Russian Revolutionary Leaders Are in Despair at Failure.

WORKMEN DESERT

Only Hope of Success Hangs on the Railroad Men-Fear of Mutiny Causes Exodus From Odessa and Sevastopol.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 7.-(3:30 A. M.) In the light of yesterday's developments, the general strike may almost be regarded as a flasco. The summons to go out has as a flasco. The summons to 50 out has met some response in Moscow, where the printers and street-car men and part of the employes of the gas, water and electric light plants quit work, but these are more than offset by the defections in St. Fetersburg. An enthusiastic acceptance of the order to strike is nowhere recorded. Even in the Donetz mining district, where practically all the miners already are out, the factory hands, according to the corre-spondent of the Associated Press, declined

Hope Hangs on Railroad Men.

The revolutionists may possibly yet be saved by the railroad men, but the central committees of the railroad men has yet reached a final decision, and up to the present time, in spite of the fran-tic efforts of the agitators, not a single important line of the empire is affected. The line to Irinoff, upon which a train was stopped last evening, is not import-

Fifteen thousand employes of the gov ernment's powder mills struck yesterday but this was counterbalanced by the re turn of the men of the Westinghouse and other factories, who have notified their superintendents that they will begin work

printers of St. Petersburg, instead of abandoning the strike entirely, have decided to print only one liberal newspaper a day. This, however, really plays into the hands of the government, as the Novos Vremya and the Svet, the two conservative journals, are wealthy enough to defy the union and resume publication tomorrow. The compositors on the Offi-cial Messenger joined the strikers yesterbut they were replaced by military

Strike Leaders in Despair.

The organizers of the strike are in despair over the prospects of failure. Some already counsel calling the strike off in an effort to save prestige, but the majority is waiting in the last hope for some action on the part of the railroad men. Except for the dispersal of several mi-nor gatherings by Cossacks and mounted

olice, St. Petersburg yesterday was ai-nost as quiet as in ordinary times. The Prefect of Police has issued a long clamation, which was circulated among the lower classes, explaining the govern-ment's reasons for the dispersal of the lower house of Parliament. This act, it is declared, does not signify the suppression of representative institutions, but is intended to give the people an opportunity conscientiously to choose deputies to the new Parliament who will co-operate with the government in solving the problems upon which the welfare of the country de-

Socialist Committee Captured.

The central committee of the Social nocrats was captured and placed in on in the early hours, and the greatest confusion prevails in the revolutionary

Although the Liberals are strongly op-posed to the course of the government, region. they shrink from precipitating a revolu-tion and the horrors of a civil war, in which the country would be plunged if the plans of the proletariat leaders were successful. Not only is the sympathy of the intelligent public lacking, but in St. Petersburg the leaders of the various labor organizations find many of the followers lukewarm and even in open rebellion against their orders.

against their orders.

The workmen's council, which apparently is a much weaker body than the similar council which managed the strike of inst Fall, in fear of failure, has already practically determined to resort to vio-lence in order to stop traffic on the rail-roads, if the men refuse to join in the

MUTINY THREATENS ODESSA

Soldiers Keenly Watched - Police Spy Killed by Rebels.

ODESSA, Aug. 6.—Sevastopol is still telegraphically isolated, but steamer arrivals from that port report all quiet there. The sailors of the fleet and soldlers of the fortress are apparently disheartened by the fiasco resulting from the Northern mutinies.

The troops at Odessa are showing un-mistakable signs of unrest and the au-thorities are taking the most stringent measures to prevent a mutiny. Numerous patrols surround the military camp. No

patrols surround the military camp. No strangers are admitted there and the soldiers are watched incosmently.

Agents of export houses who are traveling through the country buying up corn report that the peasants are preparing for widespread disorders after the harvest. Sixty revolutionary agitators left here yesterday for different villages.

A police agent, in whose pocket was found a list of 20 revolutionists whom he had denounced, was killed here today.

