PREMIER LUNCHES WITH PRESIDENT

Reciprocity Treaty Between New Zealand and United States His Pet Project.

FRANK IN HIS STATEMENTS

Island Is Ready to Make Flat Reduction in Tariff of 10 Per Cent in Return for a Similar Concession.

NEW ZEALAND.

The British colony of New Zealand comprises three separate islands, with a total area of 103,658 square miles. The islands have only been under an organized government since 1840, when Great Britain took them under her wing as a recognized colonial dependency.

New Zealand has considerable areas of flat lands, some of which is eminently adapted to cultivation. Canterbury Plains, in South Island, 100 by 30 miles, are almost a dead level. There are great forests of conifers yielding fine timber. Nearly all the commoner fruits of temperate Europe are grown, and in some places lemons and oranges abound. The chief crops are wheat, oats, barley and hay. Livestock is numerous; sheep in 1902 numbered upward of 20,000,000. The output of the country for 1901 included:

	Value.
Gold	£1,753,783
Silver, ounces	571,134
Coal	613,819
Wool	3,698,163
Frozen meats	2,253,262
Hides and leather	477,495
Kauri gum	446,114

In no other country in the world, however, has the participation of government in matters affecting capital and labor advanced with such strides as in this land of the South Pacific.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., July 6.—When Sir Joseph Ward, new Premier of New Zealand, stepped from the train at Oyster Bay today to keep a luncheon engagement with President Roosevelt, he frankly said the thing nearest his heart in America was the development of a reciprocity treaty between New Zealand and the United States. When Sir Joseph returned to the station, two hours later, having fulfilled his luncheon engagement, he remarked: "Reciprocity is not an easy thing to bring about in this country."

Sir Joseph, adhering to the rules he had laid down for himself in his journey around the world, declined to discuss the exchange of ideas between himself and President Roosevelt.

"My hearty belief in your President, as a statesman of strength, breadth and courage," he said, "has been most pleasantly and emphatically confirmed."

From his frank statement on arriving at Oyster Bay that he intended discussing the possibility of reciprocity with the President, his later comments on that subject are interesting as indicating the business-like plan he proposes.

"New Zealand," he said, "is ready to make a universal 10 per cent reduction in her tariff to the United States, in return for a like concession, and is prepared to make such a treaty binding without action on the part of the New Zealand Parliament. She now grants this reduction to Great Britain and would be glad to do so to the United States.

"If this is too broad a proposition, we would be glad to make this reduction on specific articles which each nation buys abroad."

The Premier instanced wool and gum used in the manufacture of varnish, and said what New Zealand wants are certain grades of pine lumber, tinned salmon and many kinds of manufactured goods. He said there might be opposition in New Zealand to reducing their tariff on lumber. "But," added he, "you have special interests in this country, too."

The New Zealand Premier here admitted he knew of the number of reciprocity treaties now awaiting action at the hands of the United States Senate.

"New Zealand," he continued, "is a country capable of maintaining a population of from 20,000,000 to 40,000,000. You are building the Panama Canal and are our nearest English-speaking neighbor excepting Australia. Our trade is growing, our interests are identical. It would seem wise statesmanship to cultivate our relations along the commercial line, and we are willing."

Sir Joseph will sail from San Francisco for home on the Sierra, July 12.

ADVICE OF A NEW ZEALANDER

Premier Wadd Tells How Trusts Should Be Curbed.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Sir Joseph G. Wadd, Premier of New Zealand, who, with his wife and daughter is on his way home from Europe, was asked yesterday in the course of an extended interview what action would be taken in New Zealand, if, for example, an ice company increased the price of the commodity to consumers to obtain more than a reasonable profit. He said:

"The solution is simple. If any man or company should buy up all the ice plants, control the supply of ice on hand and then push up the price to consumers, we would immediately build ice plants and give the people all the ice they wanted at a small price, and a fair profit. We had a similar condition in the coal industry, and we put it down quickly."

Sir Joseph said that regulation to control railroads and other great aggregations of wealth would have to be drastic to be effective. He suggested extensive publicity obtained by an imperial and honest system of investigation.

