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PORTLAND, OREGON, TUESDAY, JUNE 12, 1906.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

COLVILLE GRAFT SMELLS FOULLY

Senate Holds Nose and Passes Bill.

LAWYERS MAY ROB INDIANS

Allowed Fee of \$150,000 Without Earning It.

PILES' STRANGE ATTITUDE

Expired Contract Revived for Benefit of Two ex-Senators, Who Lobby for the Graft, and Spokane Lawyers-Veto Is Probable.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU Washington, June 11.-The Senate this evening placed its seal of approval on the Colville graft, which was slipped into the Indian appropriation bill conference report, whereby these Indiana will be robbed of 10 per cent of the \$1,500,000 appropriated for them for surrendering the north half of their reservation, the said 10 per cent to be distributed among 10 attorneys who claim to have procured this appropriation. For bold, unalloyed graft this legislation has no equal and, what is equally surprising, it received the votes of both Washington Senators.

Too Odorous to Be Aired.

This graft was so foul-smelling that no attempt was made to pay part of the Indian money to these lawyers while the bill was being regularly considered by either the House or the Senate, but the provision was slipped in by the conference committee con-trary to the rules of parliamentary procedure. The offensive amendment does not directly authorize the payment of \$150,000 to these lawyers, but requires the Court of Claims to determine how much they are respectiveceive more than \$15,000.

As pointed out by Senator Clay, the amendment is so cleverly drawn that it can be construed only as a command of Congress to the Court of Claims to award each attorney \$15,000.

Did Nothing for the Money.

Vigorous attacks were made on this amendment today on two grounds. First: The contract originally made with the Colvilles under which the attorneys were to receive \$150,000 if they secured an appropriation of \$1 .-500,000 expired in 1904, and nothing had been accomplished in the mean time. Today, when the appropriation is made, there is no contract in force, Secretary Hitchcock having refused to renew it because he believed the scheme a graft. Therefore it is contended that' the lawyers had nothing on which to base a claim for pay.

But, what was more important, it was shown by Mr. Clay that these lawyers had in fact rendered the Colville Indians no service; had done nothing to earn the \$150,000, and were not entitled on any theory to one cent of the Colville money. but, as soon as Congress authorized the payment of the Colville claim, the lawyers rushed in and attempted to collect a fee they had not earned.

Piles' Remarkable Statement.

At this juncture Senator Piles made the most astonishing and what is regarded as the most damaging statement. He declared that, when elected to the Senate, he believed the Colvilles were not entitled to any pay for surrendering the north half of their reservation, but one Washington lawyer who will benefit by today's legislation came to him with affidavits and arguments and satisfied him that the Indian claim was just, and he thereafter steadily worked to secure the appropriation. It was a remarkable thing for a Senator to admit that he knew nothing whatever of this claim, whose justice is borne out by the very terms of the agreement between the Government and the In dlans, and still more remarkable that he should favor paying a Washington State lawyer, not named, \$15,000 for pointing out to him the justice of the claim.

Piles was severely criticised for his admission, Tillman asking if he was looking after the interest of the Indians or the interest of the lawyers.

Grafters on Floor of Senate.

During the debate McCumber of North Dakota and Clapp of Minnesota fought vigorously for the graft. Dubois defended the amendment, stating that the Colville Indians were anxious that these lawyers

should be paid \$150,000. Ex-Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, one of the beneficiaries, was on the Senate floor all day, anxiously watching the debate and talking with Senators who were suspicious of the amendment. Ex-Senator Butler, of North Carolina, another benefi-

clary, was not present. In addition to those named, it is un derstood that F. C. Robertson, M. J. Gordon and an attorney named Nugrum, al of Spokane, will benefit if this legislation mes law, along with Hugh Gordon, of Atlanta, and one Vale, of this city,

President May Veto Bill.

So nauseous has become this evident

cause Secretary Hitchcock is almost sure

WHAT CLAIMANTS HAVE TO SAY

Claim Is Just, and They Have Spent Money for Indians.

