RENEWS ATTACK ON SWETTENHAM

Archbishop of Jamaica Says Foreign Aid Was Welcome.

BITTER EDITORIAL ATTACK

Kingston Paper Says Jamaica Is Ashamed of Governor, Who Bullies and Curses People—Swettenham Acknowledges Letter.

TWO MORE AWFUL SHOCKS.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 22, Tuesday.—Two earthquake shocks, the heaviest since the destructive ones of January 14, were felt here at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Several buildings were thrown down, and there was great alarm among the people. No one was injured.

KINGSTON, Tuesday, Jan. 22.—Most Rev. Enos Nuttall, lord archbishop of the West Indies, having heard here today that King Edward had cabled deprecating the idea that the people of Jamaica should accept foreign assistance, said he trusted his majesty had not given utterance to this sentiment and that if he said, he, the archbishop, did not approve of it. The archbishop said also that he believed a great mistake had been made when Governor Swettenham rejected the offers of American aid. The archbishop sent a cablegram to President Roosevelt today thanking him warmly for the assistance of the American Navy.

Active Work of Relief.

The relief committee is actively engaged in sending refugees into the country and distributing food and money to those who are unable to leave the city.

Bishop Hendricks of Colon arrived here this morning on board the steamer Advance, which brought from Colon 100 tons of food and $800 contributed to the Jamaican sufferers by the officials of the canal and merchants of Panama. Governor Swettenham consented to accept these supplies, waiving the customs duties.

Ashamed of Swettenham.

The Daily Telegraph, in a scathing editorial article, arraigns Governor Swettenham as follows:

We would be unfaithful to our duties as exponents of public opinion if we failed to call attention to the extraordinary conduct of his excellency in the present crisis. His general behavior at a moment of great peril and difficulty was unworthy of the responsible British official and even a cultured English gentleman. His letter to Rear-admiral Davis was a production of which he ought to be ashamed and of which the Jamaicans are ashamed. The United States is a friendly nation; their bone is British bone, and their flesh is British flesh and no one but a blinded bigot would have refused to admit American landing parties.

Autocratic, Bullying, Insulting.

The men from the American warships did magnificent work in removing the debris and removing bodies and the naval surgeons performed an equally splendid service. The action of the Governor was absolutely reprehensible.

We want a man who does not spend his time riding about the city, cursing officials who are endeavoring to work loyally. The people of this community have lost confidence in his power of guidance and are indignant at his autocratic, bullying and insulting manner.

ADMITS HE WROTE LETTER

Swettenham to Be Rebuked for Insulting Language to Davis.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The Colonial Office now has official advices from Sir Alexander Swettenham, Governor of Jamaica, concerning the exchange of letters between himself and Rear-Admiral Davis. This is the extent of the advices, however, and whether they contain an explanation, an apology or extenuating circumstances has not been disclosed.

It appears that the imperial authorities requested the Governor of Jamaica to send them a copy of his letter to Rear-Admiral Davis. This now has been furnished, and it shows that the letter as sent out by the Associated Press was, to all intents and purposes, a correct copy. It is learned that the Secretary for the Colonies, Lord Elgin, sent a second cablegram to Governor Swettenham asking him to give his version of the affair, and to this, the Foreign Office informed the Associated Press tonight, no answer has yet been received.

John R. Carter, American Charge, called at the Foreign Office tonight and received the same explanation of the situation as was given the Associated Press.

The fact that Governor Swettenham wrote the letter to Rear-Admiral Davis having been established, there remains only to determine the official formalities, and the indications are that the matter will be handled through the usual diplomatic channels and that the correspondence will be made public in a blue book.

Discussion of the incident shows that the British views make a clear differentiation between Governor Swettenham's opposition to the presence of a foreign force on Jamaican soil and his manner of expressing this opposition. What is condemned is the tone of the letter to Rear-Admiral Davis, the Foreign Office having declared that there was "no excuse for such language from an official to an officer of a friendly nation engaged in a work of humanity," and the press and public are adopting a substantially similar view. But on the question whether or not Governor Swettenham was justified in asking Rear-Admiral Davis to withdraw the armed forces from the island British opinion inclines that Governor Swettenham acted clearly within his rights, although many persons contend that the abnormal conditions should have induced the Governor to waive the usual requirements.

