

TRANS-MISSISSIPPI CONGRESS CALLED

Seventeenth Session Meets at
Kansas City Novem-
ber 21-23.

PROGRAMME IS OUTLINED

River Navigation Will Occupy Prom-
inent Place, and Columbia's
Needs Will Be Considered.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 5.—(To the Editor.)—The official call for the 17th annual session of the trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress, to meet in Kansas City, Mo., November 21, 22 and 23 next, was issued here today by the executive committee. The congress promises to be the most important since its organization. Many important questions are to be considered.

The call, which is addressed to Governors of states and territories, Mayors of cities, commercial clubs, chambers of commerce, boards of trade, industrial, mercantile, maritime and immigration organizations generally, is as follows:

The Governor of each state and territory may appoint 10 delegates and not more than 20 delegates. The Mayor of each city one delegate and one additional delegate for each 5000 inhabitants; provided, however, that no city shall have more than 10 delegates.

Each county may appoint one delegate. Each business community may appoint one delegate and one additional delegate for every 50 members; provided, however, that no such organization shall have more than 10 delegates.

Many Governors to Attend.

Governors of states and territories, members of the Congress of the United States and former presidents of the trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress are ex-officio members with all the privileges of delegates except voting. Permanent members of the trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress have all the privileges of delegates.

In issuing the call the executive committee directed attention to the necessity for "some concerted action on the great question affecting navigation upon the rivers of the trans-Mississippi States." In various sections of the trans-Mississippi region there are many natural waterways which only need Government aid to make them commercial factors in the trade of the states to which they are tributary.

Therefore, the executive committee places the subject of river navigation upon the programme as a question of great importance, trusting that the commercial bodies of the entire trans-Mississippi region will send effective delegations to participate in the congress and help the congress to a wise conclusion.

Problems of Irrigation.

Under the reclamation act millions of acres of arable land in the trans-Mississippi country are in the process of reclamation, involving the equally important question of suitable immigration for these lands. The executive committee is, therefore, requested to bring this matter to the attention of the trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress, together with the fact that the additional territory thus put under cultivation adds greatly to the business of the great cities of the Middle West outside the irrigated region. Inasmuch as recent agitation, both at home and abroad, has been detrimental to the livestock interests of the trans-Mississippi States, the executive committee has placed this subject upon the programme, hoping that out of a multiplicity of counsel some right conclusions may be reached beneficial to this most important branch of Western industry.

Panama Canal Project.

The marked progress made by President Roosevelt and the National Congress toward the construction of a canal across the Isthmus of Panama has again brought this project to the attention of the trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress. The enormous benefits that will accrue to the region west of the Mississippi River by the construction of this international waterway appeal with peculiar force to the people of the trans-Mississippi States, and it is proper that the delegates to the trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress be afforded an opportunity to express their views upon this subject.

Commercial activity is greatly retarded by the lack of transportation facilities. Chief among the evils in this respect is bad roads. Any movement that has for its purpose the improvement of the public highways should be encouraged, thereby fostering a public sentiment in various states and territories that will ultimately create a demand for the trans-Mississippi region and enhance materially the bulk and value of our commerce between the states.

Needs of Mining Industry.

Requests are made that the subject, "A Department of Mines," be placed on the programme. It is the hope of the committee to have a Member of the Cabinet of the United States, be placed on the programme.

Other subjects upon which discussion and recommendation may be had are as follows:

Flood control, harbor improvements, merchant marine, Oriental trade, Alaska, Columbia River, irrigation, forestry, San Francisco, naval construction on the Pacific Coast, trusts and their relation to business, Government ownership of railroads, telegraphs and public utilities generally, levee systems in Texas and Louisiana, Pan-American Commercial Union, drainage of public lands, statehood, deep water from the Lakes to the Gulf.

It is the desire of the executive committee to confine discussion to matters of general interest and to exclude subjects of a political nature.

Portland Men Are Officers.

The following are the officers of the organization: D. R. Francis, St. Louis, president; E. W. Francis, Kansas City, Mo., chairman executive board; Tom Richardson, Portland, Or., vice chairman; E. R. Moses, Great Bend, Kan., chairman advisory board; Theodore B. Wilcox, Portland, Or., chairman congressional committee; Arthur F. Francis, secretary.

