## WILL RETALIATE BY GREAT STRIKE

All Factions of Revolutionists Unite for Momentous Fight in Russia.

DOUMA AGAIN IN CAPITAL

Deputies Expect Arrest, but Are Agreeably Disappointed-Provisional Government Formed and Proclamation Printed Secretly.

Executive Committee Will Act as

Provisional Rebel Government.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 24.—Over 100 of the Russian members of Parliament,

who yesterday issued an address to the

triends who managed to obtain admit-tance to the station greeted the Parlia-mentarians warmly, but they feared to indulge in any demonstration which might have justified the arrest of the members, who fully expected to be sur-rounded and marched off to prison. They

appeared grave, but resolute. On the train it had been arranged that the ment-bers of the various groups, if not arrested, should hold a caucus this evening and confer on the next step.

Proclamation Secretly Printed.

Before leaving Viborg it was arranged,

hrough underground revolutionary chan-nels, to distribute the address to the country, hundreds of thousands of copies of which have already been surreptitiously printed. The members of Parliament thereby have already opened an alltance with the purely revolutionary organiza-tions.

Form Provisional Government.

It has been decided that the mem-

frince Paul Olgorouson, together win his future plans, are kept scoret, but it is virtually proposed to assume the role of a directory or provisional government, should developments make such a course advisable. Such an intention, however, is not publicly acknowledged, but all the groups participating in the address to the country realize the grayity of the stand

groups participating in the address to the country realize the gravity of the stand they have taken.

"We carefully avoided summoning an active revolution." said one of the leaders to the Associated Press. "We stand the stand that the before the country and the

committed before the country and the world to the limits of passive resistance. Further than this we did not go."

Proposed Armed Rebellion.

their allies, the proletariat organizations of St. Petersburg, were in active consul-tation last night and this morning. While they fully indersed the Parliamentary ad-

Polish members of Parliament have

The Polish members of Parliament have issued a formal statement expressing full sympathy with the struggle for a consti-tuional regime on a democratic basis, but adding that they preferred to consult their constituents before committing Po-

General Amnesty in Finland.

HELSINGFORS, July 24.-An important

manifesto has been received here grant-ing amnesty for all political offenses com-

Official View Is Cheerful.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 25.-The Offi-

The third day after the dissolution of

ST. PETERSBURG, July 24.—The exc-

relegraph Agency announces this

previously to the manifesto of er 17, 1905. All fines for such of-

The members of the Group of Toll and

ST. PETERSBURG, July 24.-A secret meeting of the recently reorganized Coun-Workmen was held tonight. It was attended by delegates representing all the important factories in St. Petersburg, deputies from the League of Leagues and representatives of the Social Democratic and Social Revolutionary par-

The meeting discussed and accepted a The last car of the train was occupied by the members of the Group of Toil, and had red flags flying from the windows as it rolled into the statton. Prince Dolgeroukoff and M. Naboukoff headed the members as they marched out in a body through lines of police. A few friends who managed to obtain admittance to the statton gracied the Parlia. proposition from the Socialistic group of the dissolved lower house of Parliament to unite with it in the formation of central group to inaugurate a strike movement throughout all Russia,

#### SENTENCED TO 45 DEATHS.

Alladin Will Go to Finland, Not Russia, Let Czar Get Him.

LONDON, July 24.-M. Alladin, leader LONDON, July 24.—M. Alladin, leader of the Group of Toli; M. Roditcheff, leader of the Constitutional Democrats, and M. Ostrogorsky Fasileff and Professor Kovalevsky, who came from St. Petersburg to London to attend the Interparliamentary Union, departed tonight, With the exception of M. Alladin, they will proceed direct to St. Petersburg. M. Alladin said:

"I am not going to St. Petersburg, be cause, if I did, my life would be in ex-treme danger. While Parliament was sitting I was comparatively safe, as Dep-uties could not be arrested. Now that it is dissolved I must take every precau-tion. There are 45 death sentences hang-

tion. There are so death sentences hanging over my head, and the government would dearly like to get hold of me.

