EIGHTY MEN DEAD IN WRECKED MINE

Dust Explosion Snuffs Out Lives Near Fayetteville, W. Va.

RESCUE WORK IMPOSSIBLE

Foul Gas Almost Overcomes Men Who Try to Descend Ill-Fated Stuart Shaft—Most of the Dead Leave Families.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 29.—With a detonation heard for miles and hurling debris hundreds of feet in the air, dust in the Stuart mine near Fayetteville exploded this afternoon, bringing a terrible death to 80 or more men who were at work 500 feet below the surface.

There is no chance that any will be taken out alive, for it is thought that the terrific force of the explosion snuffed out their lives instantly. It will not be possible for rescuers to reach the bottom of the shaft for 48 hours.

The disaster is perhaps the worst in the number killed in the history of this state. Most of the men were Americans and many of them were married and had large families. There were a dozen or more colored men and about 20 aliens among the victims.

The rescue work was begun as soon as the shafthouse could be replaced. About two hours after the explosion three men were lowered into the shaft in an improvised bucket. Before descending 62 feet, two were overcome and the other was barely able to give the signal to hoist. Further attempts were abandoned. Air was supplied by large fans, but the mechanism was damaged and the fans were idle for about two hours. The fans have been started again and, if the men are not all killed, it may be that they will have air enough to survive until the rescuers reach them.

The Stuart mine has only one opening, although an entry has been driven to connect with a parallel mine a short distance away. The shaft is 568 feet deep and has three compartments, two for the cages and one for air. Smoke and dust poured into the air for hundreds of feet from the ventilating compartment and it was wrecked. It is stated that nearly all the men were at work in the entries near the bottom of the shaft.

No official announcement of the disaster or its cause has yet been made by the officers of the company. That dust caused the explosion is stated by persons at the scene, but the investigation may prove otherwise. It is stated that little or no gas has been encountered.

DEAD AT SAARBRUECKEN, 148

Less Than Half Bodies Recovered. Survivors Describe Escape.

SAARBRUECKEN, Rhenish Prussia, Jan. 29.—An official report, revised this afternoon, places the number of dead in the Reden mine at 148, of which 63 have been brought out.

During the morning escaping gas from the Bildstock shaft was caught and analyzed by chemists, and the result showed that the fire was diminishing.

Shortly before 4 o'clock General Manager von Velsen with 150 men started into the mine to rescue the 86 bodies still under ground. Two hours later the winding machinery began to bring bodies rapidly to the surface. This work will continue throughout the night.

Stories from the rescued miners show a number of hairbreadth escapes. One man said:

"We were resting for breakfast, when suddenly a rumbling sound was heard. The foreman shouted: 'Every man to the shaft; save yourself who can.' We ran like mad toward shaft No. 3. We encountered poisonous gases and it grew harder and harder to breath. The mile to the shaft, littered with bodies and fallen rocks, seemed without end. Suddenly my senses left me and I fell. I was picked up by a fellow-workman. When I regained consciousness, I was above ground."

The disaster would have been much greater but for the fact that three months ago a gallery was cut through to the other shaft. By means of this many of the 600 men escaped.

According to the latest information the explosion was caused by coal dust.

WOMAN DEMENTED WITH JOY

Confronted by Husband She Believed Dead in Mine.

FRANKFURT-ON-THE-MAIN, Jan. 29.—A dispatch to the Zeitung from Saarbruecken says there are still 72 bodies underground in the Reden mines. Of the bodies brought out only 24 have been recognized; the others are so burned that their identity cannot be established.

One woman was demented when she was confronted by her husband, she having believed him among the dead. A number of Swiss and French newspaper correspondents have reached Saarbruecken. The cause of the explosion remains a mystery.

BURN RAILROAD FOR FUEL

DESPERATE THREAT OF NORTH DAKOTA PEOPLE.

Elliott Says Trains Are Stuck in the Snow, but Hopes to Break Blockade Thursday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—A telegram to the Interstate Commerce Commission from New Rockford, N. D., says the fuel situation there is so desperate that the people will burn railroad property for fuel in less than 48 hours.