SPOKANE, Wash., June 11 .- (Special.) C. Robertson is best known for his defense of the Couer d'Alene dynamiters in 1889. M. J. Gordon is attorney for the Great Northern in Spokane and R. W. Nuxum is a criminal attorney of considcrable local reputation. Mr. Nuzum said:

The amendment that was passed, putting the claim up to the Court of Claims for settlement, was my own suggestion. It was such a large amount that we sail concluded that we would rather take our chances with the Court of Claims than in Congress with the Court of Claims than in Congress with such fellows as Tillman against us, as we had reason to believe that he would be. The claim is a just one, has been before the authorities for 16 years and we have never received a dollar on it. We have spent more than \$5000 in getting the matter hefore Congress and this is as near as we have come to a settlement. We have a bona fide contract with the Indians for the amount of the ciaim and our services were easily worth the amount. The committee told us a year ago that on account of the large appropriations then they would like to have us wait a year. We have done so and now I believe the claim will finally be settled. erable local reputation. Mr. Nuzum said

SMALL FARMS FOR IRRIGATORS

Unit Reduced to Twenty Acres-Ap-

praise Lots on Townsites. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash ngton, June 11.—The Senate this evening passed the Mondell bill amending the na-dional irrigation law so as to permit the Secretary of the Interior* to reduce the ninimum area of farm units in Governminimum area of farm units in Govern-ment projects from 40 acres to 20 acres. The bill was amended in the senate by prescribing regulations for granting an extension of time to settlers under irri-gation projects for completing entries when delay is caused by failure of the Government to complete the project and Government to complete the project and furnish the water in time to complete entries in the time specified by the land

laws. It was amended also by the insertion of a provision authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to appraise lots in Heyburn and Rupert townsites and sell them to occupants who have erected perma-nent buildings thereon not readily re-

Northwest Rural Carriers.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-

pointed:
Oregon—Madras, route 1, Henry M.
Davis, carrier, Lewis A. Davis, substi-tute; Milwaukie, route 1, August C, Arn-old, carrier, Mary A. Arnold, substitute. Washington-Wenatchee, route 1, James O. Lemaster, carrier, R. H. May, substi-

Colonel Dyer to Vancouver.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 11.—Lieut. Col. Alexander B. Dyer, artillery corps, is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the military secretary's department and will proceed to Vancouver harracks for duty as military secretary of the Department of Columbia.

Seattle Canal Bill Signed.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 11.—The President today signed the bill authorizing James A. Moore, of Seattle, to build a ship canal connecting Lake Washington with Puget

STANDARD OIL MEN MUST AT-TEND ST. LOUIS HEARING.

Hadley Secures Order for Pierce and Priest to Testify-No More

Delay for Him.

ST LOUIS, June 11.-The hearing of evidence in the Missouri ouster proceedings against the Standard and Waterslerce Oil Companies was resumed today efore Special Commissioner R. A. An

Counsel for the oil interests asked for uance of the hearing on the ground that H. Clay Pierce, chairman of the board of directors of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, is unavoidably detained in New York, and also because Judge H. Priest, leading counsel for the oil men, is detained at home by illness. Attorney-General Hadley asserted that the illness of Lawyer Priest was a mere subterfugedelay, and he threatened to have an attachment issued for Pierce, whose course, he said, had been one of persistent

Mr. Hadley declared that when the hear ing recently was postponed on Pierce's plea of illness, Pierce was making a reser-vation on a train for New York under the name of Stewart, and only abandoned the purpose when discovered by opposing take. Editorially the Times says:

he recess, Mr. Johnson made a statement to the court to the effect that Judge Priest and been advised by his physician to go to French Lick Springs this week and rest for a week and would follow the advice. In view of the enforced absence of Judge Priest as leading counsel and of the probable inability of Mr. Plerce to come from New York at the present time, he re-quested a postponement until two weeks

Attorney-General Hadley brought into question the sincerity of Mr. Pierce in re-tard to appearing at any time as a wit-less and said there was an apparent element of uncertainty about Judge Priest's being able to attend, although he was able to go to French Lick Springs.

Mr. Johnson warmly disclaimed any insincerity of intentions on the part of

Commissioner Anthony interposed by saying that the court believed that Mr. Pierce ought to be here to testify by next Friday morning at 10 o'clock and adjourned the hearing until that time after admonishing that Mr. Pierce be notified to

Assistant Attorney-General J. P. Light-foot, of Texas, attended the session today as a spectator.