'I am going to Finland, where the authorities will not be likely to arrest me. If they did, the Finnish people would fight for me and (touching his revolver) I should fight, too. I always carry firearms, and I shall not be taken if I can help it.

help it."

M. Aliadin said he knew that special detectives had followed the members of the Russian Parliament to London.

TWO DOUMA MEN ARRESTED Men Who Preached Revolution in

House Captured at Viborg. VIBORG, Finland, July 24 -- During the night the members of the outlawed Russian Parliament received word that two of their number had already been arrested, namely, Father Koyarkoff at Voronezh and a Cossack Deputy, M. Kharlemoff, at Rostov-on-the-Don. The outhorities are also understood to have orders to arrest several Social Democrats,

especially a priest named Afanasieff.

Both Father Koyarkoff and M. Kharlamoff distinguished themselves by preaching revolution from the rostrum of Parliament, the latter being especially hitter in his denunciation of the use of his people in massacring their Russian brethren.

WOULD DELAY GREAT STRIKE

Faction in Moscow Wishes to Win Army First.

MOSCOW, July 24.—The immediate declaration of a general strike is meeting with opposition in the Workmen's Council here. One faction wishes to wait until there shall come a spontaneous develop-ment of the southern movement, and at the same time continue a propaganda in the army and in the villages. A factory in which was a quantity of loaded bombs was discovered here today.

The homb-makers were arrested.

AWAIT SIGNAL FOR STRIKE Warsaw Railroad Men Expect It

Will Come Saturday. WARSAW, Russian Poland, July 24.

The railway employes of this dis-trict are ready to strike and are awalt-ing the signal from Moscow. Accord-ing to advices which reached here to-day the strike will begin Saturday. The tracks, bridges and railroad offices here are strongly guarded by troops

DEATH SENTENCE ON GENERALS

Terrorists Proclaim Revenge While Douma Members Are Arrested. ST. PETERSBURG, July 24.-Proclama

tions announcing that the death sentence tions announcing that the death sentence has been imposed on the Emperor, Gen-eral Treport, M. Pobledconsteff, who was Procurator General of the Holy Synod; General Orioff, the "pacificator" of the Baltic provinces, and others have been scattered over part of Peterhof. The feuses have been canceled and will be re-Terrorists are said to have succeeded in nailing copies of the sentence on the doors of General Orioff's and General Tremoff's quarters. Trepoff's quarters.

It is already certain that some consternation exists in the upper spheres over the magnitude of the task they have as-

Events are marching with startling rapidity. Haying taken a decision to sit on the safety-valve, the government knows of no method except force, and all the old bureaucratic machinery of suppression has been placed in operation to prevent an explosion. The domiciliary searches continue in all quarters of the capital, the prisons are already filling, and the old blind system of attempting to conceal from the people what is happening has been adopted. The consonship of the press has been re-established with a vigor unknown since the days of the late Minister von Piehve, accompanied by the wholesale confiscation of newspapers. No word of the proceedings has been permitted to be published.

Telegrams from the provinces telling of the universal indignation aroused by the dissolution, and even those from abroad outilining public opinion in foreign countries have been emasculated or suppressed. Not word of the speech of the superh of the triple of the proceedings has been permitted to be published.

Army Put on War Footing.

Vienna, July 24.—Russian officers spending leave of absence at Austrian watering places have been ordered by telegraph to return to Russia. The Having taken a decision to sit

tries have been emasculated or suppressed. Not a word of the speech of Premier Campbell-Bannerman before the Inter-Parliamentary Union has been allowed to be printed. The editions of the Rech, the Strana and the Twentieth Century were confiscated as they left the press this morning.

tury were confiscated as they left the press this morning. At two meetings last night, one near the Narva gate and the other in the the Narva gate and the other in the Viborgski district, across the Nava, the Cossacks sent to disperse them refused openly to do so, and fraternized with the Northern Express tomorrow.

workmen. This is partially confirmative of the revolutionists' boast that troops will not fire again on the people.