One hundred and thirty local strikers were banished yesterday to remote prowere banished yesterday to remote pro

STRIKE A FAILURE IN MOSCOW

vinces of the Empire.

Labor Leaders Divided and Railroad

Men Refuse to Quit.

MOSCOW, Aug. 6.—Today's develop-ments presage a fallure of the strike. The leaders are divided as to the opportuness and their irresolution is af-fecting the spirits of the men. The railroad men, who hold the key to the situation, have thus far refused to join the strike. The employes of the Kazan road, who stopped work with-out orders from the central commit-tee, have returned to their posts and traffic over the road has been resumed.

In spite of the strike, the printers here continue surreptitionally printing copies of the Viborg manifesto and other seditions prociamations.

All of the suburbs of Moscow are occupied by large numbers of troops.

cupied by large numbers of troops. Many of the streets of the suburbs are in darkness. The authorities are tak-ing measures to prevent disorders. The wine shops are closed and the railroad

wine snops are closed and the railroad stations are guarded by troops.

Alexander J. Guchkoff and Count Heyden and other leaders of the "peaceful regenerationists," held a meeting here today to discuss tactics.

The police are arresting the members of all the central committees of the various trades unions.

rlous trades unions.
No trains left Moscow this morning

over the Kezan Railroad, which took the lead in the strike of last November. The employes of the electric plant failed to appear for duty today.

NEW CALL FOR REVOLUTION Radical Deputies Issue Manifesto

for General Strike. ST. PETERSBURG, Ang. 5.—The former Deputies composing the Social Democratic and Labor parties, Polish and Jewish committees and various revolutionary bodies, have issued the following joint

To the whole nation:
A formight has slapsed since the govern-ment dissolved the lower house of Parliament, It laughed at the nation's representation and It laughed at the matter acceptance and set the whole people at defiance. Russia has received this new crime of the autocratic power in sullen silence. The government rejoices at this victory, but the thunder of guins and Svessborg and Cremstadt proved this rejoicing to be premature. The army and the navy have raised the standard of insurrection resulted the openseways of the people. The rear against the oppressors of the people. The rear of the guns at Sveaborg and Cronstadt has given the signal for a new pan-Russian attack on the autocracy. A new and decisive struggie for land and liberty has begun. The lessons of the past will not have been in

The imperial manifesto of October 30 proved deceitful and a State Dourna is without au-thority and unable to satisfy a single national

The people see now they can hope for noth-ing as long as the state power is in the hands of its enemies. The object is not as un-authoritative Parliament, but a constitutional authoritative Parliament, but a constitutional assembly with full powers, elected by universal, equal, direct and secret suffrage. The people must apply themselves. Citisens all, to whom freedom is dear, we apply to you for declaive struggles against the government of the Emperor, for a national government and for land and liberty. We call on you for a general strike to cast down the imperial government and the authorities depending therson.

Long live the general strike and the decisive struggle for national power. struggle for national power.

WHO WATCHES THE OFFICERS?

They Guard Russian Soldiers to Prevent Another Mutiny.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—According to an odessa dispatch to a local news agency, teamer advices from Sevastopol say that fully 20,000 persons have left the city, and the exodus is still in progress. Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the Black Sea fleet, is in an awkward dilemma. He is afraid to remove the breech blocks from the fortress guns in case the crews of the warships mutiny, and at the same time he distrusts the fortress artillerymen. At the fortress and on the war-ships double staffs of officers keep watch with revolvers in their hands.

RIGA'S CREW IN MUTINY.

Russian School Ship Afflicted by the Naval Uprising.

LIBAU, Aug. 6.—On the arrival here to-day of the school ship Riga, which was in company with the mutinous cruiser Pam-yat Azova, it is learned that a portion of the Riga's crew also participated in the

The commander of the Pabyat Azova quelled the mutiny by threatening to blow up the ship. Thirty-five of the mutineers have been delivered to the military authorities here the

Oppose Higher Education of Jews.