Receiver for Investment Concerns. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo. June 11.—In the Federal Court here today an order was made appointing the Mississippi Valley Trust Company, of St. Louis, receiver for the Colonial Security Company, of St. Louis; the North American Invest-ment Company, of Delaware, and the

HAIL TO DUPON

Delaware Republican Caucus Ends Senatorial Fight.

ELECTION COMES TODAY

Ten Stand by Gas Man to End, but Powder Man's Nomiantion Is Made Unanimous-Democrats Not Voting.

DOVER, Del., June 11 .- (Special.)-By a ote of 20 to 10 the caucus of Republican members of the Delaware State Legislature late tonight chose Colonel Henry A. Dupont for United States Senator, defeating Edward J. Addicks, who for the last dozen years has been struggling vainly to attain the coveted honor. Thirtyone votes were cast, one being for H. H.

Ward. Tomorrow at noon the Legislature will elect Dupont to the Senate by a solid Republican vote, every member who entered the caucus tonight being bound by

a pledge to support the nominee. Fights Until Vote Is Cast.

Eleven years ago, when Addicks flung is banner to the breeze in Delaware politics, he was a man in the prime of life, a millionaire, a man of wonderful ambition and an indomitable fighter. The end of the struggle finds him prematurely aged, broken in health and fortune, a decrepit and pathetic figure, a ghastly wreck of a mighty ambition. He was a game fighter to the last minute. Even while the caucus in the Senate chamber at the capitol was voting him out of polities forever, Addicks, in his room at the Hotel Richardson, was declaring to news paper men:

"I control that caucus absolutely. annot be beaten. Tomorrow I will be elected United States Senator from Dela-

Cast Last Ballot for Addicks.

How desperately Addicks fought was shown by the appearance here tonight of Representative Henry Marshall, who today resigned a Federal position, and of Senator D. O. Moore, who recently became postmaster of Laurel and who resigned from the Legislature February 26. Both of them demanded and were accorded adnission to the caucus, and both voted for Addicks.

D. O. Moore's resignation as a State Senator had been accepted by the Governor March 2, but he came here declaring the acceptance of his resignation by the Governor amounted to nothing and he would cast his vote for Addicks or know the

There was a full attendance of members of both wings of the Republicans at the caucus tonight. There was a long discussion, and when the vote was finally taken

Dupont, 20; Addicks, 10; H. H. Ward, 1.

Make It Unanimous. Following the announcement of the vot-

Senator Connor, an Addicks supporter made a motion that Dupont's selection be made unanimous, which was adopted. The Democratic members of the Legislature have criticised Governor Lea for calling an extra session, and they have declared they will take no part in the voting.

GREAT PRAISE FOR GEARIN

Washington Paper Applauds His Stand on Election of Senator.

OPECONIAN NEWS BUREAU Work. ngton, June 11.-The Washington Times rints a remarkable news story and ediorial on Senator Gearin and the recent Oregon election. The story says Mr. Gearin has done real service in the cause of popularizing Senatorial elections, in that he has refused to be considered in connection with the Oregon Senatorship, which was within his grasp, because th popular vote of the state was against him. The statement that Gearin has carried the Legislature is, of course, a mis-

All honor to John M. Gearin, Senator from of a full term in the United States Senate in order to stand by his convictions and the law of his state in favor of popular election of Senators. If his present sacrifice falls to se-cure him a seat at the next election in his state, all guesses will go wrong as to the efficacy of popular elections. It developed that, while Bourne secured a

are popular majority, Gearin had probably carried the Legislature. His friends wired him that it was all right, he would be chosen by the Legislature, anyhow. Gearin did not hesitate. He wired to Oregon urging the Demcrats in the Legislature to support the Reiblican and make unanimous the legislative ratification of the people's selection to give the new law proper baptism in the faith of the people.

T honestly believe in popular election of Senators," he said in substance, "and I want to prove it by having my own party sacrifice ny chance for the seat." Without doubt the Democrats in the Len

islature will do as their chief has asked. Sen-ator Gearin has given a fine example of unalloyed patriotism. Oregon has undertaken to set an example to the Nation in its new elec-tion law and Senator Gearin has emphasized that example. It is worthy of more than passing notice. May the hanner thus raised y Oregon and her unselfish Senator be wed by every state and every statesman

TOO EARLY TO SPEAK PLAINLY

Bryan Noncommittal on Nomination. Opposed to Socialism.