The most serious immediate problem confronting the government is what to do with the members of the outlawed Parliament. Isolated arrests of members have occurred in various parts of the country, and it is difficult to see how the government logically can avoid arresting all who participated in the Viborg meeting. The members fully expect to be lodged in prison, and the great bulk of them, about 190 in number, delayed their departure until today in order to give the permanent executive committee an opportunity to scatter. It was decided to return here this afternoon, the members preferring to be arrested in a body than be hunted down singly.

A representative of the Associated Press, who went to the Finnish railroad station at noon, when it was reported the members were due to arrive, saw half a regiment of cavalry quarrered in a courtyard opposite the station, which was swarming with gendarmes.

Funeral Service Held Over Aged Millionaire.

GRAVE WILL BE GUARDED

Body to Be Preserved in Steel and Concrete Case-Mrs. Sage and Other Executors Disagree on Fighting Contests. DOUMA RETURNS TO CAPITAL

NEW YORK, July 24.—The funeral services over the body of the late Russell Sage were held in the First Presbyterian Church at Far Rockaway this afternoon A number of prominent persons were among those who went to pay a last tribute to the memory of the aged financountry, reached the Finnish railroad sta-tion here from Viborg at 3 o'clock this afternoon. A crowd of several thousand persons gathered there before the arrival tier. The service was conducted by Rev. Dr. Andrew Hageman, assistant pastor of the Collegiate Reformed Church of New York, assisted by Rev. Robert E. Leetch, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Far Rockaway, and Rev. Lyman D. Cal-kins, a former pastor of the church. Mrs. Sage attended the service: also a party of the train, but a heavy force of gen-darmes promptly burried the people into the streets, whence they were driven away by mounted gendarmes. Several arrests of suspects were made in the crowd, but the orders of the police evidently were limited to preventing a demonstration, the cavalry in a neighboring barrack not appearing.

The last car of the train was occupied

Sage attended the service; also a party of Mr. Sage's friends from this city.

After the services in Far Rockaway, the body was placed in a special car and brought to this city, where it was taken to the Sage home on Fifth avenue. The to the Sage home on Fifth avenue. The casket was placed in the front parlor, and was so arranged that friends of the family who called might have a last look at his face.

Mrs. Sage accompanied the body to the Will Be Buried at Troy Today.

The arrangements for the funeral tomorsow provide for the removal of the casket from the Fifth-avenue house about A. M. to the Grand Central Station. Two special cars will be attached to the Saratoga special, which leaves this city at \$:45 o'clock. Brief services will be held at the grave in Troy in the afternoon. The casket containing Mr. Sage's body, when finally interred, will rest in a heavy steel case, which, in turn, will be encased in concrete. Until these arrangements can be carried out in detail, it is said that the temporary grave will be care-

May Settle With Claimants. On the question of the treatment of claimants to a share of Mr. Sage's estate, there is likely to be a difference of opin-ion among the executors. Mrs. Sage, it is with the purely revolutionary organizations.

At Moscow a great demonstration
of the workmen, as a preliminary to the
strike, occurred on the main streets today, but in pursuance of the plan, care
was taken to keep within peaceful limlits, and there was no interference on the
part of the police or troops.

The police today attempted to capture
all the delegates to the Workmen's Council, but succeeded in capturing only 14.

