Meyer Will Take One of Vacant Places in President's Cabinet.

# MOODY NOT TO BE JUDGE

Massachusetts Already Has Holmes on Supreme Bench-Hoyt, of Pennsylvania Talked of for Attorney-General.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2-(Special.)-Two retirements from the President's Cabinet are stated for the coming Winter. They are those of Attorney-General Moody whose resignation will become effective about December 1, and Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, who, according to pres-ent intentions, will retire in February. For one of the vacancies to be created the President will nominate George Von L. Meyer, American Ambassador to Russia, but for the other he is not yet ready to announce a successor.

Mr. Moody to remain in the Cabiner, but the latter, because of business arrangements, has found it impossible to do so. He would also like to have Secretary Bonaparte take Mr. Moody's place when the latter retires, but the former prefers

partment, with whose workings he has become thoroughly familiar.

Some suggestions have been made that Secretary Metcaif, of the Department of hat. Commerce and Labor, take one of the positions to be made vacant in the proposed shifting of Cabinet officers, but he also has expressed a preference to re-main where he is.

# Moody Not for Supreme Court. The President also is considering the

selection of a successor to Justice Brown, of the Supreme Court. Regarding both of the Supreme Court. Regarding both of these matters, it is possible to give tonight some inside information. Secretary Taft is not going on the Supreme bench; nor is Justice Brown's successor likely to be Mr. Moody.

The President would like to appoint his Attorney-General to the high judicial values.

cancy and probably is deterred only by geographical considerations. Not that the President himself has any prejudice against the presence of Justices from the same state on the Supreme bench, but he realizes he would have a hard fight or his hands were he to name a man from Massachusetts while Justice Holmes, also from that state, holds his seat.

# Hoyt May Get Judgeship.

A conference between the President and Senator Knox this evening is believed to have dealt with the Supreme Court vacancy, and has created a rumor that Solicitor-General Hoyt, of Fennsylvania, is likely to be slated to fill it.

In making it known that he would like to reward his Attorney-General, the Presi-dent practically admits that his former choice—that of his Secretary of War-to succeed Justice Brown is no longer under consideration. Before a selection is made, however, Mr. Tuff is to be consulted. No appointment will be made until Congress meets in December, so that from its meet-ing next week until perhaps the first of next year, the Supreme bench will be short one member.

# Moves on Checkerboard,

The situation confronting the President is a good deal like a checkerboard. A shifting of men all round, although only two new personalities are to be added to the council board, is in prospect. If Mr. Bonaparte be transferred from his present osition, then there is the likelihood of dr. Meyers being made Secretary of the Navy according to the original programme. But if no change be made in the navy portfollo, Mr. Meyer may succeed Mr. Shaw as head of the Treasury Department. The President will go outside his present circle of advisors in deciding upon a Secretary of the Trensury, according to present plans, and two or three persons aside from Mr. Meyer are under consideration. No hint worthy of credence as to who they are, however, has

# Meat Inspection Begins.

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—Three hundred in-spectors entered upon their duties at the Chicago packing-houses yesterday, under the new Federal law. Judging from the first day's experience, the inspection will be thorough and systematic.
"If there is anything wrong now, it is up to the Government," said one packer, with apparent relief.

That is the position of all the packers From statements made by Secretary James Wilson of the Agricultural De-partment, the Government is willing to assume the responsibility.

# Will Soon Award Chinese Contract

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.-Chairman Theodore P. Shontz, of the Panama Canal Commission, returned to Washington today and said he hoped to make the award of the contract for Chinese labor ers on the proposals recently submitted to the commission in a few days.

# Root Will Speak on His Trip.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.-Secretary Root will not make any public statement con-cerning his recent extended South American trip until next month, when he will deliver an address in St. Louis before an organization interested in commerce.

