

### YOUNG TEDDY HAS STRENUOUS DAY

#### Has to Work Hard to Earn Membership in "Dickie" Society.

### HARD ON HIS DIGESTION

#### Has Supper to Give Goat Dyspepsia and Next Day Walks in Snow Storm for Slim Reward, but Does Not Kick.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 10.—(Special.)—With a large pickle carefully balanced on the end of a long hatpin in his extended right hand, Teddy Roosevelt Jr., put in another strenuous day as an initiate of the "Dickie" Society, and went to bed tonight feeling that he had done a good day's work. Roosevelt is certainly having as severe an initiation as was ever devised for a candidate in this famous Harvard organization.

His Sunday Night Function. Sunday night, after he had recovered from the hard stunts of Saturday, he was "requested" to attend a little function in the "Dickie" clubhouse on Holyoke street. There he was required to sing "Old Black Joe" backward to the tune of "The Star-spangled Banner." He is said to have given promise of vocal accomplishments. Later refreshments were served, at which Teddy sat upon a raked dais and consumed enormous amounts of ice cream, plentifully seasoned with tomato catsup, with Jamaica ginger added, as an evidence of good taste. The feast was topped off by a toast to the President, drunk by Teddy with milk.

Pickle and Hatpin His Prize. This morning he hit the trail at 4 A. M. in a driving snowstorm. He was ordered to take an early car to a suburb, at a certain house he was directed to go to another suburb about ten miles away. There, at a given house, he was handed a pickle and a hatpin. With these in his right hand, as above, he walked three miles to the railroad station, took a train to Boston, walked the entire length of two streets in the retail shopping district, and then, boarding a car for Cambridge, offered to sell the pickle to everyone in the electric car for a \$10 bill, no more, no less.

Having failed to dispose of his pickle, he was then required to board six cars in Harvard square and kiss the picture of every woman in the advertisement along in the afternoon, and he was given the rest of the day off.

No Kick Coming Yet. Tomorrow he will continue his stunts, but having been so faithful today, the remainder of the week's work will be comparatively easy.

Young Roosevelt today was asked how he was enjoying himself. He said his orders not to talk to anyone were positive, and he would not discuss his new job, except to say he has no kick coming yet, but he expected to be initiated "proper."

### PREDICTS RELIGIOUS WAR

#### French Papers of Both Parties See Crisis Forced by Pope.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The press today unanimously recognizes the extreme gravity of the religious issue precipitated by the Pope's intimation as being the result of many papers predict a veritable religious warfare. The government's calculations have clearly been upset and new legislative authority may be necessary to enable it to cope with the situation. It has been decided that after tomorrow religious services may not be held without a preliminary declaration under the law of 1881, the "Pope's orders entail the immediate initiation of prosecutions in 36,000 communes and logically the invasion of churches by the police for the purpose of pronouncing their dissolution and expelling the parish priests. The militant Catholics seem to hail with joy the prospect of violence against the churches, with the attendant excitement of religious passions.

M. Jaures, the socialist leader, professes to believe that the Pope's intimation is deliberately determined to test the strength of the party of reaction in an effort to overthrow the Republic. The socialist organs generally, however, regard the Pope's intimation as a serious blow to the government's weakness in offering any concession beyond the formation of the cabinet, and the cabinet is contemplated under the law of 1902, and declare that the government now has no alternative but to insist on the required declarations being made or show the ecclesiastical door. The conservative press advises the government to remain true to its liberal principles, contending that the more the church is interested in peace, the more the more authority it will need, provided the government does not lose its head.

The government has made preparations to cope with the situation, but is keeping them secret, evidently waiting to see whether any considerable pronouncement of the clergy will result. The cabinet, however, maintains a resolute front. Instructions to the Public Prosecutors were telegraphed broadcast today.

Premier Clemenceau is quoted as saying: "If the church elects to have war, it will have it; but the world will bear witness that the Vatican is like a foreign power trying to dispute the authority of the French government."

M. Briand, Minister of Public Worship, says he thinks the Pope yielded to the temptations of the Ultramontanes, who are ever possessed with "the mad idea that out of disorder and civil war they will emerge triumphant. The government now does not face a revolt of the consciences of French Catholics, but a purely political enterprise.

### FEARED CLAIM OF SURRENDER

#### Reason for Sudden Change of Front by Vatican.

ROME, Dec. 10.—The Osservatore Romano today publishes an article inspired by the Vatican authorities, enumerating the reasons for the sudden change in the attitude of the Vatican in regard to the enforcement of the law providing for a separation of church and state in France, and criticizing all the provisions in Minister of Public Worship Briand's circular.

