

JURY HAS FOUND GUILTY GILLETTE GUILTY

A fit of daring pulled an automatic Colt revolver from his pocket, set it at "safety" and snatched it from the hands of the juror...

Will Not Build Courthouse Now.

MONTESANO, Wash., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—The Board of Commissioners of Chelan County decided yesterday that it would not be expedient at the present time to order the construction of the new \$100,000 fireproof courthouse here in this city...

Murder in First Degree for Killing Grace Brown in Boat.

CALM UNDER THE SHOCK

Immediatly Telegraphs News to His Father—Jury Agrees on Sixth Ballot After Savage Speech by the Prosecutor.

HERKIMER, N. Y., Dec. 4.—The jury in the trial of Chester E. Gillette for the murder of his sweetheart, Grace Brown, at Big Moose Lake on July 11 last, tonight returned a verdict of guilty in the first degree.

License Carries at Goldendale.

GOLDENDALE, Wash., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—At the city election held today only one ticket was in the field. Dr. Allen Bonebrake was re-elected Mayor. N. E. Brown, J. E. Chapman, and Marion Councilman, and George H. Hyatt was elected Treasurer.

SENATORS FOR ECONOMY

AGREEMENT HAS BEEN SIGNED BY A MAJORITY.

"Lumber Senators" Make Protest to Provision Regarding Lieutenant-Governor, but Accede.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—An agreement has been signed by a majority of the members of the Senate to insist upon a decrease of the working force, require economy and to see to it that the Lieutenant-Governor does not deliver into the "gang's" control the important committees of the Upper House.

Such influential Senators as Will Graves, of Spokane, Democrat; W. H. Paulham, of Pierce, and "Dick" Condon, of Kitsap, Republican, say this agreement is made solely for the purpose of protecting the Lieutenant-Governor against any demand that he shape up his committees in the interests of the railroad or other corporations.

It is a fact that the "lumber Senators," Ruth, of Thurston, who represented Olympia, and Smith, of Kitsap, and Potts, of King, who had their own plans, objected to the agreement, but at a meeting last night and today a group of Senators in the combined agreed to resist any attempt to force private interests to the front. They declare they wanted to treat every one fairly. A conference with the Lieutenant-Governor will be held here tomorrow afternoon.

WITNESS WAS MADE DRUNK Federal Judge Asked to Call Grand Jury at Walla Walla.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—Judge A. S. Bennett, of the District Court, today in open court asked Federal Judge Whitson that a grand jury be called for the purpose of investigating an alleged offense of tampering with a witness. The request arose out of the case of Mrs. W. H. Hogan vs. the Northern Pacific Railway, in which the wife is suing for damages on account of the death of her husband some months ago. The case was dismissed at the June session of the Federal Court, on motion, of the railroad company, because of the non-appearance of the plaintiff's principal witness, Richard Taylor.

Affidavits were tonight filed with the court, in which it is alleged that Taylor was made drunk in the saloon of John F. Smalls by Frank Broad, of College Place, and the proprietor of the saloon. It is also alleged that after getting the witness drunk they called a habitation of the red light district and took a drive several miles in the country, preventing the appearance of the witness at the time court was called in the morning. This action, it is alleged, resulted in the dismissal of the case.

Judge Whitson took both the matter of an application for the setting aside of judgments and the request for a grand jury under advisement.

STATE WILL LOSE THE TAX Estate of Dying Millionaire Is Transferred to a Company.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—J. M. Coleman, six times a millionaire, is a 45-year-old resident of Seattle, is slowly collapsing at his residence, and is expected by attending physicians and relatives to die at any time.

His son, Lawrence Coleman, denies that this was done to deprive the state of inheritance tax and to facilitate the handling of business. But in any event it will do away with any possibility of collecting taxes from the agent, pioneer, who has been slowly sinking for several weeks.

Recommends Tax on Fishermen.

SALEM, Or., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—To protect the people of Oregon \$50,000,000 is lost each year in the game of fishing, according to a report of Game Warden Baker, who recommends that game protection be extended by the creation of a new fund to be raised by requiring all trout fishermen to take out licenses.