# Murray Made Brigadier-General.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.-Colonel Arthur Murray, acting chief of artillery, was advanced to the rank of brigadier-general today and became chief of artillery, succeeding Brigadier-General S. M. Mills, who retired a short time ago.

## Portland Woman in Civil Service. WASHINGTON, Oct. 2-Mary E. Bell of Portland, has been appointed a clerk in the Agricultural Department.

# DEMOCRATS TELL ISSUES

(Continued From Page 1.)

Democratic conferces by consenting to the 'broad court review.'

"In this way the present law-the very best that the people could get from the Republican Congress-was

"If the Republican Senate had done half its duty there would have been a railroad bill passed into law long before 1887."

# Rap at Secretary Shaw.

Attention next is called to the extravagant appropriation of the 59th Congress and in connection therewith reference is made to the creation of deficiencies in violation of the law. Under the head of "departmental druggists.

scandals," Secretary Shaw is charged with "neglecting the duties of his office, traveling about the country making speedies for the standpatters and carrying on a campaign for the Presidential nomination in 1908, but still drawing a salary which he does not arn and setting a bad example for his supordinates."

The Controller of the Currency is declared to be inefficient by reason of the failure of the Walsh, Enterprise and other banks. It is declared "that the little rogues are prosecuted, but the big ones are allowed to escape. With relation to their attitude toward organized labor, the book asserts that the Democrats were the first to give it recognition. Its position is summarized as follows:

# Roosevelt and Labor.

"It is safe to say there has not been statute enacted by Congress for the relief of the workingmen of the United States or organized labor that the Democrats have not given their nearty

Taking up President Roosevelt's po

sition on the question, it is declared that "he is hostile to the labor element. He has expressed it in his book, in his official utterances and by his acts." It is stated he regards representatives of labor unions as members of the "rogues" gallery," "sleek, oily fel-"bulls of Bashan," "lazy, selfish, brutal, violent, murderous," mob." Returning to the subject of the tariff, the book asserts that President Roosevelt at various times in his career has been a free trader, a tariff reformer and a standpatter, and that he "may lead a movement for tariff revision in 1908," and then it has this

"Mr. Roosevelt has written nothing disincily and unequivocally stating his postion since he withdrew from the freetrade club, but it has been given out at Oyster Bay this Summer that he is fully a accord with the views of Speaker Canion and Mr. Sherman, which have been ummarized in the language of gamblers and beggars-"Stand pat and pass the

# Motive Behind Big Stick.

Under the caption, "The Motive Behind the 'Big Stick' 'It is charged that Presi-dent Roosevelt favors big corporations in Porto Rico and the Philippines, and that e would make conditions advantageous or them; that he wants a big military nd naval force to include subsidized merchant marine, and that he has perverted the Monroe Doctrine in the interest of the asphalt trust in Venezuela. It is said that not unless he found the necessity to win Democratic support for his policy of imperialism did he ever say a word in praise of any Democratic statesman or Democratic achievement. Qoutations follow from some of the President's books referring in alleged uncomplimentary terms to Jefferson, Madison, Benton and

libelous and scandalous say ngs," it is declared, "reflect the true spirit of Theodore Rossever. What he now says is said only to win approval for the 'big-stick' policy, by insinuating that such a policy was really fnaugurated by Jefferson and Monroe, and not by 'the big American corporations,' which he is serving and which he seeks to enthrone in the Philippines, Porto Rico, Cuba and Santo Domingo, Even when he tells the Santo Domingo. Even when he tells the truth, he does so in order to disguise an evil purpose, or to justify by precedent the wicked policy. Surely no one who values sincerity will be influenced by the utterances of Mr. Roosevelt."

# Many Sins of Roosevelt.

The charge then is made that "the epts gifts from them-violated the inter state commerce law-demands and re-ceives money in favored banks without interest-diverts funds appropriated for one purpose to another-allows public coney to pay for, a literary bureau to

"Mr. Roosevelt has shown greater re-

Maintaining that the principles of the Democratic party definitely and always have opposed monopoly, it is stated that the Democrats were the first to introduce anti-trust bills, whereas the first resolution to investigate the trusts was not accepted by a Republican Senate

GUMMERE RESENTS LEVITY OF MOROCCAN MINISTER.

