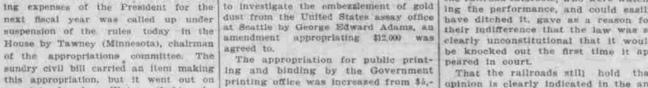


WASHINGTON, June 20.-The bill appropriating \$25,000 to defray the traveling expenses of the President for the ension of the rules today in the House by Tawney (Minnesota), chairman of the appropriations committee. The



was passed over at the request of Hale,

who had the bill in charge. For the payment of a special master

peared in court.

lpped through the Washington Legislature as easily as though it was on well-greased skids, representatives of the railroad interests, who were watching the performance, and could easily have ditched it, gave as a reason for their indifference that the law was so

clearly unconstitutional that it would joint rate matter are: be knocked out the first time it ap-

company; C. A. Peplow, manager Ham-That the railroads still hold that mond Packing Company, Seattle; John arrived at the landing, King Haakon took T. Bibb, manager Tacoma Grain Comswer to the complaint filed by the Commission. The Northern Pacific, pany; P. J. Fransjoli, grain dealer, Tacoma; C. D. Francis, G. H. Ford, Spo-Great Northern and O. R. & N. filed kane; Lewis Lindstrom, Fairfield; D. Anderson, Rosalla; F. J. Hayfield, Farmingseparate answers, but they were practically the same on all important ton; P. W. Lawrence, Pullman; A. M. points. Scott, Colfax; George E. Brand, Belling-Railroads Throw Down Gauntlet. The remarkable situation which con-It seemed to be pretty well understood on both sides that the matter was to be passed on to the courts, but the attorneys made the stereotyped all millers or grain dealers, who are desirmotion to quash the complaint, meeting, of course, the refusal of the Commission to consider it, and thereby tercheaper than at present. The other witminute the present engagement. Then nesses are faminers and grain dealers, the gauntlet was thrown down, and, who are seeking a joint rate for the alcaled in a wealth of verblage, leged reason that it will increase the which covered several dozen pages of price of wheat legal cap, appeared quite a number of Somebody Will Be Disappointed. emphatic reasons why the Commission It is, of course, quite plain that if the Commission should succeed in get-ing warships and the responses to them, could not order in a joint rate. The railroads made their heaviest attack on the constitutionality of the

Is here for the Washington & Columbia' for's and Albert until 6 o'clock, when it River inc. But few of the witnesses who have ple awaited the coming of the Prince and been subpenned were here this morning, Princess of Wales. The departure of the but a number came in on the evening train and more will be here tomorrow. Among those who will testify on the Moritz Thompson, Centennial Milling

the opinion of the European governments, Morocco was established on a firm and sound basis. Such a clause, the Sultan said, would be the recognition of Moroc-can Independence and testify to allay the suspicious of the Moroccan people. The Sultan confessed that he screat ambition Sulian confessed that his great ambition was to have a rallway built to develop Moroccan trade.

Liberals Win in Nova Scotla.

HALIFAX, N. S. June 20-The Liberal

party from the British royal yacht was the signal for another series of salutes of which Fremier Murray is A great throng surrounded the landing and gave King Haakon an ovation. When the Prince and Princess of Wales arrived at the landing, King Haakon took Scotia today. The Liberal's elected 34 the arm of the Prince of Wales and members and the Conservatives four. In

"There is enough wealth in the wor... now to prevent poverty, but we have not yet learned how to distribute it. We understand the ways of accumulation, but not of distribution. Society and government are constantly struggling with great questions. Society, under a free governgovernment, of which Premier Murray is the head, was successful by a great ma-jority in the elections for the General As-sembly which were held throughout Nova

In the End, Strong Prevall Competition and individualism go hand in hand, said the Senator, and up to a certain point are wholesome and benefi-

this appropriation, a point of order. Watson (Ind.), who 000,000 to \$5,100,000, and the special was then in the chair, and who sustained appropriation for printing and binding point of order, introduced the bill the to attain the same end.

Underwood (Ala.) asked if the appro priation was for the present President or for the future President.

make a permanent law and that with the construction of a sea-level canal, Mr. passage of this bill the point of order Hale moved that it be passed over until against an appropriation carried by the the Senate has passed on the question sundry civil blil would not lie.

Travel as Commander-in-Chief.

James (Ky.) wanted to know what official duty carried the President abroad. "Isn't it true that there is no official duty requiring him to leave the capital? he asked

Tawney said that, while he could not recall any official duty just at present that might take him outside the capital, we could easily conceive how, as commander-in-chief of the Army and Navy, he might be called upon at any moment to travel.

