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DEMOCRATS HELD UP BY LEAGUERS

Murphy Openly Attacks Hearst's Chiefs.

CALLED BEFORE GRAND JURY

Money Demanded for Withdrawal of Ticket.

JUDGE PAID HARD CASH

Jerome Takes Up Tammany Chief's Charge That Independence League Managers Blackmail Candidates Without Hearst's Knowledge.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The most startling development in the present political campaign in this state came today, when Charles F. Murpay, the leader of Tammany Hall, publicly charged that money had been demanded by representatives of the Independence League in consideration of the withdrawal of their candidates in certain districts. This was followed by the serving on Mr. Murphy of a subpena to appear before the grand jury in John Doe proceedings and testify as to his charges.

Judge Pays for Indorsement.

The subpena was issued by District Attorney Jerome after a conference with Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, of the Court of General Sessions, who, Mr. Murphy intimated, had given up money for the indorsement of the league. Mr. Murphy charged that certain Independence League managers had demanded money for the withdrawal of their candidates in Congressional, Senatorial and Assembly districts, but a third ticket had been put in the field. He added, however, that W. R. Hearst, the Independence League and Democratic candidate for Governor, knew nothing of this.

Refused to Give Up.

"It is a fact," said Murphy, "that many of our candidates for Congress and the Legislature have been approached by representatives of the Independence League and money has been demanded of them. Our men refused to give up, and it was only then that the league put up opposition candidates. Then men who demanded money were not ordinary individuals belonging to the league, but representatives of that organization. If we had paid what they asked, there would be no league ticket in the field against us."

Ihmsen Denies Hold-Up.

Max F. Ihmsen, who has charge of the Independence League headquarters, gave out a formal statement denying Murphy's charges. The statement says:

"The managers of the Independence League, so-called, are not 'holding up' candidates for cash. If any one even remotely connected with the league has attempted such a thing, we shall be glad to know the facts.

"I doubt if any candidate of the league has as yet contributed one cent to the league's campaign fund."

Hearst's Two Tickets.

The Independence League, which was promoted by W. R. Hearst, held its state convention here September 11 and named a full state ticket, Mr. Hearst heading it. Subsequently the league named a complete judicial ticket for the first judicial district, which comprises New York City and County. At Buffalo, September 25, the Democratic State Convention nominated Mr. Hearst for Governor. Hearst's campaign has been made under the joint management of the Democratic and the Independence League state committees.

Law Applying to Charge.

The law under which the District Attorney will act in making an investigation of the charges of the Tammany leader contains the following paragraph:

Any person who makes, tenders or offers to procure or to cause any nomination or appointment for any public office or place, or accepts or requests any such nomination or appointment on the payment of contribution of any valuable consideration, or upon an understanding or promise thereof, is punishable by imprisonment for not more than two years, or by a fine of not more than $2000, or both.

Under the head of "judicial candidates not to contribute," the section contains another paragraph as follows:

No candidate for a judicial office shall directly or indirectly make any contribution of money or other thing of value, nor shall any contribution be solicited of him.

Mr. Jerome will conduct an examination of Murphy before the grand jury and Judge Rosalsky will probably be present.

Rosalsky Denies He Paid.

Judge Rosalsky's connection with the case is merely incidental. According to the published interview with Murphy, it was brought to the attention of the Tammany leader that the Independence League had filed a nomination petition with Otto Rosalsky for judge of the Court of General Sessions, and Murphy is said to have explaimed: "Well, I suppose they got his money."

Judge Rosalsky, who is a Republican judiciary candidate, indignantly denies that he was a party to any arrangement.

A subpena has also been served upon Francis G. Shober, Independence League and Democratic candidate for Congress in the Seventeenth District. Shober is reported to have made the statement that he knew of one case where a Tammany senatorial candidate had offered to defray the expenses already incurred by the Independence League nominee of the latter would withdraw.

Beyond admitting that subpenas had been issued for Murphy and Shober and that he would personally conduct the hearing tomorrow, Mr. Jerome would say nothing.

ONLY CAMPAIGN FALSEHOOD

Hearst Says Old Parties Try to Discredit Independents.