Sir Joseph made a plea for closer commercial relations between the United States and this country, saying: "I can speak with the responsibility of a Minister from my country when I say we are quite prepared to enter upon a commercial treaty with the United States to let you have our wool, of which we have a surplus, and to take American products in exchange. I would be ready to discuss such a proposition with gentlemen in responsible positions in this country even before I go back to New Zealand."

Houser Acquitted of Bribery Charge.

MADISON, Wis., July 6.—Walter L. Houser, secretary of State of Wisconsin, was acquitted in the Municipal Court tonight of the criminal charge of attempting to bribe Zeno M. Host, State Commissioner of Insurance, July 16, 1903, by taking a prepared decision in the Brunkhorst-Equitable insurance case from Robert Luscombe to the Commissioner and telling him, as alleged in the complaint, that the Equitable Society would contribute $2000 to the La Follette campaign fund if such a decision were rendered. It took the jury over five hours to reach the verdict of acquittal.

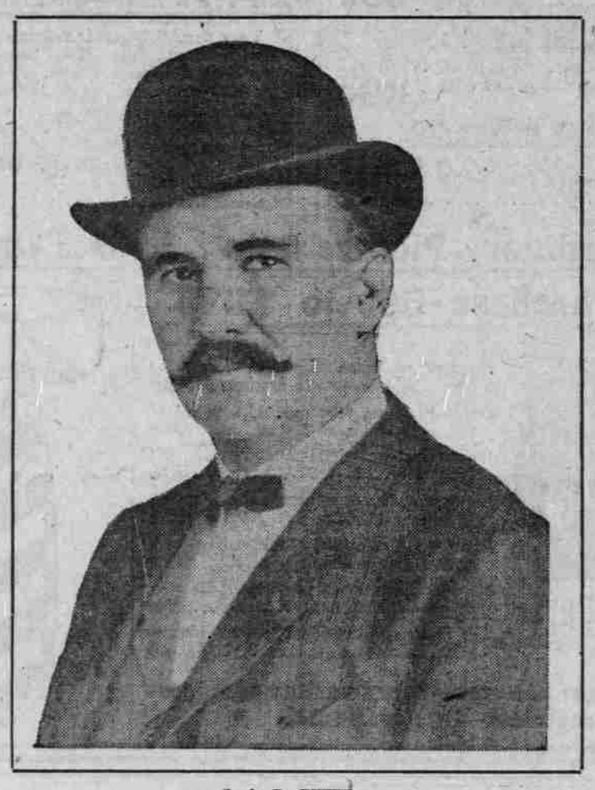
NEGRO COACHMAN IN JAIL

Pittsburg Millionaire Will Be Arrested for Conspiracy Against Wife.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 6.—A controversy between opposing counsel in the sensational suit of Augustus Hartje, a millionaire paper manufacturer, of this city, against Mary Hartje, his wife, for divorce, which is now being tried here, has developed that Chief County Detective Robert G. Robinson has warrants in his possession for the arrest of Augustus Hartje, John L. Welshons, a wealthy business friend, and Clifford Hoe, colored, ex-coachman for Hartje. Teh charge against the three is conspiracy, and the informations were made before Alderman King by Detective Robinson on April 18.

The warrants have not yet been served, and District Attorney Robb stated today no action would be taken until the divorce trial is concluded. Hoe, the negro coachman, who was named as a co-respondent in the case, is now in jail, awaiting trial on a charge of perjury in connection with a deposition made previous to the opening of the present trial.

GIVEN ALMOST THE LIMIT FOR LAND-FRAUDS



S. A. D. PUTER.

TRYING TO AVERT WAR.

American Minister Mediates Between Salvador and Guatemala.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The State Department has been notified through a cablegram from American Minister Combs, dated at Guatemala City, that efforts are being made to prevent hostilities between Guatemala and Salvador, as a result of an alleged breach of neutrality by Salvador during the progress of the insurrection which has just failed. Mr. Combs says that Senor Pacus, a special envoy appointed by the President of Salvador, is already on his way to this city, and he (Mr. Combs) is about to leave immediately for Washington to confer here with Senor Pacus and the officials of the State Department and endeavor by negotiation to bring about a peaceful settlement of the difficulty. Meanwhile the government of Guatemala has agreed to suspend preparations for war with Salvador pending the conclusion of the peace conference at Washington.