KIEV, Aug. 6.-The League of True Russian People has sent an appeal to Premier Stolypin against the removal of the restrictions upon the attendance of Jews at the universities and higher educational institutions of the country,

Peasants Fight for Forest.

TCHERNIGOV, Russia, Aug. 6.—Reports have been received here of an armed encounter between pensants while engaged in taking possession of the private forests in the district of Kazietzk. One peasant was killed and several wounded.

General Strike of Miners.

LUGANSK, Province of Yekaterinoslav, Aug. 6.—A general strike has been
proclaimed. Tweive thousand miners
have stopped work. Fifty thousand men
are now out in the Donets Basin mining

Skrydloff on Way to Odessa,

LONDON, Aug. 6.—A dispatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg says that it is reported Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the Black Sea fleet, has left-Sevastopol for Odessa on a tor-

Trainrobbers Show Moderation.

MINSK, Aug. 6.—The mail train on the Libau Railroad was held up today. A band of robbers with rifles ran-sacked the mull car and took from each passenger half of the cash in his pos-

No Wholesale Execution.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 6.—The statement that 600 of the Cronstadt mutineers have been executed is semiofficially denied.

ALL ARE FOR ARBITRATION

Pan-American Congress Favors End to War in America.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 6.—The inter-national American Conference at today's session unanimously agreed upon a proj-ect providing for the arbitration of disputes between the countries represented.

The project was signed by the arbitration committee, which is composed of the representatives of every delegation attended the contraction attended the contraction are puter to the contraction of the

At Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 6.-Showers fell during the opening day of the grand cir-cuit races today, but only served to make a fast track. Angiola, winner of the first heat of the 2:97 trot, stepped the mile in the fast time of 2:96%. The race was won by Mainsheet, which was favorite in the pools. Results:

Trot, 2:07, Lenox Hotel purse, \$2000—Main-sheet won second and third heats and the race in 2:00, 2:08½. Angiola won the first heat in 2:06½. Turiey, Kid Shea and Aristo about a statement of the control of the contro

also started.

Match race, 2-year-old pacers, half mile heats—Eval Hal won two straight heats in 1.08, 1.07%. Princess Direct also started.

Trot, 2:13, purse \$1500—Lake Queen won the second and third heats and the race in 2:00%, 2:08%. Robert A. won the first heat in 2:00%, Mack Mack, Edmbri, Mociene, Irish and Whiten Wilkes also started.

Pace, 2:06, purse \$1500—The Friend won the first and second heats in 2:07, 2:05%. Texas Tooker won the third heat in 2:08. Hai Chaffin also started.

Infantry Comes From Alaska.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 6 .- The transport Buford arrived tonight from Army posts in the North with the Third Infantry, which has been in serv-ice in Alaska. The troops will take part in the maneuvers at Camp Tacoma.

RARE CHANCE TO TRAVEL. Very Low, Long Time Round-Trip Tickets

Vin O. R. & N. August 7, 8, 9 and September 8 and 10, the O. R. & N. sells very low long-time round-trip tickets to Eastern points. Particulars by calling upon C. W. Stinger, City Ticket Agent, Third and Washington streets, Portland.

Thomas and Knabenshue Make Successful Balloon Voyage.

NEW DEVICES STAND TEST

Journey of 225 Miles Made Without Mishap-Balloon Hails Astonished Yachtsmen and Descends for Breakfast.

BRANT ROCK, Mass., Aug. 6.-Sailing bove the clouds and over 225 miles of canoramic land and water from New York City, and landing today at the little pleasure resort of Brant Rock, near the his-toric town of Plymouth, Dr. Julian P. Thomas, of New York, and Roy Knaben-shue, a professional aeronaut, made one of the most successful balloon trips yet undertaken in this country and learned much, it is believed, that will assist in the development of aerial navigation, Dr. Thomas said that the trip from every

point of view was the most successful he has yet accomplished. The balloon was undamaged, but Kna-The bailoon was undamaged, but Knabenshue was cut slightly during the final descent at this place. Otherwise nothing marred the flight. The voyage was made with one stop, and that a voluntary one, at Noank, Conn., early this morning, where, by the aid of a new guide rope, Dr. Thomas quickly brought his balloon to the earth to secure breakfast and water. The aeronauts landed at Brant Rock at 11:30 this forencon, and, as they left New York at midnight last night, they were nearly 12 hours on their trip. The trip was made for the purpose of testing two new appliances, a guide rope and water anchor. The former device worked with great success. worked with great success.

