



CRASH OF BOMBS TO WARN THE CZAR

Terrorists Follow Up Defiance of House.

MANY HIGH OFFICIALS ESCAPE

Innocents Suffer at Review at Sebastopol.

BRUTAL JAILER IS SLAIN

Engines of Death Miss Governor-General and Chief of Police at Tiflis, But Cossack on Escort Is Blown to Pieces.

SEBASTOPOL, May 27.—Several bombs were thrown here today while a review of troops was being held after the Te Deum in celebration of the anniversary of the Emperor's coronation. Three persons were killed and several were wounded.

Among the wounded were the commander of the fortress, General Neufve, who received slight hurts, and the Chief of Police, who was gravely injured. Other high dignitaries escaped.

Vice-Admiral Choukine, commanding the Black Sea fleet, who is a special subject for terrorist revenge, was not present. Two of the bomb throwers were arrested.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 27.—Dispatches received here concerning the bomb outrage during the review of troops after the celebration of the anniversary of the Emperor's coronation today, say that 11 persons were killed, including five children, and that 800 persons were injured. The dispatch also says that four arrests were made.

BOMBS MISS THEIR MARKS.

Governor-General and Chief of Police at Tiflis Narrowly Escape.

TIFLIS, May 27.—While Governor-General Timonoff and Chief of Police Martynoff were driving today bombs were thrown at them. Neither was injured, but a Cossack belonging to their escort was killed. The incident occurred a few rods from the scene of the assassination of General Grahoff, chief of staff of the Viceroy of the Caucasus, who was killed by a bomb explosion January 19 last.

General Timonoff and Chief of Police Martynoff were riding in separate carriages on their way to attend the coronation anniversary celebration Te Deum at the cathedral. The bombs were thrown simultaneously, one of them falling to explode. Chief of Police Martynoff, who was riding with gun in hand, shot and killed one of the terrorists, but the other escaped. Governor-General Timonoff's assassin was wounded. An armed outbreak was feared.

BRUTAL JAILER ASSASSINATED

Youth Carries Out Sentence Imposed by the Revolutionists.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 27.—M. Shataloff, warden of the city prison here, was shot four times today and mortally wounded by an 18-year-old youth, who was executing a social revolutionist sentence, in revenge for Shataloff's bad treatment of political prisoners. The assassin, whose name is Skitilman, killed a beggar who tried to stop him, but afterward was arrested.

RADICALS ARE VERY JOYOUS

Dissolution of Parliament, They Say, Means Bloody Revolution.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 28, 1:30 A. M.—With breathless anxiety, society awaits the government's response to the bold action of the lower house of Parliament Saturday, which, in censuring the Ministry and demanding its retirement, was like a deliberate slap in the face and a direct challenge to the government, though inclined to prefer its usual policy of temporization and compromise, can hardly avoid meeting. Parliament has burned the bridge and virtually has taken the step which the French States-General did when it transformed itself into a national convention.

By flouting the fundamental laws and practically declaring that it proposes to exercise full parliamentary rights with a responsible Ministry, it has become in the eyes of the law a revolutionary body, and from that position there seems no retreat.

The news of the action of the House came like an electric shock. The people generally being as greatly surprised as the bureaucracy at the promptness with which the whole of the government's policy was absolutely scorned. Both sides recognize the acuteness and seriousness of the moment, but panic is in the government and not the popular camp.

Premier Gorceyukin went to Peterhof immediately after the adjournment of Saturday's session to confer with the Emperor and Sunday agitated conferences were held between the administrator and the leader.

The Constitutional Democratic chiefs are displaying calmness in the face of the crisis. They declare that having

delivered their reply, they purpose to go calmly ahead with the work before them, forcing the government to take the initiative. The strength of their position lies in the conviction that the Russian nation, and especially the peasantry, who are sure to be disappointed with the flat concerning the expropriation of lands, is behind Parliament in its rejection of the government's policy as utterly unacceptable.