Among other recommendations made by Baker is that the law forbidding possession of traps, traps, and traps be repealed, that a bounty be offered for cougars, wildcats and timber wolves, that the elk protection period be extended ten years, that the law forbidding possession of game birds, either dead or alive, during closed season. Mr. Baker reports that game birds of all kinds are increasing in numbers and most kinds are very plentiful.

Contract for Government Wharf.

ASTORIA, Or., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—Acting Contracting Quartermaster Cooper, of Port Stevens, received notice from the War Department at Washington today that the contract for constructing a Government wharf at Fort Canby has been awarded to Ferguson & Houston, of this city. The contract price is \$200,000, and the specifications the piling is to be treated with creosote to protect it from the ravages of the tetro.

C. E. Spence Elected Director.

OREGON CITY, Or., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Patrons Life Insurance Association held here today, C. E. Spence, of Carus, was re-elected director for the ensuing year. For this district, consisting of Clackamas and Marion counties. This is an auxiliary society to the Patrons of Husbandry and embraces the Grange organizations of Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

ALLEGES DEAL TO SHELD BROWNELL

(Continued from First Page.)

Hall to the office of United States Attorney, and that, in consideration of their doing so, Hall was to protect Brownell and Campbell from indictment and prosecution.

"What Senator Fulton thinks of the significance of this letter may be inferred from the fact that on January 4, 1906, Senator Fulton's brother, by appointment, met the recipient of the letters and offered him \$500 for it. When Brownell did not produce it, Clyde Fulton warned him in this language: 'If you have given up the correspondence of Mitchell and my brother, it will be your ruin and you will be a traitor and an outcast.'

"Hall faithfully kept his agreement. Neither Brownell nor Campbell were indicted, and when Henry took charge of the land fraud case, he found that the statute of limitations had run against their defenses.

"But the bargain made in Washington was never carried out. Henry, having suspicions of Hall, secured his discharge from the office, and finally indicted him. How Bristol was Chosen.

"When Henry began to suspect Hall he went to the one man in the State in whom he had confidence, a Judge now dead. He asked the judge if there was any lawyer in Oregon to whom he could go, not necessarily in a professional way, but for personal aid. This judge recommended as the best lawyer in the State to rely on, William C. Bristol.

"Later when he got evidence to convince Washington that Hall was not fulfilling his office in good faith, he recommended that Bristol be made United States Attorney. Acting on this suggestion, for he had ceased to receive such recommendations from Fulton, the President sent to the Senate nomination of Bristol to be United States Attorney.

"The appointment caused Fulton much uneasiness. He was under strong pressure from the boys back home in Oregon to head off that appointment at any cost."

Attack on Bristol's Character.

Then follow quotations from letters from Hall and Charles H. Carey, urging Fulton to prevent Bristol's confirmation.

The story continues: "Finally, Senator Fulton, seeking some way of preventing the appointment, made a charge against Bristol's professional standing. He claimed that Bristol had once been guilty of unprofessional conduct. This turn in affairs brought undiluted satisfaction and blooming hope to the boys back in Oregon. All the evidence Fulton had concerning Bristol's unprofessional conduct consisted of an old letter. This Fulton turned over to the President. The President submitted it to four members of the Cabinet, all lawyers. They examined the letter and cleared Bristol. Then the President stood by his guns, under strong pressure from the boys under indictment back in Oregon.

"Fulton maintained his whimping bluff and wailed loudly for Senatorial courtesy, and Senatorial courtesy came to his comfort. When the Senate adjourned last June, Bristol's appointment was still unconfirmed. Immediately the President made a recess appointment, good until the Senate meets again, the Senate having met again, doubtless Fulton will again call for Senatorial courtesy and the Senate will stand by the rule in the order case or yield to the President in the matter of appointing the United States Attorney.

"While responsibility rests on the Senate as a whole, the direct burden must be borne by two members of the committee on Judiciary—Foraker and Kitchridg. They know what manner of man is their colleague in Oregon, yet they give no aid to Senator Fulton in his effort to get the nomination which President Roosevelt had made to insure the prosecution of criminals engaged in stealing the public domain of United States.

