DEPICTS SCENE OF DEVASTATION

Marion Crawtord Writes of Vesuvius.

JOURNEY TO RIVERS OF LAVA

Pall of Darkness Hides Beautiful Naples.

GREAT SERPENT OF FIRE

Whole Town Destroyed and Thouof Acres Laid Waste, Lurid Pail Hangs Over All. Explosions Inspire Fear.

BY F. MARION CRAWFORD.

Copyright, 1906/9 SANT ANGELO, Bay of Naples, April 16.-The present eruption of Vesuvius is one of the most terrible on record. For some time past the volcano has been unusually active, and last week the outbreak began which has now done incalculable damage.

An enormous volume of black smoke rises to a height of two miles above the crater. Incandescent masses of stone are thrown up 3000 feet. A continuous southeasterly wind carries the ashes over Naples, which is so completely enveloped in darkness that for three days our communications by sea have been cut off. Steamers and large sallboats trying to reach Naples find themselves in total darkness veral miles from shore and turn back. numbers of persons having fainted from the sulphurous fumes.

Town Totally Destroyed.

Finances have opened far below the cone, emitting many streams of lave one of which has completely destroyed the town of Boscotrecaz which had 10,000 inhabitants. Another has reached the detakiris of Terre del Greco. Others have destroyed thousands of server forth, calitizated land with farmhouses and stock.

The great cone of Vesuvius collapsed with awful thundering and flames, and the cable railway, the observatory and the large new botel near it were all to tally destroyed on the night of April 7.

The populations of Boscotrecaz and other ruined places fled in time to Naples and the roads were choked day and night with every sort of vehicle and crowds o

Yesterday (Monday) I drove through Torre de l'Annunziata to the point where the main stream of lava stopped on Sun day. The lava carried vast masses of irned stone and sulphur on its surface like dross on molten lead, and nothing was visible toward Bosco Trecaz but endacres of dark scoriae, broken here and there by the greenish, curling smoke of sulphur. At the point we reached a great stone pine tree, torn up by its roots and turned to black charcoal, stuck our of the mass at a sharp angle. The sir was almost unbreathable, the heat intense. The faces of the people who crowdnd upon the edge of the arrested stream expressed present terror or exhaustion from recent panie,

Flery Serpent Irresistible.

The government has done what was saible to help the homeless people and the large bodies of troops sent to the rescue have behaved with great energy and courage in saving property. When the stream of fire threatened Boscotrecaz, soldlers dug a wide ditch across its path and threw up a formidable intrenchment in the hope of diverting its course, but every effort was uncless.

The molten stone advanced like's coloasal serpent of fire, turning its head to the right and left as a snake does, but keeping its general direction toward the fated town. It was not till it reached the first house, sending up great showers of sparks, that the ple finally fied for their lives, taking such belongings as they could carry in their arms or pile upon the creaking carts. I saw men, women and children and infants, whose mothers carried them at the breast or in their aprons. Dogs., too, and cats were on the carts and sometimes even chickens tied together by the legs and piles of mattresses and pillows and shapeless bundles of clothes, all white with dust under the lurid glare.

Almost Dead From Terror

I saw one woman lying on her back across a cart, ghastly white and, if not dead already of fear and heat and suffocation, certainly almost gone, We, curacives, could nardly breathe.

Happily there has been little loss of life as yet, for lava moves slowly, even in great quantities, and down hill, and there has been no explosion of gases. On the other hand the damage done is permanent and the rich vinelands or the southern slope of Vesuvius are forever and buried under lava

Darkness and Earthquakes.

The whole effect is appalling in the extreme. Near the volcano and in Naples itself there have been frequent ocks of earthquake and the city was in continual darkness on Sunday and has been, owing, to the fall of ashes, since April 6. Constant news of fresh destruction and the mexplicable

impression that the volcano itself is mysteriously moving toward the city have driven the excited people to the verge of madness and the extreme of

Explosions Under Lurid Curtain.

At the moment of writing, in Sorrento at ? P. M., I can see nothing of Naples or Vesuvius, or even of Ischia, 30 miles to the west of the volcano, for all is hid den by a lurid curtain that is not affected by the fresh easterly breeze. The Stream of Lava Toward City shes are a fine, dark, gray dust, and are thick in my garden walks, on the terlistance of 40 yards there is a slight film n the air.

The wind, being steadtly off shore, the sea is quite culm and the noises from the colcano reach us very distinctly. During the most terrible hourk on Saturday and Sunday we heard a continuous roar, like that from a battery of artiflery, and even now peals of thunder roll across the bay from time to time, not caused by electric ity, but by the discharge of masses of molten material from the cone. We confidently hope, however, that the worst of the eruption is over and the panic is certainly subsiding.

May Continue for Weeks. The admirable conduct of the King and Queen and of the Duke of Aosta in visiting the scene of destruction and suffering have done much to encourage and cheer the poor, and the royal family has been royally generous with money. The omeless remember, however, that in previous eruptions the lava has been known break out again and again for weeks, and the possibility of danger is therefore not yet past.

SINK IN BURNING TORRENT

Children Step on Lava and Sink When Crust Breaks.

NEW YORK, April 18 .- A cable dispatch to a moraing paper from Naples

SHYS: Several lade in Boscotrecan who were unharmed when the danger following the cruptions of Mount Vesuvius seemed most imminent, subsequently ventured to walk on the cooling lava. They went too far and the crust broke under their weight. They were swallowed up before the helpless onlock-

ers.

Many school children who were thought to have fled from their ashool and to have become lost on the moun-tain are safe. They wandered about for hours while the volcano rained red-hot stones and sands, but they escaped unburt.