"The Government, if it dares to fight," said M. Kokoshine, "can dispense the Parliament, but the victory of the bureaucracy would be only temporary. It would inevitably be followed shortly by a bloody revolution, which would leave a stick of the present Government standing. The Emperor must choose between a real constitutional government and the loss not only of his crown, but probably of his head."

The Social Democrats and Social Revolutionists are delighted with the turn of events, believing they furnish just the stimulus needed for the rising they are planning. The Terrorists were quick to seize the opportunity for a series of blows in widely separated parts of the country, the news of which forms a prominent feature in this morning's newspapers, instead of the expected decree of amnesty.

The attempts at Tiflis and Sebastopol are convincing indications of the determination of the fighting organization to resume its campaign of assassination with full vigor.

The press today almost without exception is pessimistic, recognizing the extreme gravity of the situation and the tempest which the denial of the right of forced expropriation of land will provoke among the peasantry. The Reich declares that the Government's reasons in this respect are false and fallacious, the expropriation of land standing practically on the same basis now as in 1861.

Professor Kareeff in a special article says a parallel of the early stage of the French revolution is now complete. He invites the Ministry to substitute for the 1906 events those of 1789, and then to consider whether they wish to continue their present course.

The Slovo, the Octoberist organ, falls behind none of the others in sharpness of criticism, declaring that the Government has proclaimed war on Parliament.

Orders for the guard corps to go into Summer camp at Krasnoye-Selo, have been countermanded, and it is supposed they will be retained here in readiness to cope with any outbreak.

BLACK SEA PORTS BLOCKED

Strike of Seamen Prevents Vessels From Leaving Port.

ODESSA, May 28.—On account of a strike of seamen, 15 steamers are unable to leave the port, and conditions are becoming serious. Stevedores threaten to join in the strike if they are compelled to do all the work. Shipping is practically suspended at all ports of the Black Sea.

Shipoff May Be Premier.

LONDON, May 28.—The Times St. Petersburg correspondent thinks the eminence of a Ministry under ex-Minister of Finance Shipoff is clearly indicated.

On the anniversary of his coronation Sunday the correspondent says Emperor Nicholas entertained a number of guests at Peterhof, including president of the lower house of Parliament Mourouzeff.

M'CURDY COMING HOME

Ex-President of Mutual Life Expected in Three Weeks.

NEW YORK, May 28.—That Richard A. McCurdy, ex-president of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, has, states a morning paper, made arrangements to return to this country, is reported on good authority, which says that he will reach here in about three weeks and put himself at the disposal of District Attorney Jerome.

Later he will devote himself to defending the suits brought against him in the absence of the company he formerly headed.

McCurdy sailed for Cherbourg on March 1. He was accompanied by his wife and their son-in-law and daughter. Mr. and Mrs. Thebaud, McCurdy made no statement of his intentions prior to sailing, but his attorney, DeLaney, said that the trip was necessitated by the condition of McCurdy's health.

Some time before his departure McCurdy made arrangements whereby service of process in civil actions would be accepted by his attorney. He also, it was reported, entered into a written undertaking with District Attorney Jerome to return when his presence might be desired, and to return by September 1 in any event.

Three weeks after Mr. McCurdy's departure, Mrs. Nicol accepted on the former's behalf service in an action brought by the Mutual Life to recover \$4,370,000 alleged to have been expended by him without proper authority.

LOST GIRL FOUND NEAR A CEMETERY

Sexton's Dog Leads Rescuers to Bessie Bauer's Hiding Place.

MIND WAS UNBALANCED

Soon Recovers Reason and Tells of Wanderings—Weak From Hunger and Exhaustion—Hands, Feet and Face Lacerated.

Hungry and thirsty, with lacerated feet and hands, and clothing covered with mud and slime, Miss Bessie Bauer, for whom her parents and the police have been searching for five days, was found at 7 o'clock last night, through the sagacity of a dog belonging to the sexton of Riverside Cemetery. When discovered Miss Bauer was in an almost exhausted condition and was suffering intensely. She had concealed herself in the vicinity of the cemetery, after her disappearance, and had refused to respond to the calls of the searchers. She admitted to her mother last night that her mind must have been affected, for she knew not what she had been doing.