The State Department was advised today by a cablegram from American Minister Merry that he had arrived at San Salvador and is endeavoring, with some hope of success, to make arrangements there for an agreement between Guatemala and Salvador.

REARRESTED AT SHAWANO

Hearing in Land-Fraud Cases Is Adjourned for Ten Days.

SHAWANO, Wis., July 6.—United States Marshal Thomas B. Reid, of Milwaukee, arrived here this morning with new warrants for John Black, Joseph Black and August Anderson, who were recently acquitted on charges involving land frauds in Oregon. The three Shawano men were taken to Appleton, where they will be given a hearing before Court Commissioner R. M. Kellogg.

The hearing of the Oregon land-fraud case today at Appleton was adjourned for ten days.

OPENING GUN IN SOUTH

Secretary Taft Is to Speak in North Carolina.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Secretary Taft started for Oyster Bay tonight. He is to deliver a speech at the Republican State Convention at Greensboro, N. C., next Monday, which is expected to be of considerable political importance, and it is probable he will discuss with the President the topics to be dealt with in that speech, which will probably be the opening gun of the Congressional campaign of 1906.

Victims of Salisbury Wreck.

LONDON, July 6.—The bodies of Frank W. Koch, of Allentown, Pa.; Louis Cassier, of Trumbull, Conn.; C. A. Popon, of Toronto, and Mrs. Walter W. Smith, George Smith and Miss Eleanor Smith, of Dayton, Ohio, who were killed in the Salisbury wreck, will be taken to the United States on the steamer Minneapolis, which will sail from London tomorrow.

NOT AN ANARCHIST

German Societies Come to Rosenberg's Defense.

MERELY A PAINT MIXER

Chemicals Found in His Cellar Used in Experiments Along That Line. Returned to Fatherland With Competency.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 6.—The central committee of the United German Societies of Seattle came to the front at its regular meeting tonight, and declared that August Rosenberg, arrested in Germany, upon suspicion of being an anarchist with designs against the life of Emperor Wilhelm, was nothing but a harmless mixer of paints. The letter which caused the arrest of Rosenberg, the members of the society claim, was written by a secret enemy of Rosenberg to the authorities in the Fatherland. It is now in the hands of German Consul Geissler.

A prominent member of the committee, having known Rosenberg for several years, states that Rosenberg was an inventor and investigator of paint compounds, and that the chemicals and apparatus found in Rosenberg's old shop were all for experiment in this line. Most of his supplies in his researches were purchased from Nelle & Englebrecht, paint and oil dealers, and Dr. Warmburg, a chemist, was often called into consultation by Rosenberg touching his experiments.

His books on chemistry Rosenberg purchased at Rhinelander's book store here.

Further, according to this committeeman, Rosenberg was 72 years old, had amassed about $6000, a competency for him and his wife, to return to Germany to spend their remaining days in ease.

SEATTLE SUSPECT IS ARRESTED

Police Meet at Train Man Accused of Designs on Kaiser's Life.

ALTONA, Prussia, July 6.—An alleged anarchist named August Rosenberg, who is reported to have left Seattle, Wash., for Germany recently, was arrested here yesterday. He is accused of having had designs on the life of Emperor William.

The police here were advised of Rosenberg's departure from Seattle and the results of search in his former lodgings, and arrested him as he left the train. The prisoner is held in custody pending the result of the preliminary investigation.

BERLIN, July 6.—The Ruesue Hamburger Zeitung says that the Chief of Police of Altona and Privy Councillor Rosenhagen are inquiring into the case of August Rosenberg, recently arrested at Altona, who is strongly suspected of having planned an attempt on Emperor William's life. It is added that there are numerous overwhelming causes for suspicion, and it is believed that only the man's arrest prevented the attempt. No bombs or explosives were found on Rosenberg, who denied having participated in any plot.

WAR SCHOOL OF SOCIALISTS

German Party Would Train Youths for Public Life.

BERLIN, July 6.—The executive committee of the Socialist party announced its intention to establish a partisan war school in the Autumn, with the object of preparing Socialist youths for public life by lectures on national economies, socialism, law, history, literature, science, the natural sciences and debating exercises. The Vorwoerts, organ of the party, says that no expense should be spared to carry out the plan of thus creating a body of well-informed agents, adding that owing to the Reichstag's decision to pay members of the Reichstag for their services, it is not necessary for the Socialists to collect money to pay their own members, as has heretofore been done, thus saving $23,000 annually for the "partisan war school."