Demands Capture and Punishment of Guilty Chief and Indemnity for Assault on Protege.

TANGIER, Oct. 2.- The energetic protest of Mr. Gummere the American Min-ister, in the matter of assault by a sol-dier on the son of Thami Sizoul, a Mooccan subject under the protection of the United States, was due to the incorrect attitude of Mohammed el Torres, the For eign Minister, who treated the first com-plaint of the American representativ ightly, thus calling for Mr. Gummere's

stern reproof.
Mr. Gummere demands not only the dispatch of a troop of cavalry to capture Kaid Rell, who connived at the escape of the soldier, but a large indemnity and the punishment of the guilty persons. No further reports of progress in the matter have yet been made.

# Socialists Win One Fight.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The labor movement in Great Britain is at present passing through an interesting phase, which is tending to decide the future dominance of one of two sections of the Labor party in the House of Commons, the Liberal section, led by John Burns, or the Socialist section, led by James Keir Hardie.

The Federation of Miners at the meeting hold this week of Swanness tooks. ing held this week at Swansea took a ballot, although official figures are not yet available, it is understood to have decided against joining the Hardle section. On the other hand a conference of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, sitting simultaneously at Cardiff, passed a resolution, after a long and bitter debate, in favor of adhesion to the Hardie section, in spite of the fact that their leader, Richard Bell, M. P., was strongly opposed to the railway men submitting themselves to Socialist dicta-

# Musician Ends His Life.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 2.-Joseph Diffussi, a well-known musician of this city, com-mitted suicide tonight. Ill health is said to have made him despondent.

Colds and Croup, in Children.
Women who have young children that are subject to colds and croup will be interested in the statement of Mrs. William H. Serig. No. 4! Fifth street, Wheeling, W. Va., who says: "My little girl is subject to colds. Last Winter she had a severe spell and a terrible cough, but I cured her with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy without the aid of a doctor, and my little boy has been prevented many times from having the croup by the limely use of this syrup. As soon as he shows any signs of croup I give him the Cough Remedy for three or four days which prevents the attack." This remedy is for sale by all druggists. Colds and Croup, in Children.

# PALMA DEPARTS SHEDDING TEARS

Fallen President Leaves Palace for Retirement at Matanzas.

# WHOLE FAMILY IN SORROW

Accompanied by Faithful Friends, He Leaves Havana-Cheers of Sympathetic Crowd Cause Emotions to Find Vent.

HAVANA, Oct, 2 .- Ex-President Palma's departure from the palace and from the Capital of Cuba this morning was so quiet and so unostentatious that it was scarcely realized that he had gone

gratification and said that disarmament was in accordance with patriotic duty. At Jaruco Colonel Lima told Senor Palma he had ordered his force to be mustered out, and that this would be his last act as an officer. Continuing, the colonel declared that the people of Ma-tanzas were particularly pleased that the ex-president was coming to their peaceful city to enjoy that rest and tranquility he so well deserved. He said also that the Cuban people were sure to re-elect Psima to the presidency at the first op-

# Sure of American Good Faith.

Senor Palma said to Colonel Lima that he had full confidence in the good faith of the United States and that he believed that the American Government intends to restore Cuban independence. He advised all to be patient and await the outcome which he felt sure would be entirely ac

A great crowd awaited the train at Matanzas, which is the moderate strong-hold of the island. The numbers at the station had been augmented by an excursion from Cardenas and people from the surrounding country. The provincial and municipal officers welcomed the expresident, who was escorted to the home of Manuel Florente. The Palmas will re-main in Matanzas for some time, going later to the Palma plantation at Bayamo Santiago province.