Senator Fulton's Explanation.

Commenting on the foregoing, Senator Fulton said: "The matter is really not worthy of notice or comment. It is a combination of a few grains of fact with a vast amount of fiction and falsehood. It is the last expiring effort of a desperate gang bent on working me some injury. The gist of the charges is that I tried to protect Brownell from indictment and to do so promised to support Hall for reappointment on condition that he would not prosecute Brownell. The charge is absolutely and unqualifiedly false.

"Hall's term expired long prior to January, 1904, the date of the Mitchell letter, and he never was recommended for reappointment, either by me or any member of the delegation, to my knowledge. Some time in the summer of 1904 he was reappointed by the President on recommendation of Henry, as I have been given to understand, and certainly without my recommendation of me or without consulting me. Not that I had anything personally against Hall, but, as I told him, I thought he had held the position long enough. No one in the delegation other than myself was willing, so far as I knew, to support Hall for reappointment. I did at one time tell Hall that, if he could get the other members of the delegation, or a majority of them, to support him, I would join them, and this is as far as I ever went in the matter.

Just to Show Good Feeling.

"As far as concerns the Mitchell letter, which is said to be indorsed, while I have no objection to its being indorsed, it is not improbable that I did indorse it. I recall that Mitchell came to me once with a letter he had written to Brownell, saying that Brownell was greatly troubled and worried and that he had written and told him he thought he had no occasion to worry; that everything would be all right, and suggested that Brownell was a little sore against me, I had better join as evidence of my kindly feelings toward him, and I did, without reading the letter, attach my name to it, and have my apologies for having done so. I did sympathize with Brownell, and would have regretted deeply an indictment being returned against him. Indeed, it is a fact that when Hall was in Washington, in January, 1904, I asked him what the truth was concerning rumors about Brownell being implicated in land frauds, and he told me that he knew of no evidence against Brownell. He had understood that Greene claimed to have some, but said it had never been placed in his hands. I then expressed a hope that there was nothing in it, and that no indictment would be returned against him unless the evidence was such as to render clearly and indisputably that he knew of nothing and certainly had no disposition to prosecute him, and that unless there was a plain case against him, he certainly would not favor indicting him, as he would not favor indicting any man unless the testimony was sufficient to convict."

MEANING OF LETTER.

"That is all I ever said to Hall on the subject and I do not think Mitchell ever said anything beyond that. I felt at the time that the probabilities were that there was nothing in the case and that nothing would ever be done against him and would have no hesitancy in so writing. Hall I suppose what Mitchell meant in saying in his letter that we had gone further than we were expected to go, was simply that we had taken the subject up with Hall, as I have indicated, which was an unpleasant thing to do, particularly in view of the fact that neither of us expected to support him for appointment. However, as I have stated, I did not read the Mitchell letter, but took his synopsis of it.

NEVER TRIED TO BUY LETTER.

"It is charged that through my brother in January, 1906, I offered Brownell \$500 for this letter. Aside from that being an infamous lie, its absurdity is apparent. I never considered this a matter of fact and all of my correspondence with him to the Government agent in the summer of 1906, and in November, 1906, the President furnished me with a copy of this letter. Of all the correspondence between us, this is the only letter on which I purchased the original from Mitchell. Brownell was promised immunity for delivering up my correspondence. In view of the fact that in November, 1906, I knew that this letter had been delivered to the Government agents and I had been furnished with a copy of it, it is hardly likely that I would send to Brownell and ask him to purchase the original from Mitchell. Be the probability what it may, it is absolutely untrue and that is sufficient answer.

"There was nothing that I would desire to conceal about the transaction. I have no desire to have it supposed that I would not have asked Hall or any other man to purchase the original from Mitchell or any other friend of mine. If that is to be condemned, I must take the consequences; I will leave that to the people of Oregon.

HIS OPPOSITION TO BRISTOL.