The address to the country as printed for distribution bears 181 signatures, but two-score have signed since
the printing. A representative of the
Associated Press was on the train with
the members, and he reports that the
members of the Group of Toil occupied a third-class carriage and the thought, would be in favor of making some settlement with all who might consome settlement with an wan might consider themselves aggrieved. In this move she would, no doubt, be checkmated by her co-executors. They have retained as their counsel Charles A. Gardiner and Delancey Nicell, while the widow is advised by her personal lawyers, Deforest Parcellers, James Sage, a penhew, and a Detainey Nicoli, while the willow is advised by her personal lawyers, Deforest Brothers. James Sage, a nephew, and a member of the firm of Sage & Gaffney, produce dealers of Troy, left that city for New York Protection.

Contents of Will Secret. By the special instructions of Mrs. Sage, all persons who have even an inkling of the contents of the will are maintaining silence. It is her wish that no announce-

members of the Group of Toll occupied a third-class carriage and the
Constitutional Democrats a secondclass carriage. Only Prince Lvoff, M.
Stakovich and Count Heyden, who declined to sign the address, occupied
a first-class carriage. The entire journey was spent in caucusing the different groups, the stops at the stations on the way being taken advantage of to sing the "Marsellaise" and
other revolutionary sengs.

Form Provisional Government. silence. It is her wish that no announce-ment with regard to the bequests shall be made until after the funeral. She so thoroughly dominates the situation as to give color to the view that she will be practically in control of the estate of 100,000,000. Whatever gifts have been made to charitable purposes, it is believed, were made on her recommendation and advice. Among institutions which he has helped Among institutions which he has helped materially in his lifetime is the Tuskegee

it has been decided that the mem-bers shall not leave St. Petersburg unless expelled, but attempts will be made to continue to hold meetings as a group, and they will continue in communication with the proletariat or-NONE EXEMPT UNDER LAW communication with the projectariat or-ganizations. Several members of each group left the train at Terloki with power to take certain action in the event of arrest of their colleagues. The membership of the permanent ex-ecutive committee, which is headed by Prince Paul Olgoroukoff, together with its

(Continued from First Page.)

case the prior provisions of the constitution tions from taxation rests with the Legislature Where, however, there is a doubt in a statute attempting to remit the public burden that all property should bear, the uncertainty will be resolved in favor of the state and against

be resolved in favor of the state and against the exemption.

It will be remembered that Section 1 of Article IX of our constitution limits the power of the legislative assembly to exempt property from taxation to that to be used for municipal, literary, educational, scientific, religious or charitable purposes. It is argued by defendants counsel that the exemption of property from taxation, as evidenced by the act under consideration, is a remission by the legislative assembly of a part of the public burden for charitable purposes and therefore within the limits of the power conferred. The exemption is evidently a valuable donation, but it is certainly not made for a charitable purpose.

haritable purpose.

We believe that the clause of the constitu We believe that the clause of the constitu-tion prohibits the legislative assembly from granting to the householders of the state the exemption from taxation of the property at-tempted by the statute, which though in force when the organic law took effect was in-consistent therewith and hence repealed by the adoption of the constitution, and its at-tempted re-enactment is void as repugnant thereto, on the ground that the rate of assess-ment and taxation is not uniform or equal as between householders of the state and non-residents. they fully indorsed the Farhamentary andress to the country, so far as it goes, they consider it a half-way measure, and hold that it should be followed up by an appeal to the army preparatory to an uprising, which they consider inevitable in the cities and country. Such an appeal will probably be issued immediately.

INCREASE TAXABLE PROPERTY

In Multnomah County Alone Tax Roll Will Be Raised \$1,250,000.

A large amount will be added to the total tax roll of Multnomah County and of the state as the effect of the Supreme Court decision, rendered yesterday, which declares the householders' tax exemption law unconstitutional. It is impossible to compute with any degree of accuracy the total amount of property which will be placed in the revenue paying class by this decision, but estimates made by those best but he to heart along a property which the free paying class by the second property with the free paying class by those best but as the free paying class to the free paying class by those paying class by the free paying class to the paying class to the free paying class to the paying class to best able to know approximate the in-crease of the state tax roll at from \$5,000.

000 to \$5,000,000.