Already 12 Governors have accepted invitations to attend and address the convention, including Governors, Cummins, of Iowa; Davis, Arkansas; Franz, Oklahoma; Hoch, Kansas; Folk, Missouri; McDonald, Colorado; and Pardo, California.

Secretary of State Elihu Root also

CHURCH IS NOT DIVIDED

Statement as to Origin of Cumberland Presbyterianism.

SEASIDE, Or., Aug. 5.—(To the Editor.)—In the Oregonian of July 28 appears an editorial concerning the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, in which it is referred to as "the separate organization that was set up by their leaders in the heat of the discussion on the slavery question."

This, together with previous statements in the Oregonian of like purport, shows that the misstatements concerning the origin, history and position of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church. I think you will be glad to know that the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, which did separate from the main or Northern body, on account of the issues of the Civil War, and which is still a separate organization.

The Cumberland Presbyterian Church was organized in the year 1810, in the "Cumberland country," as it was then called, in Eastern Tennessee. The separation was on account of difference in doctrinal views and also because of differences as to methods and educational requirements for the work of evangelization. The Cumberland Presbyterian Church was organized in the year 1810, in the "Cumberland country," as it was then called, in Eastern Tennessee. The separation was on account of difference in doctrinal views and also because of differences as to methods and educational requirements for the work of evangelization.

The Cumberland Presbyterian Church has never divided its course, having recently merged with the Presbyterian Church. The union has taken place because there are now practically no differences in doctrine and no other reason. It is contended by a minority, who resist union, that differences still exist, but among the zealous advocates of union, and among the many from Alabama, Mississippi and Texas, showing the question was not sectional.

The object of this communication is to correct the error that the Cumberland Presbyterian Church separated from its parent body and continued its opposition because of the slavery question. The record of the achievements of this church and its consistent course and high ideals form some of the brightest pages of all ecclesiastical history. O. M. SCOTT.

The Oregonian cheerfully gives place to the above state of the origin, progress and ideals of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church. The writer of the editorial note criticized by the correspondent came from old "Cumberland" stock and remembers reverently many of the teachings and "ideals" of the old church. Its ecclesiastical dogmas and prejudices are also among the forgotten things that the enlightenment of age has outgrown.

That the Cumberland Church was born in bitterness and nurtured in convulsion is a matter of the ecclesiastical history of the early years, and up to the middle years of the past century. This bitterness, it is pleasant to believe, has been dissipated by time, and has been supplanted by a spirit of tolerance, if not brotherly love. As stated by our correspondent, the Cumberland Presbyterian Church has finished its course. Having passed into history, it is well to remember its achievements in the moral vineyard and honor its ideals.

MARINE DISASTER.

(Continued From Page 1.)

ish diver Lola Milanes was among the drowned.

CLAIMS BOILERS EXPLODED

Captain of French Steamer Tells of Wreck as He Saw It.

ALICANTE, Spain, Aug. 5.—The captain of the French steamer, the *Sirio*, which has arrived here from Cartagena, relates having witnessed the foundering of the *Sirio* from a point close to that vessel. He says he was remarking to his mate on the dangerous course the *Sirio* was taking, when the Italian steamer, going ahead at full speed, suddenly stopped and he saw the *Sirio* strike.

The Marie Louise changed her course and went toward the *Sirio*. At this moment there was heard a loud explosion, as the boilers of the *Sirio* burst. Shortly after the explosion the *Sirio* disappeared, the French steamer, and those on board could hear the shrieks of the drowning people.

CAPTAIN MAY BE ALIVE.

Official Report of Wreck Does Not Mention His Death.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—The report reaching here of the loss of the *Sirio* shows that the captain, some declare that he committed suicide, while others say that he and the crew were saved but were killed on landing. The official account from Cartagena does not mention the captain except to repeat the report that the wreck was due to his imprudence in venturing on the *Sirio* to Hormigas shoals in order to save time. It is said that the panic on board caused more loss of life than the sea itself.

The Largest Leaf in the World.

Dundee Advertiser.

The plant which has this most remarkable leaf is named after Queen Victoria. It was the tribute of a British traveler to a far-away land when he discovered the unusual growth. The leaf was more than five feet in diameter, and round it extended a rim about three to five inches high. When it first opened the flower is white, with pink in the middle, which spreads over the whole flower the more it advances in age, and it is generally found the next day of a pink color. As if to enhance its beauty, it is sweet-scented; like others of the tribe, it possesses a fleshy disk and petals and stamens pass gradually into each other, and many petaloid leaves may be observed. "We met them frequently afterward," says an explorer, "and the higher we advanced the more gigantic they became. We measured a leaf, which was six feet five inches in diameter, its rim five and a half inches high, and the flower across is inches."