MARINES TO GUARD PROVINCES

American Forces Sent to Centers o Rebel Outbreak.

HAVANA, Oct. 2 .- The ittltude of the until his special train was traveling cast- authorities of the United States regard-

HOOD RIVER, Or., Oct. 2 .-

Workmen engaged in excavating

for the North-Bank railroad near

Underwood, Wash., recently un-

earthed a curiosity that is now in the possession of Edward Under-

# CURIOUS STONE IMAGE UNCOVERED BY RAILROAD EXCAVATION



Head of Dog With Horns of Sheep.

wood and has been the subject of much interest and comment by the few that have seen it. It was found by Emil Anderson who had charge of constructing a station on the new road, who says it was discovered at a depth of over 25 feet and was embedded in 18 feet of gravel from the top of which had been removed several feet of rock In appearance it resembles an animal, half dog and half sheep, with the features of the former and horns of the latter. The image has been carved out of the hard basalt rock found along the Columbia River at this point and is as hard as iron. In height it is about two feet, but originally was probably somewhat higher as it has evidently been broken off at the bottom as can be seen by the picture. While Underwood, who is a plo-

neer of 1853 in this region, seems to think that it is the work of Indians who formerly camped in great numbers at the mouth of the White Salmon River, near where it was found, engineers who have examined it say that its antiquity is so great that it may antedate them and that the fact that it is of stone

indicates that it is not the work of their handicraft as almost without ex ception their images are of wood. They are inclined to think that it was the figurehead of a galley or boat of some kind in the remote ages. Underwood has been offered various sums of money for the image, but so far has refused to part with it. The photo gives a profile view and was taken on

"Mr. Roosevelt has shown greater regard for the interests of corporations, and less regard for the law than any other Executive the country has ever had."

Talmaining that the principles of the law than any other Executive the country has ever had."

Talmaining that the principles of the law than any other Executive the country has ever had."

The law and the family to Matanzas. Besides these some of Mr. Palma's most intimate friends bade him a hearty farewell in hits private apartments at the palace.

Sadnes at Departure. All members of the family were affected over the circumstances of their sudden departure in a little more than four onths after Senor Palma had been in all glad that the closing scenes were about over. The family, with the servants following, descended the marble statr-case for the last time and walked to the arriages. No further farewells were

The ex-President entered a closed carriage, which was driven rapidly to the Caballeria wharf, followed by Senor Montalvo in an automobile. The party boarded the Department of Public Works tug Natalie, on which it was taken to Regla, the baggage and other effects hav-ing already preceded it. There were not more than a score of persons outside the palace when the ex-President left it, and there was very little cheering at the wharf where the family embarked, though several tugs, steamers and govrnment launches gave a parting salute

# Fallen President Sheds Tears.

On arriving at Regla, while passing from the tug to the train, the ex-Pres-ident was greeted with hearty cheers and cries of "Long live Tomas Estrada Palma!" "Long live the honorable man!" Palma! 'Long live the honorable man:
The former President acknowledged
cordially this appreciation of his services,
but he preased on and quickly boarded
the special train in waiting. This consisted of two saloon cars and a locomotive, and started for Matanzas almost
immediately. As it pulled out of the station cheers for the ex-President were again raised. At this point Mr. Palma made no further endeavor to conceal his pent up emotions. He stood on the rear platform on the last car, waving his silk hat, with tears coursing down his face, calling "Adleu" to the crowd as the train moved slowly away. The former members of the Cabinet and

heir wives and a few others accompanied the Palma family to Matanzas, where the latter will remain for a few days, later going to its home at Bayamo, province of Santlago.