So nauseous has become this evident graft that an attempt will be made to defeat this provision when the Indian bill comes up for final approval in the House, but if the House concurs it is not improbable that the President will veto the bill and send it back for reconstruction, be-

of the news to me. I have been off the main caravan route for sometime and have been absorbed in what I have been eeing and doing." Mr. Bryan had been moving so rapidly

Mr. Bryan had been moving so rapidly since he left Vlenna on Friday that letters and telegrams for him did not reach him until today. As to the possibility of his nomination he had little to say, declaring it is too early to speak of that question, but taking up the subject of the political requirements of the day, he

"Before leaving home I tried to distis-guish between Democracy and what can properly be called Socialism. Democracy recognizes competition as legitimate and tries to protect the competitive principle tries to protect the competitive principle from attack. Socialism sees competition as an evil to be eliminated by public ownership and operation of all means of production and distribution. While this distinction between Democracy and Socialism cannot be overlooked, the Democratic platform must be one of progress and reform and not merely of opposition to Republican policies or Socialistic ideas.

tion of private monopolies and for the regulation of corporations in generalt, it is necessary that the party shall be free from any suspicion of alliance with the corporate interests that have been domi-nating American politics. To this end campaign contributions must be limited to those who have the public interest to advance. I trust that public sentiment will require all parties to keep their book open so that hereafter no party will be under party obligations to shield cor-porate offenders."

Alluding to conditions in the meat in-dustry, Mr. Bryan said: "The beef trust is not different in character and methods from other trusts. The inevitable tendency of a private monopoly is to increase the price of product and to lower its quality. Why should anyone expect anything else from a trust than the lowering of quality when a monopoly is established? Observe, I have used the words private monopoly, as against those of the whole people. Quite a different principle comes into operation when the interest of all is alone in

Herman Ridder, of New York Staats Zeitung, and Mr. Bryan had a long talk today on the political situation in the United States. Mr. Bryan will leave here for St. Petersburg tomorrow and from there will visit Sweden and Norway. He will arrive in England early in July and will then visit France, Italy and Swit-gerland. He expects to sall on the steam-ship Princess Irene from Gibraltar on August 20 and to arrive in New York

Benson Goes to Take Toga.

OTTAWA, Kan., June 11.-Judge A. W. Benson left this morning for Topeka to report to Governor Hoch his acceptance of the appointment to the United States Senate. Judge Benson had been per-suaded during the night by numerous telegrams frim the delegation at Washington to lose no time in reaching there, and will leave this afternoon for the

Bryan Speaks in London July 4. LONDON, June 11.—William J. Bryan has accepted an invitation to make a speech at the American celebration on the Fourth of July.

Liner on Beach Is Pulled Off.

CAPE MAY, N. Y., June II,-The steam er Westernland, from Liverpool and Queenstown for Philadelphia, with more than 1000 persons on board, which grounded on shoals at the entrance to Delaware ed on shoals at the entrance to Delaware Bay early today, was floated at 11:40 P. M. After a futile attempt to float the big liner on the noon tide today, nothing was done until the night tide came up, when several tugs fastened hawsers to her and she was pulled off the shoals without much difficulty. After clearing the shoals the Westernland swung around steamed to the Delaware Breakwater, where she will remain until morning.

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Pacific Coast.

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RAILROAD VALUE

Southern Pacific Main Line to Be Taxed on Basis of \$19,000 a Mile.

THE OLD RATE IS TREBLED

Rolling Stock Is Valued at \$3000, and the Roadbed at \$16,000. Pulman Car Company Must Pay More.

ALBANY, Or., June 11 .- (Special.)-Nineeen thousand dollars per mile for the Southern Pacific Railway is the valuation fixed by the Assessors of Western Oregon

in Albany today. The Assessors of the counties along the main line of the Southern Pacific held the meeting for the purpose of discussing the question of railway assessment, and, if possible, fixing a uniform rate of assessent; also to determine what should be the advance in railway assessment, to keep step with the full-valuation basis for all other properties adopted in most of the counties.