The Commission received the following message from President Elliott, of the Northern Pacific Railway:

"Referring to my message of January 26, regret to say that relief trains, in spite of all we have been able to do, have not been able to get by Carrington. Snow and storms have been so great that trains have stuck and damaged snowplows in trying to get through the heavy drifts. Hope very much to get everything through there not later than Thursday."

Sell Out Delinquents for Taxes.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—About the biggest tax sale ever proposed in the city of New York has been ordered by Controller Herman A. Metz. He has instructed Daniel Moynahan, Collector of Assessments and Arrears, to proceed at once with the sale of all property in the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond on which arrears prior to 1904 exist. Millions of dollars are involved.

The sale will include uncollected special franchise taxes on railroads and other corporations. The Long Island Railroad Company paid up its special franchise tax today. It amounted to $325,000 for 1905, 1904 and 1905.

SNOW BLOCKADE IS WORSE

Another Blizzard Prevents Opening of Three Northern Roads.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 29.—The snow blockade and fuel famine in the Northwest continues, and relief seems about as remote as ever. During the last 24 hours another snowstorm has swept North Dakota and Minnesota. From points along the Soo, Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railroads come statements about stalled trains, deserted engines and snowplows.

Hundreds of cars of coal and groceries started westward in the wake of the rotaries, but may not reach their destination for days or weeks.

OLLIVER FINDS PARTNERS

CONFIDENT OF CANAL CONTRACT DESPITE ENEMIES.

He Secures Substantial Backing While Protests Against Him Pour Into Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—William Olliver, of Knoxville, Tenn., whose bid to construct the Panama Canal has been accepted, said tonight that the syndicate he is forming "will certainly meet the approval of President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft."

Mr. Olliver authorizes the Associated Press to say that he has entered into partnership with Frederick C. Stevens, president of the Commercial National Bank of this city, who was recently appointed superintendent of public works of New York. Messrs. Olliver and Stevens have established permanent headquarters here and on signature of the contract Mr. Olliver will assume charge on the Isthmus, while Mr. Stevens will direct the work from this end.

J. C. and A. M. Stewart, of New York City, members of the contracting firm of J. C. Stewart & Co., are in Washington and have been in conference with Mr. Olliver today. Mr. Olliver says that Stewart & Co. have submitted a proposition to him, but that it has not been accepted. It is the opinion in official circles tonight that this may be done.

That the fight on Mr. Olliver has not ended is made clear from telegrams he has received from friends in New York and Knoxville. He is informed that petitions are being circulated in New York protesting against the Government's awarding the contract for digging the canal, while in Knoxville, he says, an effort is being made to connect him with peonage cases.

HANDS UP, SAYS GOVERNOR

Davidoff Takes No Chances of Assassination on Street.

PEODOSIA, Russia, Jan. 29.—Governor-General Davidoff, in fear of assassination, has issued orders that all men who meet him on the street shall turn their backs and throw up their hands until he has passed out of sight.

ELECTION RETURNS DOCTORED

Russian Government Conceals Liberal Victories to Influence Voters.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 29.—It was learned tonight that the government news bureau is printing two sets of election bulletins. One is for secret distribution to officials, while the other is for public circulation. Up to the present time the latter bulletins have not mentioned the election of a single Constitutional Democratic, Social Democratic or Social Revolutionary candidate except among the working men; they refer only to monarchist and moderate candidates.

The charge that the bulletins given to the public are colored to show Liberal defeats apparently are justified to a certain extent, but the opposition leaders now admit that Conservatives have been chosen in increased numbers in many provinces where the government's agrarian measures and the dread of revolutionary disorders have swung a section of the peasantry into the Conservative camp.

It will be impossible to get acurate returns of the elections before the receipt of independent reports by mail.

The first returns of urban elections were received today from Kaluga, and show Constitutional Democratic successes. The peasant elections continue in various provinces.

