PEOPLE'S PARTY OF ONE ACCORD

Harmonious Meeting of National Committee Is Held at St. Louis.

PLANS FOR THE CAMPAIGN

Committee Is Appointed to Take Measures for the Organization of a People's Party Club to Reorganize the Party.

ST. LOUIS, June 27.—The National committee of the Peoples party met in annual conference here today at the Olympic Theater, delegates being present from almost every state in the Union. At the Southern Hotel a conference was held by members of the conference provisional committee, which is advocating a mammoth National convention of all the reform forces of the Nation, the object being to organize a political body of unity, harmony and strength.

The conference was called to order by James H. Ferriss, National chairman of the People's party of Joliet, Ill. In the absence of Secretary C. Q. De France, of New York, Paul J. Dixon, of Chillicothe, Mo., was chosen temporary secretary. Chairman Ferriss said in part:

This is the first meeting held by the National committee since the official healing of the differences between the Middle-of-the-Road and Fusion factions of the party. The party is at peace within itself. The Nation smiles with us, believes in our sincerity and rejoices in our success. Since peace came to the party, a coincidence no doubt, the Nation politically has turned about face. The people, not the money barons, now make progress in the ascendency. The calamity howlers are now the boosters.

Today there are no disorganizing or discordant spirits among the National committee. The rate bill does not meet Populist demands, but it is a step showing at least that the statesmen desire to do something for the people. Populists will push on for Government ownership of the industries possessing Government functions. Theodore Roosevelt, Senator La Follette and Thomas Lawson, W. J. Bryan, Governor Folk and W. R. Hearst, nicknamed Populists by their Wall-street despisers, are the great men of their parties, and it is their Populist tendencies alone that have made them more highly esteemed than their ordinary fellow-partisans. It is so recognized by their party managers, for Bryan, Hearst or Folk will be taken to defeat a Republican for the Presidency. Likewise the Republicans understand they can defeat the Democrats with no other than Roosevelt.

The general tendency for reform is revolt, in the organization of the new parties for labor and public ownership in various parts of the Nation, particularly along Populist lines.

Tibbles Defines Socialism.

The afternoon session began with an address by Thomas Tibbles, of Omaha, who was the Vice-Presidential candidate of the People's party in the last campaign. He said in Part:

We claim that a monopoly should be owned by the people. Whenever a Populist idea has been incorporated into a law it is the astonishing fact that the whole public finally becomes in favor of it.

We are fought on the grounds of Socialism. I want to say that there are two kinds of Socialism in the United States—the Karl Marx Socialism and the Debs Socialism. The Karl Marx Socialism is the only kind of Socialism that is worth anything. The other kind, the Debs Socialism, is a fraud. Our principles stand for the good of the people, regardless of name. What is a Democrat? Can anybody tell?

Silence in the audience.

"What is a Republican?" demanded Mr. Tibbles, with emphasis.

"A crazy Democrat," shouted a voice, and a general laugh followed.

"The great split in these parties," continued Mr. Tibbles, "has destroyed their names. Their names do not mean anything. But the Populist party is solidified and it will stand for the next 100 years, and the name means something."

Chair Restores Order.

M. V. Rork, of Los Angeles, then started to make an address, which was finally interrupted by John M. Louder, of Macon, Mo., who arose to a point of order and made a motion that a committee on credentials be appointed and an order of business adopted. Much wrangling followed regarding the meeting and the order of business to be pursued.

Finally, after several of those present had offered to withdraw, when the chair stated that this was a meeting of the National Committee, and not a mass meeting, but that the invitation had been extended to friends, harmony was restored and Mr. Rork was invited to finish his speech. Again discussion arose as to the purpose of the conference, and Mr. Tibbles finally put an end to it by stating that this was a meeting of the National Committee, and friends that had been invited had the same power to vote on questions that may be brought up as have the regular members of the National Committee.

Organization of People's Party Club.

Colonel H. L. Bentley, of Abilene, Tex., was appointed chairman of a committee of 15 to consider and draft a proposal for a People's party club organization, to be submitted to the conference for adoption. Colonel Bentley made an address, prior to the meeting of the committee of 15, explaining the purpose of the club organization proposed.

