

O. R. & N. CO. ABSORBS THE DIFFERENTIAL

Difference in Charges Levied Against This Port by Ship-owners Will Be Equalized.

RATES ON GRAIN REDUCED

Harriman Road Makes Formal Announcement Which Puts Portland Exporters on Same Basis as Those of Puget Sound.

Beginning August 1, the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company will equalize the difference in charges against this port and the Sound by absorbing the differential of 3d that is levied against grain and flour cargoes sailing from the Columbia River for export.

This action is in effect a reduction on local freight rates on grain and flour, including wheat milled at Portland and is transhipped here by sailing vessels to European ports. This reduction amounts to 30 cents on a long ton of 2240 pounds.

This absorption of the arbitrary differential levied against Portland by the sailing ship combine was predicted some time ago when the joint wheat rates between Portland and the Sound were announced. After some consideration, the Harriman road agreed to the proposition and stated that the differential would be taken care of. The announcement yesterday of the date for the action by the railroad company to take effect brings the matter to a definite basis.

This reduction in rates, that puts the Portland exporter on the same basis as the Sound exporter, will apply from all stations on the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company's lines proper, as well as all points on the Columbia River & Oregon Railroad and the Columbia Southern Railroad.

This action seems the only solution of the much-mooted differential question that has perplexed shippers ever since it was instituted. Protests against it have been unavailing. Various reasons have been given for putting it into effect, chief of which is probably the danger of delay of the bar because of storms. Pilotage and towage to go into the Sound, as well as the same items coming up the river, are also said to have prejudiced shippers against this port.

The definite announcement of the absorption of this troublesome differential will be welcomed by all concerned in the shipping of grain and flour. Some such action was imperative in view of the joint wheat rates that will soon become effective, otherwise the Sound ports would be favorites with wheat and flour exporters.

VICTORS TO HOLD BANQUET

Montavilla Board of Trade Will Celebrate Annexation to Portland.

Invitations are out for a banquet to be given by the Montavilla Board of Trade next Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the successful outcome of the movement for annexation and for Bull Run water. The Mayor and Councilmen and other city officials are invited. The guests are expected to attend the banquet. It was a long fight for annexation, extending over a period of more than 10 years, and carried on by William D. Veans and some others when it seemed impossible of success.

Most of the people were favorable, but they were doubtful of success. A portion of the leading citizens also wanted to try a city government, because they felt that it would be a long time before Bull Run water could be had. But now the citizens have great reasons to rejoice, for they are to have Bull Run water in a short time. The Board of Trade of this suburb will make the occasion one of general rejoicing, and also an opportunity of making the city officials acquainted with the new acquisition of the city.

WATER SHORTAGE STILL ON

Vernon Improvement Club Appoints Committee to See Mayor.

While the water committee and superintendent continue to explain the cause of water shortage at Vernon, Highland and Piedmont, the shortage continues, and in consequence a very determined lot of residents gathered on the lawn in front of home of J. D. Ogden Thursday evening, under the auspices of the newly organized Improvement Club. After discussion of the situation, which was declared to be intolerable, the following committee was appointed to take the matter up with Mayor Lane: J. A. O'Connell, Dr. George H. Stovell, D. B. Frank, W. A. Eastman, O. B. Ogden and W. E. Eastman. It was the consensus of opinion that if the people are not supplied with water in that district that they should not be required to pay for what they do not receive. This committee will at least make a vigorous protest against the being used in the sprinklers from the Highland reservoir hereafter, when water may be taken for that purpose from large mains in which there is plenty of water.