Rides Gally Through Fog. The start in New York was made without mishap at midnight. The balloon rose over New York City and salled over Long Island Sound. After several miles a thick fog swept over the southern sky and the aeronauts were unable to tell whither they were drifting. By the use of his guide rope, Dr. Thomas brought the car nearer the earth, and from the blasts of the foghorns knew he was still over the waters of the Sound.

of the foghorns knew he was still over the waters of the Sound.

Off Bridgeport, Conn., attracted by one of the whistling craft, Dr. Thomas brought his airship still closer to the water and astonished the members of a yachting party by halling them from amidst the darkness. From them he learned his exact position, and then quickly resumed his journey. At about 5 o'clock this morning, the outlines of land could be made out through the fog, and by the aid of his new devices of water by the ald of his new devices of water anchor and guide rope Dr. Thomas landed gently at Noank, Conn.

Lands for Breakfast and Goes On. The voyagers had breakfast and were The voyagers had breakfast and were so enthusiastic over the success of their trip, which at this point had been of about 140 miles, that they decided to continue it. The sun's action upon the balloon had made it still more buoyant, and, as soon as released from its anchorage, the big bag shot up in the air to a height not hitherto reached, and far above the fog bank that still hung over the water. Long Island Sound was gradually left behind, and the balloon soured over the hills and meadows of Rhode Island. Destrous of further testing his guide rope, sirous of further testing his guide rope, Dr. Thomas dropped nearer to the land

Over Narragansett Bay and into Masthe ocean came into view, and prepara-tions were at once made for a final de-scent. The ear dropped rapidly until it struck the meadow land belonging to George H. Thomas at Brant Rock. The car, made unsteady by its lack of ballast, bounded along the ground for over 100 yards before its anchor brought it up, with the open waters of Massachusetts Bay, scarcely 300 yards away.

NEW PRUNE PRICES.

Growers Dissatisfied With Figures Named by Packers.

The prunegrowers of Oregon express much dissatisfaction with the prices named for the product by packers. In the absence of an organization including all the growers, the crop is to be disposed of according to individual contracts. With packers, however, there is said to be an understanding through which a price agreed upon is adhered to throughout the season. dhered to throughout the season

ashered to throughout the season.

The crop is now so nearly ready that a fairly accurate estimate is possible. Last week an estimate made by buyers of 40,000,000 pounds was printed as the probable yield of the Northwestern States of Oregon, Washington and Idaho. This estimate, the growers believe was made by the packers in order to bear the market. Upon the estimate packers have announced that the price to be paid this season will be on the 1%-cent base.

Crop 2,000,000 Pounds Short.

W. K. Newell, president of the State Board of Horticulture, says that the Northwest crop will be near 25,000,000 pounds, or 2,000,000 pounds less than the record crop two years ago. Reports received by Mr. Newell from the fruitgrowing counties state that the fruit is dropping off badly and much of it was shriveled up in the July hot weather. Another matter that will reduce the available crop for packing is the greatly-increased shipment of green fruit. East this year. This export demand is the largest ever known in this state, and in addition to the fruit sent to markets in this country there has been a

big sale abroad. Besides denying the figures given out as the estimate on the crop, growers figure out that dealers have sold short, especially on the largest sizes of prunes, and now that the crop promises to fall below early estimates find them-selves caught and are endeavoring to pull prices down. So they may come out whole on smaller sizes.

View of Fruit World.