B. D. Sigler, Assessor for Multnomah County, is inclined to think that the tax roll in Multnomah alone will be increased from \$1,250,000 to \$1,500,000 by the ruling of the Supreme Court. The exemption list under last year assessment amounted to \$907,554. Under the new ruling this of course will be brought under the class upon which taxes must be paid at the resular ratio. This amount howthe regular ratio. This amount, how-ever, does not represent the total prop-erty which will be affected in this county, as many of the smaller holdings are not included in the assessment at all, and are therefore not shown in the list of

exemptions.
"It is hard even to approximate the "It is hard even to approximate the amount of property which will be made taxable by the decision of the Supreme Court." said Mr. Sigler last night, "but I believe that it will be in excess of \$1,000,000 in Multnomah, and may be as high as \$1,500,000. The exemption list of last year, which amounted to \$50,544, shows only the exemptions of owners who have more than \$250 worth of property. Those who have less were not recorded in this list at all, but would be included as a result of the new ruling.

"If the effect of the Supreme Court's decision is to declare the exemption clause unconstitutional, and I suppose it is, it will place a large amount of said; tional work upan my office; and upon the Assessor's offices of the other counties.

The property now exempted would have

to be included in the assessment roll for the present year, which is to be made out by March 1. We shall have to make a partial canvass at least of our field in order to revise the lists beavies thoroughly going over our own books."

L. H. Maxwell, Chief Deputy to Assessor Sigler, was of the opinion when seen yesterday afternoon that the property exempted at present in Multnomah County, which will be included hereafter, amounts to as much as \$2,000,000. Multnomah pays approximately sne-third of the taxes of the state, so that at this rate the new ruling would increase the total tax roll of Oregon by \$5,000,600. This annual, however, would prabably be too low, as there is a larger proportion of small property-owners in other counties of the state than there is in Millnomah.

The decision of the Supreme Court affects section 8 of the amendment to Bellinger and Cotton's annutated codes and statutes of Oregon, which is as follows:

"The following property, if owned by

and statutes of Oregon, which is as follows:

"The following property, if owned by a householder and in actual use, or kept for use, by and for his or her family; household goods, furniture and utensils; two cows, ten sheep, five ewine, and the tools, apparatus, team, vehi-les, harness, or library necessary to enable any person to carry on his trade, occupation or profession, by which such person earns his or her living, to the amount of \$300, and the articles to be selected by such householder; provided, however, that when the assessed valuation of the personal property above enumerated shall amount to less than \$300 then only such amount to less than \$300 then only such amount as the total of such property amount as the total of such property herein enumerated shall be exempt from faxation."

The news that the Supreme Court had The news that the Supreme Court had declared this law unconstitutional was not received with surprise by those who were in close touch with the situation. "I am not at all astonished at the decision," said Frederick W. Mulkey, chairman of the State Tax Commission. "It seems to me that the finding is a very sound one. It has always impressed me that the exemption law is contrary to

seems to me that the finding is a very sound one. It has always impressed me that the exemption law is contrary to section I, article 9, of the Constitution, which provides that taxation shall be uniform upon all property with the exception of certain exemptions that are made by the Constitution."

The State Tax Commission in its last report advanced the opinion that the exemption of personal property is not legal under the Constitution of Oregon. The report did not advocate the elimination of the law, but did advise that the Constitution should be amended to allow of a personal property exemption. If the suggested changes of the Commission were put into effect there would be no question of the constitutionality of the householders' exemption law.

The law providing for the exemption of \$300 worth of personal property has been in effect in Oregon ever since \$584, with the exception of a single year. From 1854 to 1859 there can be no question of the legality of the law, as the Constitution was not adopted until February 14 of the latter year. Since that time, however the law has always been at vari-

of the latter year. Since that time, how-ever, the law has always been at vari-ance with the provisions of the Constitu-tion, according to the decision rendered

tion, according to the decision rendered yesterday morning.