"My opposition to the confirmation of Bristol had no connection whatever with the Brownell matter or with Hall's removal. It is said that Hall and Carey urged me to oppose Bristol and alleged abstracts of such letters are published. I can find in my files no letters on the subject from either of them and have no recollection of ever having received any such letters. But if I had, I cannot see as it would be a matter of any public interest or concern.

"It is also said that my opposition to Bristol has not been in the usual open way, but in secret sessions of the committee. The writer knows nothing about that, because the opposition to confirmations in secret sessions is a matter of the committee.

"My opposition to Bristol was made in the usual way. I do not think any person was ever given to understand that I favored his confirmation after a certain period. At first I was disposed to support Bristol for confirmation, but later developments compelled me to take a different view of the case, and I announced that I would oppose his confirmation and did so, as everybody who was acquainted with the situation knows.

PREFERRED NO CHARGES.

"It is stated in the article that I preferred charges against Bristol's professional standing and the president thereupon withdrew the nomination, but on that point I have no recollection. I favored his confirmation after a certain period. At first I was disposed to support Bristol for confirmation, but later developments compelled me to take a different view of the case, and I announced that I would oppose his confirmation and did so, as everybody who was acquainted with the situation knows.

CHANCELLOR'S SON STUNG

PARIS, Dec. 4.—Prince Frederick Charles von Hohenlohe, a son of the former German Chancellor, has started proceedings to cause the arrest of Philip Simon de Flores and Duncan, a firm of so-called bankers, on the allegation of having swindled him out of nearly \$100,000 by means of fictitious financial operations.

GRIMM OVERDREW BANK ACCOUNT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—G. H. Grimm, a traveler from Seattle, was arrested today as he stepped from the gangplank of the steamer Watson. He is wanted in the northern city for larceny. Grimm says that the trouble grew out of the fact that he had overdrew his bank account to the extent of \$25.

RUILED BY SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 4.—The Atlanta-Birmingham Fire Insurance Company of Atlanta tonight was put in the hands of a temporary receiver on petition of Massey Wilson, Attorney-General of Alabama, acting on behalf of the State Insurance Commissioner, E. M. David. A. M. Sexton, Deputy Insurance Commissioner, was appointed temporary receiver. The embarrassment of the company, it is alleged, was caused by a loss of \$485,000 in the San Francisco fire.

CHARGE IS DELIBERATE LIE

G. C. Fulton Says He Never Offered to Buy Letter.

ASTORIA, Or., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—George C. Fulton most emphatically denies the allegations made by Colliers Weekly that he offered State Senator Brownell \$300 for a letter or for anything else. Asked about the matter this evening, he replied: "You can say for me that the whole affair is a characterless lie, manufactured from whole cloth. I never offered Mr. Brownell one dollar or one cent for a letter or for anything else, and he knows it. Of course I do not know just what allegations Colliers makes, as I have not seen a copy of the paper containing the alleged charge, but if that publication accuses me of attempting to buy any letter from Mr. Brownell, it publishes a deliberate and characterless lie and its publishers will be compelled to prove their accusation or suffer the consequences."

BROWNELL HAS THE LETTER

Denies That He Furnished Government With Copy of Document.

OREGON CITY, Or., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—"I received such a letter as is referred to in Collier's exposure, said ex-State Senator George C. Brownell today.

When further questioned, Mr. Brownell refused to be interviewed, other than to state that he did not furnish the Government or acquaint any individual with the contents of the Mitchell-Fulton letter. The Clackamas ex-Senator also declined to discuss the collective matter by District Attorney and the events relating thereto and the reasons he did not press his claim to that appointment.

IN FIELD AGAINST REBELS

MOROCCAN WAR MINISTER MARCHING THROUGH DISTURBED LAND.

BERLIN, Dec. 4.—It is reported here from Fez, Morocco, that the Moroccan Minister of War is marching toward Tangier with 1500 men for the purpose of restoring order in the disturbed district. This step is in conformity with the wishes of the diplomatic representatives.

WARSHIP WILL ATTACK TANGIER.