The Pacific Fruit World, in a recent issue, says regarding the crop and state of prune stocks: state of prune Stocks:

The prune market continues weak, though there is nothing to justify the low prices prevailing save the operations of speculators who are engaged in a bear campaign. With a market absolutely have of old stock, for the first time in many years, even with a large crop in sight the consumption is sufficient to pretty well clean them up before another crop and it does not appear as though the present low prices can much longer prevail.

bears in ways that would apply in Ore-

Rural Press on Situation. The prune situation is still ill defined. Growers are naturally indignant at circulation of reperts of cheap prunes and reports also of contract sales at low rates for the evident littent of bearing the local market. At a recent meeting of San Jose Grange, a report was read stating that in spite of the 3½-cent basis established at a previous meeting of the prunegrowers many packers had contracted with Eastern firms to sell on a 2½, 2% and 3-cent basis, and that some of the packers had not purchased a single prune from the growers; that this year conditions over the country and elsewhere pointed to an unusual demand, the dried apricots and applea being source, and the prune crop in both Servia and France being light; and that the 3½-cent basis decided upon early in the season had The prune situation is still ill defined

and France being light; and that the 3½-cent hasis decided upon early in the season had been used by the packers only as an inducement to Eastern firms to accept more readily their offers to sell on a lower hasts.

Such action on the part of some in the trade for the purpose of buying for less is certainly aggravating. We know no way to stop them unless trustworthy statistics of the actual condition of the crop can be pointed to. There is plenty of evidence that the plans of cheap buyers are brought to naught by crop reports the accuracy of which can be demonstrated. Unless these can be secured by Government agencies, they must be had by wide organization of producers. If they are not to be had nothing remains but a game of bluff in which bull movements are put forward bluff in which bull movements are put forward to meet bear movements. These are not satis-factory, for the producer may really deceive himself and less by asking more than con-ditions warrant. The whole business is in very unsatisfactory shape.

Newell States Conclusions.

Mr. Newell in discussing the present situation, says:
"I am convinced that the 1%-cent
basis should not be considered seriously by Oregon growers. That price is below cost of raising, and if it is all that can be gotten out of the crop it will mean an abandonment of prune

raising in Oregon.
"As to the 40,000,000 pound average "As to the 48,000,000 pound average for this year's crop in the Pacific Northwest it would be well to inquire what would be done with a crop of that size. The capacity of the packing establishments is barely equal to handling the 25,000,000 to 27,000,000-pound crop, and even with an increase this year in the packing capacity of Clark County, Washington, it is not so great as to take care of a phenomenal crop. "Two important points for growers to remember are the almost total clean up of last year's stocks all over the country, and a shortage in foreign crops this year. Last year the basis was 24 to 22 cents and I can see no reason why the price this year should not be fully that, and in reality should be higher, considering trade conditions

be higher, considering trade conditions and cost of production. "Packers are open to reason and if

cline to consider bids at unprofitable figures packers will soon amend their ideas. I believe no grower should accept less than 3 cents and ought to get 2% as basis." Oregon prunegrowers will simply

TONOPAH MINING MAN ENTERS NOVEL DEFENSE.

Asks to Have Judgment Opened Because Service Was Illegal-Quarrel With the Promoter.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6 -- John McKane, of Yevada, has been allowed by Justice White, of the Supreme Court, sitting in Brooklyn, to open a judgment for over

resented McKane, denied that McKane had made any attempt to evade service. The plaintiff's lawyer walted, so McKane says, until he was going to his stateroom of the Department Store Wagon Drivers' on the vessel, where he was handed the papers, which he says he threw on the which the feative beer stein was replaced which the feative beer stein was replaced.

ada, when he became aware that judg-ment was entered against him. He in-sisted that he was a British subject and could not be either served with papers or arrested here.

ex_Judge_Frank Brundage, who appeared for the plaintiff, said the suit arose out of a failure on the part of McKane to deliver to Sloan 5000 shares in a sliver mine in Nevada of which McKane is the owner and which were worth \$30 a

Origin of the Lawsuit.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 7.—John Sloan is a mining promoter of this city and is gen-erally credited with being the representa-tive of F. Augustus Heinze, the copper magnate. The suit in question was said magnate. The suit in question was said here tonight to be a reopening of an old case that was brought in the courts of Allegheny County four years ago, and is the outcome of an agreement between Sloan and McKane, in which the latter is alleged to have offered Sloan a block of the the Tonorah Extended & Minister. tock in the Tonopah Extension & Mining Company, of Nevada, in return for Stoan's influence in floating the stock in this city. McKane at that time was president of the company, but drew out of executive control with the exception of being on the directorate.