Bourke Cockran (New York) supported the bill, saying he was not willing to make a partisan matter out of the measure. He remarked that the gentleman could not violate the Constitution of the United States if he tried. "There happens to be in the Constitution the means of asserting itself against even the gentiemen of the House of Representatives," he added. Continuing, Cockran said:

The point I wanted to submit to the gentlemen on our side here and to the entire House of Representatives is this: That in the operation of our constitutional system the President has become a great leader of public thought and opinion, quite as much as a mere executive of the laws, and, if the circu lation of the President throughout the country aids practically in the direction of improved legislation, giving effective direction to public opinion, whether that be not an expense that ought ultimately

to be borne out of the public treasury. "I think," interposed Underwood, "every public man in the United States, Cabinet officers, Senators and members of the House give their time liberally and freely to the people of the United States in great discussions, and there is no reason why this House should make an exception of the Decident West Cabinet officers, Senators and members an exception of the President. We are going to deny passes to every man in this House. I believe we are, and I know we will if the conferees on the rate bill carry out what I believe to be the will and the sentiment of this House."

Roosevelt as Maker of Opinion.

Cockran: "Would the gentleman deny mileage to members?"

Underwood: "No, I would not." Cockran: "Then, if the President travels in the public service, is it fair to tax him and compel him to pay expenses that would be ruinous in their amount out of his own pocket?"

Underwood argued that as Congress had provided a home furnished and main-tained for the President at the capital the law contemplated that he should re-

for Congress was increased from \$1,-992,500 to \$2,093,500.

Anticipating opposition to the amendment striking out the provision that no part of the appropriation for the Tawney replied that the aim was to Panama canal shall be used for the of canal type tomorrow.

The appropriation of \$1,450,000 for the Jamestown Tercentennial Exposition was agreed to without discussion. In addition to the committee amendment providing alds to navigation, Nelson offered an amendment appropriating \$125,000 for a light and fog signal station at Cape Hinchinbrook, the entrance to Prince William Sound. Alaska, which was adopted,

Other amendments adopted include an appropriation of \$14,565 for the reproduction of plats of United States surveys destroyed by the San Francisco fire.

Nelson moved to strike out the provislon of the House bill eliminating canteens from any state or territorial some for disabled soldiers and sailors but Hale said the House had put this matter up to the Senate and the Senate should adopt it. Nelson said he was an old soldier and he knew that the men so unfortunate as to be in these homes would suffer if the provision were adopted. The amendment was passed without prejudice.

Amendments were adopted providing Amendments were adopted providing that appropriations for the Govern-ment hospital for the insane at Wash-ington shall be disbursed under the control of the Secretary of the Interior and the superintendent of the hospital shall not be provided with more than one horse and vehicle and one auto-methics, less componenting 15, 208 for mobile; also appropriating \$15,000 for a wagon road to Mammoth Hot Springs,

Yellowstone Park. Hale at 19:20 o'clock, at the conclu-sion of the reading of the amendments, endeavored to have the bill reported from the committee of the whole to the Senate. The amendments in relation to

WILL DOUBLE GUARD AT PEKIN

Government Recalls 100 Marines and Sends 200 More.

WASHINGTON, June 20.-The present legation guard at Pekin, consisting of about 100 marines, has been ordered back to the United States, as the men served a year in the Philippines before entering a year in the Finisphies before entering upon their two years' service in China. On July 25 a guard of 200 marines will sait from San Francisco to replace the ma-rines who are now there. It was the orig-inal intention of the Navy Department to have at least 200 marines stationed at the have at least no marines satisfied at the leagtion in Pekin, but on account of lack of men the streng has been only 100 men up to this time action in China is far from satisfactory, no immediate trouble

ide here. In concluding Cockran said: "I hold against American commercial activity.

measure. They pointed out that the

fronts the Commission is reflected in the and the members of the suites and aids personnel of the witnesses. The Puget followed, and the party drove to the pal-Sound witnesses in the foregoing list are ace through crowded streets. The crowd ous of a joint rate for the alleged rea- the relationship of the Prince of Wales son that it will enable them to buy to Queen Maud.

marched up the landing and along in front of the guard of honor, the band playing the British national anthem and the crowd cheering enthusiastically, Queen Maud and the Princess of Wales and their children entered a carriage to-

gether, King Haakon and the Prince of Wales in another. The British Minister was especially demonstrative because

All Love Baby Crown Prince.

The arrival and reception of the special embassies from Great Britain and France. headed by the Prince of Wales and Admiral Boyle, respectively, gave the crowds pleasing spectacles of royal pagethere was an extended exchange of inter-

the House recently dissolved the Liberals had 26 members and the Conservatives two. The individual feature of the contest was the defeat of H. H. Wickwire and George Patterson, Cabinet Ministers in the Murray government.

CONTENTS TODAY'S PAPER The Weather

YESTERDAY'S-Meximum temperature, S0: minimum temperature, 51. Precipitation, TODAY'S-Showers and cooler. Southweste

Russia.

Bioling renewed at Hialystok, but sup-pressed by troops. Page 3. Whole regiment mutinies and kills officers. Page 3.