GOLDENSBURG, N. Y., Oct. 18.—W. R. Hearst was tonight shown the Associated Press dispatch setting forth Charles F. Murphy's statement that certain representatives of the independence League had demanded money for the withdrawal of the league candidates. Mr. Hearst said:

About as much weight should be given to this statement by Mr. Murphy as would be given to a statement by Woodruff. In many instances the League has indorsed Democratic candidates. On the other hand in many places the League has nominated independent candidates for the Senate and the Assembly and in some places for Congress. It has made independent nominations where Democratic candidates did not appear to be of a character to carry out the principles to which the League is pledged and in some other cases to give adequate representation to labor, the independence of which neither one nor the other of the parties has satisfactorily recognized.

Where these Independence candidates are in the field, they are likely to be elected, and consequently it is natural that the managers of either one of the old parties should seek to oppose them by every campaign trick or discreditable methods. For instance, Fitzgerald, the letter-carrier, who is running for Congress in Brooklyn on the Independence League ticket, has been informed by the Administration that he must retire or be discharged from a position that he had occupied for years and in which he has won many service stripes for long and faithful work.

I imagine Murphy's vague charge is a campaign roorback. If he has any reasons to sustain any such charge, it is his duty, as of all American citizens, to administer the most stinging rebuke possible to the guilty parties. But if he has no such evidence, the statement should react on its author.

I sincerely hope the grand jury will investigate fully so that complete justice may be done. I have complete confidence in the integrity of the Independence League and I consider this attack a campaign falsehood.

CALLS HEARST TAX-DODGER

Hughes Exposes Opponent's Pretensions as Reformer.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 18.—After spending a greater part of the afternoon in his native county of Warren, where he addressed a large audience of his fellow-townsmen in Glens Falls, C. E. Hughes, the Republican nominee for Governor, came to Troy tonight to receive an enthusiastic welcome.

Mr. Hughes took up new points in his speech tonight and was constantly interrupted by cheers. The meeting did not begin until after 8 o'clock. An hour earlier it was found necessary to close all doors leading to the balcony and gallery, and many hundreds remained outside to catch a glimpse of the candidate. Ex-Governor Frank S. Black presided and introduced Mr. Hughes.

Mr. Hughes asserted that his platform is broad enough to hold all good Democrats who may be dissatisfied with the undemocratic Buffalo convention. Referring again to the "Hearst corporation," he said:

Mr. Shearn, in a rather belated effort to straighten out this corporation tangle and to do something to make plain the reason for this intricate corporation organization, said there was something in the by-laws of the Associated Press that made it necessary for the Hearst papers to have several corporations, but the members of the Associated Press who are familiar with the by-laws came out this morning and last evening and denied that there is any such by-law.

But it is certain that there is no bylaw of the Associated Press which makes it necessary to dodge taxes. There is no provision of the Associated Press which makes it impossible for my opponent to contribute to support of the New York City government which protects him, and, when a man champions corporate reform, when he poses to the people as the apostle of pure corporate administration; when he comes before the people asking their suffrages on the ground that he represents fidelity to the law, it is an important thing to show to the people of the state that in his corporate activity under his control he represents an evasion of the law.

GOVERNOR, THEN PRESIDENT

Hearst Boomer's Prediction—Hearst Says Distribute Wealth.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Oct. 18.—The City of Ogdensburg tonight gave an enthusiastic welcome to W. R. Hearst, Democratic and Independence League candidate for Governor. The city has for several terms elected Democratic city officials, and the sympathy of the big crowd waiting at the station when the Hearst train arrived, and which packed to suffocation the opera-house where he spoke, was evident. As the procession of carriages passed from the station to the hall, the streets were lined with cheering people.

D. B. Lucey, who was the choice of the Democrats in this section for Attorney-General this year, presided at the meeting. A storm of applause followed his declaration that Hearst would be elected Governor of New York State and that later he would be President of the United States. Hearst was greeted with continued cheering, while hundreds of American flags in the hands of the audience fluttered in greeting. The most striking part of the address was Hearst's demand for a more equal distribution of wealth. He said:

I do not want anyone to believe that I am opposed to a legitimate accumulation of wealth, but I believe in labor unions and farmers' granges and all organizations that tend to distribute wealth and promote the general welfare. Mr. Rockefeller does not deal at your store and the richer he gets, provided he continues to take his money unjustly from the masses, the poorer you get. I say this as a newspaper man and no business is more sensitive to the general prosperity than the newspaper business.