The valuation of \$19,000 per mile is notable, in that it trebles the assessed valuation of the Southern Pacific properties that has prevailed in the past. The average valuation placed upon the Southern Pacific stock in the past has been about \$6000. The new valuation is divided be tween rolling stock and roadbed, the former being assessed at \$3000 and the latter at \$15,000. The Woodburn-Natron branch

road will be assessed at \$8000 per mile. Nor did the heartless Assessors overlook the Pullman Car Company The assessed valuation of the stock of this concern in Oregon counties will be raised from \$75 and \$100 per mile

Besides handling the railroads as detailed above, and that was the prim object of the meeting, considerable time was devoted to the methods of arriving at the proper valuation for other industrial concerns and corporations and banks.

It attendance at this meeting were: Assessors B. D. Sigler, of Multnomah; C. S. Graves, of Polk; J. F. Nelson, of Clackamas; F. J. Rice, of Marion; D. B. McKnight, of Linn; B. F. Keeney, of Lane; George W. Staley, of Douglas,

and T. H. Davis, of Benton.

Morow Speaks for Railroad. J. W. Morrow, of the tax department of the Southern Pacific, appeared before the Assessors and spoke at some length on behalf of the railside division were not all in attendance, those from Polk and Benton Countles agreed that they would as sess the railroad on the west side at \$10,000 per mile.

This is the first time an effective effort has been made to fix a uniform assessment for the Southern Pacific in all the counties along its line in Ore-gon. In Multnomah County Assessor Sigler will leave the figures as they are, at \$20,000 per mile. lasted all afternoon and adjourned at a late hour tonight.

CAMP AT THEATER DOORS Londoners Wait All Day to See Ellen

Terry's Benefit. LONDON, June 12 .- The Ellen Terry jubilee matinee today promises to surpass in interest all benefit performances. Curious and unprecedented scenes have transpired the last 24 hours at the Drury Confec Lane Theater. Seats in the gallery and pit might easily have been sold or re-served at high prices, so great was the demand, but Miss Terry begged that her humble admirers be not excluded by prohibitive prices, and hence from early Monday morning stragglers took up Monday places at the doors, provided with camp stools and wraps, prepared to spend some 30 hours waiting in order to secure a

Both sexes were represented. They Both sexes were represented. They passed the time, the women knitting or reading, and the men mostly playing cards. By midnight there were fully 500 persons thus waiting and disposing themselves as they were best able, with rugs or overcoats to catch a fitful sleep.

About midnight the waiting crowd at the Drury Lane was surprised to see Miss Terry herself appear on the scene, attired in motor wraps, with an attendant carrying a lantern. Great cheering

ant carrying a lantern. Great cheering arose. Miss Terry, who was visibly moved, exclaimed: "Hush," and asked for the "first nighters" and the "gallery boys." Many ran up to shake her hand to the growd which continued to cheer anthe crowd, which continued to cheer enthusiastically as she departed.

The doors will open at 11:30 o'clock this forenoon. Winston Churchill will preside at a dinner which the jubilee committee will give at the Hotel Cecil Sunday night in honor of Miss Terry.

ANNIVERSARY OF SLAUGHTER

Memorial Service for the Murdered King and Queen of Servia.

BELGRADE. June II .- This being the third anniversary of the assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga, me-morial services were held in two churches held services over the graves of three comrades killed the night of murder of their majesties. The prec-tions taken by the authorities preven demonstration which was anticipated

FRIENDLY WITH ALL POWERS. Austrian Ministers Says Reform Makes

Progress in Macedonia. VIENNA, June 11.-Foreign Minister Goluchowski made an important and exhaustive review of the relations of the powers forming the triple alliance and foreign affairs generally at today's session of

the future with confidence because of its diligent cultivation of friendly relations with foreign states and the sympathics of other powers. The close bonds unit-ing Austria-Hungary and its allies and the relations with Russia which were be-coming those of satisfactory intimacy, would enable the dual monarchy to pur-sue untrameled its peaceful political

aims.

The foreign minister lengthily reviewed the situation in Macedonia, declaring that the present state of the work of reform was not unsatisfactory, despite the law-lessness of the insurgent bands. The Porte was taking action to destroy these bands, and the native population was tired of the terrorism of the revolutionary committee and was supporting the plans of the authorities at Sofia, Athens and Belgrade, who, realizing their responsibility, were beginning vigorous preventive measures to assist the Porte in the eradication of the revolutionists.