Jay W. Forrest, of Albany, N. Y., who was a delegate to the National Convention in 1904 in St. Louis, made an address on party organization. He said:

In 1908 a radical party will sweep this country. Men who in the past have been Republicans, Democrats, Prohibitionists or anything else, and who today want to clean house, are going to be radical. That is the condition that will obtain in 1908 and it is dangerous. It wants a leadership and it is up to the Populist party to give it a leadership. I do believe we should have a union of all reform forces in the United States and elect the President in 1908, which we can do.

If William J. Bryan had bolted the nomination of Parker, as I did, he would be the biggest man in the United States today. Today we, the Bryan men of the State of New York, look upon Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, as the Jefferson of the South. We want 1,000,000 men between now and 1908 as independent American citizens who believe in the divine doctrine of America and who will go to the ballot box and register their ballots regardless of any political organization.

Several committees were named and the conference took a recess until 8 P. M.

Hot Discussion Over Resolution.

ST. LOUIS, June 27.—The first day's session of the annual conference of the National Committee of the People's party came to a focus tonight when, after three hours of heated discussion, a resolution, designated by W. S. Williams, delegate from Indiana, as an attempt "to hand the organization of the People's party over to an antagonistic element," was made the special order of business for 9 o'clock tomorrow. The session then adjourned.

The resolution was introduced by H. J. Mullins, of Tennessee, and provides that the conference authorize that the executive committee of the conference provisional committee be composed of the president of the Confederation of People's Party Clubs, the chairman of the People's Party National Committee and the presidents of all organizations which subscribe to the Springfield, Ill., platform and indorse Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, for President.

The conference adopted the plan proposed by H. L. Bentley, president of the National Federation of People's Party Clubs, for expanding and increasing the clubs throughout the country.

BRYAN'S NAME IS CHEERED

Wisconsin Democrats Will Indorse Nebraskan for the Presidency.

MILWAUKEE, June 27.—Indorsement by the Wisconsin Democracy of William J. Bryan as the Democratic Presidential candidate in the campaign of 1908 was indicated in the sessions of the Democratic state convention which met here today. Every mention of Bryan's name caused prolonged applause, many delegates who two years ago were strongly opposed to Bryan joining in the demonstration.

At tonight's session John A. Aylward, of Madison, who was chosen permanent chairman, caused a prolonged demonstration by his reference to Bryan. "The death and burial of the Democratic party has not happened yet," said Aylward. "Our Republican friends bury us quite regularly, but they plant us face up and we have the faculty of digging out. Six years ago they tried planting us face down and we dug out through China and have visited the Empress of China, the Mikado of Japan and the Sultans of Turkey and of Sulu.

"We have witnessed the dawning of a day of freedom in Russia. Last week we were present at the organization of popular government in Norway and so on, in the grandest resurrection the world has known since the Prince of Peace walked forth from Calvary's sepulcher, which shall arrive home, with the peerless, fearless William Jennings Bryan."

The work of the convention is to prepare a paltform on which the candidate who will be chosen at the primary election in the Fall may run.

The Democratic State Convention, called to adopt a platform to be recommended to the candidates who will be nominated at the primary election in the Fall, met here today. There were about 700 delegates in their seats when Chairman H. H. Manson, of Wausau, rapped for order and announced the names of the temporary officers. That the Bryan supporters rule the convention seems to be a foregone conclusion. Daniel H. Grady, of Portage, was temporary chairman. Mr. Grady in his speech discussed the tariff issue at length. He said:

More men have been enriched by the ill-gotten gains as the fruit of the Republican policy of levying tribute upon the many for the benefit of the few than under any and all of the most corrupting governments the world has ever known. Upon the right of a government to levy tribute upon one class for the benefit of another we have ever differed with them, and from the watchtower of Democracy has sounded the keynote of warfare against that system that has strangled individual enterprise and has stifled legitimate competition.

The prediction of the party of years ago has come to pass and, to quote the words of the Republican Governor, Cummins, of Iowa, "the total life insurance grafts for all time have not been one-fifth of the annual amount of which the people have been despoiled by excessive tariff rates."

We have seen the effect of the tariff upon the three great industries that should go hand in hand and shoulder to shoulder to secure the greatness of the country and the prosperity of her people. We say to them that the cause of this condition is the inequable protective tariff system. They dare not and they do not deny it. You may investigate every trust in this country and you will find that the article manufactured by it is a protected article, and you will not find a manufactured article controlled by a trust that is not a protected article.