Singapore to Be Naval Base.

LONDON, July 6.—Under the award of the arbiters, of whom Viscount Staldemin (best known as Sir Michael Hicks-Beach) was one, in the case of the Tanjong Pagar Dock Company, of Singapore, the Straits Settlement government must pay the company $14,575,000 for the acquisition of the company's docks and shipyards at Singapore and Penang. The transfer was arranged in December, 1904, and although the imperial government was not actually a party to the transaction, it is believed the Admiralty intends to carry out developments making Singapore an important naval base.

DINES WITH WAR SECRETARY

Bryan Will Remain in London to Hear Speech by Haldane.

LONDON, July 6.—William J. Bryan today lunched with Major John H. Beacon, the United States military attache, to meet War Secretary Haldane. The luncheon was arranged particularly so that Mr. Bryan and Mr. Haldane could meet. No other guests were present.

Ambassador Reid and Mrs. Reid gave a luncheon at Dorchester House today to a large party of visiting Americans, including Paul Morton and Mrs. and Miss Morton, Bishop William F. Lawrence and Miss Lawrence, of Massachusetts; John W. Yerkes, Commissioner of Internal Revenue; M. O. Keeler, ex-Governor of Connecticut, and D. O. Mills.

Mr. Bryan has decided not to leave London on Monday, as he had intended, but will remain until Thursday, principally to hear Mr. Haldane, at the latter's invitation, deliver a speech on army retrenchment in the House of Commons, after which Mr. Bryan will start on his tour of the Rhine, Switzerland and Italy.

Mr. Bryan has also accepted invitations for next week from Winston Spencer Churchill and others in public life, when he will meet many prominent persons. He will go to West Park tomorrow with Ambassador and Mrs. Reid.

New Spanish Cabinet.

MADRID, July 6.—King Alfonso today sanctioned the appointment of the following Ministry to succeed the Cabinet headed by Moret y Prendergast, which resigned yesterday: Premier and Minister of War, Field Marshal Lopez Dominquez; Minister of Foreign Affairs, Senor Gullon; Minister of the Interior, Bernabe Davila; Minister of Finance, Navarro Reverter; Minister of Public Works, Garcia Prieto; Minister of Marine, Senor Alvarado; Minister of Instruction, Amalio Glemento; Minister of Justice, Count Romananones.

Although the Moret Cabinet disappears, the new Ministry represents the same general policy, consisting of prominent men representing the various Liberal groups in the Senate and Chamber of Deputies.

Chinese Settle British Claims.

PEKING, July 6.—Mrs. Carnegie, the British charge d'affaires here, has finally settled the British claims growing out of the anti-foreign riots at Nanchang, Province of Kiangsi, in February of this year. China paid $30,000 indemnity for the killing of the child of H. C. Kingham, a British missionary, and $3500 for the British mission property destroyed, and agrees to punish the guilty persons, who are to be designated by the British legation, and to reward those who protected the missionaries.

Smuggling Arms Into Russia.

BERLIN, July 6.—The increasing smuggling of arms from Germany into Russia along the coast has caused the Russian Government to sharpen its watchfulness.

The German Official Gazette this evening publishes the substance of a communication from the Russian embassy here, to the effect that Russian warships have been ordered to assist the revenue cutters in pursuing and arresting all vessels within the three-mile limit which are suspected of having contraband on board.

Invading Turks Driven Back.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 6.—A Turkish attempt to seize further territory on the Persian frontier has been prevented by the Government of Pushkar, who repulsed the invading force of 300 Turkish regulars and 700 mounted Arab regulars, with considerable loss to the raiders. The Council of Ministers here has now instructed the Turkish commander, Sekki Pasha, to withdraw his troops from their most advanced positions and to avoid further causes for a rupture with Persia.

Longworths at Elysee Palace.

PARIS, July 6.—President and Mme. Fallieres at the Elysee Palace today received Congressman Longworth and Mrs. Longworth, who were accompanied by Ambassador and Mrs. McCormick. The visit, which was informal, lasted half an hour, during which the party were shown through the salons and gardens.