The idea prevails that the Admiralty, as an outcome of the recent events in Jamaica, may modify the plans under which the West Indies were almost abandoned as a naval station. It is suggested that Jamaica might be made a strong naval station attached to an effective and well-equipped naval base on the Canadian coast, if the forthcoming colonial conference can devise some plan for the distribution of the financial responsibility for naval defense throughout the empire.

The Tribune recently has been promoting the dispatch of a relief ship to Kingston, Jamaica, and a large number of British firms have contributed necessary supplies of all kinds to the enterprise. Lord Elgin has now written to inform the Tribune that he is assured by Sir Alexander Swettenham that ample supplies of all sorts, with the exception of building materials, are now available at Kingston, and that, therefore, while he heartily thanks the generous donors of these supplies, he does not think it necessary to send further contributions.

The Tribune this morning in a testy editorial article says it thinks the Governor of Jamaica is too independent and that the responsibility of suspending the work of relief at Kingston must rest with Governor Swettenham and the Colonial Office.

ROOSEVELT CLOSES INCIDENT

Bacon Writes Final Letter—Orrett Raises Estimate of Dead.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The President has finally dismissed the incident connected with the refusal by Governor Swettenham of aid from Admiral Davis, as is shown in the following letter, made public at the State Department today, addressed by Acting Secretary Bacon to Charge Howard, of the British Embassy:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of yesterday, by which you communicate the substance of the instructions received by you from Sir Edward Grey in reference to the Jamaican incident.

I hasten to assure you that, on behalf of the President, his government will pay no heed whatever to the matter, and very much appreciates the frank and ready courtesy and consideration shown in this dispatch by Sir Edward Grey.

I can only repeat to you, in this more formal way, what I said to you personally last evening, assuring you of the President's appreciation of the cordial spirit shown by your government. It is gratifying to the President to feel that it has been possible for this country to show in any way, however small, its friendship to a community of your people in a time of such suffering and need.

The latest report of conditions in Jamaica was the following cablegram from American Vice-Consul Orrett, dated Jamaica, January 21:

Forwood alive. Hamburg-American pier saved, also Royal Mail. Estimated loss of life, over 2000. Fire loss, $5,000,000. Loss by earthquake impossible to estimate, as no building in city or surrounding district escaped. Sabriskies, Leland alive. Others must have left island, as American fathers who are keeping track of any dead or injured Americans have reported no loss yet. Admiral Davis' squadron sailed yesterday. Publicly thanked by Mayor for services. Health of city still good. Trains running on time. Agricultural interests not suffered. Shocks continue.

QUICKNESS MADE THEM GASP

Jamaican Officials Reluctantly Accept General American Aid.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The Kingston dispatch to the Herald under date of January 17, in reporting the arrival of the battleships Missouri and Indiana and the prompt manner in which the American sailors started the work of relief, says:

"Like great birds sending forth a brood, they lowered and dispatched their boats and one hastened to every point where the signals of the Whipple told the commander of the fleet that doctors, food and help were needed. One boat carried an officer to Colonial Secretary Bourne, who said:

"'We offer men to police the streets, bury the dead, recover and attend the wounded; send rations for 6000 for a month, with tents and cots for 5000, as long as needed.'

"The Colonial Secretary gasped and hemmed and hawed, while the staff gasped twice. The offer was taken under consideration and later accepted, as to the men to police the streets. As I am preparing this dispatch, every available bluejacket and marine is embarking to put off to shore, but from the attitude of the men in power behind the Governor, and from the vacillating nature of the government, I feel sure that their powers may be brief. The first British vessel that arrives will see American services declined with reluctant thanks.

"For the residents of all nationalities, the American officers did everything in their power. Women who had not in two days known a place of repose for the first time were taken on board the battleships at once and fed and given every attention and comfort. A boatload of coppers full of coffee, tinned meats of several sorts, cakes of all kinds and even extra clothing were at the dock in half an hour, and the gloom and misery of the wretched had vanished within a twinkling."

STATE AGAINST NATION

CALIFORNIA WILL FIGHT JAPANESE SCHOOL SUIT.