We have seen the ill-gotten millions, the levied blackmail, the tribute paid for Governmental favor, the money wrongfully withheld by the life insurance companies from widows and children poured out upon a tempted and a deluded people, and by a criminal conspiracy and coercion without parallel in history, purchasing the highest office within this great republic.

But, as "truth crushed to earth will rise again," the united Democracy stands today facing the rising sun of the East, watching for the face and waiting for the sound of the voice that for a decade has, in the cause of true Democracy, pleaded the promptings of his majestic mind, encouraging his countrymen in the days of trial and tribulation as did Columbus the mariners on the troubled seas, saying, 'Sail on, sail on, sail on,' the craft will yet ride triumphantly to the lea."

Recognizing in him the embodiment of the principles of Democracy, with outstretched arms, he is today hailed and welcomed as the leader of his party, and though twice defeated, by means corrupt and weapons befouled, now bidding defiance to their power, he who led Democracy's brave battalions in the memorable campaigns of 1896 and 1900, lives the loftiest, and, in the hearts of the American people, the best beloved of them all. That he may live to see the triumph of the cause and answer the people's call to the helm of state, leaving an official record as stainless as that of his private life, we all hope.

The temporary chairman's reference to W. J. Bryan was received with tumultuous applause.

TORN BY A BIG WIND

OKLAHOMA TOWN IS ENTIRELY DESTROYED.

Some Buildings Are Carried a Considerable Distance, but No One Is Seriously Hurt.

GUTHRIE, Okla., June 27.—A special to the State Capital from Tittzewah, Okla., states that the town was practically demolished by a tornado last night. Nearly every building in the place was torn from its foundation and in most instances carried a considerable distance. None of the citizens was seriously hurt.

MORE COIN FROM JAPAN

Total of $146,000 Contributed to Earthquake Sufferers.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Through the Japanese Embassy the Red Cross has received another contribution of $36,000 for the relief of the San Francisco earthquake and fire sufferers, making the total subscription by the Japanese people $146,000.

Comes to Inspect Army Beef.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Lieutenant-Colonel Percy Fyre Hobbs, coming as the representative of England to inspect the meat intended for use in the British army, arrived here today.

A Wonderful Tonic

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

Cooling, refreshing and invigorating. Dispels that dragged out feeling during Spring and Summer.

WAYS OF OLD WORLD

America Will Not Lose Anything by Comparison.

HONESTY IS NOT COMMON

Everything Must Be Put Down in Black and White in European Commercial Life, and Then It Is Not Wholly Safe.

CHICAGO, June 27.—The Berlin correspondent of the Chicago Daily News cables the following interview with Adolph Kahn, a prominent American business man, on his observance of business methods abroad:

"European mud-slinging at American commercial morals, which is now so popular, is hypocrisy of the rankest kind," said Mr. Kahn. "Wide knowledge of European methods assures me that a comparison of ethics would decidedly favor the business men and business practices of the United States. Representatives of our leading industrial organizations declare that their daily experiences reveal little of the boasted moral superiority of the Old World.

"One of them makes the sweeping assertion that, barring perhaps Englishmen, he would not trust any European merchant, manufacturer or tradesman, unless the transactions were tied up in formal documents, producible in court.

"Such things as a 'gentlemen's agreement,' which is an everyday feature of American business, is unknown here. The doctrine of common honesty and mutual trust appears to play no part in European commercial life. Everything must be put down in black and white, and even then there is a tendency to quibble and crawl. Broadgauge, generous methods and principles, characteristic of the best class of American concerns, are utterly foreign to the European business code."

FUSION IN PENNSYLVANIA

Lincoln Party, Democrats and Prohibitionists Name Ticket.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 27.—The Democratic State Convention today nominated the following ticket:

Governor, Lewis Emery, Jr., of Bradford, the Lincoln party nominee; Lieutenant-Governor, Jeremiah S. Black, of York; Auditor-General, William T. Creasy, the Prohibition nominee; Secretary of Internal Affairs, John J. Green, of Philadelphia.

The platform deals entirely with state issues except one plank, which commends W. J. Bryan. The convention did not go on record in favor of Bryan's nomination for President.

