PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1906.

wholly unfit to be Governor; that he considers Mr. Hearst's election would be an

njury and a discredit, alike to hones

Root quoted from President Roosevelt's first message to Congress concerning the

ssassination of President McKinley and concluded with the statement that "what

he thought of Mr. Hearst then he thinks

of Mr. Hearst now." Greater New York was ablaze with po

itical enthusiasm tonight. The Repub-

lican followers held more than 100 meet

ings in as many different places, and

Hearst spoke to 16 different audiences be

Estimates of the Result.

Estimates are being made by both par-

ties as to the probable pluralities of their

respective candidates, National Repub-lican Committeeman W. L. Ward said, at

"Mr. Hughes will be elected by a plu

rallty of at least 175,000 in the whole state.

I shall not be at all surprised if his ma-

jority is more than 250,000. I am not talk

abor and to honest capital."

tween 6 o'clock and midnight,

state headquarters, today:

NOT GUILTLESS OF ASSASSINATION

Secretary Root Shows Hearst No Mercy.

VOICES ROOSEVELT'S OPINION

Self-Seeking Demagogue Who Deceives Workmen.

WHOSE GOSPEL IS HATRED

President, Through His Cabinet Officer, Calls on Voters to Reject. Hearst, the Ally of Murphy, and Choose Hughes.

WHAT ROOT SAYS OF HEARST. Sustains popular side by many

Persistent seeker for office. Covered all over with the mark of Tammany and Tammany's leader, Murphy, whom he has denounced as a secondrel and a thief.

Willing beneficiary of Tammany Hall preaching political purity. What did he do in Congress? Why,

With his great newspapers sowing the seeds of dissension and strife and hatred throughout our land.

This method of incendiary abuse wrought out its natural consequences n the murder of President McKin-

Czolgosz was answering the lesson he had learned and the foremest of the reachers was and is William Randolph Hearst and his yellow

The man who is not guiltless of McKinley's death.

The spirit of malice for all and charity toward none.

b------UTICA, N. Y., Nov. L - A bitter denunciation of William R. Hearst, which, the speaker said, bad the full and complete indorsement of President Roose-velt, was delivered in a public address here tonight by Secretary of State Elihu Root. At the same time Mr. Root paid an elequent tribute to Charles E. Hughes and announced that he was authorized to say that the President greatly desires the election of Mr. Hughes as Governor of New

I say to you with President Roosevelt's authority," said Mr. Root, "that he regards Mr. Hearst as wholly unfit to be Governor, as an insincere, selfseeking demagegue, who is trying to deceive the workingmen of New York by false statements and false promises, and I say to you, with his author-ity, that he considers that Mr. Hearst's election would be an injury and a discredit alike to honest labor and to honest capital, and a serious injury to the work in which he is engaged of enforcing just and equal laws against corporations' wrongdoings. President Ruosevelt and Mr. Hearst stand as far on the poles asunder. Listen to what President Roosevelt said in his first message to Congress:

Inflamed Czolgosz to Shoot.

"In speaking of the assassin of Mc-Kinley he spoke of him as inflamed by the reckless utterances of those who, on the stump and in the public press, appeal to the dark and evil spirits of greed, envy and sullen hatred. The wind is sowed by the men wao preach such doctrines and they cannot escape the responsibility for der the whirlwind that is reaped. This applies allke to the deliberate demagogue, to the exploiter of sensationalism and to the crude and foolish visionary who. for whatever reason, apologizes for crime or excites aimless discontent"

"I say by the President's authority that, in penning these words, with the horror of President McKinley's murder fresh before him, he had Mr. Hearst specifically in his mind. And I say, by his authority, that what he thought of Mr. Hearst then he thinks of Mr. Hearst now."

Not Guiltless of Assassination.

Characterizing Mr. Hearst as a violent and unworthy demagogue and a persistent office-seeker, Mr. Root de clared that as a Congressman he had proved a worthless public servant; limit, while professing to favor an independent judiciary, he had made a deal with the Tammany leader, Murphy, for the nomination of a judiciary ticket in New York; that, while in-

Mr. Hearst is just the kind of a demagogue I have described. He is indeed on
especially dangerous specimen of the class
because he is generously fich and owns
have papers of large circulation, and he can
hire many able and active men to speak
well of him and praise him in specimes and
's private conversation.