PARIS, Dec. 5.—A dispatch received here from Fez says that a Moorish man-of-war with 150 regulars on board, is approaching Tangier for the purpose of re-establishing order. This step by the Moroccan government forestalls the collective matter by the members of the diplomatic corps sent to the Moroccan Minister of Foreign Affairs this afternoon, in which the attempt of the government was called to the existing state of anarchy.

SHOT BY REJECTED SUITOR

MISS WEST'S DEATH MAY BE AVENGED BY LYNCHING.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Dec. 4.—Miss Clara West, aged 27, a member of one of the wealthiest families in Green County, was shot and killed at Boies Dale tonight by Garland Moore, aged 21, a mechanic whose Miss West had refused to marry.

NEVER PROTECTED BROWNELL

JOHN HALL DENIES HE HAS EVIDENCE AGAINST EX-STATE SENATOR.

JOHN H. HALL, ex-United States Attorney, declares that he never attempted to drive Senator Brownell out of the race for the office of United States District Attorney for Oregon in January, 1904, as the direction of the Attorney General, who had called him to Washington on business connected with the prosecution of several criminals, alleged to be pending. He also declares that he never had in his possession any papers or documents tending to show that ex-State Senator Brownell was guilty of any unlawful acts.

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THERE'S A PIANO HERE FOR YOU

SELECT ANY ONE YOU LIKE

We'll Name a Price Far Under Market Value, You Name the Terms — the Piano Shall Be Yours

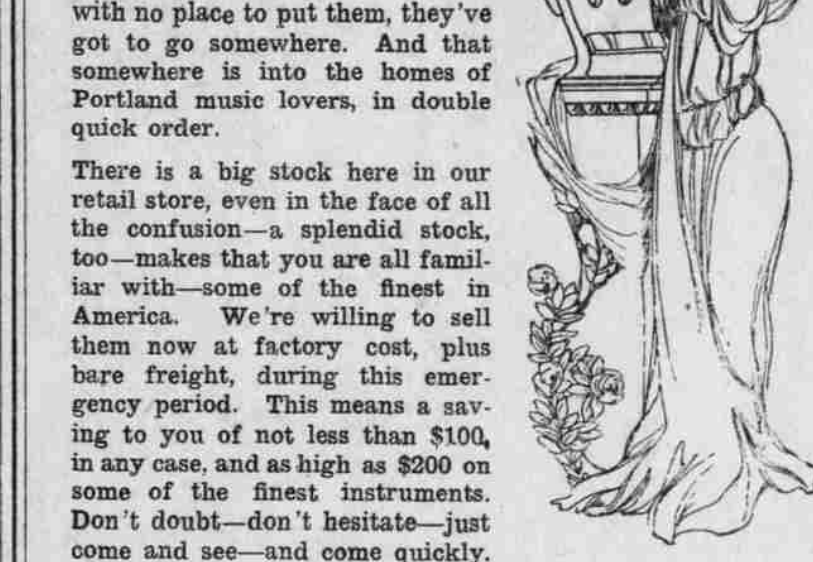
Selling pianos at wholesale cost, and on the purchaser's own terms is hardly a business proposition; but this is one of those cases where it's absolutely necessary to adopt drastic measures.

We know that the average piano seeker won't come into a store that's all confusion, with electricians, decorators, and other mechanics on every hand and in the way—where there is hardly a foot of room that is clear selling space—no, of course not—you wouldn't, either, unless there were inducements.

It stands to reason, also, that we cannot afford to fold our hands, and let stock accumulate that ought to have been sold in the new premises, which were to have been ready 40 days ago—we're not made of that sort of material.

So we've made the inducements—we've simply had to, to keep our stock moving—to accommodate the carload of new instruments arriving from the East. If our quarters had been finished at the time we expected, instead of a full six weeks late, we wouldn't have all these pianos now to take care of in this forced manner. But with no place to put them, they've got to go somewhere. And that somewhere is into the homes of Portland music lovers, in double quick order.