Emery was the choice of the delegates who favor fusion with the Lincoln party on a state ticket. He was nominated on the first ballot by a vote of 261 to 60 over Arthur G. Dewalt, of Lehigh County.

Black is a grandson of the late Jeremiah Black, Attorney-General of President Buchanan's Cabinet, and a son of the late Chauncey F. Black, Lieutenant-Governor of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Creasy is the Democratic leader of the House of Representatives and was nominated for Auditor-General by the recent Prohibition convention. The platform adopted reads:

The Democratic party in Pennsylvania, by its representatives in convention assembled, declares:

That public questions relating only to the Federal Government and affecting solely the election of Representatives in Congress appropriately belong for determination to the voters of the several Congressional Districts.

We congratulate the country upon the fact that the only prominence which the present Republican National Administration has attained has been achieved by a feeble and pretended application of the principles enunciated by the Hon. William Jennings Bryan, the great Democratic commoner, who is now regarded as the certain successor of Theodore Roosevelt to the Presidency.

All important reforms the Republican platform advocated now have been consistently supported by the Democracy of the state for many years.

We therefore repeat the declaration of our aims and purposes when we again affirm that we stand as ever for the rule of the people, in county, state and Nation, as against the federated tyranny of organized greed and corrupt political and commercial manipulators.

The platform urges improved election laws, favors a "complete and rigid regulation of all corporations engaged in public service," the prohibition of transportation by companies engaged in the mining of coal or other minerals or the manufacture of any commodities in the transportation of which they are engaged as common carriers; denounces the giving of rebates, favors such change in the food laws "as will insure the protection of public health," and favors a strict prohibition by civil and criminal enactment of all contributions by corporations to parties, organizations, committees or individuals for political purposes.

Cobb Renominated in Maine.

PORTLAND, Me., June 27.—The Republicans of Maine today nominated Governor William G. Cobb, of Portland, for a second term as Chief Executive of the state. The Lewiston and Bangor delegates attempted to introduce into the platform a plank providing for the re-submission to the voters of the question of continuing the prohibitory law, which has been in force for more than 50 years. The attempt failed by a vote of about 3 to 1.

In his address as permanent chairman, Senator Frye, referring to the attitude of the Republican party on the tariff, said: "It will continue to stand pat."

QUARREL OVER A WOMAN

Railroad Contractor Shot and Slayer Has Disappeared.

CHICAGO, June 27.—(Special.)—Clifford Smith, a well-known railroad contractor, was shot and instantly killed near Berryville, six miles north of Kenosha, today by John Bradley, an employe, after a quarrel about a woman. Bradley is believed to have committed suicide after the shooting and a posse is now scouring the woods in hopes of finding his body.

Miss Eva Booth Very Ill.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Miss Eva Booth, commander of the Salvacion Army in the United States, is seriously ill at her home in this city and all of her public engagements have been cancelled.

"SEE AMERICA FIRST."

The Denver & Rio Grande has resumed the operation of its open-top and parlor observation cars through Colorado's famous scenery—scenery not found elsewhere in the world. All reduced rates. Apply via this route. For whatever information you may desire call upon W. C. McBride, 124 Third street.

GOODS BOUGHT TODAY CHARGED ON JULY ACCOUNT

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Good Merchandise Only—Quality Considered, Our Prices Are Always the Lowest

AGENCY FOR COLUMBIA YARNS
HEADQUARTERS FOR THE COLLEGE WAISTS

Stamped Linens for Fancy Work

2d Day of Vacation Sale

There is no reason for the tremendous reductions we have made on these goods except a desire to give you an idea of our peerless Art Department. Every article advertised is just as fresh and new, just as dainty and desirable, as can be. Thousands of dainty pieces at unparalleled savings. Just a suggestion:

$1.25 Lunch Cloths, pure linen, 30x30 in., spoke stitched. 75¢
18x54 linen Bureau Scarfs. 75¢
18x45 linen Bureau Scarfs. 69¢
24x24 linen Centerpieces.. 50¢
18x18 linen Centerpieces.. 39¢
12x12 linen Centerpieces.. 19¢
Corset Covers stamped on handkerchief linen ..... 75¢
75c Lunch Cloths, 30-in.. 45¢
$1 Lunch Cloths, 36-in... 69¢
50c Centerpieces, 24-in... 35¢
30c Centerpieces, 18-in.... 19¢
45c Tray Cloths, reduced to. ..... 25¢
75c Bureau Scarfs for.... 45¢
69c Bureau Scarfs, now.. 39¢
Shirtwaists stamped on pure handkerchief linen ....$1.75 and $2.50