What evidence has Mr. Hearst produced
of his fitness for this office? Of his private life I shall not speak further than to
say that from no community is this state
does there come concerning him that testimony of hickong neighbors and acquaintsances to his private virtues, the excellence
of his morals and the correctness of his
conduct, which we should like to have con-

cerning the man who is to be made Governor of our state.

He is really known to us solely as a young man, very rich by inheritance, who has become the owner of a number of sensitional yellow journals; he has taken in his newspapers the popular side upon all questions relating to labor and corporatious and has sustained it by much violent denunciation and many falsehoods and he has been a persistent seeker for office on the strength of taking the popular side; he has published whatever he thought would please the working people for the purpose of getting the labor vote.

Stained With Tammany's Crimes.

There is, however, affirmative evidence of Mr. Hearst's unfitness for the great office of Governor. You will perceive that to the remedy of corporate wrongs for which he offers himself two things are necessary. First, intelligent and well-devised legislation, and, second, the judicial enforcement of the laws. Underlying both is political purity, for without that neither Legislatures nor courts can be pure.

How stands Mr. Hearst's record as to political purity? Why, he comes to us covered all over with the mark of Tammany and Tammany's leader, Murphy, whom he himself has denounced as a scoundrel and a thief; he comes to us, not answering to the call of the peeple of the state, not as the highest candidate of the Democratic party of the state, but named by his own procurement, through as shameful a deal Stained With Tammany's Crimes.



Elihu Root, Secretary of State.

the boss of Tammany as ever disgraced political history of the State. Can clay go further than the willing bene-y of Tammany Hall preaching political

Neglected Duty in Congress.

How stands his record as a legislator? He ad opportunity to prove his capacity and incerity in that field. Representatives are ent to Congress to arised to the business, f the country. Mr. Hearst was sent to longress to do that, he had an opportunity hen to show how much sincerity there was all the talk of his papers about reforms not better government.

and the talk of his papers about reforms nd better government.

What did he do? Why, he did nothing-buring the three years that he has been in owngress that body has been in session 467 aye; there have been 185 recorded voties y yea and nay; he was present and voting to but 23 and present without voting at two, the voice was heard in that Congress in home years but once and that but for tending the contract of the contract of the buriness of Congress. I not even contribute a motion adjourn to the business of Congress, a lass rich that the \$15,000 paid him for at neglected service may seem of no conquence, but no honest poor man would ve thought it right to take it.
The public knows the character of Mr. arct only by the newspapers he publics, and God forbid that we should set up the high station of Gesernor of New rk, for the admiration and imitation of r children, the man whose character is sected in the columns of the New York

Sows Seeds of Discord.

But the worst of Mr. Hearst is that with his great wealth, with his great newspapers, with his army of paid agents, for his own selfish purposes he has been day by day and year by year sowing the seeds of dissension and strife and hatred throughout our land; he would array labor against capital and capital against labor; poverty against wealth and wealth against poverty, with bitter and vindictive feeling; he would destroy among the great mass of our people that kindly and friendly sport; that consideration for the interests and rights of others, that brotherhood of citizenship which are essential to the powerful conduct of free popular government; he would destroy that respect for law, that hove of order. What public servant honored by the people's trust has he not assettled with vile and vulgar epithets? What branch of our free government has he not taught his readers to believe a corrupt agency of oppression?

Incitement to Assassimation.

Incitement to Assassination. Continuing on this subject, Mr. Root

said:
Only once has this method of incendiary abuse wrought out its natural consequences—in the murder of Fresident McKinley. For years, by vite epithets and viter carteons, the readers of the Journal were taught to believe that McKinley was a monster in human form, whose taking off would be a service to mankind. Let me quote some of these teachings:

"McKinley condones the treacherous murder of our sailors at Havana and talks of his confidence in the honor of Spain. He plays the coward and shivers whitefaced at the footfall of a processing war. He makes an international cur of his country. He is an abject, weak, futile, incompetent poltroon."

troon."
"McKinley, bar one girthy Princeton person who came to be no more or less than a living, breathing orime in breeches, is therefore the most despised and hated creature in the hemisphers; his name is hooted; his figure is burning in effigy."
"The bullet that pierced Goebel's chest Cannot be found in all the West; Good reason, it is speeding here To stretch McKinley on his bier."
And this in April, 1901; "Institutions, like men, will has until they die, and, if had institutions and had men can be got rid of only by killing, then the killing must be done."