In 1904 there was no exemption of personal property in Oregon. The Legislature passed an act early in 1908 which annulled the exemption law. This bill was filed February 24 of that year. So much protest arose against paying taxes on property of less than \$90 value that the special session of the Legislature which also convened in 1903 passed a new act renewing the old exemption clause. This act was filed December 24, and as it was necessary for 90 days to elapse before it became effective, the time extended beyond March 1, when the tax lists were made out. For this reason, all exemptions were illegal for the year 1904, and none was made in most of the countles, including Multnomah. In some countles, however, it is said, the Assessors allowed the exemption law to remain in effect, and made out their lists just as they had done in the past.

Hits Townspeople Hard.

Hits Townspeople Hard.

SALEM. Or., July 24.—(Special.)—The decision of the Supreme Court today, declaring the householders' exemption law to be unconstitutional, has caused much discussion here, and there is evidence of strong sentiment in favor of amendment to the constitution authorizing an exemption that will lighten the tax burden of people who own little except their household effects and the personal property upon which they depend for a living.

The consequences of the decision will, be felt most by town people who have but little property, and who have been able to claim it all as exempt. Here in Salem, where the tax rate is nearly 4 per cent, the elimination of the exemption will where the tax rate is nearly 4 per cent, the elimination of the exemption will mean an addition of \$12 to the household-

ers' tax.

The decision will not affect the Assessor's work materially, for practically i property has been listed and the exem tions noted. The decision will mere make it necessary to strike out the ex

SHANGHAIED ON BOARD SHIP

Government Intercedes for Two Citizens of Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 24.-In connec tion with the alleged shanghating of John P. McLaughlin and James O'Donnell, of Auburn. Ill., into the British navy, United States District Attorney W. A. Northcott today received advices from the State Department at Washingto regarding the in vestigation that it is making into the case of the two men who left this city several months ago for the Pacific Coast and who. according to statements made by Mc-Laughlin, were shipped aboard a British salling vessel, the Celtic Monarch, bound for Australia, under representations that they would be returned to the United States by September 1, 1906,

Following is a telegram sent by the Department of Commerce and Labor to "Collector of Customs, Honolulu: Re-

quest British Consul to release McLaugh-lin and O'Donnell, American citizens, if Celtic Monarch touches Honolulu. State Department interested. (Signed.) "METCALF, Secretary."

"METCALF, Secretary."

McLaughlin says he was deceived in signing to ship on the Ceitic Monarch, as he was told he was jo go on a steamer, whereas the Ceitic Monarch is a sailing

Adolph Weber Is Sentenced.

AUBURN, Cal., July 24.—Adolph Weber is to be hanged at Folsom, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M., September 12 ...6. Weber was brought into court 9 A. M. today, and the time for senter was fixed for II o'clock. At that hour the courtroom was packed. Weber is the young man who killed his entire family and burned his father's home in the attempt to hide the crime.

Deaths by Drowning in Chicago. CHICAGO, July 24.-Six lives constituted

the total paid yesterday by Chicago and its vicinity to lakes and rivers. Two boys

## OLDS, WORTMAN & KING

Hand - Made Bonnets

Silk Crochet Bonnets and Hats Silk Bonnet Lining Mittens Wrappers

Wool Bands Ruben's Vests Sacques Kimonos Nightingales Soap Boxes Combs

**Bed Protectors** Garters Stockings

For Baby's Wear

Read over this list. May be your baby will need some of these. If so, remember the price has been cut square in two. This is a sure enough half-price sale.

Everything in the clothes and comfort line for his majesty, the baby.

We purchased the entire stock of babies' clothes from the Beck Store, recently at 272 Washington street. Every article will be sold at exactly half price. It will pay you to anticipate baby's needs and lay in a stock now.