With the Ogdensburg meeting ends Hearst's tour of this "north country." He declared himself well satisfied with the reception he has met throughout this tour, which began a week ago. At Saratoga, Hearst expects to rest all day tomorrow and most of Saturday and to close the present state trip with meetings Saturday night at Glens Falls, Saratoga and Schenectady. He will return to New York Sunday.

Bryan Speaks at Sioux Falls.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Oct. 18.—W. J. Bryan, on arrival here today, was enthusiastically greeted by a large crowd. He delivered an address from a platform in the business district

STANDARD OIL IS GUILTY OF CRIME

Ohio Jury at Last Agrees on Question.

ARGUES ALL NIGHT AND DAY

Judge Refuses to Let Twelve Weary Men Go.

VERDICT REACHED AT 4 A. M.

Singing of Hymns and Earnest Address Precede Call for Judge. Convicted Trust Will Ask for New Trial.

FINDLAY, Ohio, Oct. 19.—After deliberating 32 hours the jury in the case of the State of Ohio against the Standard Oil Company, of Ohio, returned a verdict of guilty on the charge of conspiracy against trade in violation of the Valentine anti-trust law.

The verdict was rendered at 4:35 o'clock this morning, the jury having announced its readiness to report exactly at 4 o'clock. The court and attorneys arrived in a half hour, when the verdict was rendered. When the jury came in and had taken its place in the jury box, Judge Banker said:

Guilty as Charged.

"Gentlemen, have you agreed upon a verdict?"

"Your Honor, we have," responded Foreman Bailes.

"What is that verdict?"

To this the foreman sent to the court a typewritten form, which had been filled out, and the court read it as follows:

"We, the jury in this case, find the defendant guilty in the manner and form as the defendant stands charged on the information. (Signed) A. L. Bailes, foreman."

There was not a spectator in the room aside from Mr. Troup, attorney for the defendant, Prosecuting Attorney David and several newspaper men, and no demonstration resulted from reading the verdict.

Jury Not Polled.

"Do you want the jury polled?" queried the court of Mr. Troup.

"That is not necessary," was the answer.

The court, then addressing the jury, said:

"Gentlemen, you deserve all the credit and thanks which are due you for your patience and close attention to this case, and I want to thank you, and by that word I express all there is in it and all I can express. You may now be discharged and go to your homes."

Applies for New Trial.

As the jury was leaving the room Mr. Troup stepped up to the court and said he wished to make a motion for a new trial of the case. Judge Banker assured him that all such motions would be entertained, as a matter of course. The court at once adjourned and five minutes after the verdict had been rendered the building was dark and deserted.

FINDLAY, O., Oct. 19.—Shortly after 2 o'clock the jury in the Standard Oil Company trial began singing religious songs. This was kept up until ten minutes to 4 o'clock, when the echoes of an earnest speech came frome the jury-room. But a few words had been spoken when there was a burst of hearty applause from the jurors.

The speaking continued for a few minutes more and just on the stroke of 4 o'clock there was a rap on the inside calling for the bailiff. When that official appeared he was told:

"The jury is ready to report."

The bailiff at once summoned Judge Banker, County Prosecutor David and Attorney Troup for the defense.

The 12 men, locked in a small room furnished only with chairs and ventilated by a single window, have wrestled with the problem before them since 8:20 o'clock Wednesday night. Throughout the night they argued, throughout the day they argued. At 2 o'clock this morning they asked for the written charge of the court. At 2 o'clock this afternoon they asked an audience with the court, but were sent back.

Marvin Hughitt, President of Chicago & Northwestern Railroad.

Tension Relaxed, All Laugh.

This was the public record of the jury today. The men went back with halting steps. After they had returned from their evening meal at a nearby restaurant they were for a few moments allowed the freedom of the courtroom, which was cleared to allow them to exercise. It was during this exercise that the tension from severe deliberation was broken. Someone laughed, Then all laughed.

They walked and ran around the room and for a few moments forgot their troubles. Then back to the jury-room they were ushered and the key turned from the outside. Once more was heard the voice of persuasion.

WILLIAM SCULLY IS DEAD

Greatest Landowner in America, Worth $50,000,000.