FAMINE WILL FOLLOW FLOW.

Immense Damage Caused by High Water in Hunan.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 11 .- Mail advices from Hankow show that the great floods of this Spring in Hunan caused an appalling loss of life, amounting to tens of thousands. The rivers were higher of thousands. The rivers were higher than in any previous year and swept over the dykes, submerging houses and covering an immense area, in fact the whole valley of the Siang was flooded, the floods pourin- over the dikes in torrents.

Santang, a prosperous city, was flooded with

with water to the second stories of the riverside buildings. This place is the ter-minus of river steamers, 30 miles from Chansha, and all business was at a standchanspa, and all ousness was at a stand-still. At Chansha the water flooded through the city gates, flooding out the people, sampans beings as high as the treetops in places, and a tremendous loss was caused.

The river was thick with wreckage and villagers on floating roofs. The foreign missionaries in Siangtan were heavy losers, though all escaped in boats. None could estimate the loss of life, which was placed at tens of thousands. A famine will follow, for the floods have brought disaster to an immense area of the best rice-growing districts in Hunan,

Recognize Japanese Control.

TOKIO, June II.—A complete agreement in principle has been reached between Japan and Russia regarding the granting of exequaturs to the latter's consuls in Corea, Russia consenting to receive the exequaturs from the Emperor of Japan instead of from the Emperor of Corea, as was previously demanded,

BROWN IS POSTMASTER. Brown Named to Succeed Livermore on Fulton's Recommendation.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 11 .- Senator Fulton today secured the appointment of James T. Brown, as Postmuster of Pendleton, to succeed Lot Livermore, who was a candidate for reappointment. Brown was indorsed by Judge Ellis.

PENDLETON, Or., June 11 .- (Special.) -J. T. Brown, who will succeed Lot Livermore as Postmaster of Pendleton on July 1, has spent the greater part of his life in Umatilla County and Pendle-ton. He was born in Bates County, Missouri, in 1870, coming to Umatilla County by wagon with his parents six years He lived on a farm near Pendleton un-

til II years of age, when he handled stock the same date a fraudulent entry of in the mountains for three years, then the mountains for three years, then the factor of th cation in the schools of Pendleton He was appointed superintendent of the city water works seven years ago last Janu-ary by Dr. F. W. Vincent, then Mayor, and has held the office continuously, ing the best of satisfaction and but the system up to a high grade of effi-

DEATH OF MRS. J. R. REAVIS

Noted Heroine of Civil War-Husband in Seattle.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 11.—(Special.)— Mrs. Mildred D. Reavis, aged 65, died to-day from injuries received while alighting from a street car Sunday evening.

Mrs. Reavis was a well-known club
woman and a heroine of the Civil War. Her girlhood was passed at Paris, Mo.

She was a pronounced admirer of the Confederate cause, and, when a Unio force raided Paris, she managed to se crete and save from confiscation thou sands of dollars' worth of valuables. She was a sister of the late Pat Donan, a captain in the Confederate Army, and after the close of hostflittes editor of a newspaper at Fargo, Dakota, and later

was advertising agent of the O. R. & N. Co., at Portland. She leaves two sons, Holland, editor of a newspaper published at Beaumont, Texas, and Donan, who is located in Southern California. J. R. Reavis, her husband, is a resident of Seattle, and was secretary of the Board of Trade there

PATRICK DENIED NEW TRIAL He Will Start Again on Weary Round of Appeal.

NEW YORK, June 11.-Recorder Goff today denied a motion for a new trial in the case of Albert T. Patrick, the con-victed murderer of William M. Rice. Patrick's lawyers, it is said, were pre-pared for an adverse decision and have the papers ready for an application to the United States Supreme Court for a writ of error and for a writ of habeas

Recorder Goff, in his decision denying the motion for a new trial, declares that on no one of the grounds urged in the motion is there sufficient cause to grant a new trial. He believes that, no matter what testimony Jones, the former valet of Mr. Rice, might give at a new trial, it could not have any effect upon the jury other than that which Jones' testimony erted upon the jury

DRINK POISONED CREAM.