There is a big stock here in our retail store, even in the face of all the confusion—a splendid stock, too—makes that you are all familiar with—some of the finest in America. We're willing to sell them now at factory cost, plus bare freight, during this emergency period. This means a saving to you of not less than \$100, in any case, and as high as \$200 on some of the finest instruments. Don't doubt—don't hesitate—just come and see—and come quickly.



Advertisement for 'Piano House' dispensers of pianoreliability, located at 353 Washington Street, Cor. Park.

ILL-NATURED HUSBANDS NOT ALWAYS TO BLAME

Bad Temper May Come From Ill Health or a Bad Stomach.

As one writer aptly puts it, "No man with a quantity of unutilized food in his stomach can be expected to do anything else but swear at his wife, spank the baby and kick the cat."

How can a man be cheerful, lovable and devoted when his temper is being tried to the utmost? He cannot be expected to remember his friend when his stomach and liver are out of order.

There is as much difference between success and failure as there is between vigor in medical science and will-nourished, rested and refreshed, and the man who starts out in the morning with his stomach filled with food that will not digest.

Men love to eat, and eat they will, but pity is due not only to the constipated, dyspeptic individual himself, but to those near him.

It is a long step between the beginning of indigestion, which leads to chronic constipation, and the divorce court, but its length makes it no less a sure one, for when dyspepsia comes in at the door love flies out at the window.

People forget that thousands of cases classed as indigestion are nothing more or less than the abnormal conditions resulting from constipation. It is a well-known fact that food, after it leaves the stomach, has not completed its digestive functions until after it enters the larger intestine, and if any form of constipation exists, the foundation is laid for serious disturbances.

For the purpose of allowing the public to secure the advantage of his most well-covered in medical science and at the same time protect the people against the many dangerous and worthless nostrums now being widely advertised, a co-operative association has been incorporated under the title of the AMERICAN DRUGGISTS SYNDICATE, and its members already include representative druggists in every State in the Union. The leading druggists in New York City are officers.

Each of these three thousand chemists has furnished formulas which wide experience teaches them are the best prescriptions for the trouble indicated. From this collection of premium prescriptions a competent board of physicians and chemists has selected the best and compounded it in ready-made form for the handy use of the sick. Their premium prescription for indigestion is called A. D. S. Digestive Tablets. Rx. 1000. One of these tablets taken after meals adds natural digestive strength and these effect a cure. Price 25c. Their premium prescription for constipation is A. D. S. Fruit Lax. It is com-

BELIEVES SON IS INSANE

MRS. SLOANE TESTIFIES ON THE WITNESS STAND.

Wife of Murdered Man Says She Knows of No Other Condition That Would Cause Act.

SPOKANE, Wash., Dec. 4.—A thorough history of the \$10,000 insurance policy carried by James F. Sloane at the time he was slain by his son Sidney, now on trial for his life, and a recital of the financial operations of the deceased, in which his wife declared from the witness stand that he had squandered and lost through unfortunate deals approximately \$125,000 since they came to Spokane in 1887, were features in the testimony today given by the mother of the accused. Mrs. Sloane was on the stand six hours today and three hours Monday.

BLAME FOR THE FUEL FAMINE

Threats Made Against Northern Pacific Corporation.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—The threat of the Northwestern Improvement Company, a Northern Pacific corporation, to remain in the business here this winter is said by small operators to have prevented the development of coal properties the past summer and to be primarily responsible for the fuel famine here this winter. The Seattle Electric Company got the information that the Northern Pacific would not pull out of the Seattle field and failed to add to the output of the company mines.

FOOLED WITH GUN WHILE DRUNK.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., Dec. 4.—R. W. Gordon, a telegraph operator in the employ of the Great Northern Railroad, in a Shelby street saloon late last night, accidentally shot himself in the head. Death resulted instantly. Gordon had spent several hours drinking. He became rather noisy and in

Advertisement for ARCTIC FUR CO. featuring 'REASONABLE FUR PROMPTING' and 'GREATLY REDUCED' prices. Includes address: 270 Washington Street.

Additional text at the bottom right of the page, possibly a continuation of the syndicate advertisement.