Terrorist Leader Captured.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 29.—The police today succeeded in arresting Vorubey, a prominent Revolutionary organizer. He is credited with an active part in a number of recent murders and he has superintended many excesses, including the custom-house robbery of October 27. The police tracked Vorubey and a companion to a house in the suburbs, where they were pounced upon so quickly that they had no opportunity to resist. The two men were handcuffed and chained and sent to the prison of St. Peter and St. Paul.

Black Hundred Terrorizes Tiflis.

TIFLIS, Jan. 29.—This city is being terrorized by members of the Black Hundred, who are levying tribute on all persons of property. Yesterday they abducted the son of a millionaire, one Armanjans, and are holding the young man for heavy ransom. They also have murdered Chivanoff, a rich merchant, for refusing to contribute to their cause. They recently attacked a detective, wounding him, his escort and two passersby. Alderman Chuvakoff has been murdered as a result of a party feud.

NEW JERSEY DEADLOCKED

Dryden Unable to Unite His Party on Senatorship.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 29.—The New Jersey Legislature today took three ballots on the United States Senatorship. The first: Dryden, Rep., 35; Griggs, Rep., 6; Pitney, Rep., 2; Stevens, Dem., 16; Wilson, Dem., 12; Martin, Dem., 9.

Assemblyman Davidson, one of Senator Dryden's supporters, was absent because of the death of his wife. The second and third ballots showed the change of but one vote in the Democratic column.

After the joint session both houses adjourned for the week and the formality of a few members holding a joint session daily will be repeated Tuesday.

Rhode Island Deadlock Unbroken.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 29.—The tenth and eleventh ballots for the election of a United States Senator showed no change. Goddard had 40, Colt 38, Wetmore 31, Utter 1.

WILL NOT GIVE UP FREE SEED GRAFT

House Again Votes Down an Amendment to Abolish Distribution.

SLY SLAP AT THE SPEAKER

Lever Implies He Blocks Movement to Buy Appalachian Forest Reserve—Attack on Lumber Trust Fails.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The agricultural appropriation bill occupied most of the day in the House, and, as usual, when the amendment striking out the free distribution of seeds was reported, the members from the farming districts outvoted those from the cities, reversing a ruling of the chair by a vote of 136 to 85, and restored the paragraph, as has been the law for years.

The recommendations of the committee on agriculture to increase the salaries of Chief Forester Pinchot and the chief of the Bureau of Chemistry, Dr. Wiley, from $3500 to $4500, went out on points of order.

An important amendment was adopted that no part of the money appropriated for expenses in the enforcement of the national pure food law should be paid to any state, city or district official, the amendment being based on the theory that the states should execute their own pure food laws.

Jones of Washington made a point of order against the amendment that no distribution of seeds was authorized by law. The point was sustained. By a vote of 84 to 136 the chair was overruled. The amendment appropriating $338,000 for the free distribution of ordinary seeds was then adopted.

Use Forest Reserves to Beat Trust.

Lacey of Iowa offered an amendment authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to sell marketable and ripened timber from forest reserves to persons not belonging to any organization to control lumber prices. Lacey said the result of the creation of great timber reserves has been to increase the price of lumber and he urged that the Government should offer lumber for sale at times when it will tend to force down prices which have been inflated by the "lumber trust." He said he believed it was time for the Government to play its strength against the lumber monopoly.

Mondell of Wyoming insisted that the Government should give some measure of relief to purchasers of lumber in the West. He said no one could deny that the forest reserve policy was a policy of paternalism and centralization "and a policy which should not be extended in this Nation further than is absolutely necessary."

He proceeded:

There must and there will be hardships and irritation incident to paternalism. We can not get away from them, and we of the West object to having the reserves used as a means for the increase of the cost of the products of the reserves to the people of that region. I do not intend to criticize generally the Forest Service. I have the highest regard for the gentlemen at the head of that service. I believe that in the main they are administering these reserves in a fair and reasonable way, but it all illustrates the tendency of this sort of thing, the inevitable effect of beaureaucratic government.