Judge Enjoins Reinsurance. CHICAGO, Aug. 6 .- The recent fight CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—The recent fight between stockholders and officers of the Western Life Indemnity Company was recalled today when an amended supplemental bill was filed in the United States Circuit Court, following the entry of an order by Judge Kohlsaat. The order of the court restrains the reinsurance of the company in the Security Life & Annuity Company, refuses the appointment of a receiver and sustains the demurrer to the original bid of complaint.

inal bill of complaint.

Survey Toward Snake River. BAKER CITY, Or., Aug. 6.—Twelve railroad surveyors are camped at Medical Springs, twenty miles east Medical Springs, twenty miles east of Baker City, and are running the final surveys of the Oregon Central Raliroad from Union up Catherine Creek along the copper belt and into the timber country of the Pan Handle. The engineer in charge states that his instructions are to carry his surveys on through to the Snake River where a junction will be made with the Harriman line building from Huntington

Astoria Bars Out Oil Tanks.

ASTORIA. Or., Aug. 6.—(Special.)—The City Council this evening passed an ordinance authorizing the street committee to purchase a ten-ton steam road roller for \$3500. An ordinance was introduced prohibiting oil storage tanks of a greater capacity than 5000 gallons inside the city limits and providing that the tanks already erected must be removed within 90 days. The measure will be voted upon

Cattle Thief Breaks Jall.

PRINEVILLE, Or., Aug. 6 .- (Speto pretty well clean them up before another crop and it does not appear as though the present low prices can much longer prevail. He is reported that Northern growers are already combining and refusing to sell at less than 2½ to 3 cents bests.

The Pacific Rural Press also editorially refers to the situation and advises California growers to resist the

WITH FIST FIGHTS

Teamsters Have Contest for President Where Brute Force Rules.

THEY KEEP POLICE BUSY

President Shea Sits on Opponent's Chest and Beats Tattoo on Face. Tries to Exclude the Hostile Delegates.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—If today's develop-ments are any indication of what is to come, there will undoubtedly be some lively times in the convention hall of the international Brotherhood of Teamsters before final adjournment. The fourth an-nual convention of this organization bebefore final adjournment. The fourth annual convention of this organization began here today in a bewilderment of electioneering for presidency and so litter did the feeling grow among the different factions that it was necessary to call the police to maintain order.

The contending factions are headed by President C P Shoa who is seeking re-

President C. P. Shea, who is seeking re-election, and Albert Young, ex-president.

Shea Sits on Enemy's Chest. Two personal encounters took place on the stairway leading to the convention hall. Thomas Martin, one of the leaders of the New York delegation, which is opposed to Shea, became involved in an argument with some of Shea's followers. Blows followed and, when the police arrived Martin was lying unconscious on the floor while Shea sat astride his the floor, while Shea sat astride his chest beating him in the face with both fists. Several arrests were made, but those arrested were released on bonds. Soon after this fight John Buckley, of Boston, an admirer of Shea, became too eloquent in his advocacy of Shea to suit some of Young's friends and another fight resulted. The police were on the alert, however, and before any damage was ione the belligerents were separated. Hot Contest for Delegates.

About the only business transacted to-day was the seating of eight New York delegates. There are still 46 of these delegates unseated, and, if President Shea has his way, not more than three of them will be allowed to deliberate in the convention. Shea bases his objection to the New Yorkers on the ground that the local unions of that city have not been paying the per capita tax and therefore are not eligible to seats in the convention.

