDREN'S BLACK FINE RIBBED LISLE HOSE, seamless foot; 25c value. Special, pair **18c**
Children's Black Cashmere Hose, seamless foot; big 30c, 35c, 40c and 45c values. Special, **25c, 30c, 34c**.. **39c**

Special Prices on Bedding



White Lace Bed Set, for brass or iron beds, with deep scalloped and trimmed with lace edge and insertion; a regular $14 value, selling this week for only **$8.50**
Fine Corded Arabian Lace Curtains, mounted on best quality cable net; a lot of about 50 pairs in all, divided into two lots and very specially priced for this week, the regular $7.50 grades selling for **$5** and the $9.50 ones for **$6.50**
Real Eiderdown Comforts, covered with best quality sateen, in very pretty designs; regular $6.50 values, special **$5.50**
White Wool Blankets, size 72x84 inches, with silk-bound ends and pink or blue borders; regular $8.50 quality, for **$6.75**
The regular $5.25 grade **$4.15**
The regular $6.00 grade **$4.85**
Pillows, filled with goose feathers; size 28x23 in.; regular value $7; special **$5.50**
Feather Pillows, size 19x27 inches; regular price $4; special **$2.95**
White Wool Blankets, large size, have pink or blue borders, good weight, and are mighty good values at $11 the pair; special **$9.00**

$10 Silk Waists for $3.85

Charming, clever conceptions, in rich bodices of lace or silk, for evenings and "dress" occasions; original and pleasing styles, constructed of rich, heavy all-over lace or shimmering silken textiles. The lace waists come in cream or white and the silk waists in plain white or colors, in plaids and stripes. The regular values of these waists run to as high as $10 each, but now you may choose from 300 beauties at this low price **$3.85**
Women's Shirtwaists and Jacket Suits, in velvet or cloth; smart little costumes for street or house wear, in natty styles and made of good, dependable materials. Every one in the store in this great sale, and for quick choosing they're divided into three lots and priced like this:
Lot 1, ranging in price from $78.50 to $95 regularly; special **$24.85**
Lot 2, ranging in price from $35.00 to $48.50 special . **$14.65**
Lot 3, ranging in price from $25.00 to $32.50 special ... **$9.75**
Women's Suits, of all-wool materials, in long or short coat styles, lined with silk or satin; come in black, brown, blue and mixtures. There are about 150 in this lot; some of the neatest suits for the money ever sold in the West. Now the price goes down again, and you may choose from suits worth up to $38.50 each for only **$7.49**

Men's Shoes for $2.89 Pair

Men's Shoes, in lace; two styles, made of unusually fine leathers, in kid and velour calf, Blucher style, with Goodyear welt solt. One is made on a new straight last, the other on the smart swing last. You save just 61c on each pair of these you buy, for the price now is only **$2.89**
Boys' Shoes, of good solid leather; a lot of odd lines, but among them there are so many sizes and pairs that nearly any boy who'll bring in his feet may be fitted; sizes 9 to 2; worth to $2.25 the pair, for only **$1.39**
Sizes 2½ to 5½, worth to $2.75 the pair, choice **$1.89**

A Great Corset Special

A new model of the splendid **Royal Worcester Corset**, high-bust style; extremely long over hips, with hose supporters at front and sides. Made of white or drab coutil, and come in sizes 19 to 30; regular price $2.00; special **$1.29**
We continue the sale of Bustles, and while they last you may buy a good one for only **12c**
COLORED SATEEN PETTICOATS, in all shades, a great assortment. For today we offer every one in the entire lot at **ONE-FOURTH BELOW REGULAR**... **1/4**

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, in sailor or Buster Brown style, made of wool materials and nicely trimmed. Come in cream and all colors. While they last, **HALF PRICE**..... **1/2**
SPECIAL LINE CHILDREN'S SWEATERS AT HALF PRICE.
SAMPLES OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR, that have been shown by factories, including drawers, long skirts and nightgowns; splendid assortment of trimmings and styles; ½ **regular prices**..... **1/2**

Child'ns Dresses For $2.99 Each

Children's Dresses, made of black and white checked goods, and trimmed with red braid, for little girls from 6 to 14 years of age; regular values to $6 each; very special, each **$2.99**
Entire Stock of Small Children's Coats Now at Half Regular Price.

Table Linen 94c Worth $1.10

Table Damask, by the yard, specially fine quality and good width, in three grades, priced like this: The regular $2.25 quality for **$1.94**, the $1.75 grade for **$1.48**, and the $1.10 quality only... **94c**

SCROFULA A FAMILY BLOOD TAINT

Scrofula is not a disease that is acquired, under ordinary circumstances. It is a deep-seated family blood taint, handed down from generation to generation, blighting the lives and sapping the vital forces of innocent persons who have inherited this legacy of disease. Parents who are blood relations or who have a consumptive tendency, or blood disease of any character, are sure to transmit it to their offspring, and it usually takes the form of Scrofula. Swollen glands, brittle bones, weak eyes, sores and eruptions on the body, Catarrh, and often deformities with hip disease, are the principal ways in which the trouble is manifested. In some cases the blood is so filled with scrofulous germs and poisons that from birth the sufferer is an object of pity because of suffering and a total lack of health, while in other instances favorable surroundings and prudent living hold the disease in check until later in life. A deep-seated blood disease like Scrofula can only be reached by the very best constitutional treatment. A remedy is required that can renovate the entire blood supply and drive out the scrofulous and tuberculous deposits. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers; it goes to the very bottom of all blood disorders and removes every taint and poison from the circulation, makes rich, healthy blood and cures Scrofula permanently. S. S. S. supplies the weak, diseased blood with the rich, health-sustaining properties it is in need of, and makes this life stream fit to supply every part of the system with strength and vitality. Scrofula yields to S. S. S. because it is a natural blood purifier. Write for book on the blood and any medical advice desired. No charge for either.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.