Legislature Instructs Attorney to Act and Member Denounces Roosevelt in Bitter Terms.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 23.—The Assembly has passed concurrent resolution No. 9, instructing the Attorney-General to represent the state in the suit brought by the Federal Government in the United States Circuit Court on the Japanese school question. The resolution carries an appropriation of $10,000 for the employment of special counsel to assist in representing the state.

Assemblyman Grove L. Johnson, author of the resolution, addressed the Assembly when the resolution came up as the special order. He arraigned President Roosevelt for that part of his message referring to the San Francisco school question and for his entire course in the matter. The Federal Government, he charged, was attempting to infringe on the rights of the state. He said:

Make States Mere Provinces.

The trade of the Orient is their song. Before the Rebellion, it was "we'll lose the trade of the South." Let the trade of the Orient go, but let us preserve the right of the State of California to settle its own school question.

If the President has his way, the state will become a mere province of a centralized power and the dream of Alexander Hamilton will become true. Courts very rarely decide against their own jurisdiction. It is my experience as a lawyer for 40 years that the courts fear the power that appoints them. In the United States Supreme Court, Presidents in the past, and President Roosevelt in particular, has an ally, and this body will decide as he wants, at least this has been the course of procedure in the past.

Call Halt on Federal Power.

Mr. Johnson made vigorous defense of States' rights and cited the steps leading up to the Civil War. He continued:

I call attention to these things at this time, because I think it necessary to call a halt and use every legal means to preserve the rights given us by the Federal Constitution and preserve the autonomy of the State of California.

The Assembly today passed a resolution introduced by Mr. Breckett, providing for the appointment of a legislative committee to investigate the shortage of coal in this state and ascertain the causes of the fuel famine, but Speaker Beardslee refused to appoint the committee on the ground that it was a Federal question in which the state had no jurisdiction.

Claim Right to Run Saloons.

HONOLULU, Jan. 23.—Japanese Consul Miki Saito is credited with the statement that proposed local legislation limiting the issuance of saloon licenses to citizens of the United States is a violation of Japanese treaty rights.

Alabama Approves Discharge.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Jan. 23.—The House of Representatives today passed a resolution approving President Roosevelt's action in discharging the negro soldiers at Brownsville.

KEEP OUT COOLIES

Hayes Voices Cry of California on Japanese.

NOT TO BE ORIENTALIZED

House Hears Protest Against Roosevelt's Policy on School Question. Hawaii Being Reduced to Japanese Colony.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—This was a day of oratory in the House, the pension appropriation bill affording an opportunity to a number of Representatives to make speeches not only in behalf of the bill itself, but on the tariff and on the San Francisco school incident. On the latter subject, Hayes of California insisted that all California desired was to be permitted to continue American, and that the Chinese exclusion law should be made to apply to Japanese coolies.

Grosvenor of Ohio occupied an hour and a half in a discussion of the tariff.

Crumpacker of Indiana and Taylor of Ohio spoke on pension legislation of a general character, both having bills before the pension committee tending to broaden the scope of the existing pension law. Without reaching the pension appropriation bill under the five-minute rule, the House at 4:45 P. M. adjourned.

Hayes Resents Threat.

Hayes in his speech said:

Since San Francisco and California, in this Japanese school matter, have only followed established and long-approved precedents, what crime has California committed to deserve the threat of the President of the United States to send against her people the armed forces of the United States? Her sole offense is that she is strong in the determination to maintain within her borders the civilization of the Caucasian race; her only crime is that she is trying to go forward with the working out of the National and social and moral ideas of our fathers and is sending out a strong cry against the Orientalizing of the Pacific Coast by the sons of Nippon or any other Asiatic immigrants.

He contended that San Francisco and California had a perfectly legal and proper right to do what they had done in segregating the native born children of Oriental descent.

Hawaii a Horrible Example.

"The people of California feel no hatred of Japan as a nation or of the Japanese coolies who have been lately coming into their state in large numbers," he said.