Shea wielded the gavel. Two hundred and fifty of the 250 delegates entitled to seats were present. Mayor Dunne, who welcomed the delegates, was greeted with cheers. He shook hands with Mr. Shea.

"This is the first time I've seen you since I caused you so much trouble last Summer," said Mr. Shea, his eyes twinkling at the recollection of the great strike About the only business transacted to

ling at the recollection of the great strike in which he led the teamsters of Chicago against the Chicago Employers' Associ-

Gompers' Political Move

W. O. D. Pierce, declaring that he was speaking for Persident Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, urged the American Federation of Labor, urged the teamsters to aid in the development of the latter's labor political campaign "and fill the halls of legislatures with men from your own ranks." "Then," he added made any attention of Labor, urged the teamsters to aid in the development of the latter's labor political campaign "and fill the halls of legislatures with men from your own ranks." "Then," he add receive consideration there."
Out-of-town delegates were the guests of the Department Store Wagon Drivers' papers, which he says he threw on the deck. His wife, he says, picked them up and tore them to pieces.

McKane was in New Brunswick, Candada, when he became aware that judgment was entered against him. He in line in the construction of the says and provided the proof of the construction. The construction of the construction

for Reitz for international president. DOES NOT APPLY TO WARSHIPS

Attorney-General Gives Opinion on Eight-Hour Law.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.-The Attorney General, in an opinion addressed to the Secretary of the Navy, holds that the so-called eight-hour law which provides so-called eight-hour law which provides that "the service and employment of all laborers and mechanics who are now or hereafter may be employed by the Government of the United States, of the District of Columbia or by any contractor or sub-contractor, upon any of the public works of the United States or of the said District of Columbia is because limited. District of Columbia, is hereby limited and restricted to eight hours of any one calendar day," does not apply to ves-sels under construction for the Navy by ontract with builders at private estab-

READ AND YOU WILL LEARN

The Attorney-General calls attention to

That the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice endorse and recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or billousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is torpid liver, or billousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung diseases (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute coids and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacions in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherrybark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Ps.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John Ming, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any such professional endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula on the bottle wrapper is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous or harmful agents and no alcohol-chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful ingredient in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric entract of native, medicinal roots and its afe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent, medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed free on request. Address Dr. B. V. Pieres. Buffalo. K. Y.

United States 305), wherein the Supreme Court held that the title of a naval vessel inder construction does not vest in the Government until after the con-

ditions and covenants of the contractor have been fulfilled. A similar opinion has been given to the Secretary of War to the effect that the eight-hour law does not apply to con-tractors furnishing the Quartermaster

Department with supplies, OPEN SHOP IS THE ISSUE

Employing Lithographers Also Demand More Apprentices.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6 .- Lithograph NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Lithograph work and printing representing thousands of dollars is tied up in this city as a consequence of the strike of lithographers and assistants. At this time of the year much color calendar work is done for delivery in the Fall, and unless the orders now in hand can be promptly filled, the loss to the employers will be immense. Contracts for the delivery for this as well as other lithographing usually contains a "strike clause," but there is nothing to prevent the customer canceling his order if the work is not delivered on time.

The president of one of the largest Ithe president of one of the largest lithograph concerns in New York last night estimated the number of strikers in this city at 8000, and the total out throughout the country at 20,000, or about two-thirds of the whole number about two-thirds of the whole number of men engaged as lithographers or directly associated with this branch of the business. The week opens with little prospect of an early settlement. The strikers insist that they seek only a shorter work day and conditions consistent with the class of work in which they are engaged.