M. and Mme. Fallieres will entertain Mr. and Mrs. Longworth at dinner on Monday night.

William to Meet Haakon.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, July 6.—Emperor William will leave Bergen for Trondhjem on the Hamburg at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning, arriving there at 5 P. M. Sunday. King Haakon will immediately board the Hamburg to meet his majesty and subsequently the King and Queen will receive the Emperor at the palace.

Servian Cattle Barred Out.

VIENNA, July 6.—Servia, having declined to make concessions in the matter of Austrian imports, the Government of Austria-Hungary today closed the frontier against Servian cattle and ordered the enforcement of the autonomous customs tariff on other imports of that country.

Japanese Foreign Trade.

LONDON, July 6.—Japanese foreign trade for the first six months of 1906, according to the correspondent at Tokio of the Times, shows an increase of $10,000,000 in exports and a decrease of $30,000,000 in imports as compared with the same period of 1905.

WRECKED AT THE CURVE

ELEVEN CHICAGOANS ARE SERIOUSLY HURT.

Cable-Car Crashes Into Another That Had Met Misfortune at Fatal Point.

CHICAGO, July 6.—(Special.)—Eleven persons were seriously hurt and scores of others escaped with slight injuries in a collision between the Wells-street and North Clark-street cable trains at the junction of the two lines at North Clark and Center streets this afternoon. The place where the accident occurred is known as "dead man's curve," because of the frequent accidents which have happened there.

The smashup today was one of the worst that has ever happened there, and it is believed to have been caused by a broken cable strand becoming entangled in the grip of the Wells-street train, this making it impossible for either gripman to release the cable. Both cars were southbound. The cable machinery in the vault was ripped up and traffic on both cable lines was suspended for more than an hour.

The Clark-street car ran into the vault. The gripman could not release his grip and the car crashed into the vault at the corner. While the trainmen were trying to release the stalled car the Wells-street car, loaded with passengers, came around the curve at top speed and a collision followed. Passengers on both trains were caught in the wreckage. Men and women were thrown to the street by the violence of the impact, and some of them were cut by broken glass and flying splinters.

TO JAIL WITH GEM

Mrs. May Hayes Swallowed a Diamond Worth $300.

SENTENCE IS FIVE YEARS

While Omaha Clerk's Back Was Turned She Put Stone in Her Mouth, but Detectives Were Watching Her.

OMAHA, Neb., July 6. — Mrs. May Hayes, convicted of theft from a local jewelry store of a $300 diamond, which she is alleged to have swallowed, was today sentenced to five years in the penitentiary by Judge Sutton, in the District Court.

Mrs. Hayes was looking at unset gems in the jewelry store, and when the clerk's back was turned she put a large stone in her mouth. Two detectives who had been shadowing her at once arrested her, and she alleges it was her fright that made her swallow the diamond.

The gem has never been recovered, although Mrs. Hayes offered to submit to a surgical operation if prosecution was dropped. This the state would not agree to.

JULIUS CAESAR'S FUNERAL

FUND RAISED TO GIVE COLORED MAN DECENT BURIAL.

Many Attend the Services Over His Remains When Colored Pastor Pays Last Tribute.

After nearly 50 years in Portland, Julius Caesar, the well-known negro character and mascot, was buried in the Lone Fir cemetery yesterday afternoon. Numerous friends of the deceased accompanied the procession from Finley's chapel to the last resting place of the old man.

Jack King raised $105 among the friends of Julius to defray the funeral expenses, and yesterday's last tribute to the old negro was very impressive.

Rev. G. E. Jackson, pastor of the Afro-American Church, in this city, spoke a few words at Caesar's grave, and read the following poem, written by "MacMahon," which better than any description illustrates Caesar's life and his eulogy:

He rests; that weary, wandering child, of birth
unknown, of manners mild;
He sleeps beneath a Summer's sun, where
rank and color are unknown.
No more along our teeming street will Julius
drag his faltering feet;
No more his haunts will greet his call—mellifluous tones—"Play ball, play ball."
No more in gorgeous robes attired will Julius
pose, adored, admired;
No more in Shakespeare's measured lines will
Julius mix his wit and wines;
No more the Mascot of the field, no more the
eloquent appeal
On stump, on stage and bar-room floor; Great
Caesar's dead, he pleads no more.
For eighty suns this child of mirth, ill-bred,
ill-fed, ill-wed, in dirt,
Has lived—a slave, a clown, a king—and now
his spirit doth take wing,
And to Virginia's friendly shore returns to
rest forevermore.
That Julius sleeps a peaceful sleep; that memory
green his grave will keep;
That Caesar answered Nature's call, we know.
Vale—"Play ball, play ball."