He pointed to Hawaii as an example of what might come to the Pacific Coast, should the Japanese be permitted to enter the schools of the country alongside white children. "All that seems to remain to be done," he declared, "to make these islands a Japanese colony is to pull down the stars and stripes and hoist the flag of Japan," an utterance which called out a round of applause. He concluded:

We ask that the Chinese exclusion act shall be extended to embrace Japanese and all other Asiatic laborers. The Asiatic coolie is the key to the situation. On the laborer rests the Oriental industrial structure, just as it does everywhere. Exclude the labor and other conditions to which we object will correct themselves.

HARBOR BILL BREAKS RECORD

Total Appropriation Exceeds All Others by Many Millions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The river and harbor appropriation bill, which was reported to the House today by the committee on rivers and harbors carries an appropriation aggregating $83,466,188. Of this sum $34,601,612 is appropriated cash, to be available between July 1, 1907, and July 1, 1908, and $48,834,526 is authorized for continuing contracts, no time limit being fixed as to when it shall be expended. The bill will probably not be considered by the House until next Monday.

This bill is a record-breaker in size, exceeding by many millions the amount allowed for river and harbor improvements in any Congress.

In spite of the fight made for an appropriation to continue work on a deep waterway between Chicago and St. Louis, the committee did not grant the request, and the appropriation of $196,000 for a survey of a deep waterway between St. Louis and the Gulf, which Chairman Burton insisted must precede any expenditure for a deep waterway in Illinois, is the only consolation offered.

SERVE TILL MULKEY COMES

Gearin Remains Senator Until Successor Has Qualified.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 23.—Technically, Senator Gearin's term as United States Senator ended today when the Legislature ratified the election of Senator Mulkey, but under the precedent of the Senate, Mr. Gearin will remain here and continue active service until Mr. Mulkey presents his credentials and takes the oath.

Mr. Gearin was appointed to serve until his successor should be elected, but the Senate will not officially know of Mr. Mulkey's election until the new Senator appears with his certificate and on this basis Mr. Gearin is requested to remain. Immediately after Mr. Mulkey's arrival Mr. Gearin expects to leave for Portland.

PROPOSES SECOND BIG SHIP

House Committee Favors Appropriation for Another Dreadnaught.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—It is practically assured that the House committee on naval affairs will recommend the construction of another gigantic battleship, in addition to the one decided upon at the last session. As the result of a partial canvass made by members of the committee, they are convinced that the House will approve an additional battleship as recommended by President Roosevelt and Secretary Metcalf.

Chairman Foss of the committee said today that he expects the naval appropriation bill will be reported to the House before the end of the present week.

New Denatured Alcohol Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The House committee on ways and means decided today to report favorably a bill designed to enable small manufacturers to engage in making denatured alcohol. It provides for the locked still and tank system in plants not making more than 100 gallons a day, and also provides that denatured alcohol is to be exempted from internal revenue tax when used in chloroform, either where the alcohol is chemically changed or otherwise.

Big Factory Building Burns.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—The two four-story brick buildings at 39-41 Franklin street, occupied by a number of manufacturing and mercantile firms, was destroyed by fire today. Loss $250,000.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED FROM THIS AD.

Olds, Wortman & King
Fifth St. Washington St. Sixth St.

SPECIAL PRICES ON SILKS AND DRESS GOODS

The 29th Clearance Sale

Ends in Seven Days More. Act Promptly

Bargains in the Small Wares

Dressing Combs, black, hard rubber; regular 35c value.....17¢
Nail Buffers, ebony and foxwood backs; regular 65c value....39¢
Nursing Bottles, plain glass, 8-ounce size; special, each .....5¢
Crepe Paper Napkins, plain white, regularly 15c per 100; special .....10¢
Dress Shields, linen mesh, absorbent; medium sizes; regular 25c value; special today, each .....19¢
Back Combs, in shell or amber, extra heavy—75c values; special .....49¢
Patent Pants Hangers, regular 15c value, special today ...10¢

500 Women's Coats for Half REGULAR Price Today

These coats come in fancy materials only, no plain colors in the lot. All seven-eighths and three-quarter lengths, and they are in all sorts of patterns. The colors are mostly light and dark grays, in stripes, plaids, checks and all the smart figures that this season has called stylish. They come in straight or bias cut back, some have velvet collars, some have collars of the same material as the coat, and some are collarless. Trimmed with braid, straps, fancy buttons, piping, and made and lined in the best possible manner. A lot of five hundred for tasteful women to choose from, and every coat in this immense lot goes for just half what it is worth at regular times. Regular prices $8.50 to $48.50.