The sexton noticed several times yesterday the peculiar actions of his dog, but paid little attention. Dr. Tillman, who was passing the cemetery, also noticed the actions of the dumb brute, and requested the sexton to follow the dog. The two, much to the gratification of the animal, followed it to a clump of bushes, where the young woman was found sitting on a log, in a half-fainting condition.

Recognized From Pictures.

From published descriptions of Miss Bauer, Dr. Tillman recognized her as the missing girl. He notified the police at once, and Captain Slove, sent Detectives Snow and Reising to the cemetery. Before their arrival, Miss Bauer's mother and her brother had been notified and the brother had gone to bring his sister home.

The detective missed the ferry, but arrived in time to see the young woman taken in a boat across the river by several men whose motives were unintentional. So exhausted had she become through hunger and thirst that she had to be carried to her home. She was immediately put to bed and a physician was called to attend her.

Feebly but clearly Miss Bauer was able to tell of her recent experiences to her mother, who was herself almost overcome at her daughter's return. Miss Bauer stated that her mind was unbalanced when she wandered away from home and that at different times she had heard searchers calling her name.

"I seemed to know what they wanted," she said, "but it was not in my power to answer. I became frightened at the approach of anyone, and instead of seeking safety by making known my presence, I ran from them and concealed myself in the bushes."

Slept Amid Tombstones.

Exposed to rains, which drenched her to the skin, and suffering from the cold, Miss Bauer slept in the brush and under logs for five nights, with wild beasts, birds and the tombstones for her only company. Through contact with briars her clothing was torn and her hands were covered with cuts and scratches, while her feet are a mass of bruises. Her face has become pinched and wan and her figure, which ordinarily is slight, is now greatly emaciated.

Although her mind was affected during her absence, and she expressed to her mother and the police such worry, disappeared from her home last Wednesday morning. She told her mother that she was suffering from a headache and would walk around in the open air in an effort to cure it. She did not return, and at night the police were notified.

They searched all quarters of the city, but could find no trace of her. It was believed for a time that even more serious harm had befallen her.

DEWEY SAILING FAST.

Big Drydock Averages 100 Miles a Day in the Indian Ocean.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Computations made by the Bureau of Navigation of the Navy Department on the shipping reports of the location of the Dewey drydock in the Indian Ocean May 22, indicate that the Dewey has made an average of 100 miles per day since leaving the Straits of Babel Mandeb. This is regarded as particularly good time, especially in the Indian Ocean, as heavy weather was expected, which would delay the progress of the Dewey.

MEXICO BUYS MONKEYS.

To Be Used in Experiments to Discover Typhus Bacillus.

MEXICO CITY, May 27.—The government is making every effort to discover the typhus fever bacillus, and it is believed the experiments now in progress will ultimately result in success. Animals inoculated with blood of fever patients

FOR VOTERS TO DECIDE JUNE 4.

Besides electing state, district and county officers at the general election on June 4, the voters of Oregon will adopt or reject proposed laws or constitutional amendments which have been submitted to a popular vote under the provisions of the initiative and referendum. Any one of these measures will be adopted if it receives a majority of all the votes cast thereon. The measures to be voted upon are:

Appropriation bill of 1906 for maintenance of the asylum, penitentiary, deaf mute and blind schools, and improvements for the university and Agricultural College.

Equal suffrage amendment to the constitution, giving women the right to vote at all elections the same as men.

Amendment permitting one session of the Legislature to propose a constitutional amendment and forbidding a constitutional convention except after approval by vote of the people.

Amendment authorizing the Legislature to enact charters for cities and requiring that city charters be drafted and adopted by the cities themselves under general laws.

Amendment authorizing the Legislature to provide for the election or appointment of a State Printer and to purchase a state printing plant and fix the printer's compensation.

Amendment authorizing the people of any city or district to demand the referendum upon local measures and permitting the people of a city to exercise the initiative and referendum powers upon city ordinances.