The article is entitled, "Masked Persecution," and says that M. Briand's circular will form a memorable document in the history of modern France, showing how at the beginning of the 20th century, "the French government's unscrupulous arbitrariness plays with the law and with rights."

### FIGHTING FOR GOD'S CAUSE

#### Pope Declares Nothing Will Stop Struggle in France.

ROME, Dec. 10.—Speaking of the actual situation in France, the Pope today expressed his grief at the necessity of taking recourse to extreme measures and explained that they could not be avoided.

"The thing will stop us," said the Pope. "Neither persecution, nor martyrdom, in protecting our religion, our cause is God's cause."

### SHEA WRITES ROOSEVELT

#### TEAMSTER ASKS FOR NOTES OF AN INTERVIEW.

Strikers' Committee Called on the President While He Was in Chicago in 1903.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—President Roosevelt has been called on to assist the defense in the Shea case, and Mayor Edward F. Dunne may be subpoenaed as a witness in behalf of Cornelius Shea and his co-defendants when the state has finished the presentation of its evidence against them for alleged conspiracy in the teamsters' strike last year.

The President has been brought into the case by a letter addressed to him by Shea today, recalling to him the interview he had in Chicago with a committee representing the striking teamsters in May, 1903. Shea was the spokesman of the committee and requested President Roosevelt to forward him a transcript of the stenographic notes of the conversation which was taken down for the President by a stenographer, explaining that it is desired to use it in the defense.

The committee presented to President Roosevelt at the conference a memorial from the Chicago Federation of Labor, protesting against the bringing of troops to Chicago. Mayor Dunne is expected by the defense to testify as to how Shea and others of the defendants urged him to force arbitration of the strike.

Michael Murphy told today of how he, in company with six other members of the teamsters' union, had been subjected to a number of assaults on nonunion men during the strike.

### HITCH IN EIGHT-HOUR DAY

#### Railroads Willing to Grant Some Demands of the Engineers.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—(Special.)—Committees representing engineers on every railroad west of Chicago are in the city with a view to making a demand for increased wages from 15 to 25 per cent and for an eight-hour day. The railroad managers are willing, it is said, to grant certain increases, but will object to the full demands.

The severest hitch will be over the application for an eight-hour day, and it is likely that neither the wage nor hour question will be settled until there has been a general conference between all the railroads and the railroad managers and employers. The railway managers insist that the men are not sincere in demanding a straight eight-hour day. Such a day, the railroads would, it is said, be willing to grant.

The railroads insist, however, that the eight-hour day must be a reciprocal arrangement; that is to say, a day for a day, no more and no less. Under the present arrangement 10 hours constitutes a day, but a day's work may be completed in three hours. If, on the other hand, an excess of 10 hours is worked, the men receive time and one-half for overtime. They now demand this sort of an arrangement with respect to eight hours, and there is not the slightest prospect, it is said, that the demand will be granted.

### ELECTRIC WORKERS STRIKE

#### May Leave Schenectady Without Power, Light and Water.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Dec. 10.—Two thousand members of the Industrial Workers of the World struck at the local plant of the General Electric Company today because the company refused to re-instate three members of the union, two of whom had been discharged for inefficiency, and trouble with a foreman, and one who had resigned and who wished to be re-employed after his resignation had been accepted. The management offered to give the three men employment in other departments, or to give them 30 days' pay. The men were willing to accept these terms, but the union voted unanimously to make the case an issue.

The officials of the company say they will close the plant, if necessary, to maintain discipline, and that the places of the strikers can be filled without difficulty. The men, on the other hand, threaten to close the company's power plant, which would deprive the entire pumping station, the local trolley lines and lighting circuits of the power.

Fire in Vacant House. A fire which was undoubtedly of incendiary origin was discovered in the vacant house at 514 Mill street about 11:20 p. m. today and was extinguished before it had gained much headway. Neighbors rushed to the scene and the prompt response of the department saved the structure. Patrolman Porter investigated the premises with Captain Canuto of Truck 2, and two piles of wood were discovered in different rooms and each had been saturated with coal oil and fired. Residents of the vicinity reported to Patrolman Evans that two boys had been seen running away from the scene just before the flames were discovered.

Buied Miners Are Alive. LOS ANGELES, Dec. 10.—A message from Bakerfield, where six miners were entombed last Friday, says that signals were received indicating positively that the men were alive at 11 o'clock this morning.