Flannel Skirts, long and short Skirts, Cambric and

Nainsook Dresses, long and short

Shoes Bootees Cloaks Bibs Pillow Slips Diapers

Blankets Powder Puffs Muslin Drawers Cambric Drawers Gowns, Etc.

## For Men

Mon's Underwear, Jersey ribbed white lisle, per garment..... 671/2C Not a garment in the lot worth less than a dollar.

Men's Nightrobes, splendid quality muslin, with or without 

These robes are full length and well made throughout. It will pay you to buy half a dozen at today's sale.

You have paid \$1.00 and

Men's Golf Shirts - Plain

\$1.25 for the same garment many a time.

### Parasols

Just received a large assortment of white parasols, some in plain linen, some embroidered, some with insertion. A great variety ranging in price from

\$1.50 to \$5

A parasol may make or mar your toilet. What is prettier than a really pretty parasol when it is in keeping with the rest of one's garb? Here are styles enough to enable you to make a satisfactory choice. The prices are about half what the parasols are really worth.

## Gloves

Silk and Lisle, Black and White

Silk-Black or white, three-White lace extensions......85c White lisle thread 75c extensions...... Silk extensions, plain

Gloves to match extensions. ......65¢ to \$1.50 Silk and Lisle Gloves have

been extremely scarce this season. A fortunate purchase by one of our Eastern buyers enables us to offer a handsome selection at "end-of-the-season"

# SILKS

These are fabrics it will pay you to buy at these prices-now-even if you lay them away for months before you make them up. A good black silk taffeta is always in style, always durable, always refined. We invite the judges of good silk to examine these offerings. Keep the prices BEAUTIFUL, DURABLE BLACK SILK TAFFETAS

19-inch all-silk black Taffeta, regular price 85c, Special per yard..... 21-inch all-silk black Taffeta, regular price

\$1.00, Special per yard ..... 23-inch all-silk black Taffeta, regular price

83c \$1.10. Special per yard..... 27-inch all-silk black Taffeta, regular price \$1.25, Special per yard.....

36-inch all-silk black Taffeta, regular price 

in mind.

COSSACKS START MASSACRE, BUT INFANTRY STOP IT.

Police Look on Calmly at Murder, but Infantry Scatter Cossacks and Guard Jews.

ODESSA, July 23.—(3:20 P. M.)—Anti-Jewish outbreaks have commenced here. A number of persons have already been killed or wounded. Cossacks and rowdles are plundering the deserted Jewish houses

are plundering the deserted Jewish houses and shops.

On Srednala street three Jews were killed and three were wounded in attempting to defend their property, while the police looked on. Another bloody coning to defend their property, white conpolice looked on. Another bloody conflict is now reported to be in progress in
Stepoval street. Twd Jews have already
been killed and eight wounded there.
The whole city is in a state of panic.
Many of the inhabitants are fleeing. The
Black Hundreds are distributing bloodthirsty proclamations in the streets.
A fight took place in the remote quarters of Odessa late last night. The Jews
sought refuge in the center of the city.
Many of them left Odessa altogether.
The feeling of alarm among the Jews
today is unabated. A feverish exodus by
rall and ship took place, owing to fears
of sinister developments. Otherwise the
city is outwardly quiet.
Governor-General Kaulbars declares the
troops of the garrison are held well in

hand, which however, public opinion dis-credits. Wholesale political arrests con-tinue at Kieff and Kharkoff. The other southern districts are appeared. owing to the rapid fall in Russian government securities the local banks stopped paying out money to Jews who wanted to save the city.

COSSACKS ATTEMPT TO KILL.

Infantry Scatter and Threaten to Exterminate Them.

ODESSA, July 24.-(11:33 P. M.)-Ther ODESSA, July 24.—(11:33 P. M.)—Inerehas been no actual programme here to-day. Drunken Cossacks endeavored to instigate an anti-Jewish massacre in the industrial suburt of Maldovanka but were scattered by infantry, who instantly cordoned the Jewish quarter and threatened to annihilate the Cossacks. The latter were withdrawn to their barracks by order of their commandants.