The amendment went out on a point of order.

Veiled Attack on Cannon.

Lever of South Carolina stirred up a hornets' nest when he offered an amendment appropriating $3,000,000 for the purchase of the Appalachian and White Mountain forest reserves. He said 12 states were interested in the movement and many Governors had personally solicited the Speaker of the House to permit the bill to come before the body on its merits. But through mysterious influences, he said, the Speaker was holding the bill back and he wanted the country to know the facts.

Tawney objected to the personal attack on the Speaker and said he would object to further consideration.

"Oh, it is not a personal attack on the speaker," replied Lever. "It is an outspoken statement as to where the objection to the bill is. Personally I have profound regard for the Speaker."

Wadsworth made a point of order against the amendment and this was sustained.

Pay No State Food Official.

Crumpacker of Indiana made several points of order against certain portions of the bill, especially against those which seemed to him to change the existing pure food law. The chair sustained the points of order.

Tawney of Minnesota then offered an amendment providing that no part of the sum appropriated for the Bureau of Chemistry shall be used for compensation or expenses to any officer or other person employed by any state, county or municipality. Tawney said it was necessary to act in conjunction with state authorities, but he thought the National Government should not pay state agents.

The amendment was adopted, 65 to 24, despite several protests.

Littauer of New York reported the item attached by the Senate to the urgent deficiency bill, loaning $1,000,000 to the Jamestown Exposition. Considerable opposition developed, and rather than precipitate a debate in committee of the whole, Littauer withdrew the bill, which will take its regular course.

HALE LECTURES THE SENATE

Hurries Work by Saying Too Much Talk—Beveridge Runs Down.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Senate session today began with a lecture from Hale, who contended that too much talking and not enough work was being done. He had particular reference to his inability to secure the passage of the diplomatic and consular and fortifications appropriation bills, which were on the calendar. Before the session ended, the two measures had been disposed of.

Beveridge concluded his three-day speech on his child-labor bill. His argument today was devoted to the Constitutional power of Congress to prohibit interstate commerce in child-made goods. He took the broad ground that the power of Congress over interstate and foreign commerce is absolute, that such commerce can be prohibited altogether, so far as the power is concerned, and that in all cases policy and not power is the point to be considered.

Beveridge presented a number of affidavits to show that many children under 12 years are working in Southern cotton mills. He said hearty commendation had been given his measure by the "man who will be the next Democratic standard-bearer, and also by the present President."

"I want to know about the indorsement of the next standard-bearer of the Republican party," suggested Carmack.

"My dear—" began Mr. Beveridge. Then, as the remark caused laughter, "I was going to say, 'my dear boy,' there are many things which you want to know, but I am not going to tell you."

The Senate agreed to a resolution calling on the Interstate Commerce Commission for its findings as a result of its investigations of the block system of signals on railroads, and for its recommendations as to whether the adoption of the automatic block system should be compelled; the number of deaths caused by accidents on railroads from 1900 to date, and an estimate of the saving of life which would result from the use of the automatic system.

The Senate passed a bill to survey and allot the lands of the Blackfeet Indian reservation in Montana. In calling up the measure, Clark of Montana remarked that the President had vetoed the measure last year. He said that he provided that the bill in its present form would meet the President's approval.

The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, passed today, carried $3,085,477. An amendment presented by Lodge was agreed to, providing that the salaries of all consular clerks be $1000 per year for the first year, after which $100 a year is to be added until a maximum of $1800 is reached.

The oath of office was administered to Senator Curtis, of Kansas.

The fortifications appropriation bill carried $2,541,706. Perkins secured an increase of $100,000 for the fortification of the Hawaiian Islands, making the total for Hawaii $200,000.

Votes for Service Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—By unanimous vote of the House committee on pensions and invalid pensions, acting as one committee, the McCumber service pension bill was favorably reported to the House today. The bill provides that all veterans of the Mexican War or of the War of 1861, who are 62 years of age, may have a pension of $12 a month.