One Dead, One Will Die, Third Ill in Consequence.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 11.—Mrs. Su-san Charlotte Underwood is dead; Bryan Underwood, her son, is fatally iii, and F. X. Brunner, a son-in-law, is seriously iii, the effects of cream purchased at a

from the chects of cream purchases at a local dairy which they drank at the Brunner home at 306 Benton boolevard, in this city, today.

Mrs. Underwood was the widow of Drury Underwood, a well-known contractor of this city, who was killed in a the foreign affairs committee of the Hun-garian delegation. He said that he thought the dual monarchy was able to look at railroad accident a few years ago.

COMMIT FORGERY

Grand Jury's Charge Against Them.

TWO ARE UNDER INDICTMENT

Gillette and Granniss, Former Mutual Life Men.

FALSE ENTRIES IN BOOKS

Two ex-Vice-Presidents Accused of Misapplying Funds and Making False Statements-Only the

First of a Series. NEW YORK, June 11 .- Indictments for orgery and perjury against Dr. Walter G. Gillette and for forgery and filing false statements against Robert A. Granalsa, both former vice-presidents of the

Mutual Life Insurance Company, were re-

turned today by the special grand fury which has been investigating insurance affairs for the past six weeks. The indictments were returned to Justice Scott in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court, when the jury went before him for dismissal, having ended its labors. Six indictments were found against Dr. Gillette, five for forgery in the third degree and one for perjury. Granniss was indicted for forgery and for making false statements to the department, the latter being a misdemeanor. Both defendants immediately surrendered themselves and were admitted to bail, Gillette

in \$10,000 and Granniss in \$5000, their

cases being put over until the first Monday in September.

Series of False Entries. The first indiciment against Gillette recites that, while vice-president of the Mutual. May 4, 1904, he caused to be made in the account book of the company, known as the blotter, a false entry that \$4500 had been paid to the firm of George McKibbin & Son for advertising indebtedness, when as a matter of fact neither that sum nor any other sum was paid to

George McKibbin & Son. The second indictment charges that on when as a matter

\$12,701 was paid for that purpose. The third indictment charges that on May 11, 1904, the defendant made a false entry in the cash book, indicating the payment of \$6387 for advertising, when as a matter of fact only \$2876 had been spent for that purpose.

Money Not Pald at All.

The fourth indictment charges that on May 4, 1904, the defendant caused to be entered in the blotter a fraudulent entry that the sum of \$3400 had been paid to Charles El Parsons for stationery and printing, when as a matter of fact neither that nor any other sum had been paid. The fifth indictment charges that on May 11, 1904, a fraudulent entry was

been paid to George McKibbin & Son, when in fact no sum at all had been paid. All five of the indictments

made in the blotter that \$3511 had

charge forgery in the third degree. Perjury Before Grand Jury. The sixth indictment, charging perjury, recites that the defendant for two years prior to April 1, 1906, was an officer of the Mutual Life, and that on May 11, 1906, he appeared before the grand jury and under oath swore that a certain bank account at Dobbs Ferry was his personal account and that it had been obtained from his personal account elsewhere, when as a matter of fact the account was as trustee of the Mutual Life, and the money deposited had not come from the defendant's personal account but

from the funds of the Mutual Life. False Statements by Granniss.

The indictment against Granniss for forgery in the third degree charges that his report for the year ending December 31, 1904, filed with the State Superintendent of Insurance failed to make any report whatever of profits, income from the sale and maturity of the ledger assets, while as a matter of fact the company's net profit from that source for the year indicated was \$1,044,058. It charges that on February 28 the defendant, well knowing the premises, caused the report to be prepared and verified under oath by two of the officers of the company. It was his duty, the indictment to have indicated and shown this profit and income, as it was a material particular of the affairs of the corporation.

niss charges a misdemeanor, the indictment being based upon the same facts as alleged in that charging forgery. It charges that Granniss, "well knowing the statement to be false, unlawfully concurred in having the report so prepared and the statement containing false and untrue statements transmitted to the Superintendent of

The second indictment against Gran-

Insurance.' Fraud Continued for Years. The grand jury, in its presentment to

the court, sava: The evidence before it has clearly shown that each year for years large sums of the company's moneys have been obtained by means most irregular and fraudulent and though probably applied to uses thought to be for the benefit of the company, such ex-

(Concluded on Page 4.)