Is No One Left Who Loved McKinley? What wonder that the weak and excitable brain of Caolgoez answered to such impulses as these. He never knew Mekinley, be had no real or fancied wrongs of his own to avenge against McKinley or McKinley's government, he was answering the lesson he had learned that it was a service to mankind to rid the earth of a monster, and the foremest of the teachers of these lessons to him and his kind was and it William Randolph Hearst and his yellow journals.

these lessons to him and his kind was and being in the singular of him and his kind was and seeming against corporations, his own sometimes and the profession, that it is not caim and lawful redress of wrongs which he seeks, but the turmoil of inflamed passions and the terrorism of revengeful force, that he is guided by selfish motives and that he is "not guittless of McKinley's death."

Mr. Root proceeded:

Mr. Root proceeded:

Mr. Hearst Dangerous Demagogue.

Mr. Hearst is just the kind of a demagogue I have described. He is indeed an aspecially dangerous specimen of the class because he is generously rich and own in sympapers of large circulation, and he can hire many able and active men to speak well of him and praise him in specifies and consultant in the House of Rootsvelt in the next Congress, and said well of him and praise him in specifies and

Roosevelt in the next Congress, and said further: Hughes Roosevelt's Choice.

The evils which have come with the enormous increase in corporate wealth in recent years are real and serious. There have been duals outrageous practices which ought to be stopped, and many wrongders who cught to be punished. That should be

(Concluded on Page 4.)

MILLION GRAFT IN **BUILDING PERMITS**

How Schmitz and Ruef Hold Up Citizens.

STAND IN WITH CONTRACTOR

Enforce Alterations and Then Charge Four Prices.

RUEF'S STOCK IN THEATER

Mystery of \$45,000 House and Aggregating \$30,000-Heney Says Case Is Complete.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 1 .- (Spe cial.)-One million dollars is the amount which Mayor Schmitz and Abe Ruef have made in grafting on building permits, ac cording to evidence in the hands of the prosecution. Theaters were held up, one them for 45 per cent of its stock; large retail stores were forced to pay tribute before they could make alterations, and other owners were compelled to make changes in their buildings, but the changes were never satisfactory to the authorities unless made by a certain contracting firm.

Case upon case has been discovered to bear out these charges, until Heney and Burns are confronted by an embarrassment of riches. In all of these cases the charge will be conspiracy to extort That these charges will stick, Hency has not the slightest doubt.

He Was a Wise Chinese.

One case s that of a Chinese theater The owner, a Mongolian of wealth, was rdered to make certain changes in the structure that I tmight conform to the ordinance. It was made plain to the Celestial that it would be to his advantage to employ the Dencen Building Company He did so. The repairs were made and

the theater allowed to resume business The Chinese was somewhat staggered when he received a bill of \$16,000 for the paid. Architect Tharpe, whose reputation is of the highest, made an examination of the work and reported that it was worth \$4000, The difference is just \$12,000.

Rise of Deneen Company. Call tomorrow will say:

"A few years ago the Deneen company was rated low in the financial scale. The

CHAS. MURPHY

oncern, however, has thrived since it has drunk of the bowl of municipal favor. Hency has hearsay evidence that Mayor Schmitz had more than a friendly interest in the concern. His friends deny that he was a partner. Be that as it may, the Mayor and the Deneen company thrived

It was about this time that the Mayor paid \$13,000 for his \$25,000 house. The Deneen company erected the house. The Mayor was so well satisfied with his bar. gain that he at once expended \$20,000 in

"The salary of the Mayor is \$6000. He ad but little money when he went into office. He has been in office five years His total income from his salary has been \$30.000. His house represents an outlay

Then the Mayor Opened Wine.