A Chinese Gives the Decision.

Exchange.

A professor in a Western university one day, while walking with a friend, became involved in an argument with a Chinese. The matter being laid before the handsomer man of the two. They agreed to leave the question to the decision of a Chinese who was seen approaching them. The matter being laid before him, the Oriental considered long and carefully. Then he announced in a tone of finality, "Both are worse."

DUBOIS WILL BE FULL CONTROL

Idaho Democrats to Deal
Gently With the Mor-
mons as Such.

PLANK AGAINST POLYGAMY

Platform Will Also Declare for Re-
Enactment of Test Oath Law.

Southern Counties Are
Falling Into Line.

COEUR D'ALENE, Idaho, Aug. 5.—(Special.)—From a study of the situation here tonight, it appears that the opposition to the Dubois programme is fast fading away, and it is practically conceded that Dubois' opponents will be defeated. The Democratic State Convention, which convenes here tomorrow, never in the history of Democratic conventions of this state, where an issue was at stake, has the state been fixed and the fight organized without a caucus, and as yet, one delegation or set of delegations has held a caucus.

Delegates gathered here are mixing freely and the air seems to be pervaded with enthusiasm and the promise of rapid work when the convention is called to order tomorrow.

Senator Dubois has opened headquarters at the hotel, and is receiving delegates from all over the state, explaining his position with reference to a platform. It is thought that the platform on the Mormon issue will contain a simple preamble pledging the passage of a bill against polygamy, unlawful cohabitation and adultery, and asking for the re-enactment of the test oath law. There will be no reference to Mormons as a church and it is understood that the word "Mormon" will not appear in the platform.

Onella Falls in Line.

D. L. Evans, who heads the Onella delegation, arrived here tonight. He is a leader in the fight two years ago on the Mormon side and vigorously opposed Senator Dubois on every issue. He stated tonight that he could find no objection to placing in the platform the re-enactment of the test oath, since it was already a part of the Idaho constitution, as it could hurt no one who was not guilty of violating the law. He said that he would oppose adoption of any resolutions which would tend to disfranchise the Mormon voters, but that if there appeared in the platform a strong majority in favor of the Dubois programme that he would make no fight in the convention.

He stated that in Onella County a large majority were in sympathy with the Mormons and this element would not support the test oath law. He stated, however, that personally he would not oppose the ticket and that his delegation was of the same mind. This seems to remove from the fight one of the strongest Mormon counties in the state.

Slate for Judgeships.

Today it developed that the Second Judicial district would not favor an endorsement of Judge Steele for the district judgeship. Instead, two candidates have appeared in the persons of J. H. Forney, of Moscow, and D. N. Needham, of Lewiston. C. H. Jackson, of Boise, is prominent for the position. Attorney-General and J. M. Bennett, of Payette, for Secretary of State. J. O. Bender, of Lewiston, R. M. Hattabaugh, of Grangeville, and C. W. Suppliger, of Kendrick, are all mentioned as possible nominees for Congress.

The convention will convene tomorrow at 2 o'clock, in order to accommodate the local reception committee in its plans to entertain the delegates and their friends. The first work of the convention will be the naming of a temporary chairman, and this honor will fall to Hon. Henry Heitfeld, of Lewiston. Various committees will be named, after which an adjournment will be taken till 8 o'clock in the evening.

From the convention hall the delegates and their friends will be formed in line and parade to the dock landing, where they will board the steamer Idaho for a trip to Harrison and return.

More Delays on Route.

Word was received from Spokane tonight of the late arrival there of 75 delegates from Southern Idaho who cannot reach here till tomorrow morning. News also came from the highway that Judge Guy C. Barnum, of Lincoln County, from being shot while en route north. He was seated in a car on the trail when a shot was fired by some unknown person, the bullet passing through one window of the car and out through an opposite window, grazing the Judge's neck.

DETECTIVE RUNS GAUNTLET

Moscow Man's Thrilling Experience With Union Miners at Butte.