New local-option law increasing the number of petitioners from 10 to 30 per cent, limiting the term for prohibition, forbidding liquor elections oftener than once in four years, and abolishing punishment by imprisonment for violation of Barlow road by the state for \$24,300. This road extends across the Cascade Mountains near Mount Hood, and is now a toll.

Bill for a law prohibiting railroad, telegraph or other public service corporations from charging for telephone or telegraph service to any person except employees and making it unlawful for public officials to accept free passes or service.

Bill for a law imposing a tax of 3 per cent upon the gross receipts of sleeping, refrigerator and oil car companies, upon business transacted within the state.

Bill for a law imposing a tax of 3 per cent upon express companies and 2 per cent upon telephone and telegraph companies, computed upon the gross receipts of business transacted within this state.

have shown all symptoms of the disease, and the Department of Public Inspection has caused the purchase of monkeys to conduct further experiments.

MEXICO CITY, May 27.—Congress has appropriated \$60,000 for the expenses of the delegates to the Pan-American conference at Rio Janeiro.

CONTENTS TODAY'S PAPER

The Weather. YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 66 deg.; minimum, 44 deg. TODAY'S—Showers; winds mostly westerly. Russia. Bombs thrown at review of troops at Sebastopol. Page 1. Governor and Chief of Police of Tiflis narrowly escape death from bombs. Page 1. Brutal warden of St. Petersburg prison shot today by youthful revolutionary agent. Page 1. Government response to action of lower House of Parliament awaited with breathless interest. Page 1. Domestic. New York gas trust is fighting the law reducing the price of illuminant. Page 8. Strike of city employees would cut off light and water at Chicago. Page 5. Sunday-school laws are strictly enforced at Louisville, Ky. Page 3. Lightning strikes in crowd of spectators near Mobile, Ala., killing five. Page 4. Quarantine for bubonic plague at Honolulu is not very stringent. Page 2. Foreign. Princess Ena leaves man from gallows and wins plaudits from the Spaniards. Page 1. Michael Davitt is on his death bed in a Dublin hospital. Page 14. Difficulty over Austro-Hungarian tariff has been settled. Page 4. National. Senate will take up sea-level canal measure today with many important bills to follow. Page 4. Pacific Coast. United railroads taking advantage of good will created by gift to secure valuable franchises for nothing. Page 2. Rain falls in San Francisco, causing much misery to refugees. Page 2. An Interstate Development League will result from Portland business men's visit to Spokane. Page 1. Riot in Seattle results in arrest of 11 men after struggle with police. Page 5. Two rival companies begin construction of new lines on streets of Elkhart Falls. Page 5. Three Japanese drown in Snake River while trying to escape arrest for dynamiting fish. Page 5. Marine. Geo. W. Elder safely placed in drydock. Page 8. Sport. Portland ballplayers won two games from Los Angeles. Page 13. Portland and Vicinity. People's Forum holds last meeting of season and annual election. Page 8. Data being gathered for new convict road law. Page 9. Leopold Schmidt says no guardian will be appointed for Miss Speckart. Page 14. Dr. Morrisey preaches on the "Gospel of Love." Page 9. P. W. Leadbetter says coast line from Coos Bay south will be built by Harriman; delegates to Shippers' Congress home from North Beach. Page 14. Malignant anonymous attacks against Jonathan Bourne fully answered. Page 8. Lost Bessie Bauer found in woods near Riverside Cemetery in pitiable condition. Page 1.

ENA INTERCEDES FOR A MAN'S LIFE

Spanish King and Cabinet Grant Request for Pardon From English Princess.

ALL SPAIN ACCLAIMS ACT

Fernando Levera, Condemned After Exciting Trial, Was About to Start for Gallows When Messenger Brings Pardon.

MADRID, May 27.—The first notable act of Princess Ena, of Battenberg, since her arrival in Spain to become the bride of King Alfonso XIII, has been to induce the King to pardon Fernando Levera, who was condemned to death after an exciting trial. The dramatic circumstances under which the pardon was given, as the condemned man was going to the gallows, attracted widespread attention and further augments the popularity of Princess Ena.