FACTS About the College Blouse

This Store has over FIFTY STYLES of the year's most popular Summer Waists, made of Fine Belgian Linen, Union Linen, Fine Mercerized Linen, Lawns, Madras, Plain and Fancy Silks, Embroidered Pongee Silks, Dark Striped Linens and Flannels; also an endless variety of combination effects with colored collars, cuffs and ties.

Headquarters: The College Blouse. Country Club Waist. Peter Pan Waist. Polo Blouse. Plaited Shirts.

Not a store in the United States can show a third of the variety exhibited by the Lipman-Wolfe Store.

July Butterick Patterns and Metropolitan Fashion Book Now in; 10c and 15c.

SPREAD OF MUTINY

Most Honored Regiment in Service Is Affected.

CZAR GIVES REPRIMAND

Demands of the Soldiers Were Made at a Meeting Held in Defiance of the Officers, and No One Was Punished.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 27.—The commander of the ultra-loyal Prebrajansky Regiment, to which belong the men who recently held a meeting in the guard camp at Krasnoie-Selo and drew up resolutions addressed to their commander, upholding all of the actions of Parliament and declaring that they want no more police duty entailing the slaying of brothers or fathers, has been severely reprimanded by the Emperor.

The severe reprimand by the Emperor to the commander of the first and most honored regiment in the service is the clearest comment possible on the serious spread of the revolutionary propaganda in the army. The Emperor is titular Colonel of the Preobrajensky Regiment, and invariably wears its uniform on state occasions. The demands of the men and their adoption of the motto, "One for all; all for one," shows that the movement was engineered by the revolutionists.

The demands of the men were adopted at a meeting held in open defiance of their officers, and, instead of this entailing punishment, their demands received the respectful consideration of the commander of the division, General Ozeroff, who promised to satisfy some of them and refer others to his superiors.

The demands of the men include humane treatment from their officers; relief from police duty; the removal of the restrictions on leaving barracks and visiting the quarters in St. Petersburg where they are exposed to the revolutionary propaganda; the establishment of a regimental reading-room, where liberal and revolutionist papers will be kept on file; the abolishment of the opening of soldiers' letters; the discharge of men after serving their third year with the colors; the release of their comrades arrested last Winter for political reasons; the improvement of the rations; better care of the sick; the furnishing of bed linen; the abolition of special salutes; the retention by soldiers of their best uniform when leaving the service; the right of meeting and presenting complaints to officers, and no restrictions or punishment for political opinions.

Finally, the men expressed their entire sympathy with the demands of parliament for the distribution of lands.

The strike movement has spread to the sailors detailed for duty at the government powder factory near St. Petersburg. The men refuse to return to the units whence they were originally detailed, and are holding meetings in which the soldiers stationed in the vicinity are participating.

The first battalion of the Preobrajensky Regiment, in which the trouble occurred, has been ordered to be removed to the district of Novgorod, where the first Japanese prisoners were sent in the recent war.

Part of Guard to Be Court-Martialed.

LONDON, June 28.—The Tribune's correspondent at St. Petersburg reports that a portion of the Preobrajensky guard regiment will be court-martialed.

GOOD TIMES ARE RETURNING

Russian Government Shows Increase of Receipts Over 1905.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 27.—With a view to indicating Russia's financial and economic condition, as compared with 1905, it is announced that the ordinary government receipts for the first three months of 1906 showed an increase of $30,600,000. Railway returns in January and February showed a diminution in receipts, owing to the revolution, but in March, April and May there was a total increase of $8,100,000. The movement of foreign trades from January to June shows a surplus in exports over imports of $65,643,500.

For the five months savings banks deposits were remarkable, with an increase of from $12,500,000 to $57,200,000, showing that the recent withdrawals are flowing back. Other evidence of the cessation of the acute money stringency is found in the constant decrease in the loan account of the state bank, despite the decrease in the discount rate. The cash reserve in the bank is $553,675,000, representing 100 per cent of the note circulation.