MOSCOW, Idaho, Aug. 5.—(Special.)—George T. Edmiston, of this city, met with a rather thrilling experience while in Butte recently. During the days of the troubles in the Coeur d'Alene mining district, and after the destruction of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mill by the Miners' Union, Edmiston was employed by the mine-owners to act as employing agent. No miner could get employment unless the mining company had obtained a permit from Edmiston. The latter knew all the radical element of the union, called the "dynamiters," and refused to give them permits. As a result they could not get work in the Coeur d'Alenes, and were gradually compelled to go where they could find employment. They and order element soon took their places.

Many of the oldtimers went to Butte, and when Edmiston was there recently he was recognized at once. He soon discovered they were dogging his footsteps, but, supposing him to be armed, they offered no violence, but had him arrested. At police headquarters he was searched and detained two hours. As he carried no arms, he was released, being taken to a side door and told to run. Knowing the character of the men, he did not stop and he ran for his life. He was followed by two men who were waiting him outside of the building, he made rapid time for the station, where he arrived just in time to catch a train for Pocatello.

Mr. Edmiston is supposed to be in the employ of a Spokane detective agency, and was probably in Butte on business connected with the murder of ex-Governor Steunenberg.

Northern Idaho Well Satisfied.

MOSCOW, Idaho, Aug. 5.—The Northern Idaho delegates to the Republican State Convention have returned pretty well satisfied with the work of the convention. While the northern counties were originally lined up against the proposition to nominate a candidate for United States Senator, when they got on the ground and began to feel the strong sentiment for the proposition in other

parts of the state, they got in line and helped to make it unanimous. It is the general belief of Republicans that the plan adopted has strengthened the party and rescued it from a critical situation. Borah's name on the ticket will be a tower of strength for Idaho Republicanism in this campaign.

Moscow Man for Congressman.

MOSCOW, Idaho, Aug. 5.—(Special.)—Mayor William M. Morgan, of this city, will be a candidate for Congressman before the Democratic State Convention, which meets at Coeur d'Alene tomorrow. Mr. Morgan is understood to be in harmony with Senator Dubois on the Mormon question, and as it is contended that Dubois will dominate the convention, Morgan's nomination is probable.

MAN OF AUDACITY FAVORED

How Samuel Byerley Sold His Block of Panama Canal Bonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—The combination of audacity and business ability by which Samuel Byerley, an express clerk, successfully bid in a large proportion of the Panama Canal bond issue promises to be the foundation of his fortune. Not only was he able to sell his option on the bonds at a good profit, but, by attracting the favorable notice of his employers, he secured promotion several steps up the ladder.

After it became known that Byerley was not merely bidding for some one else and all New York was talking of his daring, two bankers were tugging to get him. One of them was a member of the firm of Flisk & Robinson, and the other of J. S. Bach & Co. Flisk & Robinson had been awarded the largest block of the Panama bonds and the representative of the bank asserted that if he would like to gather in that block of bonds that Byerley had been awarded, as his house would then be in a better position to market the issue satisfactorily. The other banker agreed that it would be a good stroke of business, but was not specially interested.

However, when he returned to his office he was informed that Byerley had called in his absence and wished to see him. "Why," said he, "I would like to meet the man who has been so successful. Tell me for him if we can only get hold of him soon enough." Byerley was immediately called to the bank, the price of his option on the bonds ascertained and then a few words passed over the telephone between the two bankers and Byerley had sold his bonds to Flisk & Robinson at a handsome premium.

But this was not the end of his good fortune, for the manager of the American Express office called Byerley into his private office after hearing of his success. Naturally the humble clerk expected a rebuke and possibly dismissal, because the large New York corporations are not as a rule particularly pleased about having their employees engaged in private undertakings of such magnitude. But the express manager is a man of broad sympathies and a keen appreciation of alertness in his subordinates. He congratulated Byerley on his good judgment in getting such a large allotment of the bonds, and he was very difficult to get an accurate judgment of the price at which a particular bond will probably be sold and go put in a bid. A successful manager of the express company, the manager told Byerley that he was evidently possessed of qualities that fitted him for a higher position than the one he had been filling with great satisfaction to the company.

"You will hereafter be in the auditing department of the express," he said, "and that department is now ready for you, said the manager. "But before you enter upon your new duties, I think that you deserve a good vacation, and I have decided to give you one of two months."

With this accumulation of good news, sufficient almost to leave him stunned, Byerley went to his family in the humble apartment that it has occupied for years, and there was joy there that night. The next day he booked passages for the family for a trip to Europe.