Levera was to have been executed in the neighboring town of Badajoz, but the population solicited Princess Ena's intercession and she spoke to the King, who consulted with his Ministers and after a Cabinet council the government resolved to grant the request, as it was the first petition the Princess had made in Spain. Thereupon the King issued a pardon and a telegram announcing this fact reached the prison at Badajoz half an hour before the time set for the execution.

Praises for Queen to Be. The march to the scaffold was about to begin when a messenger brought word of the pardon. There were remarkable scenes of rejoicing. The townspeople formed a procession and sang the praises of their Queen to be. The people of Madrid also highly approved the Princess' humane intervention. The newspapers comment upon the coming Queen's first act as being one of mercy.

The Pardo Palace was again the scene of royal ceremonies today, the ideal weather permitting open-air religious services on the lawn of the palace, where the military bishop celebrated a campaign mass. It was a pretty sight, with the brilliant uniforms of the soldiers forming a background for the royal personages.

Interest in Soldiers' Uniforms. Princess Ena's interest in the Spanish uniforms led King Alfonso to summon six soldiers, representing the various arms of the service, for his bride-elect's inspection of their arms and accoutrements. This was a source of special satisfaction to the influential army.

Later in the day King Alfonso and Princess Ena went in an automobile to the picturesque forests of Pardo. In one of Princess Ena's visits to Madrid she was permitted to visit the gorgeous nuptial palace, which has been prepared in the royal palace and to try on the wedding dress made for her.

The Cabinet Ministers have had their share in the prevailing enthusiasm over Alfonso's fiancée. Premier Moret expressed his official view while drinking to the health of the Princess. Addressing King Alfonso, the Premier said: "Sir, you have brought us a treasure. May it please God to make us worthily conserve it."

ROYAL PALACE OF MADRID.

Where the Ruler of Spain Will Take His English Bride.

MADRID, May 27.—The royal palace of Madrid is doubly interesting just now both as the place from which King Alfonso goes to meet his bride and as the future home of the royal couple. The suite of apartments designed for the future Queen have been most lavishly prepared with the richest art treasures from the galleries of Spain.

Aside from this, the palace itself is one of the largest and most magnificent of Europe. It is built on the former site of Alcazar of the ancient Kings, from plans by the Italian architect Giovanni Battista Sacchetti. The first stone was laid in 1738 and 26 years afterward Charles III took possession of the edifice and began the decoration of the interior. The expenditure amounted to \$60,000,000.

Immense sub-structures give the palace a dominating position on the Mauserana River. It lend it the appearance not only of a palace, but of a great citadel commanding the city. It covers an expanse of 23,500 square meters; 400 feet of each side and 150 feet high. The massive structure is of granite throughout, except the frames of the doors and windows, which are of marble.

The entrance to the royal palace, which is conceded to be one of the most magnificent in the world, has been further enriched for the present occasion. It is gorgeously carpeted and ornamented, illuminated day and night by myriads of electric lights concealed within the rich gold ceilings, with halberdiers in their brilliant uniforms acting as guards. At the first landing, serving as pillars to the balcony, there are two enormous lions of stone, the work of the sculptors Castro and Michelo.

It is well known that Napoleon I had a jealous regard for these lions on the day that he admired the palace, remarking to his brother that they were better housed than he himself in Paris.

The high vaulted ceiling contains notable paintings by the Neapolitan artist, Carado Guisquino. The Salle des Ambassadeurs, where the imposing reception will take place, after the wedding, is one of the most splendid apartments of the palace, with fittings of incalculable value. The walls are hung with crimson velvet and gilt armchairs. The enormous mirrors which came from the royal factory of La Granja, are surrounded by heavy gold frames of the time of Charles

THREE STATES TO PULL TOGETHER

Outline of the Plan Is Formed at Spokane.

WILCOX PLEADS FOR OPEN RIVER

Free Mouth of Columbia Essential to Entire Basin.