'About the time that the Mayor and Deneen became friends the Mayor tool o opening champagne. The Mayor's man sion on Vallejo street, one of the most aristocratic sections of the city, faces the mansion of Mr. Dencen. Next to the Mayor is the elegant home of one of the members of the firm of Hilbert Bros., the liquor concern in which it has been charged that the Mayor had an interest Near by is the home of Police Commi ioner Leahy. All these homes were erect ed by the Dencen Company.

"One venture in which the Deneen Com pany had no hand was that of a 10-cent theater located on Market street, near Powell, and known as the Baldwin, after the large playhouse which once stood or the same site. Manager Tiffany, of the Baldwin, was ordered to close the theater as it did not conform with the building laws. Building Inspector Fitzsimmons re ported that the building could not possibly be altered in a manner to make it con form with the ordinance. Tiffany engaged Abe Ruef as his attorney. The building was altered at a cost of \$10,000, and in no way conformed with the building ordinances, yet it was allowed to run unmolested. Ruef received 45 per cent of the stock, a small portion of this being held n the name of Mayor Schmitz. For his interest Ruef claims he paid \$300. The theater paid him something like \$19,000 a

Duffey Goes to See Heney.

It has become known positively that resident George F. Duffey, of the Board of Public Works, visited the offices of Heney this week. Duffey claims he called to see Attorney Lerman, who has an office with Hency, on private business Lerman is associated with Hency. Duffey notly denied the insinuation that he had betrayed the administration,

"It's a damned lie," he said. Ruef tonight organized his wing of the tepublican party into a body for his own defense. Labor leaders are calling for the expulsion of the officers who have espoused the cause of Ruef. Labor bodies ontinue to pass strong resolutions de-nanding that the investigation proceed.

Would Like Ruef to Testify.

Heney was in a inhative mood rought Ruef takes such an interest in these wonder if he would like to appear before the jury after it is sworn in and make statement in his own behalf. If he will do it, I won't make any objections. We might be able to add something like 400 years for perjury.

When asked if there was anything new "New? How can there be anything

MORE HANDWRITING ON THE WALL

(Concluded on Page 4.)

FULL OF URATURY

CandidatesSpeakFrom Dawn to Night.

CROKER HAS BOMB FOR HEARST

Denounces Murphy for Alliance With Independent.

ROOT'S SCORCHING BLAST

Yellow Candidate Receives Telling Blows From All Sides-Murphy's Estimates of Majority Give Little Hope.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.-With the close of the day the storm center of the poitical action in this state was transferred from the up-state countles to Greater New York. Until November 6 both Charles E. Hughes and W. R. Hearst will make their appeals to the voters of the metropolitan districts. The programmes arranged for them call for many speeches daily and their vigorous and almost unprecedented campaigns wil ontinue practically to the dawn of election day. Hearst has already returned to the city, and Mr. Hughes will arrive tomorrow morning from Utica, where he losed his up-state campaign tonight.

Croker Denounces Murphy.

The comments of Richard Croker, ex-leader of Tammany Hall, upon the gubernatorial campaign in New York and the speech of Secretary of State Root at Utica tonight were the startling incidents of the day.

Croker, in an interview in Dublin, Ireand, criticised severely the action of Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, in bringing about the nomination of Hearst at Buffalo, and predicted that if Hearst "is elected and carries out his ogramme the effect would be to paracapital and thereby paralyze labor." He characterized Murphy's action at the grand jury proceedings," he said. "I Buffalo convention as an "astonishing and unprincipled performance." Croker confirmed the genuineness of the cable gram given out by P. H. McCarren yes

Root's Terrific Arraignment.

Root at Utica tonight, with the au his hearers that the President desires the election of Hughes. "I say to you," sald Root, "that he

are indicated everywhere."

State Chairman Woodruff declined to give out a forecast, but said that he had received encouraging reports, especially from Kings, Queens, Nassau and Suffolk Charles F. Murphy said today that he

Massachusetts.

ng by guesswork, but as the result of a

careful study of the reports from all sec-

tions of the state. Great Republican gains

estimated Hearst's plurality in Greater New York at from 80,000 to 100,000. Asked as to the boroughs, Murphy said: "I don't know about all the boroughs, cut I feel certain that New York and

Klugs Counties will go strongly for Henrst. Tammany will hold its last and largest

Charges Against Election Board.