Only a few days ago he was so inconspicuous as never to have been heard of. Of late he has been one of the most talked men in New York. He has won the respect of the whole banking community on account of the cleverness with which he bid. He didn't go at the matter blindly, as many have been expected to do, but he had a little experience in matters of this kind, but watched the competition in the papers and endeavored to outbid them. He was not a man who would be likely to know about what the bonds should sell at. As a result of this he was able to buy the bonds at a very low bid about \$1.10, and his opinion seemed to be that they would not go very well on account of tight money conditions. However, he decided later in July that the price was going to be higher than he had at first expected, and he put in the second and successful bid. It is a careful study that has won him his money, and his admiring and useful assistants in the city. Many and many a bond expert, men with years of experience in the buying and selling of bonds, went far wide of the mark.

BANKS AS BOUDOIRS.

Women Depositors Make Themselves Very Much at Home.

Duluth Herald.

Though women do strange things in banks, it is in the waiting-rooms that the most unusual occurrences take place. Their eccentricities are more conspicuous because they are supposed to be businesslike when they have large accounts, and are not likely to do more of them possess seem out of place.

According to a maid employed to assist the women depositors in one of the large banks, it occurred in the waiting-rooms are especially accommodated, their peculiarities are decidedly humorous.

"Now, intelligent and business like as most of them are, you'd be surprised to see what they would do in the waiting-rooms. I have seen a woman carrying a billbook in her pocket made in their petticoats. Now imagine a woman walking out of here with two or three or even five thousand dollars tucked carefully in her hose, and yet I have had them tell me repeatedly that it's really safer than in a wallet worn around their necks, while as to putting it in their purses, they would not consider it safe for a moment."

"One woman comes here regularly every morning to deposit a certain sum of money, and she is very careful to keep her stockings. She is wealthy, and lives up in the nineties, yet she walks down town and back just to save the car fare, and she is very particular about the pennies she will never know want. I have often heard her say that people are poor because they spend too much on clothes and she says that two times a day. Usually after she banks she is so exhausted from the long walk that she sits in a corner and reads for two or three hours before she goes home."

"Though a waiting-room in a bank seems hardly a place for eating lunches, yet many of the girls bring their own meals every time they come to either deposit or draw money, and sit around eating sandwiches and drinking cold tea, coffee and milk, instead of going to a luncheon. These are some of our millionaire depositors, too, and women who can afford to have luxuries at every meal."

Denmark's Kings for 384 years have all been named Christian or Frederick. It is the law that the Christian name must be succeeded by Frederick and Frederick by Christian. To attain this, every Danish Prince, no matter what other name he may receive, always has Christian and Frederick among them.

Headquarters for
Artistic
Picture
Framing by
Expert
Framers

Cipman, Wolfe & Co.

Good Merchandise Only—Quality Considered Our Prices Are Always the Lowest

Window
Shades
Made to
Order at
Lowest
Prices

The Best Monday Bargains

Hundreds More at End-of-Season Prices Now on Sale

Great August Sale of 3000 New White Shirtwaists

A year ago with a smaller offering of Shirtwaists, we astounded the trade and the public, breaking all records of the business by the selling of almost ONE THOUSAND Waists in one day. At that time nothing like it had ever been heard of. Never before were such desirable waists sold for such ridiculously little prices.

But TODAY we place on sale a remarkable purchase by our New York buyer of over 3000 new white lawn Shirtwaists at the most remarkable prices, considering the quality, ever made by a Portland store.

\$3.00 Lingerie Waists for \$1.69 **\$1.50 Peter Pan Waists for 95c**

White Lawn Waists, made in exceptionally dainty and beautiful styles; trimmed with panels of insertion and embroidery, tucking, etc.; very sweet and dainty waists for **\$1.69**

\$2.75 White Shirtwaists for \$1.10 **\$1.50 and \$2.00 Lawn Waists, 98c**

White Lawn Waists, actually selling at \$2.75 and \$2.25; all beautifully embroidered; trimmed with lace, pin tucking, etc. At the astounding bargain price **\$1.10**

That Great Clearance Sale of White Wash Belts

Every Wash Belt in the store goes into this sale, regardless of value or newness. The largest assortment of Wash Belts in the city—tucked, embroidered, lingerie, eyelet embroidery and plain tailor-made, and the new Fritz Scheff and Olga Netherlands Belts. Hundreds of exquisite designs in the embroidered Belts; pearl, gilt and silver buckles. The whole assortment is divided into three lots:

35c to 50c Wash Belts 19c **50c to 75c Wash Belts 25c** **75c to \$1.50 Wash Belts 39c**

Great 11c Gingham Sale

15c, 18c, 20c and 25c Values

A great purchase of 8000 yards—the season's newest and daintiest Gingham—purchased at an enormous sacrifice from an over-lodged Eastern manufacturer. They will be on sale today at the ridiculously low price of 11c a yard.