Relieved at Escaping Load. The Palma party consisted of Mr. Palma Mrs. Palma, Jose Palma and his American wife and child, Tomas Estrada Palma Jr., the oldest daughter of Can-

dita Palma, the two younger boys and one girl. In spite of his age, the difficulties which he encountered in governing Cuba during the last four years and the special
trials of the inst month, Mr. Palma did
not appear broken in health. Generally
speaking, he appeared to be relieved at
the fact that it was all over. Today
was the first time the President has left
the palace since the beginning of the
disturbances, August 18, when he came
over to Havana from his summer cottage
near Cabanas fortress.

While the departure of Palma was the
most important event of the past 24 he encountered in governing Cuba dur

most important event of the past 24 hours, he left the capitol so quietly that the public did not realize that he was gone until the news was given in the

Approves of Disarmament.

On the way from Havana to Matanzas Senor Palma's special train stopped at two stations, where the government vol-unteer forces were preparing to disarm and disband. When Colonel Rego, in command of the battalion at Campo Florido, informed Senor Palma what he dor, of Panama, accompanied by his wife, was doing the ex-president expressed his will make an extended visit to the United

ward. Among those present at the palace to see the Palma family off were Secretary of State O'Farrell, Secretary of State O'Fa Finance Font y Sterling, Secretary of Public Works Montalvo, Senator Dolz, President of the Senate: ex-Secretary vertion is worth a pound of cure. The vention is worth a pound of cure. tions at Campe Columbia to transport 450 marines from the encampment westward tonight for the purpose of laving them in adjacent towns when the first Installment of General Guerra's disbanded men reach these places tomorrow.

While no disorder is anticipated when the revolutionists reach their homes, the provisional government and the military authorities consider the actual military occupation of the Pinar del Rio district quite as essential as the occupation of other portions of the Island, and regard it as best to have an American force there to insure the preservation of order. This battalion of marines, which was to first occupy Pinar del Rio, was sent forward to-night by special train. The orders came from Governor Taff at 6 o'clock, and half an hour later the battalion

had boarded a train at Buena Vista, a station near Camp Columbia. One thousand of Guerra's followers will go to Pinar del Rio in special trains, while 1800 others will start to march to their homes, taking with them their horses and extra mounts. It is the purpose eventually to restore all horses to their rightful owners.

all horses to their rightful owners.

It is believed tonight that all the revolutionists in the vicinity of Havana will have been peacefully dispersed in three days. Generals Guerra and Del Castilla are actiely co-operating to this end. Together with Guzman, the commander-inchief of the rebels in Santa Clara province, they called at the American Legation today and renewed their promises. tion today and renewed their promises of assistance. They also thanked Mr. Tatt for his courtesies and discussed the projected amnesty proclamation. Mr. Taft said to his visitors that he would take up this subject later, not having time now to give it the necessary attention, and said that when the matter did come up he would investigate personally all cases which might require his atten-tion in order that justice be done. The fact that General Guzman is acting

in sincere co-operation is believed to pre-clude trouble of any consequence in the work of disarming the rebels in Santa Clara province and no fears of disorder

in other sections are entertained.

Mr. Taft tonight is busy in his temporary quarters, Minister Morgan's villa at Marianao, going over the plans prepared by the Cuban health officials for coping with yellow fever. These plans include an increase in the sanitary force and equipment and terror was to be considered. and equipment and very much greater expenditures. Tomorrow Mr. Taft will occupy the office at the palace, but it is ncertain when he will take up his res dence there.

The question of Cuban finances is, for the moment, one of much seriousness, as there are obligations outstanding for the payment of at least half of the \$13,-000,000 at present in the treasury. The income of the government, however, amounts to nearly \$3.000.000 at present in the treasury. amounts to nearly \$2,000,000 a month, and loans are not considered necessary insomuch as nearly all the Congressional appropriations have been cancelled. The marines at Camp Columbus have been ordered to keep within the government reserve, so there will be no mixing with the rebels and little with the gov-

with the regels and little with the government soldiers.

Colonel F. H. Crowder, the judge-advocate; Captain Archibald W. Butt, the
quartermaster, and Captain H. C. Cole,
the commissary, arrived today and took
charge of their respective departments.