RESPONSE MOST CORDIAL

Oregon, Washington and Idaho Will Work for Free Channel as Far as a Freight Boat Can Be Flotted.

BY E. W. WRIGHT.

SPokane, Wash., May 27.—(Staff Correspondent.)—An Interstate Development League, embracing the representative organizations of Oregon, Washington and Idaho, and working harmoniously for the good of the entire Northwest, is the project that was launched at the conclusion of the elaborate banquet in honor of the Portland visitors at Spokane. It was some hours after midnight when the end of the regular programme was reached, but the proposal of President Goodall, of the Chamber of Commerce, met with an immediate and hearty response from all present.

T. B. Wilcox, on behalf of the Portland contingent, pledged the loyal support and co-operation of the Oregon organizations. As the hour was late, it was impossible to make more than a vague outline of the proposed organization, but it was decided to leave the working out of the details to committees to be appointed by the Portland Commercial Club, the Spokane Chamber of Commerce and the Lewiston Commercial Club.

First Meeting Next Fall. It is expected to have the organization perfected in time to have the first meeting of the new Interstate Development League held at some point in Washington next fall.

Mr. Wilcox's plea for aid for an open river met with a most cordial response from all the speakers who followed him. President J. J. Browne, of the Spokane Investment Company, and an experienced resident of Portland, made an exceptionally strong plea for aid.

Mr. Wilcox very cleverly stated that the mouth of the Columbia was also the mouth of the Spokane, the Snake and every other river draining the Columbia Basin. In asking the aid of Spokane in placing the work on the south jetty on a continuing contract basis, so, as he expressed it, "some of us will live long enough to see it finished," he said:

Wilcox Makes Strong Plea. "You stand with us for the opening of the mouth of the Columbia River, and, by the gods, we will stand by you for the building of the Celilo canal and the opening of the river as far into the interior as there is water to float a flat-bottomed boat that can carry a ton of freight."

This statement provoked great applause and from all over the room came cries of "We will," "We're with you," etc.

Tom Richardson, with W. W. Cotton and Whitney Boise, also touched on the open river question in their responses to the toasts. I. N. Fleischer, in thanking the Washingtonians for their magnificent assistance at the Lewis and Clark Fair, paid Spokane a very high tribute for the beauty of her school buildings and the architecture of her residences. Tom Richardson's fame had preceded him, and, to use a slang expression, "he made good."

Close Attention Given Cotton. "Farmer" W. W. Cotton, of the Harriman system, of course, was listened to with the rapt attention that is given to those who are thoroughly conversant with their subjects and have the talent of imparting the knowledge to others in a witty, pleasing and intelligent manner.

It was about 3 o'clock this morning before the affair closed, but the enthusiasm never lagged. At 10:30 this morning, the Portlanders were again taken in charge by their untiring friends, and in a special train taken for a trip to Lake Coeur d'Alene. On arriving at the lake they went aboard the private yacht of Colonel Peyton, of Spokane, and took a spin of several miles on one of the prettiest sheets of water on the American continent.

Luncheon was served at the Idaho Hotel, on the shores of the lake. The party returned to Spokane in time for the Portland Flyer, to which they were escorted by a large delegation of their new-made friends.

The Portlanders will reach Portland at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning, more than pleased with the most successful meeting of its kind ever held in the Northwest.

BANK OFFICERS ARRESTED

Accused of Misapplying Moneys at Attalla.

ATTALLA, Ala., May 27.—E. M. Dike, president, and W. R. Lawley, cashier of the First National Bank of Attalla, which was closed by the State Bank Examiner April 24, were arrested today on warrants charging them with misapplying moneys of the bank.

MILITIA DISMISSED FROM WINFIELD.

WINFIELD, Kan., May 27.—The Sheriff today dismissed the company of state militia ordered here by Governor Hoch to protect Amassa Thomas, who dubbed Charles McEwan a mob, and who was threatened by a death. All danger of violence is over.

THREE STATES TO PULL TOGETHER

Outline of the Plan Is Formed at Spokane.