The lot comprises nearly every color and pattern. Dainty checks, jacquard figures, solid colors, pin checks, hair-line stripes, detached figures, chambray and madras effects, etc.

Another big lot just received of our marvelous values in Platte Val, and Point de Paris Wash Belts; 2 1/2 to 5 inches wide; Insertion to match. This kind generally sells at 12 1/2c a yard.

DOOM OPUM TRADE

China and India May Combine to Stamp It Out.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—In a dispatch from Peking which he discusses the opium trade the correspondent of the Times expresses the belief that China will ask India to consent to an annual reduction in the import to China which would have the effect of extinguishing the trade in ten years.

As an evidence of good faith China will issue an imperial edict condemning the use of opium, forbidding the employment in the government service of any opium-eater, and ordering an annual reduction in the cultivation of the native poppy which will lead to the extinction of this plant in ten years.

DRUG USERS UNDER BAN

Chinese Imperial Edict Will Condemn Poppy Product If India Will Consent to Gradual Reduction of Its Export.

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COMMISSIONERS ARE HOME

Chinese Imperial Representatives Arrive at Tientsin.

TIENTSIN, Aug. 6.—Imperial Chinese Commissioners Tuan and Tai, who left China several months ago on a visit to Europe for the purpose of studying educational systems, and industrial conditions of the various countries with a view of adopting those which would be most beneficial to China, arrived here this morning and were the guests of Viceroy Yuan. They will probably leave for Peking Tuesday.

A Japanese cruising squadron has arrived off Taku Bay.

STILL LOVES HIS COUNTRY

John D. Rockefeller Teaches Patriotism to Sunday School Classes.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 5.—(Special.)—"Love thy country" was the text of John D. Rockefeller's speech to the Euclid-avenue Baptist Sunday-school class this evening. The oil king is superintendent of Sunday-schools, and this is his first appearance this year. He shook hands with all present. The Government prosecution of the Standard Oil Company, evidently has not cooled Rockefeller's love for his country.

Trying to Cure Drunkenness.

Health Culture.

A novel method is that adopted in Norway for turning a drunkard from an error of his way. The patient is placed under lock and key, and is fed at frequent intervals on bread saturated with very wine. For the first day this is no doubt palatable fare; on the second it begins to pall, and fails to tempt the appetite; on the third day the prisoner turns from it with obvious distaste. But he must either eat or starve; and before the eighth day sets him free he has acquired such loathing for intoxicants

SLAIN BY ROBBERS

Two Teamsters Beaten in Tonopah Stable.

TONOPAH, Nev., Aug. 5.—Stuart Burney, arrived from Manhattan last night, carrying as passengers Leo Swart and Lowmyer Bennett. Swart slept in the wagon under which Burney was killed. He was arrested today, but declares he knows nothing. Burney's clothes were stripped from his body and were found some distance from the track with the pockets rifled. Keman's skull is fractured.

The authorities have wired to Carson and Hawthorne to apprehend Bennett.

SUSPECT UNDER ARREST

Stuart Burney and John Keman Victims of Flendish Crime in Nevada Gold Fields—Their Pockets Were Rifled.

PARISIANS TO FIGHT A DUEL.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—It is probable that a duel will be fought tomorrow afternoon by General Andre, ex-Minister of War, and General Denider, in consequence of statements in General Denider, which the latter has declared to be untrue. The arrangements for the duel have not yet been concluded.

Dyspeptics

Quickly relieve Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Gas, and all other discomforts of indigestion and dyspepsia. Sugar-coated tablets; 10c or 25c. Druggists or by mail. Give instant relief in all cases. Catarrh of the Stomach—also in inflammation of the stomach membrane, relieve. Best price 50c. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass. It Made by Hood's Food.

Tutt's Pills

Cure All Liver Pains.