Veterans 70 years of age are to have $15 a month, and $20 a month is to be granted veterans over 75 years of age.

National Banks to Make Statement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Controller of the Currency today issued a call for a statement of the condition of all National banks at the close of business January 26.

AT THE HOTELS.

The Portland—J. A. Wendall and wife, Chicago; Mrs. A. A. Churchill, Mrs. D. M. Monteith, Miss H. C. Smith, New York; G. H. Plummer, Tacoma; T. A. Riordan, St. Louis; E. J. Brooks, Juneau; H. F. Sharples and wife, W. S. Worman, Pueblo; J. B. Levi, S. S. Greiner, Chicago; H. D. Hicks, New York; C. E. Heise and wife, San Francisco; L. Hamburger, St. Louis; W. H. Fisk, Chicago; W. T. Hobson, B. Rosenfeld, General S. P. Jocelyn, Mrs. Jocelyn, Miss Jocelyn, San Francisco; B. Palmer, W. A. Sumner, H. Palmer, Chicago; W. S. Roop, Pittsburg; A. W. Tennant, Vancouver; S. Glidden, W. P. Mansfield, Chicago; H. Blakeley, Tacoma; O. C. Rice, Spokane; J. F. Ducey, city; J. S. Holmes and wife, Helena; M. L. Thompson, Wells; H. W. Thompson, Eugene; A. M. Somerfield, New York; F. S. Lambertson, Aiken, S. C.; S. A. Mills, Cleveland; D. M. Ballard, Medora; J. A. Dahlgren, city; W. C. Lindquist, Chicago; J. Steidel, Bend; O. P. Barnes, Chicago; G. N. Davis, Chicago; G. A. Brooks, Centralia; F. H. Gilman, Seattle; M. H. Lobel, Chicago; F. F. Plowden, San Francisco; F. Woolsey, Tacoma; W. B. Hubbard, Oklahoma; G. L. Dickson, wife and son, Tacoma; F. H. Boynton, Seattle; C. J. Dodd, San Francisco; W. W. Greer, San Francisco; T. S. Ellis, Tacoma; B. Lichtig, San Francisco; P. J. Case, Chicago; I. N. Fox, A. H. Fox, Cincinnati; F. Herren, Aberdeen; C. E. Houston, W. W. Catlin, Seattle; A. B. Grittzmacher, city; C. R. Campbell, Dallas; J. M. Chalmers, Vancouver; C. E. Sine, J. E. Chappel, New York; H. Myers, Laidlaw; M. Liedemann, J. W. Robinson, N. H. Pentserton, Madras.

The Oregon—J. T. Burton and wife, Seat-Marks, Seattle; J. F. Moon, New York; tle; D. Campbell, Bellingham; Thomas Marks, Seattle; J. F. Moore, New York; C. E. McKenna and wife, San Francisco; C. T. W. Hollister, Spokane; W. H. Quigley and wife, Spokane; W. T. Gill and wife, Spokane; A. E. Bailey, San Francisco; E. F. Sayles, San Francisco; D. Naufhergen, McMinnville; J. Q. Van Doren, Des Moines, Ia.; E. E. Whiting and wife, New York; J. B. Trumbull, San Francisco; P. S. Tax, city; W. T. Branch, Tacoma; F. Henderson, South Bend; F. P. Coyle, Erie, Pa.; F. J. Kalsch, Erie, Pa.; A. Neal and wife, Oregon City; W. Alton, Ill.; A. E. Wilcox, Chicago; H. E. McKinney, Kelso; Mrs. M. C. Robertson, Tacoma; W. E. Smith, Eureka; P. N. Ribert, North Bend; J. W. Hawkins, Portland; Mrs. Diller, Seattle; R. D. McKechnie, Duluth, Minn.; W. Spearin, Duluth, Minn.; L. P. Dresser, Duluth, Minn.; R. C. Halliday and wife, Spokane; George R. Fryner, Portland; Mrs. W. L. Cunningham, New York; A. Graham, Cottage Grove; O. C. Jacobs, Seattle; H. A. Grandy, Chicago; W. P. Littlefield, Seattle; E. R. Morrell, Seattle; Warren W. Meyers, Kentland, Ind.; H. W. Loveland, New York; Mrs. J. W. Shumate, Eugene; L. G. Blessing, Chicago; E. C. Payne, Tacoma; A. B. Wartell, Oakland; Everett C. Ellis, Seattle; J. W. Peterson, Spokane; John Ferguson, Jr., San Francisco; B. W. Hearrman, San Francisco; A. Bobleter, San Francisco; Thomas Carr Avery, Stevenson; A. Schenbaum, Boise; Mrs. Will S. Taylor, Eugene; J. T. Allen and wife, Astoria; H. A. Chadwick and wife, Seattle; Charles E. Wilson, Hood River; W. B. Taylor, St. Louis, Mo.; L. Loper, St. Louis, Mo.; Thomas Johnston, Portland; J. W. Gorman, Chicago; J. H. Cahill, Portland; L. P. Hunt and wife, Mankato, Minn.