### HAS CHANGED VIEWS

#### Bonaparte's Old Speech Recalled Against Him.

#### NOT GOOD "TRUST-BUSTER"

#### Confirmation as Moody's Successor Opposed Because He Object to Anti-Trust Laws Away Back in 1899.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Opposition to Charles J. Bonaparte as Attorney-General prevented the confirmation of William H. Moody as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, when his nomination was called up today in executive session of the Senate. The opposition to Mr. Bonaparte was based upon a speech made by him in Chicago in September, 1899, before a conference held there to consider the trust question. In that speech Mr. Bonaparte declared that legislative action in regulation or restraint of combinations was undesired. When the Moody nomination was placed before the Senate today Culberson called attention to the fact that the position he

### AMERICAN DUCHESS IS THE BEST DRESSED WOMAN IN PARIS

#### The New York World prints the following cable dispatch regarding Duchess de la Rochefoucauld, youngest daughter of the late John H. Mitchell.



PARIS, Nov. 25.—The reappearance in society of the American Duchess de la Rochefoucauld is a feature of the season. The spirited Duchess comes to Paris from her husband's Chateau de Montmarcy, determined to play a conspicuous part in the social gaiety. She will be far away from the most fashionably dressed woman in Paris this winter, if what all the dressmakers say is true. Every morning her automobile whizzes around the city while she inspects and accepts, or rejects, fashion's newest creations. The Duchess wears laughably inviting artists of greatest fame to discuss the aesthetic aspect of a modern woman's draperies. She notes every hint they lightly let fall and puts it to use in designing her raiment, but disdains it so deftly that even its author cannot recognize it.

The Duchess, who is very popular, passes every hour of the afternoon and night at social gatherings of some kind. She is an intimate of the Infanta Eulalia, has made many friends among the Spanish colony and occasionally is seized with the desire to learn the Castilian tongue.

Of all the American heroines, the Duchess de la Rochefoucauld is the most Frenchified. She takes the greatest interest in the study of French literature and frequently attends conferences held by the academies. For lighter, if more exciting, diversion she plays bridge-whist, and often takes a hand at the bridge parties given by Mrs. Marshall and her daughter.

is to vacate will be filled by Mr. Bonaparte, and he then read extracts from the Chicago speech in support of an argument that Mr. Bonaparte is not qualified to take the responsibility of enforcing anti-trust laws.

Knex, ex-Attorney-General, said that he had talked with Mr. Bonaparte, and had found him thoroughly in sympathy with the Administration in breaking up combinations of capital which operate in restraint of trade. He also remarked that probably there were few men in the Senate chamber whose minds had not undergone some decided change on many great questions since 1899, when conditions were far different from what they are today.

Rayner started to reply to this speech when Vice-President Fairbanks objected that the nomination before the Senate was that of Mr. Moody, and not Mr. Bonaparte. This had the effect of curtailing the speechmaking, but Teller said that it was customary for all nominees to go over one day after being reported from committees, and he therefore objected to further consideration.

A large number of nominations were confirmed. Among them were: Major-General Arthur MacArthur, to be Lieutenant-General; Brigadier-General Jesse M. Lee, to be Major-General; Captain John J. Breckinridge, to be Major-General; Colonel Ernest A. Garrison, to be Inspector-General with the rank of Brigadier-General; Colonel Culver C. Griffin, to be Inspector-General; Colonel Arthur Murray, to be Chief of Artillery with the rank of Brigadier-General; General Robert H. O'Reilly, to be Surgeon-General with the rank of Brigadier-General.

### SHAW AGAIN TO THE RESCUE

#### Relieves Money Stringency by Scatter- ing \$20,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Secretary Shaw had an interview today with the bankers' committee now in session in this city, and later in the day made the following announcement: "I have received in the last 10 days an unusually large number of letters from business men representing all sections of the country, complaining of the extraordinary high rates of interest. I have conferred during the same period, by letter or personally, with a large number of bankers scattered through the South and Middle West, as well as the East. I have today conferred with the committee of the American Bankers' Association, now in session in this city. These gentlemen represent Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans, Atlanta, Pittsburg, Indianapolis, Des Moines and other cities. From the best information I can get the following describes the situation fairly well: Our business is the real cause of the actual stringency and the demand for money. The world is everywhere prosperous and money is in great demand throughout Europe as well as in the United States. We never had such a volume of credit and demand for money on an unequalled volume of assets. The manufacturers of cotton are buying that staple in an alarm. The cotton planters, unlike the Western farmer, do not absorb actual money as the cotton planter. His money should be returned to the banks when the planter settles with his merchant, soon after the first of January, but between now and then the cotton-consuming countries, as well as the cotton-producing country, are short of money. New England has sent millions to the South and the manufacturers of cotton throughout the South have exhausted the capacity of local banks and are trying to borrow elsewhere.