Coats worth $8.50, now selling at the low price of $4.25
Coats worth $10.00, now sell at the low price of.....$5.00
Coats worth $15.00, now selling at the low price of..$7.50
Coats worth $20.00, now selling at the low price of..$10.00
Coats worth $28.50, now selling at the low price of..$14.25
Coats wirth $32.50, now selling at the low price of..$16.25
Coats worth $48.50, now selling at the low price of..$24.25

Women's Suits Worth to $45 Reduced Now to Just Half!

This includes some three hundred fine suits, in plain or fancy wool materials, and in the best styles. Long or short coat effects, Pony or Eton blouse styles and loose or tight-fitting models. 'Twill be a long time before you've another suit opportunity as good as this one, so we advise you to be prompt in taking advantage of it. Suits for women of all sizes and to please all purses. Regular prices run from $12.50 to $45.00, and now your choice for..ONE-HALF

Bargains in the Small Wares

Framed Pictures, large size, hardwood frames; regular $2.50 value; special $1.75
Whiskbrooms, double-stitched; regular 22c value for .....15¢
Hair Brushes, solid back, all bristles, 75c value, at .....50¢
Fancy Stationery, high color; comes in red, green and brown; 90c value, special ...50¢
Metal Dress Buttons, 2 dozen on card, all colors; regular price 50c; sp'l today..10¢
Best Snap Dress Fasteners, in all sizes—black or white; worth 10c the dozen; special today, dozen .....6¢

A SALE OF

Gas Lamps 54c Each

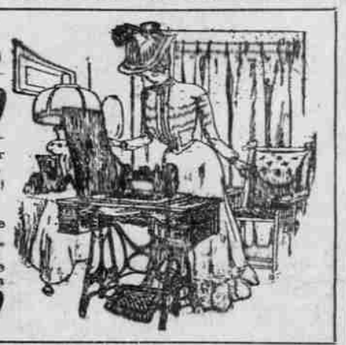
Housefurnishings, Third Floor.

Your choice of four famous lamps—Black, Imperial, Welsbach or Lindsay fights. These lamps come all complete, with burner, mantle and globe, and you know that you would pay double this price or more if you paid the regular prices.

This special is for JUST ONE DAY. You must come Thursday if you'd share in this splendid lamp bargain.

But remember that if you come then, you can have any one of these good Gas Lamps, complete with burner, mantle and globe, and that for this one day it will cost you but..... 54c

The Well-Known O. W. & K. Sewing Machines at $22.00



We reduce the price on even these splendid Sewing Machines for the Clearance Sale, and we strongly advise our friends to buy now, while the Clearance Sale makes this opportunity to save.

No. 8 style, with drop-head, hand-lift, four side drawers and large center drawer, fitted for needles, bobbins, etc.; handsomely ornamented; has ball bearings and full set of attachments. A machine that you'd have to pay one of the regular sewing machine agencies about fifty dollars for, and one that we sell regularly for $24.90—Special for the Clearance Sale:. $22.00

Clearance Sale on Linens and Domestics

MARSEILLES BEDSPREADS, extra large size and fine quality; special...$3.08
NOVELTY WAISTINGS—Nice range of patterns, checks, stripes and mixtures; regularly 65c the yard; special at.....49c
PILLOW CASES, heavy round thread, special, each, today.....10c
PILLOW CASES, linen finish, very special, today, each.....12½c
WHITE GOODS—A lot of 50 pieces, in satin striped poplins, lace-striped and figured mulls and mercerized Madras. Special, the yard, only.....21c
SHEETS, for three-quarter beds, one of the best-wearing qualities of muslin. Special for today, each.....49c
WASH GOODS AT HALF PRICE—All 25c, 40c and 50c Wash Goods, in 5 to 20-yard lengths, at.....½

A Grand Clearance of Hosiery and Underwear

A cleaning up of odd lines, that we are unable to "fill in" on for the coming season's business, and tho every garment presented here is of sterling merit, we reduced the price sharply, in order that we may sell every piece of oddments while the season is at its best.