LINCOLN, Ill., Oct. 18.—William Scully, formerly Lord Scully, of London, England, died in London yesterday afternoon. He was a peer until 1900, when he became a citizen of the United States and resided in Washington, D. C. His fortune is estimated at about $50,000,000, including 200,000 acres of land in Illinois, Kansas and Nebraska. His first land was bought in Logan, Livingston and Sangamon Counties, this state, and the remainder in Kansas and Nebraska.

William Scully was the son of Dennis Scully, prominent in the Irish emancipation cause, and the first Irish student in 200 years to be admitted to Trinity College, Cambridge. He studied law in a Dublin office, later, on the passage of the corn law in 1846, selling his estate and coming to Illinois. Traveling the country on horseback he commenced to invest in land and by urging progressive farming continued to acquire property up to the time of his death. He leaves surviving two sons, residing at Washington, D. C., where the remains will be taken for burial.

CYCLONE STRIKES CUBA AND FLORIDA

Miami Under Water and Houses Ruined.

COMMUNICATION IS CUT OFF

Key West and Jupiter, Florida, Suffer Much.

NO NEWS FROM HAVANA

Storm Struck Cuban Capital, Paralyzing Cable and Land Wires. Seventy-Two-Mile Gale Along the Coast.

FORT PIERCE, Fla., Oct. 18.—The conductor on train No. 98, just in from Miami, reports terrible destruction there by the hurricane today. Fully 100 houses were blown down and the city is in a demoralized condition.

The handsome churches of the Episcopal and Methodist denominations were both blown down. The concrete jail was leaning, with danger of turning over, and the prisoners had to be removed. The rear sheds are down and the top was blown off the peninsula and Occidental steamer sheds.

A two-story brick building collapsed.

WIRES DOWN, DETAILS LACKING

High Tide Covers Streets of Miami and St. Augustine.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 18.—A severe storm has been blowing today on the east coast of Florida, but the wires went down early in the day and it has been impossible to obtain details. Just before the wires failed the operator at Miami reported an unusual high tide with water two feet deep in the telegraph office and lower streets flooded.

At St. Augustine the tide was the highest in ten years and streets along the bay front were inundated.

Miami is about 300 miles south of Jacksonville, on the east coast, and it is supposed the Cuba cyclone has struck the place with full force.

HOUSES RUINED AT KEY WEST

Hurricane Sweeps All Through Florida and Cuba.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Oct. 18.—Frequent messages have been received at the wireless telegraph station here today giving the progress of a severe hurricane, which swept from Cuba to the lower east coast of Florida.

Early this morning the storm was reported in the vicinity of Havana, doing great damage there, but details are lacking. Later the storm reached Key West, blowing down small houses and trees, being particularly severe along the waterfront.

As the day wore on, the storm reached Jupiter, where, it is said, the wind blew 70 miles an hour. Wires are down south of Jupiter, and no wireless reports have been received from the Miami district.

The storm is moving in this direction. Residents on Anastasia Island have been warned, and some of them have moved to this city.

STORM PASSES OUT TO SEA

After Raging Through Cuba and Florida Strikes Atlantic.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The tropical hurricane which swept over Cuba, breaking cable communication, and passed on to the southern and eastern coasts of Florida early today, cutting off communication south of Jacksonville and flooding various places in its course, is tonight apparently safe away from land and heading toward the Bermuda Islands and the ocean beyond.

The storm swept with terrific force, but its path was hardly more than 70 miles in width. It raged last night in Havana, leveling the inland wires in that neighborhood, passed over the west end of Cuba, its vortex crossed Sand Key and Key West, with winds blowing at least 72 miles an hour, tipped the east coast of the peninsula and swept on northwestward over the ocean.

The Weather Bureau tonight announced that the storm has evidently passed northeastward through the Florida Straits and is now over the Atlantic some distance east of the Georgia coast.

HAVANA TOTALLY ISOLATED

Land Wires Connecting With Cable Down in Cuba.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—At 2 o'clock this morning cable communication with Havana had not been restored and the Western Union Company was unable to get in connection with Miami or Key West, the land lines throughout Southern Florida having been prostrated.

It is impossible to get information that will give any basis for an estimate of the damage in Havana. The cable lines on the western Cuban end are connected with Havana by land wires and the presumption is that these wires have been put out of commission, a single dispatch received by the Associated Press from Santiago de Cuba stating that the weather there is clear. This dispatch came by way of Bermuda, but Santiago de Cuba, which is nearly 500 miles from Havana, reports that all wires to the capital are down.