TERROR AT SEBASTOPOL.

Hundreds Put in Jail and Massacre of Jews Is Imminent.

VIENNA, June 28.—(Special.)—Advices received from Sebastopol state that more than 1000 persons, including a number of soldiers and sailors, have been arrested during the night, as well as a number of the principal agitators of the Social Democratic organization, who have strong influence with the army, and all those arrested have been cast in prison.

Sensational proclamations have been spread among garrisons, inciting them to massacre all the Jews. It is also stated that the officers are calling meetings of troops and reading to them pamphlets of the "Black Hundreds" and guaranteeing them liberty and safety from punishment, no matter what happens, while thousands of fly-sheets propagating massacre and plunder are being distributed.

All the ships in the harbor have been stripped of their guns and the sailors have been sent on a cruise, as it is feared they will take sides with the more law-abiding class of citizens. An outbreak is looked for at any moment.

General Niplujew has issued an extraordinary circular for the commander of a regiment, which plainly indicates that the troops are intended to take part in the coming massacre. All the residents of the city, especially those in the Jewish quarters, are in a panic-stricken state and are making preparations to leave Sebastopol immediately.

MUTINEERS MANNED BATTERY

Fired on Loyal Troops Sent to Put Down Uprising.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 27.—An official report of the outbreak among the troops composing the garrison at Vladikavkaz, Caucasia, show that the affair was more serious than at first reported. The mutinous artilleristes turned the guns of a captured battery upon loyal troops dispatched to suppress the disorder, and several shots were fired from the cannon, wounding one soldier fatally and a considerable number less seriously. A Lieutenant is missing and is thought to have been killed. Fresh troops arrived and quelled the mutiny.

A meeting of the striking bakers here today was dispersed by Cossacks. There have been no other disorders during the day in St. Petersburg.

The press of St. Petersburg continues speculation with regard to possible changes in the Ministry, but there is no evidence of immediate action at Peterhof. The more radical Constitutional Democrats are urging a personal and unofficial appeal to Emperor Nicholas to discard the Goremykin Ministry. The Conservative leaders, including Professor Milukoff and M. Petrunkevitch, oppose the proposal, on the ground that delay is playing directly into their hands.

There are persistent reports in St. Petersburg that influence has been attained at Peterhof by the Spiritualist Papus, who was introduced there as the last hope of the reactionaries.

General Joins Black Hundred.

KIEFF, June 28.—(Special.)—This city and surrounding country is in a state of ferment and the Jews are panic-stricken, fearing another massacre is impending. General Bogdanovitch has taken flight from Moscow. It is alleged that during the past 20 years he has received $50,000 annually for the propagation of loyal ideas among the troops. It is now reported the general has joined the "Black Hundred."

BAILEY DEFENDS SENATE

(Continued From Page 1.)

Post referred the question to John H. Kirby, a Texas multi-millionaire, who said that Bailey, his attorney, got it in legitimate fees and admitted that since 1902 Bailey got from him more than $200,000 in fees.

"The readmission of the Standard Oil Company into Texas in May, 1900; the purchase of the Grapevine ranch in June, 1900; the election by the machine Legislature to the Senate in January, 1901; the entry into breeding of trotters in 1902; the large and lucrative employment by Boss Kirby; the negotiations with such notorious exploiters of prosperity and politics as the controllers of the 'Frisco and Rock Island systems; the hawking of securities and notes among the high financiers of Wall street . . . compose an arresting picture of sudden, dazzling prosperity, and delicate, intricate commerce with interests not suspected of warm friendship for the people or pure politics and honest, equal progress. Does this composite picture suggest in any of its lineaments the 'tribune of the people,' the fit leader of the opposition to the traitor 'merger,' encitadeled in the traitor Senate?" asks Philips in a part of his article.

The author states that Bailey has been one of the chief introducers of Indian Territory railway and land bills during his 14 years in Washington. He explains Bailey's attitude on the pure-food bill and concludes his article with the statement:

"Bailey is rich with wealth acquired in the service of corporations and men whose doings and alliances have not always been for the public good. . . . Aldrich is and Gorman was the master of the Republican and Democratic machines. . . . Spooner and Bailey are their chief spokesmen. . . . With such leaders what must be the leading?"