The confidence of the business elements in the provisional gravitational conments in the provisional gravitational conments in the provisional government is apparently unbounded and they are all persistently hoping that the intervention will be permanent.

Amador Will Visit America. WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.-President Ama-

# YOU'LL HAVE

Only Four Days More to Bid on the Beautiful Highest-Grade Pianos Donated by Eilers Plano House to Y. M. and Y.W.C.A. Building Fund

All will be sold to the highest bidders. Proceeds go to building fund com-

See and test the instruments in partially completed new show window at upper corner Park and Washington streets. Do it today and get a fine piano, or Metrostyle Pianola, at your own figure. Not all cash necessary. Full particulars on request.

# Eilers Piano House

353-355 Washington St.

E. Magoon, of the canal zone, who arrived in Washington today from New York, called at the State Department and advised officials there of the propo-

DENIES TEXAS CAN OUST WATERS-PIERCE COMPANY.

Admits Standard Control, but Says State Cannot Take Away Vested Right in Stock.

AUSTIN, Texas, Oct. 2 .- The answer of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company in the State anti-trust suit was filed to Jay in the District Court.

The derendants except the whole of the plaintiff's petition and say that the petition in its entirety is a violation of the statutes and is not a state ment in logical and legal form of the facts constituting plaintiff's cause o

The defendants also except to this conclusion in the petition, "that the nominal and fraudulent reorganization having been accomplished, H. C. Fierce came into the State of Texas with a arge sum of money" and "accomplished he settlement of the cases pending in he State of Texas against the Waters Plerce Oil Company at that time;" also that the Standard Oil Company has ex-ercised control over defendant at all times except when prudential for polit cal reasons render it advisable for H. L. Pierce and the other stockholders

The defendants also contend that The defendants also content that penalties cannot be collected under the provisions of the act of 1899, as said act was repealed by the act of 1903, also that the holding of stock by the Standard Oil Company in the Waters-Pierce Company is not a violation of the law, for the reason that by the laws of its demicile, the Waters-Pierce Company has no control over its stock or right to prevent any one from hold-ing its stock; that the State of Mis-souri, the home of the defendants, has jurisdiction over stock ownership in this corporation and not the State of Texas that the Standard Oil Company nas no permit to transact business in Texas, consequently it cannot be in competition with the Waters-Pierce Company in Texas; that the State cannot recover penalties on account of the alleged acts of fraud of defendants in obtaining its permit to do business. in Texas; that penalties cannot be re-covered on account of the Standard's owning stock in the Waters-Pierce Company for the reason that, according to the State's allegations, the stock had been purchased by the Standard Com-pany long prior to the passage of the act of 1993, that it was a vested right

Pitcher Hill Given Release.



You can wear threadbare a Kenreign

guaranteed rain-proof coat before you are ashamed of its appearance, for it will hold its shape through rain and hard usage, yet always. be smart for fair days.

Original factory development and the use of a new system on the largest scale had to be perfected in order to produce these garments. Kenyon Overcoots

G.Kenyon Oo. - - NEW YORK

# TO HURRY Towle's Log Cabin Pen-o-che Syrup



is a delicacy you will thoroughly enjoy. It has a flavor impossible to describe and gives a toothsomeness to pancakes, hot bread and similar foods that you can obtain with no other syrup.

Unsurpassed in quality, purity and wholesomeness. You will never mistake this syrup -it has a flavor peculiarly its own. It is

West India cane sugar-a sugar that has no rival in its exquisite sweetness and deliciousness. Log Cabin Pen-o-che is as high-class, pure and whole-

some as Log Cabin Maple Syrup. The name "Pen-o-che" is a Spanish word meaning a dainty confection. That is exactly what Pen-o-che Syrup is.

It is not unlike pure maple-but costs less-and makes the most delicious candy. You can obtain Log Cabin Pen-o-che from your grocer.