"There is no occasion for alarm, but I believe there is occasion for relief. This has been decided to grant in the following manner: 'I will deposit \$10,000,000 in existing depositories in the cities designated below, to be secured by bonds acceptable for savings bank investments under the laws of New York and Massachusetts, taken at 90 per cent of their value; the same deposits to be returned, one-half on January 20 and the remainder on February 1. 'I will also buy \$10,000,000 of the bonds of 1907 at the following prices: Registered bonds, ex-interest, at 113 and coupon bonds at 102. In the event that the bonds purchased are now held as security for government deposits, security of the Government deposits will be accepted in lieu thereof. Not more than \$1,000,000 worth, however, will be purchased from any single institution under these conditions. The bonds to be made as follows: New York and New Orleans \$1,000,000 each; Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, Louisville, Cincinnati, Louisville, Atlanta and Memphis \$500,000."

### HE RECALLS IT NOW

#### Fulton Recognizes Letter Sent to Brownell.

#### WAS GARBLED IN COLLIER'S

#### Publication of Full Text Refreshes Memory as to Circumstances of Its Writing—Signed It Without Reading.

### AMPLE WATER AT ASTORIA

#### Chief of Engineers Opposing Improving Harbor.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The Secretary of War today sent to Congress the reports of Major Langford and Colonel Mitchell on the expansion of Astoria harbor, with a view to its further improvement. The Chief Engineer concurs in the opinion of the local officials that the harbor of Astoria is not worthy of improvement by the general Government at the present time. A survey was ordered to determine the extent of deepening and broadening the harbor between Smith's Point and Tansy Point, deeping the

channel between the O. R. & N. wharf and Government buoy station, and widening the channel off Ninth street. Engineers find there is ample depth of water in Astoria harbor to accommodate its present commerce.

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A favorable report was ordered also on the nomination of Charles J. Bonaparte, the present Secretary of the Navy, to be Attorney-General, and Alfred W. Cooley to be Assistant Attorney-General. Many other nominations were reported favorably.

### Awful Agony of Piles

#### Positively Relieved by The Pyramid Pile Cure.

A TRIAL PACKAGE MAILED FREE. There is no reason—surely no good reason—why any man or woman should continue to suffer with piles when a reputable company of druggists have placed in every high-grade pharmacy a positive and unfailing cure for this dread disease at a price within the reach of the poorest. They have done more. They seek to relieve the sufferer temporarily and start him well on the way to recovery, by giving to any piles patient who sends his name and address, a free trial of the wonderful Pyramid Pile Cure in a plain sealed wrapper.

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### HOUSE TALKS OF SPELLING

#### Such Experts as Champ Clark Throw Rocks at Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The House today began consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. No effort was made to limit the time for general debate, the desire of the Republican leaders being to keep the bill before the House until adjournment for the Christmas holidays.

Simplified spelling held the attention of the House for an hour or more, the paragraph in the bill fixing the orthographic standard as some recognized authority furnishing Clark of Missouri, Gillette of Massachusetts and Livingston of Georgia an opportunity to express themselves on the merits of the President's order to the public printer relative to the modified spelling of 300 common words.

Livingston stated that he understood the President would send an special message to Congress on Monday, recommending a 10 per cent increase in the salaries of all Government employees.

Make South Sea Islands Good. WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—President Roosevelt today sent to the Senate in executive session an agreement of the powers to prohibit the sale or importation of firearms, opium or intoxicating liquors to the South Sea Islands.

Roosevelt to Receive Malkey. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Dec. 10.—The President will receive Senator-to-be Malkey at the White House on Wednesday.

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## Suitable Xmas Present

No more suitable Christmas present can be selected than a year's subscription to The Daily, Sunday or Weekly Oregonian, to your friends in Oregon, Washington, Idaho or the East. The East is greatly interested in the West. No better method could be chosen to advertise the matchless resources and opportunities for investment in the Pacific Northwest than The Oregonian, the peerless newspaper of the Oregon Country, and recognized throughout America as one of the greatest newspapers published. A welcome visitor in every home. Order now at the Business Office, through your local agent or by mail.

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