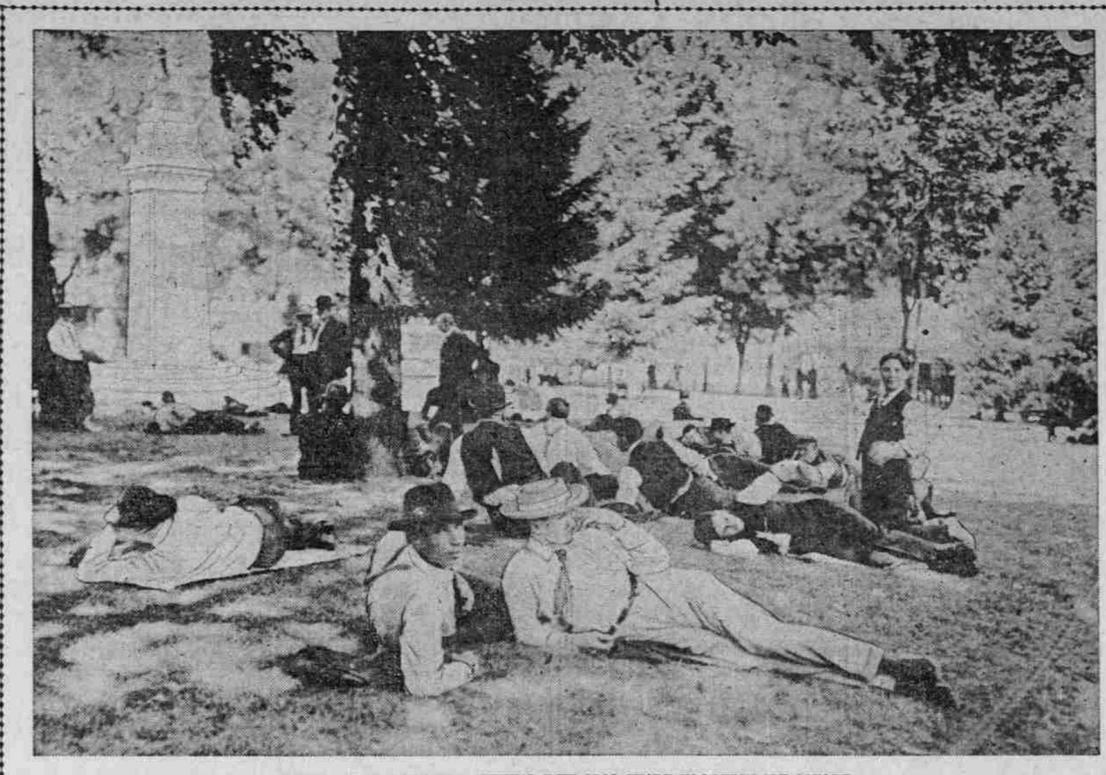
COOL SHIRT SALE.

Mr. Hood shirts, best soft, cool materials, and made as "Whittier" correctly puts it, "a little better than seems necessary"; also silk fronts and French percale dress shirts, \$1.25 and \$1.50 values, your pick today for 50c; sizes 14 1/2 to 17. Extra specials in outing shirts, underswear, socks and kerchiefs. McAllen & McDonnell.

Your Druggist Will Tell You that Murine Eye Remedy Cures Eye. Makes Weak Eyes Strong. Doesn't Smart. Soothes Eye Pain, and Relieves Redness.

REALLY NOW HOW WOULD YOU LIKE TO FLIRT WITH A PARROT?

THE biggest flirt in town lives on Fourteenth street. It is a parrot, and causes more "rubber-necking" among the young men who stroll down that thoroughfare during the evenings than they are accustomed to on a rainy day down in the shopping district. The parrot has a habit of possibly repeating the practice naturally of yelling "Hello, boys," to every one who passes the house that is such a correct imitation of the voice of a nice young summer girl that the idea never occurs to anyone that the supposed effort to flirt comes from the throat of a common old bird.



CROWD OF LOUNGERS SEEKING THE COOL SHADE IN LONSDALE SQUARE.

JURY IS SUMMONED

Judge Hunt Orders Special Venire Called.

NAMES ARE KEPT SECRET

Land-Fraud Trials Begin Monday.

Defendants in Many Cases Are Directed to Plead to Indictments.

United States District Judge Hunt has issued an order directing the Clerk of the Federal Court to summon a special venire of 48 jurors to try the land-fraud cases which begin next Monday.

This order was issued by the court several days ago, but the great secrecy has been maintained in all departments of the Government and the names of those chosen from which a jury will be made up to try the cases against Henry W. Miller, Frank Kincart, Martin G. Hoge and Charles Nickell, will not be made public until the juryman report in court Monday morning.

Xenophobic notices were sent to all those defendants in the land-fraud cases who have not yet pleaded to the indictments against them, directing them to do so by Monday. Quite a number have neglected to observe this necessary feature of the legal proceedings involving them, and it is the intention of the Government to submit to no further delays.

Irvin Rittenhouse, who has been detached from the General Land Office as special attorney for the Secretary of the Interior to officiate as private secretary to Francis J. Heney during the land fraud trials, will arrive here tomorrow morning from Washington, D. C.

Charles S. Moore, the outgoing State Treasurer, and Walter F. Burrill, local attorney for the convicted ex-United States Surveyor-General, filed a petition for a writ of review, upon which it is proposed to appeal the case to the Circuit Court of Appeals, which meets here September 2.

Practically all the details were completed yesterday morning at a conference between Francis J. Heney, representing the Government, and Martin L. Pipes, of Portland, and S. B. Huston, of Hillsboro, Or., who appeared for defendant. The case was set for trial in the Circuit Court at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The case will also be appealed.