On the other hand, a representative employer said last night: "The length of the work day is not involved in this dispute. That demand could be easily adjusted had the men accepted our offer to arbitrate, and no doubt

our offer to arbitrate, and no doubt some concession would have been made. The point at issue is the substitution of the open for the closed shop. There are not lithographers enough in the country to handle the work during the busy season and there will never be under the present system of apprenticeship in vogue in the closed shop

English Foreign to Chinaman's Horses

Detectives Unable to Make Steeds Move Until Brother Officer Addresses Animals in Celestial Lan-HE inability of two workhohrses to

understand the English language

would have worked a great hardship upon

them yesterday had not a member the Police Department been able to speak Chinese.
The horses were tied near the police station in the sun. Lee Chong, the owner, was in jail for breaking a few license ordinances and was unable to get Noon hour came and the horses were suffering from heat and hunger after they had been tied in one place since daylight. Sergeant Baty finally detailed two detectives to drive them to a stable and have them taken care of. The officers climbed into the wagon and used up their entire stock of horse language. The animals never moved an ear. They likewise refused to respond to the eloquent dialect of a buggy whip. Having been brought up by the Chinaman, they were waiting for Chinese commands be-fore thehy would budge an inch. The

Prompter Sand-dix Secure • Richelle Salt – chain Sand • Properture • El Carloweth Salta • Warn Sand • Claythad Sant • Waterpress Tarrey

NEW YORK.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

For Sick Women To Consider

First,-That almost every operation In our hospitals performed upon women becomes necessary through neglect of such symptoms as backache, irregular and painful periods, displacements of the female organs, pain in the side, burning sensation in the stomach, bearing down pains, nervousness, dizziness and sleeplesaness.

SECOND.-The medicine that holds the record for the largest number of absolute cures of female ills is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It regulates, strengthens and cures diseases of the female organism as nothing else can.

For thirty years it has been helping women to be strong, curing backache, nervousness, kidney troubles, inflam-mation of the female organs, weakness and displacements, regulating the periods perfectly and overcoming their pains. It has also proved itself invaluable in preparing women for childbirth and the change of life. THIRD.—The great volume of unso

licited and grateful testimonials on file at the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass., many of which are from time to time published by permission, give ab-solute evidence of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's advice. Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation

to Women .- Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pink-ham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. From symptoms given, your trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Mrs. Pinkham is daughterin-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years under her direction and since her decease she has been advising sick women free of charge. Out of the vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Surely, any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of

have a Chinese sweetheart when he was a small boy. At least he has mastered the tongue, and it stood him in good need on this occasion. "Tuna-mucku-hilo; pink eye ty." he

shouted (or words to that effect), as he mounted the wagon seat.

The horses immediately pricked up their ears and started off at a trot. Soldiers Find Camp in Chaos

CAMP TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 6 .- The Seventh Infantry arrived today from Fort Assinniboine, Montana. These men had a long, hard trip in day coaches and on reaching their part of the great military camp found no tents, no food and officers tried to lead them, and, falling in that, returned to the police station to confusion that has occurred, although report the failure of their undertaking.

Station Officer Price arcse to the emeral and any miles of water mains are

Station Officer Price arose to the emer- a day. Many miles of water man gency. It is said Officer Price used to being laid as rapidly as possible. S.S.S. CURES ECZEMA

The real cause for Eczema is the presence of humors and sour acids in the blood. These impurities get into the circulation because of imperfect action of those members of the system whose duty it is to collect and carry off the refuse and waste of the body. As this effete matter lies in the system it ferments and generates acrid humors which are absorbed into the blood, overcharging this vital fluid with acid. In its effort to keep the system healthy the blood throws off the humors through the pores and glands of the skin causing this tormenting skin disease. The escape of acids and of the skin, causing this tormenting skin disease. The escape of acids and humors through the pores and glands irritates and burns the skin, producing pustules filled with a clear, sticky fluid, which dries in crusts and patches causing the most intense itching, and often pain. The trouble is in the blood, and S. S. S. is the remedy for Eczema, because it is a real blood purifier. It goes down into the circulation, removes all acids and humors and makes the blood rich, pure and healthy. When S. S. S. has done this the symptoms pass away, the blood is cooled and the disease cured permanently. Nothing acts so promptly or pleasantly in all skin diseases as S. S., and it is at the same time a fine tonic to the entire system. Book on Skin Diseases and medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