Ludes sudden terror 500 Jewish families Under sudden terror 500 Jewish families sought refuge in other parts of the city.

RIOTOUS COSSACKS DISARMED

Confined in Barracks Under Guard After Many Are Shot.

July 24.- (Midnight.)-ODESSA, July 24.—(Midnight.)—
(Special.)—Nearly all the riotous
Cossacks have been disarmed and are
now confined in their barracks under a
heavy guard of troops. It is reported,
but not yet confirmed, that before they
were really made prisoners they at-

tacked the loyal troops and many of them were shot down.

There has been no renewal of rioting here since the afternoon, but further outrages are expected, inasmuch as the authorities are known to be encouraging anti-Jewish agitation in order to divert attention from the events that have transpired at St. Petersburg since the Douma was dissolved. The city is under martial law and all persons are forbidden to gather in the streets and none is allowed on the streets unless they can show good reasons.

show good reasons. ERRED IN DISSOLVING DOUMA

Bryan Says Liberty Will Live Despite Czar's Mistake.

LONDON, July 34.—W. J. Bryan says he is sorry to see the Douma dissolved. Premier Campbell-Bannerman had hap-

Premier Campbell-Bannerman had happily expressed the situation when he paraphrased the old saying, "The Douma is dead, long live the Douma." meaning that whatever may happen to the personaet of the Douma, as an institution it still lives. Mr. Bryan added:

"I am satisfied there will be no backward steps, whatever the Czar may attempt to do. The recognition of the right of the people to self-government cannot be undone. I believe the Czar made a great mistake in ordering the dissolution, From my observation the members of the Douma are men with purposes and of the Douma are men with purposes and possessing ample qualification to deal with the necessities of their country. The Czar should have treated with the

Doumn."

Mr. Bryan insists that the visit of Colonel M. C. Wetmore, of St. Louis, was not for the purpose of inducing him to give up the idea of returning to the United States by way of New York. He said he would stick to his original itinerary.

VIGO, Spain, July 24.—The mutinous seamen of the Russian cruiser Terek have been landed and forwarded to Russia by the Russian Consul.

Mutinous Sailors Sent Home.

Abortive Raid in Moscow. MOSCOW. July 24.—The police today attempted to capture all the delegates to the Workmen's Council, but only succeeded in capturing 14.

MUST GIVE PARTICULARS Hyde-Diamond Gang Wins One

Point Against Government.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Justice Gould, in the Criminal Court, today decided the motion of counsel for defendants in the case of the United States against Frederick A. Hyde, John A. Benson, Henry C. Diamond and Joest H. Schneider, indicted in connection with public land frauds in Oregon and California, in which it was sought to compel the Government to elect as to which of the indictments they would be tried upon. The court, however, granted a motion to compel the Government to specific charges against the defendant.

The specific charges referred to are that the defendants conspired to defraud the

tacked the loyal troops and many of them were shot down.

There has been no renewal of rioting

Government of many thousands of across of public land in Oregon and California.

It is alleged that the defendants procured scrip from the United States for which they gave in return certain school lands the title to which is imperfect. The cases will go to trial during the Autumn term of court, early in October.

No Contest of Leduc's Will.

LOS ANGELES, July 24.—There will be no contest of the will of the late Dennis Leduc, the noted Canadian engineer, who died in this city several weeks ago. The died in this city several weeks ago. The attorneys for Mrs. Georgette Elliott, the only daughter of the deceased, who was cut off with a bequest of II, have dismissed the action they brought. Mrs. Isabel Gilbert Sells, of Hollywood, was named as the sole legatee. It is stated that the estate which Leduc's will disposed of is not nearly so large as was supposed.

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Dr. Tutt; Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life. J. Fairleigh, Platte Cannon, Col. Tutt's Liver Pills