THREE DIVORCES GRANTED

Two Wives Deserted by Husbands, One Man by His Wife.

Judge Gantenbein presided in the divorce court yesterday and granted three decrees, all for desertion. Ethel Patton was divorced from James K. Patton, because of desertion beginning in 1901. The couple were married at Ashland, Or. Mrs. Patton simply told the court that her husband left her and declined to provide for her support. She told the court that she has a son 13 years old, who is self-supporting and assists his mother. Juanita McLaren testified that her husband, Josiah McLaren, left her in January, 1904, and refused to return and that the desertion was without cause. They were married in 1898.

FOR BARGAINS IN MILLINERY

You will save money and get good styles if you buy at Le Palais Royal, 305 Washington street.

"SEE AMERICA FIRST."

The Denver & Rio Grande has resumed the operation of its open-top and parlor observation cars through Colorado's famous scenery—scenery not found elsewhere in the world. All reduced rates. Apply via this route for complete information you may desire call upon W. C. McBride, 124 Third street.

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Napoleon Bonaparte McGillivray Passes Away.

CROSSED PLAINS IN 1839

Four Trips Were Made by Him to Middle States by Ox Teams.

Founded First Grist Mill in the State.

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than a year ago. His death marks the passing of one of the earliest residents in the Northwest.

Mr. McGillivray was born in Winnipeg, Canada, April 29, 1825. With his father he went to Missouri when a child, and later, at the age of 15, he crossed the plains to Oregon, following the party which was led by Ezra Meeker. His father was chief factor and originator of the North Pacific Fur Company, the successor to the Hudson Bay Company.

The journeys of Napoleon McGillivray across the continent on several occasions were notable ones. His second trip to Oregon after returning to Missouri was made by way of Cape Horn. Three other trips were made by the young man in an ox team crossing the plains to and from the Middle States.

McGillivray first acted as a clerk in his father's office at Vancouver, where a trading post had been established. He later engaged in trapping and fishing along the Columbia River from Astoria to Vancouver. In 1849 he went to California with the thousands of gold seekers, but returned to Oregon, where he constructed the first grist mill in the State.

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Mr. McGillivray is survived by a widow, two daughters and a son. His funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock from Finley's undertaking establishment.

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The petition accuses Henry Holtgreve of misuse of funds and roctes, among other things, that Henry Holtgreve did not make any report of his trust to the County Court, and sold the property at a great loss and to the detriment of the minors and to deprive them of their just dues.

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GIRLS GO FISHING

Oregonian Contest Winners at Yellowstone Lake.

LEAD THE STRENUOUS LIFE

Something New Doing in the Entertainment Line Every Day—Tame Bears Turn Out to Welcome Fair Visitors.

BY EUGENE A. HOWE.

YELLOWSTONE LAKE, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., July 13.—(Start Court respondents.)—Strenuous is a hackneyed term, but it is peculiarly applicable to the existence that the Oregonian contest girls have been leading ever since they departed on their trip to the Yellowstone.

One of these settlers, A. C. Huff, an old soldier of the Civil War, remarked that it is and was the policy of Congress only to allow entrymen to select other lands, why did Congress go to the expense of sending special agents here to investigate these cases, thus putting the settlers to extra expense and loss of time to appear before them and prove their losses when there was no intention to pay them anything? He thinks they had better appropriate this expense to the settlers—it would have been a little and a little is better than nothing.

I have not data enough in my possession to exactly calculate the amount needed, but I am aware that it will take about \$200,000 to pay the Sherman land project. The losses, the sum named in Senator Gearin's bill.

What portion of land was in the over-lake district has no means of knowing. But if there was as large a proportion of all grants as there was in the forfeited portions of the Northern Pacific Railroad, it seems to me that the cases would not be so great, but this rich nation could now pay all such settlers their losses.

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informed by one who knows that the ground on which the public lands committee refuses to report the bill is that there are a great many just cases throughout the Western States, and that if it had been the policy of Congress throughout to do nothing more than permit the entrymen to select other lands. It is also said that Congress went to the expense of sending special agents here to investigate these cases, but has sustained in such cases the amount to be paid would be enormous.

A close examination of this reason will show that the Sherman land project is a task to get these people justice. How long he will have two new members in the House to aid him, but not until the 60th Congress meets.

After a man has built a good home and has many of the comforts of life around him, and because of the public domain and permitted him for years to toll in making these improvements on these lands, it is not just to the public to take away from the public land only to permit him to go out and select other public lands. We all know that it will take years of toll to build another home.

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