Before being laid to rest Caesar's body was dressed in a fine suit of black clothes with a beautiful rose in one of the lapels. His face looked as peaceful as if he were asleep.

As the casket was laid away many of the "boys" who knew Caesar exchanged reminiscences of the old man. "He seemed to be the property of the town," said one, "and everybody liked him. He was not over-industrious, but above all he was honest." Jack King told a story as to how he gave Caesar a $20 gold piece once, telling him to get a meal and bring the change back, while King's friends bet him that he would never see his $20 again. Caesar returned shortly after with $19.85 and handed it to King. The old familiar figure of Julius, with his constant saying, "Play ball!" upon his lips will nevermore tread the streets of Portland, and the various clubs will have to look for another mascot and entertainer to take the old cherished place of Caesar. A tombstone will be erected over Caesar's grave with the short inscription of "Julius Caesar. Play ball."

Julius Caesar's History.

CORVALLIS, July 6.—(Special.)—Julius Caesar, the negro found dead in Portland Wednesday, and who has been a well-known figure there for years, resided in Corvallis from 1869 to 1881, when he went to Portland, except two years, about 1876, when he was in San Francisco. From the time he was three months old to the time he went to Portland, he resided, slave and free, with the late B. T. Taylor, head of the well-known Taylor family of this city and county. In all those years the negro went by the name of Caesar Taylor. His real name was Caesar Short. Members of the family here say he was born in Mississippi in October, 1850, and that he was but 56 years old. In 1880 he was married to a comely mulatto girl in this city, but the couple only lived together a few months. He was given his freedom by his former master, Mr. Taylor, but his love for the family was such that he followed them to California and then to Oregon, where he was taught the butcher business and given every opportunity to thrive, but he had other tastes than hard work, and finally drifted into other scenes.

PLOT TO KILL THE CZAR

Mines Laid Where Imperial Yacht Usually Anchors.

COPENHAGEN, July 7.—(Special.)—A report is in circulation here from Helsingfors that a plot to blow up the Czar while he was on the royal yacht was nipped in the bud. A suspicious-looking craft was seen loitering in the Gulf of Finland, and divers descended in spots were she was cruising. They discovered several mines laid in the vicinity of where the imperial yacht usually anchored on her Summer cruise.

It is said that as soon as the facts became known in St. Petersburg the Czar abandoned his proposed trip. It is generally believed that the Red Guards, originally a volunteer corps, but now in the mutiny, originated the plot, the object being to free Finland from the Russian yoke.

Step Toward Municipal Ownership.

TRENTON, N. J., July 6.—Governor Stokes today signed Assemblyman Jones' bill authorizing cities to construct, acquire and operate electric light and gas plants. The bill, while particularly intended for Camden, is general in its application, and is looked upon by many as an advance step in the direction of municipal ownership in New Jersey.

President Comes From Iowa.

IOWA CITY, Ia., July 6.—Charles Bowman, of Clinton, Ia., a graduate of the Iowa University, class of 1895, has been elected president of the Montana State School of Mines.

Argument in Dreyfus Case.

PARIS, July 6.—Advocate Monard continued his plea in behalf of ex-Captain Dreyfus today. He technically analyzed and reviewed the whole accusations against Dreyfus and argued that the court could reach no other judgment than that of quashing the indictments without a retrial.

Close With Cheers for Emperor.

VIENNA, July 6.—The Austrian delegation today passed the estimates for the occupied provinces, thus completing its labors. The sitting was closed with cries of "long live the Emperor."

FROM GIRLHOOD TO WOMANHOOD

Mothers Should Watch the Development of Their Daughters—Interesting Experiences of Misses Borman and Mills.

Every mother possesses information which is of vital interest to her young daughter.