The Perkins—Mrs. L. Clemens, Goldendale; P. T. Speer, Aumsville; J. C. Estes, Aberdeen; F. R. Houghton, Scappoose; Mrs. J. S. Clark, Portland; A. J. Miller, Portland; H. Friedlander, Portland; T. Callahan, The Dalles; E. G. Sonenberg, city; E. Jennings, city; D. L. Dahman, city; Letitia Abrams, Salem; Letitia Kidd, Seattle; J. O. Johnson, Drain; Mrs. W. J. Watkins, Snohomish; J. H. Morton, La Grande; H. N. Jones, city; C. Harris, city; M. G. Hope, Vale; J. A. Collier, Fossil; C. E. Frederick and family, Palouse; M. M. Sommerfield, Tampa, Fla.; A. D. Miller, city; E. F. Heath, Grass Valley; Jos. Wolf, Florence; D. J. Eaton, city; W. G. Milligan, Spokane; E. J. Rowland, Lewisville, Wash.; J. Gallagher, Missoula; C. H. Tibbetts, city; L. H. Ranke, Astoria; E. Wilson and wife, South Bend; W. H. Wehrung, Hillsboro; Mrs. W. H. Wehrung, Hillsboro; H. C. Dodson, California; G. W. Burrow, Ridgefield; M. V. Snyder, Aberdeen; J. F. Allison, Amity; H. J. Breneman, McMinnville; H. R. Altman, Grand Junction, Colo.; W. R. Marvel, Boyd, Or.; O. B. Aagaard, La Center; J. C. Murphy, St. Paul, Or.; J. C. Allen and wife, Salem; Mrs. C. F. Cathcard, Raymond; E. Beeks, Goldendale; J. F. Blinn, Chicago; J. E. Hill, Malheur; W. Evans, The Dalles; G. C. Hance, Springfield, Or.; Mrs. W. A. Hance, Springfield, Or.; S. G. Kitching, Prineville; Miss D. Nash, city; Mrs. A. Messman, city; W. T. Cochran and wife, Brownsville; J. J. Hurlbert, New Zealand; L. Godbold and wife, Winnipeg; Miss Sadie Godbold, Winnipeg; Miss Vera Godbold, Winnipeg; Miss Kathleen Godbold, Winnipeg; George Kerr, Dallas; Mrs. N. W. Glos, city; H. V. Doe, Salem.