No action has yet been taken by District by Hearst against the Board of Elec (Concluded on Page 7.)

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ington prison Page 10.

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BONI HAS NOT YET ABANDONED HOPE

Cannot Believe Wife Will Divorce Him.

ABOUT TO PLAY HIS LAST CARD

Anything to Secure Payment of Debts by Goulds.

DANGER OF GREAT SCANDAL

He May Demand an Inquiry Into Charges and Thus Force Her to Besmirch Highest Names in France-No Ducis Yet.

PARIS, Nov. 1 .- hi spite of the statements made yesterday by Maitre Cruppi in the opening address of the case of Countess de Castellane (who was Anna Gould, of New York) for divorce from ier husband, Count Boni de Castellane that there was not the faintest possibility if a reconciliation, it is by no means ce tain that the Count has abandoned hope of such an outcome. His conduct since the suit began appears to have been based upon the belief that his wife must rield in the end. This theory will explain the Count's refusal of liberal offers of a ife income. It is also disclosed that the wife, in which he begged for a reconcilia tion and in which he anathematized the American lawyers under whose influence he charged she was acting.

Letters Show Her Contempt.

Friends of Count Boni say he was founded to learn that the Countess and allowed the presentation yesterday of a detailed case. He was so confident that his wife would surrender that he did not prepare a defense. It was only today that documents, which under French law must be exchanged, were transferred to counsel for the opposition. These papers amount in the main to leters written to Count Boni by his wife and which show the contempt in which he held her husband. These letters prob. ably will necessitate the production of the letters which provoked them.

It seems certain today that Count Soni's defense to the charge of infidelty will be "unproven," and that he conquently will demand an inquiry and the production of witnesses for the purpose of prolonging the case, his idea being to accomplish a reconciliation. This would extricate the Count from the money difficulties with which he is beset.

May Smirch Highest Names.

The calling of witnesses is what the attorneys for the Countess are particutarty auxious to avoid, as doing so would drag in some of the highest names in France. Maitre Cruppi yesterday gave no due to the persons referred to as "Mmc. A," "Mme. B," "Mme. C" and "Mme. D," except to those persons familiar with current gossip. If an inquiry can be avoided, the decision probably will not be endered before November 21,

Maltre Crappi expects to speak for an nour and a half Wednesday and the remainder of that session of the court will be given to Maitre Bonnet, of counsel for the Count. The court will then adjourn for a week in order that the public prosecutor, who under the French law repreents the interests of the community, may have an opportunity to present his conclusions. After this there will be a delay of another week while the court prepares the decision.

The reports that the husbands of two of the women referred to yesterday have challenged Count Boni to duels are with-

Castellane Gets News Suppressed.

PARIS, Nov. 1 -- As a result of the industrious campaign of Count de Castellane to prevent the publication of the news that the suit for divorce brought against him by his wife came up for a hearing yesterday, not more than a third of the newspapers mentioned the fact, and not a single detail is printed here, the law making the publication of divorce testimony a criminal offense.

CAN'T FOOL HIM ON TURKEY

Roosevelt Refuses to Shoot Tame Ones-Hunts Wild Ones.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 1.—The President, Mrs. Roosevelt and Surgeon-General Rixey, at Pine Knot, got up early this morning and started on a hunt for wild turkeys. The President has never potted

a wild turkey and it is his ambition to add one to his record. Some of his neighbors, it is reported, undertook to play a joke on him by turn-ing a flock of domestic turkeys of the mammoth bronze variety into the woods and driving tem so that they would fall a prey to the President's gun, but Mr. Roosevelt would have none of the domestie birds.

The hunting party returned to the lodge for a late dinner.

Effect of Revolution on Sugar.

WASHINGTON, Nov. L-The disastrous effect of the Cuban revolution on the im portation of sugar from that island to the United States is treated of in a bulletin ssued today by the Department of Com-nerce and Labor. The imports fell in September to \$2,000,000 pounds, against 220,000,000 pounds in the preceding month