Too often this is never imparted or is withheld until serious harm has resulted to the growing girl through her ignorance of nature's mysterious and wonderful laws and penalties.

Girls' over-sensitiveness and modesty often puzzle their mothers and baffle physicians, as they so often withhold their confidence from their mothers and conceal the symptoms which ought to be told to their physician at this critical period.

When a girl's thoughts become sluggish, with headache, dizziness or a disposition to sleep, pains in back or lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude; when she is a mystery to herself and friends, her mother should come to her aid, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will at this time prepare the system for the coming change, and start this trying period in a young girl's life without pain or irregularities.

Hundreds of letters from young girls and from mothers, expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them, have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., at Lynn, Mass.

Miss Mills has written the two following letters to Mrs. Pinkham, which will be read with interest:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (First Letter.)

"I am but fifteen years of age, am depressed, have dizzy spells, chills, headache and backache, and as I have heard that you can give helpful advice to girls in my condition, I am writing you."—Myrtle Mills, Oquawka, Ill.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"It is with the feeling of utmost gratitude that I write to you to tell you what your valuable medicine has done for me. When I wrote you in regard to my condition I had consulted several doctors, but they failed to understand my case and I did not receive any benefit from their treatment. I followed your advice, and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now healthy and well, and all the distressing symptoms which I had at that time have disappeared."—Myrtle Mills, Oquawka, Ill.

Miss Matilda Borman writes Mrs. Pinkham as follows:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound my periods were irregular and painful, and I always had such dreadful headaches.

"But since taking the Compound my headaches have entirely left me, my periods are regular, and I am getting strong and well. I am telling all my girl friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Matilda Borman, Farmington, Iowa.

If you know of any young girl who is sick and needs motherly advice, ask her to address Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her every detail of her symptoms, and to keep nothing back. She will receive advice absolutely free, from a source that has no rival in the experience of woman's ills, and it will, if followed, put her on the right road to a strong, healthy and happy womanhood.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound holds the record for the greatest number of cures of female ills of any medicine that the world has ever known. Why don't you try it?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Makes Sick Women Well.

PURE, SAFE, SURE

Dr. Sanderson's Compound Savin and Cotton Root Pills. The best and only reliable remedy for DELAYED PERIODS. Cures the most obstinate cases in 3 to 10 days. Price $2 per box, mailed in plain wrapper. Address T. J. PIERCE, M. D., 51½ Third street, Portland, Oregon.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A Weak Man Can't Be Successful

He Has Not the Strength to Make a Good Fight in the Battle for Success.

ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS IN PORTLAND

OUR FEE $12.50

For Any Uncomplicated Case. Examination Free

We cure Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Sores, Ulcers, Stricture, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervous Decline, Weakness, Piles or Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys and Prostate.

Special Diseases—Newly contracted and chronic cases cured in 5 days.

WHY SO MANY HAVE FAILED TO GET CURED.

Many specialists use unscientific methods and resort to guesswork in treating their patients, which result in the many there are who are not only disappointed, but lose their money. Have you made a great mistake in not getting skilled treatment, being attracted by "liberal" offers of payment, "bargain cures" and "low prices" of unscientific specialists, instead of seeking a cure by scientific methods, only by which you will likely ever be cured?

Constipation, Piles and Fistula

Cured by up-to-date methods. Not temporary relief, but a positive, permanent cure guaranteed.

Constipation is the cause of a large majority of rectal troubles and many other ailments. When the bowels do not move it interferes with the proper action of the different organs of the body. Have the constipation cured and you will have more energy and feel much better in every way.

Strength is necessary to success. No man can give the strength of his mind and body to the strenuous work of building a future for himself unless he has a reserve force to back him up. You can't build success without spending a great deal of nervous energy, and you can't spend nervous energy unless you have it.

WRITE, if you cannot call. All correspondence strictly confidential, and all replies sent in plain envelopes. No names, cases, letters or photographs of patients published or exposed. Inclose 2-cent stamp to insure reply.

HOURS—8 to 5, 7 to 8:30 Daily; Sundays, 9 to 12.

St. Louis Medical and Surgical Dispensary

CORNER SECOND AND YAMHILL STREETS, PORTLAND, OREGON.