Truth about beginning of Blaiystok massa-cre. Page 3.

Czar calls on Trepoff to form cabinet. Page 3.

Jews appeal to America and Britain, but Roosevelt says nothing can be done. Page 3.

Foreign.

Foreign. Prince and Princess of Wales arrive at Trondhjem to see King Haakon crowned. Page 1. Japan expects soon to fight Russia again. Fage 4.

Sultan of Morocco angry with powers. Fage 1. National.

House passes bill to pay President's travel-ing expenses, but it strikes sing in Sen-ate. Page L. Senate debates meat-inspection bill. Page 4. Morgan makes long speech on S2d birthday. Page 3.

Page 3. Hitchcock will fight graft on Colville In-dians in court. Page 4. Panama will quarrel with United States about tobacco duty. Page 2.

Politics.

Follies. Eikins speaks on burden of wealth and Shaw on currency. Page L Guffey removes obstacle to fusion in Pennsyl-vania. Page L. Proctor named for Governor of Vermont by Republicans. Page 6.

Domestic. Millionaire's wife, accused of manslaughter, threatened with lynching and dynamite. Page 2. Hearst advises labor leaders to use power in elections. Page 2.

Convicts escape in Louisiana and are all killed after killing guard. Page 2. Police set trap to catch Muenther. Page 3.

Sport.

Hawthorne team wins grammar school track meet. Page 9. Beavers defeat the Seals, 5 to 2. Page 9.

Entries for Suburban Handicap. Page 9. Two jockeys injured at Gravesend races Page 9.

Pacific Coast.

Hearing in wheat rate case is begun before Washington Raliroad Commission at Col-fax. Page 1. Commencement exercises in Willamette Val-ley colleges. Page 5. Gregon Legislature may create state board of control. Page 5. Harriman wins in move for control of the

Harriman wins in move for control of the Pacific & Idaho Northern. Page 5. Weather favorable to all kinds of North-western crops. Page 5.

Portland and Vicinity.

Grand jury will ask court for further in-stractions in election fraud cases; indict-ments may follow. Page 14. W. H. Chapin enters Speakership race; said to be anti-Bourne move. Page 12. Democrats will hold big dollar dinner in Portland, July 2. Page 14. David M. Dunne is reappointed Collector of Internal Revenue. Page 8. Sheriff-elect Stevens gains four votes in re-count. Page 8. Detectives hunt for Thomas Young, escaned

Detectives huni for Thomas Young, escaped convict. Page 7.

Council vacates many North-End strests for Portland & Senttle terminals. Page 4.

cial to commerce and business "Unrestrained competition in the business world," he added, "throws society back on the cruel law of the survival of the fittest, and in the end the strong prevall and dominate. Competition and individualism are the parents of present conditions, of trusts, combinations and colossal fortunes. Theodore Roosevelt once said that he thought a compromise between individualism and socialism would be best. I replied that apparently this might be a solution, but how could society get rid of the evils of both while holding

Defects in Currency System.

on to their benefits?"

Mr. Shaw said: "The fact, and I think it is a fact, that the United States has the best currency system in the world does not imply that the currency system of the United States is perfect or that it cannot be improved. It is the most convenient system of the world, because it is not constructed on the decimal or metric system. The system is not perfect largely because it is nonelastic. It fails to respond in volume to the changing needs of seasons and of localities. That there will be no further currency legislation until we shall have experienced a panic occasioned by this want of elasticity. I am

convinced "Let me define this defect more specifically. Annually we have an excess of money during the Spring and Summer months. Annually we pass through a period of anxiety as we approach the period of crop movement, for annually the volume of money is relatively insuffi-cient to meet this gudden increase of busi-

"We do not need and must not have inflation. The average amount of money is, in my judgment, abundant. The difficulty lies in the fact that the volume remains stationery."

HE WILL NOT OPPOSE FUSION

Guffey Removes Obstacle to Demo-

cratic Success in Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURG, June 20 .- Colonel James F. Guffey, National Democratic commit-teeman from this state and Democratic state leader, gave to the Associated Press tonight a statement defining the position in the approaching campaign. In his statement Colonel Guffey releases all

statement Colonel Guney releases all delegates to the convention from pledges to himself or friends, leaving them free to support whom they please. He says that prior to the Lincoln party campaign in May, he and other leaders were of the opinion that a Democrat should head the state ticket. Since the should head the state toket. Since the Republican state convention conferences with leaders have indicated a marked change in the views of many, and he deems it only fair not to interfere with these leaders and what they think best

for the party at this time. Mr. Guffey had heretofore declared that fusion could only be accepted by the Democratic State Convention with a Dem-ocrat at the head of the ticket. He says he is still of the same mind, and co

"Nevertheless I want to avoid strife in the party and its organization.

AND THEN THE GAS MAN SENT FOR A CHEMIST

(Concluded on Page 2)