STORM STRUCK CENTRAL CUBA

Eastern End of Island Cut Off From the Capital.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, Oct. 18.—Telegraphic communication with Havana is interrupted. Every effort to get word from the capital has proved fruitless. Neither the land lines nor the coastwise cable are in operation. There has been no storm here and the cyclone which has broken communication with Havana evidently was confined to the central and eastern part of the island.

JOHN BULL NOT WORRIED

Capital Safe in Cuba Now Uncle Sam Is There.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Western Havana Railroad today the chairman announced the approaching issue of $4,000,000 of new capital to provide funds for the purchase of additional rolling stock. The chairman said there is every reason to hope that with the advent of the provisional government of Cuba there need be no further anxiety in regard to the government of the island.

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PLACE THE NEGRO IN TRUE POSITION

Vardaman Would Take Away Equality.

WILL MAKE FIGHT IN SENATE

Call on Nation to Repeal Fifteenth Amendment.

CRISIS IN RACE CONFLICT

Governor of Mississippi Declares Purpose in Running for Senate. Negro Becomes Worse and Not Whites' Equal.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Announcement of a carefully planned campaign to secure the repeal of the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, that which gives the negro equality with the white man as a citizen, was made by Governor James K. Vardaman, of Mississippi, who was in Chicago today attending the railway surgeons' convention.

Mr. Vardaman, who is seeking election to the United States Senate, declared that, if he won a membership in the upper house of Congress, he would make his fight on the floor of that body, believing that he had the support of the entire South. He insisted that a crisis in the relation of the races in the Southern States was at hand and that the problem of white supremacy or black domination should be settled at once.

Only Practical Settlement.

"I favor unqualifiedly and without reserve the abrogation of the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution," said the Governor. "It is my hope through the United States Senate to demonstrate to the Nation that there is only one practical way of settling this matter, and that is by plainly showing the negro his proper place in our system of government.

"The race question must be settled and that very soon. It cannot be disposed of, however, until the Nation as a whole has been convinced that there is a distinction between the white race and the black.

"The laws now specifically recognize the difference between the white man and the Indian, the Chinaman, the Esquimaux or the Malay. There is just as wide a gap between the white man and the negro.

Negroes Becoming Worse.

"The negroes in the South, notwithstanding the millions of dollars we have spent in attempting to educate them, are becoming more irresponsible, more disrespectful of law and more animal-like in their characters and desires."

"How will the abrogation of the fifteenth amendment change conditions?" was asked.

"It will simply place the negro where he belongs," replied the Governor. "The criminal instinct which is daily becoming more rampant is an outcropping of the desire to attain social equality fostered by the present legal equality which the amendment compels.

Will Speak to Whole Nation.

"If I get to the Senate there will be an opportunity to speak to the entire Nation. The North will know what the South already knows—that the climax of the situation is at hand. It will come to appreciate that Thomas Jefferson was not speaking of the negro when he said that all men were created free and equal. He knew then that the negro was a mere chattel."

"How soon do you expect this crisis?"

"It is nearly due," said the Governor. "The matter of white supremacy or black domination in the South is at fever heat and the sooner the North and the West realize this the better it will be for the Nation."

DREADNAUGHT NOT SHAKEN

Fires Huge Broadside Without Damage to Structure.

PORTSMOUTH, England, Oct. 18.—The British battleship Dreadnaught carried out her trials in the open sea today with satisfactory results. After the tests of the lighter guns had been concluded, the Dreadnaught fired her 10 and 12-inch guns, first singly, then in pairs, and finally all eight simultaneously. Each gun was loaded with the full service charge of 265 pounds of cordite and an 850-pound projectile.

The vessel stood the strain of the enormous broadside splendidly. There was not the slightest disturbance to her structure, and only slight damage to the lighter fittings of her superstructure.

FAMINE IN WEST IRELAND

Bryce May Keep People Alive With Public Works.

DUBLIN, Oct. 18.—(Special.)—In view of the failure of the potato crop, famine is threatened in West Ireland this winter. Chief Secretary Bryce received a deputation from Sligo today pointing out that relief measures will surely be needed and urging prompt action by the government. The secretary is considering the institution of extensive public works to furnish employment for sufferers.

NEW FIELD FOR CARNEGIE'S BENEVOLENCE