WOMEN'S UNION SUITS, in white or silver gray, medium weight and a regular 50c grade; special.....29c
WOMEN'S PANTS AND VESTS, merino, flat-woven, good Winter weight, and regularly sold at $1 and $1.25 the garment; special, now.....59c
WOMEN'S WHITE WORSTED VESTS, regularly 85c each; special.....49¢
WOMEN'S PANTS—Light weight, 60 per cent wool; made with French bands; regular $1.00 values.....59c
WOMEN'S LISLE PANTS, ankle length, made with French bands; regular 75c value; special.....42c
CHILDREN'S VESTS AND PANTS, come in silver gray; part wool and nearly all sizes; regular values up to 80c; special.....40c
WOMEN'S HOSE—Broken lines of lisle and fleece-lined goods; regular 35c values; special.....18c
CHILDREN'S HOSE—Broken lines, in black cashmere; large sizes are plentiful in this lot; worth to 50c pair; special.....25c
WOMEN'S KNIT CORSET COVERS, with high neck and short sleeves; silk-trimmed; worth 60c each; special.39c
WOMEN'S MERODE TIGHTS, silk and wool, Winter weight; regular $1.75 value; special now, pair..$1.19
WOMEN'S SILK AND LISLE VESTS—Black, come with short sleeves or sleeveless; regular value $1 and $1.25; special, now.....35c
CHILDREN'S HOSE—Black cotton, in broken lines of splendid 25c and 35c grades; special, the pair.....18c
INFANTS' HOSE—Imported black cashmere, in broken lines; regular values to 35c; special.....18c
CHILDREN'S BLACK LISLE HOSE—Worth to 50c the pair; special, only.....29c

CUTS OUT CASCADE LOCKS

COMMITTEE WILL FINISH THE LARGE CONTRACTS FIRST.

Lake Washington Canal Again to Be Surveyed—Unfinished Work to Be Rushed Under New Policy.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 23.—The river and harbor bill will be reported to the House tomorrow and probably be called up Monday or Tuesday. The Oregon and Washington items remain as given in these dispatches yesterday, except that the appropriation for Cascade Locks has been cut out, as that work is not important and its postponement will not in any way impede commerce. Little remains to be done at the locks aside from grading and filling, and this can wait until more imperative work has been disposed of.

The bill authorizes another survey looking to construction of the ill-fated Lake Washington canal at Seattle. This work was to have been done by private enterprise, but obstacles have arisen upsetting this plan, and it is intended at the next Congress to ask the Government to undertake this project.

The bill authorizes five surveys with a view to determining the advisability of undertaking new projects in Washington, as follows:

Bellingham harbor, Blaine harbor, Cowlitz River, Skagit River and Puyallup River as far as Puyallup City.

The river and harbor committee this year adopted the new policy of authorizing the completion of as many projects now under way as possible. This is done to avoid such extensive tie-ups as have occurred at the mouth of the Columbia, which result not only in loss of time, but enormous loss of money. With this end in view the committee provided for the completion of the Columbia River jetty and the Coquille River project and in the next bill will authorize the completion of the Dalles-Celilo Canal, placing it under the continuing contract, so that it may be pushed right through, receiving annual appropriations in each successive sundry civil bill until completed.

Reports in Favor of Ballinger.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 26.—The Senate public lands committee today favorably reported the nomination of ex-Mayor Ballinger, of Seattle, to be Commissioner of the General Land Office; also the nomination of Addison T. Smith as Register of the Boise Land Office.

Relief for Idaho Settlers.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 23.—The Senate today passed a resolution offered by Senator Heyburn, granting three months' immediate leave of absence to all homesteaders on public land in Idaho. This is to relieve hardship incident to the fuel famine.

A Bad Stomach

Lessens the usefulness and mars the happiness of life.

It's a weak stomach, a stomach that can not properly perform its functions.

Among its symptoms are distress after eating, nausea between meals, heartburn, belching, vomiting, flatulence and nervous headache.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures a bad stomach, indigestion and dyspepsia, and the cure is permanent.

Accept no substitute.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.