Send for the book "Penoche Secrets" free with 100 new candy and dessert recipes.

# The Towle Maple Syrup Co St. Paul, Minn.

Makers of Towle's Famous Log Cabin Molasses

ast night of the directors of the Angel friends had hoped was buried by the City Baseball Association Pitcher Hall was released at his own request from the Los Angeles team. "Dolly" Gray's request to be released was denied. The directors voted to retain Gilmead as assist-ant manager.

TALBOT SUES FOR DIVORCE

Earthquake and Fire Did Not Bring Reconciliation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2 .- The bitterness existing in Millionaire Lum-berman Talbot's family, which his

earthquake find fire, has appeared again in the action for divorce filed yesterday by Talbot, alleging cruelty in its worst form. The suit is a com-plete surprise. When during the five Talbot was seen speeding towards the ferry in his big automobile with his wife and three children, it was thought a complete reconclusion had been of-fected, whereas this action shows that Talbot is as bitter as in his former suit, and the retention of prominent attorneys on each side indicates that a fierce struggle will be fought.

Thousands whom it has cured vouch for the value of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a cure for catarrh.

# \$400 -\$500 BENCH

in Signs?

It's easy to get becalmed on a sea of Do You Believe uncertainty regarding shoes. But why do it when the quality of one shoe is

A whistling sailor is a sign of a

The power of the Crossett argument blows away all uncertainty. Crossetts bring comfort without any lack of shapely style. They keep their style through

> Call on our agent in your city, or write us LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc., North Abington, Mass.

the hardest service-through a wonder-

ful amount of it. That's why you'll like

# WE CURE MEN FOR \$12.5

We'll treat any single uncomplicated ailment for \$12.5 CONSULTATION FREE.

# UNDER ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE NO PAY UNLESS CURED

It will not cost you anything to call at our office and consult us, and by so doing it may save you much time, worry and money, and because if we cannot cure you we will honestly tell you so, and you will not be

under any financial obligation to us. You pay us for cures—not to experiment; we have proved the fact that our methods are the best, latest and the most scientific in every respect. There are some cases that are incurable and we determine whether it is curable or incurable by a thorough physical and microscopical examination.

ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS IN PORTLAND.

IN PORTLAND. Some physicians try to imitate our methods of advertising and treatment, but in the past we have proven the fact to our parons that our treatment is superior in every way to our imitators. OUR treatment stands on its own merits and our success and reputation have been built upon this foundation. Furthermore, we wish to state THAT WE ACCEPT ONLY SUCH CASES AS ARE CURABLE.

# To Men of All Ages If Decline Is From Unnatural Cause

There is not a man in existence who is suffering from impotency that we cannot rebuild and strengthen so as to accomplish the greatest desire and experignce the Reenest satisfaction, and after we have cured a case of this kind there will never again be a sign of weakness except brought on by imprudence.

Our well-known and long-established institution is equipped with every modern appliance for the treatment of men.

Remember, our charges are reasonable and in reach of any workingman. The best is none too good for any man who is a sufferer from any of the diseases below mentioned, to which we have devoted exclusively the best years of our life.

We cure all forms of Blood and Skin Diseases, Brain Fag, Varicese

We cure all forms of Blood and Skin Diseases, Brain Fag. Varieose or Knotted Veins, Nervous Decline, Piles, Fistula, Kldney, Bladder and all Urinary Diseases due to Weakness, inheritance and exhaustion and the result of specific diseases. Gonorrhora cured in seven days. We Want Every Man in the Country Who Is Afflicted to Write

Us About His Ailment. WE CURE YOU AT HOME. HOURS-8 TO 5. 7 TO 8:30 DAILY; SUNDAYS, 9 TO 12.

St. Louis Medical and Surgical Dispensary CORNER SECOND AND YAMHILL STREETS, PORTLAND, OREGON.