The Imperial—Forest Bateman, Portland; J. C. McInnis, White Salmon; J. C. Montgomery, White Salmon; F. F. Spalding, The Dalles; J. F. Harp, city; C. T. Ladd, city; E. J. Clough, Arlington; Mrs. J. H. Baxter and son, Kansas City; Miss Ida Abbott, Kansas City; A. M. Bryant, Prescott; S. D. B. McCready, New York City; T. C. Shaw, city; E. W. Howell, Fossil; C. E. Joinsburg, Tacoma; C. E. Redfield, Heppner; Hy Heck and wife, Astoria; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Sheldon, St. Helens; R. L. Burnett, Corvallis; J. R. Dea, city; Mrs. Dea, city; George Conner, Heppner; F. J. Cram, San Francisco; A. W. Thompson, R. H. Chapman, Brooklyn; Mrs. M. Buckley, Seattle; Max Skibbe, Astoria; E. E. Eaton, Aberdeen; J. H. Wilson, Aberdeen; W. F. Foster and wife, Corvallis; Levi Mellon, Mt. Horn, Idaho; A. Gendron, Mt. Horn, Idaho; H. R. Nahrbas, Indianapolis; P. E. Thomason and wife, city; M. P. Burnett, Corvallis; R. J. Moylan, city; A. G. Wallace, city; D. W. Dorrance, Newberg; P. H. Rank, Baker City; F. F. Spaulding, The Dalles; Mose Ashlaugh, Heppner.

The St. Charles—E. B. Johnson, city; G. A. Moore, Carlton; L. C. Morrow, Summit; Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Kerns, city; B. E. Buhen, St. Johns; E. Close, Kalama; J. W. Wood, A. McPherson, city; E. W. Faferty, Hood River; H. E. Kiser, Ohio; H. Larsen, Warren; Fred Ott, Dayton; Hallie C. Heacock, Ostrander; L. Margon and wife, La Grande; Miss Beneful, Banks; H. Samuelson, Mrs. C. J. Monk, Newberg; George A. Goeing and wife, Woodland; C. P. Holoway, city; N. O. Say, Sherwood; John Nivans, S. E. Benni, Cape Horn; W. H. Protzman, Amboy; W. Potter, Baiso; W. Brown, Mrs. W. Brown, Ostrander; I. B. Huntington, W. A. Williams, Castle Rock; N. A. Lund, A. Dufrane, Salem; V. Sharp, Champoeg; C. D. Morgan and family, Lewiston; C. Harris, city; J. W. Dunham, S. W. Dunham, Chehalis; John Wicke, Kalama; J. Hanson and family, Cathlamet; J. Harrington, Salem; W. P. Johnson, Carlton; C. R. Johnson, Truckee; Mrs. S. S. Phelps, city; O. Broonson, San Francisco; J. F. Moore, Prineville; D. M. Wrayant, Salem; Mrs. Martin, city; Mrs. M. W. Black, Falls City; H. C. Lorne, Rainier; C. W. Hardy, Molalla; John Gray, North Tamhill; J. W. Russ, Latourell; O. Adams, Stella; C. S. Green, Seattle; F. C. Cox, S. E. Carmack, E. S. Cramer, Lawton; O. W. Kinney, J. M. Hillyard, Gresham; E. S. Cox, city; D. R. McKinley, Detroit; Q. C. Morrow, Summit; C. H. Coe, Newberg; J. Wilson, N. Ferguson, city.

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European plan. Rates, 75 cents to $2.50 per day. Free 'bus.

Hood's Pills The best Laxative Cathartic
After-dinner pill; purely vegetable; prompt and pleasant; easy to take and easy to operate. 25c.

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Ironize the blood, feed the nerves and brain, tone the stomach, and give restful sleep. 50c. or $1. Druggists or mail. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass. If Made by Hood It's Good.

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

Save Your Money.
One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills
They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.
No Reckless Assertion
For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse
TUTT'S Liver PILLS

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.
Good Merchandise Only—Quality Considered Our Prices Are Always the Lowest

Only Four More Days of the Great January Sale Bargains

Do not fail to buy today the things you will need for months to come—at the extraordinary low January Sale Prices. All Dress Goods reduced; all Muslin Underwear reduced; all Babywear reduced; all Suits, Coats, Waists, Petticoats, Furs, etc., reduced. Thousands of bargains all over the store, including many of the new Spring and Summer stuffs and advance Spring styles.