Find Corpse on Old Road.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., June 27.—The decomposed body of an unknown man was found in a disused road a mile from Lowden Station this morning. Half an envelope addressed to R. Morris, Tulare, Cal., and half a bottle of strychnine were found on the body. Evidently he had been struck and killed by a train.

WINS HIS FREEDOM

Idaho Convict Raises Novel Point on Habeas Corpus.

HELD BY PARDON BOARD

Supreme Court Rules That Paroled Prisoner Who Backslides Must Nevertheless Be Released When Sentence Expires.

BOISE, Idaho, June 27.—(Special.)—In the case of Bert Prout the Supreme Court has held that the Board of Pardons cannot compel a prisoner who has been paroled and returned to the penitentiary to serve additional time equal to the period he was out on parole.

Prout was received at the penitentiary May 24, 1903, to serve a three-year sentence imposed in Latah County. On October 6, 1904, he was released on parole. He issued a check in Shoshone County on a bank where he had no account, and for that crime was brought back to the penitentiary March 2, 1905, having been out four months and 26 days.

The board ordered that he should serve out that time after the expiration of his sentence, or until October 20, 1906, though the term of the original sentence would expire May 24.

He applied for discharge on a writ of habeas corpus. The court has granted his prayer. It is held that the convict, though out of the penitentiary, was still under penitentiary control and was not a free man.

Justice Sullivan dissents in the case.

SHAWANO MEN GO FREE.

Indicted With Oshkosh Business Men in Oregon Land Frauds.

SHAWANO, Wis., June 27.—John Black, Joseph Black and August Anderson, who were indicted along with a number of Oshkosh business men in connection with the recent land frauds in Oregon, were discharged today.

Will Be Tried in Oregon.

LOS ANGELES, June 27.—William Van Dyke, United States Commissioner, today announced to attorneys for the Los Angeles defendants in the Oregon land-fraud cases that he would commit their clients to stand trial before the District Court in Oregon. He said that he would issue the order of commitment tomorrow morning, prior to the hearing on the case of the application for removal before Judge Wellborn, of the United States District Court here. The defendants today attempted to offer evidence, but the court denied them the privilege.

JOVE'S BOLTS FALL FAST

Sweltering Chicagoans in Lincoln Park Are Badly Scared.

CHICAGO, June 27.—(Special.)—A thunderstorm which passed over the city this afternoon did considerable damage to houses and barns on the North and West sides.

Thousands of persons, seeking relief from the heat in Lincoln Park were thrown into a panic by three terrific bolts of lightning, one following the other in quick succession, stunning one man and killing a valuable buffalo belonging to the zoo in the park, besides wrecking some trees.

Numerous reports have been received by the police of damage done by lightning throughout the city. One bolt struck the roof of the County Jail and caused a great panic among the 800 prisoners. Great humidity, with a high temprature, caused a great many prostrations from heat early in the day.

Pope in Very Good Health.

ROME, June 28.—(Special.)—Dr. Lapponi, papal physician, has made emphatic denial of the recent disquieting reports regarding the health of the Pope. The physician declares that the Pope's condition is eminently satisfactory for a man of his years, and that he does not see any reason why he will not attain the age of his predecessor.

Trousers or Vest Free

With every suit costing $22.50 or more we will make you a Fancy Vest or a Pair of Trousers to your measure free.

SUITS TO MEASURE $17.50 to $40

Columbia Woolen Mills Co. TAILORS

ELKS' BUILDING SEVENTH AND STARK STS.

WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS

W. G. SMITH & CO.

Washington Building

For the best eye examination, the best glasses and the best results, consult the Oregon Optical Co., 173 Fourth Street, Y. M. C. A. Building.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Get Rid of Scrofula

Bunches, eruptions, inflammations, soreness of the eyelids and ears, diseases of the bones, rickets, dyspepsia, catarrh, wasting, are only some of the troubles it causes.

It is a very active evil, making havoc of the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Eradicates it, cures all its manifestations, and builds up the whole system.

Accept no substitute.

OUR OPTICAL DEPARTMENT

Is presided over by an expert. Permanent results are given so that you may recommend the service to your friends' attention. Oculists' prescriptions accurately filled.

A. & C. Feldenheimer.

CORNER THIRD AND WASHINGTON.

Manufacturing Jewelers. Diamond Importers.