WILCOX PLEADS FOR OPEN RIVER

Free Mouth of Columbia Essential to Entire Basin.

RESPONSE MOST CORDIAL

Oregon, Washington and Idaho Will Work for Free Channel as Far as a Freight Boat Can Be Flotted.

BY E. W. WRIGHT.

SPokane, Wash., May 27.—(Staff Correspondent.)—An Interstate Development League, embracing the representative organizations of Oregon, Washington and Idaho, and working harmoniously for the good of the entire Northwest, is the project that was launched at the conclusion of the elaborate banquet in honor of the Portland visitors at Spokane. It was some hours after midnight when the end of the regular programme was reached, but the proposal of President Goodall, of the Chamber of Commerce, met with an immediate and hearty response from all present.

T. B. Wilcox, on behalf of the Portland contingent, pledged the loyal support and co-operation of the Oregon organizations. As the hour was late, it was impossible to make more than a vague outline of the proposed organization, but it was decided to leave the working out of the details to committees to be appointed by the Portland Commercial Club, the Spokane Chamber of Commerce and the Lewiston Commercial Club.

First Meeting Next Fall. It is expected to have the organization perfected in time to have the first meeting of the new Interstate Development League held at some point in Washington next fall.

Mr. Wilcox's plea for aid for an open river met with a most cordial response from all the speakers who followed him. President J. J. Browne, of the Spokane Investment Company, and an experienced resident of Portland, made an exceptionally strong plea for aid.

Mr. Wilcox very cleverly stated that the mouth of the Columbia was also the mouth of the Spokane, the Snake and every other river draining the Columbia Basin. In asking the aid of Spokane in placing the work on the south jetty on a continuing contract basis, so, as he expressed it, "some of us will live long enough to see it finished," he said:

Wilcox Makes Strong Plea. "You stand with us for the opening of the mouth of the Columbia River, and, by the gods, we will stand by you for the building of the Celilo canal and the opening of the river as far into the interior as there is water to float a flat-bottomed boat that can carry a ton of freight."

This statement provoked great applause and from all over the room came cries of "We will," "We're with you," etc.

Tom Richardson, with W. W. Cotton and Whitney Boise, also touched on the open river question in their responses to the toasts. I. N. Fleischer, in thanking the Washingtonians for their magnificent assistance at the Lewis and Clark Fair, paid Spokane a very high tribute for the beauty of her school buildings and the architecture of her residences. Tom Richardson's fame had preceded him, and, to use a slang expression, "he made good."

Close Attention Given Cotton. "Farmer" W. W. Cotton, of the Harriman system, of course, was listened to with the rapt attention that is given to those who are thoroughly conversant with their subjects and have the talent of imparting the knowledge to others in a witty, pleasing and intelligent manner.

It was about 3 o'clock this morning before the affair closed, but the enthusiasm never lagged. At 10:30 this morning, the Portlanders were again taken in charge by their untiring friends, and in a special train taken for a trip to Lake Coeur d'Alene. On arriving at the lake they went aboard the private yacht of Colonel Peyton, of Spokane, and took a spin of several miles on one of the prettiest sheets of water on the American continent.

Luncheon was served at the Idaho Hotel, on the shores of the lake. The party returned to Spokane in time for the Portland Flyer, to which they were escorted by a large delegation of their new-made friends.

The Portlanders will reach Portland at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning, more than pleased with the most successful meeting of its kind ever held in the Northwest.

BANK OFFICERS ARRESTED

Accused of Misapplying Moneys at Attalla.

ATTALLA, Ala., May 27.—E. M. Dike, president, and W. R. Lawley, cashier of the First National Bank of Attalla, which was closed by the State Bank Examiner April 24, were arrested today on warrants charging them with misapplying moneys of the bank.

MILITIA DISMISSED FROM WINFIELD.

WINFIELD, Kan., May 27.—The Sheriff today dismissed the company of state militia ordered here by Governor Hoch to protect Amassa Thomas, who dubbed Charles McEwan a mob, and who was threatened by a death. All danger of violence is over.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, likely bleed-through or a separate column.