BUTTERICK PATTERNS
Advance Spring Styles Now Ready, 10c and 15c—None Higher
February Number of "The Delineator" Now on Sale.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' KID GLOVES
REGULAR $1.25 VALUES AT 59c
Girls' and Boys' 2-clasp and 1-clasp Kid Gloves, all sizes and colors for children, reg. $1.25 val. for only 59c

PARIS VEILS
The Styles That Paris Wears Are Here
Face Veils and Hat Veils
They are shown in 1¼ to 2-yard lengths, to be worn close at the back of the neck and long scarf ends. Some have ribbon edge, others ruffle and accordion plaited borders, embroidered scallops with heavy vines running up into veils, lace edged or with straight lace bands on four sides. White is popular as are also new bronze, olive, navy, green, mole, slate, brown and black. Exclusive patterns.
Prices $1.25 to $5.50

JANUARY WHITE SALE
Offers every Muslin Undergarment in the store at a special reduced price—the greatest bargains of the year. Only 4 more days.

Chemise	42c to $15.00
Drawers	42c to $10.50
Skirts	85c to $32.50
Gowns	85c to $17.50
Corset Covers	25c to $ 9.25

DON'T WORRY—WATCH US GROW

Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 size	83c
Cuticura Resolvent, 50c size	41c
Listerine, 50c size	41c
$1.00 size Beef Iron and Wine	61c
Nestle's Food	41c. 21c
Eskay's Food	21c. 41c. 69c
Mellin's Food	41c. 59c
Carnrick's Soluble Food	83c. 41c
Horlick's Malted Milk, 50c size	41c
Borden's Malted Milk, $1.00 size	75c
Borden's Malted Milk, 50c size	42c
Restoria, regular 35c bottle for	25c

FIGHTING THE DRUG TRUST

ALCON
AN ARROW
Cluepeco Shrunk Quarter Size Collar
15 cents each: 2 for 25 cents
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
Makers of Cluett and Monarch Shirts

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day. Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Mail Orders Will Be Promptly Attended to. Satisfaction Guaranteed
Silverfield's
Entire Corner FOURTH AND MORRISON STREETS
17th Annual Clearance Sale
A Clearance Sale That Brings You Great Price Savings
Final Wind-up of Our Clearance Offerings
Only four days in which to take advantage of the great reductions in all departments.

Our Way
The policy of the Silverfield Co. is not to carry one season's goods over into another. Therefore we must close out the balance of our Fall and Winter goods regardless of cost, in order to make room for our Spring Stock, which is arriving daily.

WE OFFER GREAT BARGAINS in Cloaks, Suits, Shirtwaists, Millinery, Petticoats and Misses', Children's and Infants' Apparel.

We Quote a Few Extra Specials for Today

$25.00 Cravenettes . $11.85
Second Floor.
No better opportunity to secure a splendid Cravenette for less than half price. Colors, tans, blacks and Oxford grays. Values, $25.00 and $30.00, at $11.85

Muslin Underwear Special ½ Price
Third Floor.
A large assortment of manufacturers' samples, slightly soiled, consisting of Corset Covers, Drawers, Chemise, etc. Extra fine qualities—for today only:
HALF PRICE.

The Greatest Selling of FINE FURS
At Clearance Prices. This greatest opportunity of the year is drawing to a close. Never before and never again will such incomparable values in dependable furs be offered. Every favorite fashion in Furdom is ready for your selection. The greatest showing in the West, both in extent of variety and price. Every garment perfect in fit, quality and workmanship.
Now is the time to have your Furs repaired or remodeled at reduced prices. Highest prices paid for raw furs. Send for pricelist.

$9.00 BATH ROBES . . . $4.15
Third Floor.
Eiderdown Bath Robes, in red, blue, brown and gray; fine quality; values to $9.00; sale price $4.15

COLD WEATHER COMFORTS IN OUTING FLANNEL GOWNS
$1.50 GARMENTS . . 98c
Third Floor.
All garments are well made, of fine quality Flannelette—dainty patterns.