King Edward Sends Sympathy. MESSINA, Sicily, April 10.-King Edward, who is here on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, has tele-graphed King Victor Emmanuel his pro-found regret at the volcanie disasters and his sympathy with the sufferers.

PROSECUTION OF THE CHICAGO PACKERS TO BE PUSHED.

Effort to Be Made by Federal Authorities to Punish the Accused as Individuals.

CHICAGO. April 10.-The Chronicle Will

President Roosevelt has once more taken a personal hand in the prosecution of the packers, and the result is apparent

in a resumption of activity on the part of present local Federal officials. It has been announced that the effort to punish the packers as individuals is to be renewed with promptitude and vigor. This is under instructions to District Attorney Morrison, from the President and Attorney-General Moosty. Attorney Morrison has been directed to process against the packers under the in of Judge Grosscup, of the United Judge Grosscup, of the United States Ircuit Court, and also to seek new indictments before the next Federal grand

Vesuvius Buried in Roman Era.

ERUPTION GROWS WORSE

Naples in Mourning Over Many Vic tims of Market Which Collapsed. Descried Villages Scenes of Welrd Desolation.

FIVE HUNDRED ARE DEAD. ROME, April 10.-A dispatch from Naples to the Tribuna reports that 560 persons have perished in the dis between Ottajano and San Guleeppi.

LONDON, April 11,-A disputch from Capri to the Times says that 200 persons perished in the colinpae of the church at San Gulseppe on Monday, and

NAPLES, April 11.-The Mattino in its feare today asserts that Sarao, a town in the Province of Salerno, has been destroyed. It was impossible to verify this printed report this morning.

Surno is a town of some 10,000 per ple and is situated about ten miles east of Mount Vesuvius. It contains an old envile, some sulphur boths and manufactories of paper, copper wares, cotton goods and silk fabrics.

NAPLES. April 11 .- (11:20 A. M.) -- A great cruption of sand is observed on the east side of the main crater. This is worse than ashes, as it is heavier. The ejection of ashes seems to have dimin-

Fresh shocks of earthquakes are being felt, especially in the direction of Ottajano, Somma and Nola. Fortunately the great amount of ashes on the ground seems to have counteracted the telluric action of the shocks. Another part of the main cone of the

olcano has failen in, causing a great discharge of red-hot stones, flame and Reports from Sicily state that ashes from Mount Vesuvius are noticeable

there.

POURING DOWN ON POMPEH

Lava Streams Changes Course and May Bury Roman Ruins.

NAPLES, April 16.-The volcano is uning great activity, especially at Ceriin a new direction-toward Torre Annunzinta-reached the cemetery of that town and then turned toward Pompell.

The troops are conveying provisi surgical necessaries and other material for the relief of the injured near Otta-

A violent storm of sulphurous rain occurred today at San Guiseppe, Vesuviana and Saviano.

NAPLES SHARES IN HORRORS Collapse of Market Under Ashes. Flow of Lava Increases.

NAPLES, April 10. - When morning

broke today the outlook was profor an amelioration of the conditions con-sequent upon the activity of Mount Ve-suvius. The hopefulness of the populace, however, was short lived, and the Nea-politana ilitans were plunged into a condition rdering on frenzy by the collapse of the Mount Oliveta Market, which covered a plot of ground 600 feet square, the structure falling upon 200 or more per-sons, of whom 12 were killed, two mortally injured, 24 dangerously and 100 less seriously injured. Several of the dead were crushed and mangled beyond recog nition. The scenes in the vicinity of the ruins were agonizing, relatives of the vic tims clamoring to be allowed to go to

their dead or dying. Storm of Ashes Renewed.

While early in the day the volcanic activity of Mount Vesuvius appeared to have diminished, as night approached the prospect of immediate relief faded away and the fate of the villages and fown grouped around the volcano seemed more opeless. Instead of decreasing, the fall of sand and ashes emitted from the crater increased. Even with the sun shinging high in the heavens, the light was dim yellow, in the midst of which the few people who remained in the stricke towns, their clothing, hair and beards covered with ashes, moved about in the awful stillness of desolution like gray ghosts.

Typical Scene of Desolation.

The case of Torre del Greco is typical For 30 hours the place has been practically descried, but amid the ruins and a semi-darkness, illuminated from time to time by vivid flashes of lightning, a few of the inhabitants go about hungry and with throats purched with smoke and dust, seemingly unable to tear themselves away from the ruins of what reently were their homes. Communication by rail or tramway with Torre del Grece that 200 more are believed to have been and Torre Annunziata is impossible, owing to the cinder, sand and ash depths. Railway travel to and from Naples is much hampered by the same conditions, and a collision today resulted in the in jury of about 12 passengers.

Flow of Lava Renewed.

The flow of lava from the volcano which had almost ceased during the recommenced early today the fall of volcanic ejecta in the Vesuvian communes has been enormous It is feared that the weight of ashes on roofs will cause the collapse of many more buildings, both here and in the towns and villages nearer the volcano.

Director Matteucci, who continues at his post in the observatory, telegraphed tonight that the volcano was generally calm last night, with ocusional sharp explosions, these beoming more violent toward morning. He says his selsenic instruments indicate great subterranean agitation,

King Victor, Emmanuel and Queen Helene have forwarded to Premie Sonnino, who is here, 229,000, to be applied toward the relief of the sufforers by the volcano.

Removal for Cowardice

The Prefect has removed the Mayor without informing his superiors.

Cardinal Prisco, archbishop Naples, who today visited the people wounded by the fallen Mount Oliveta Market, brought to these unfortunates

the benediction of the Pope. The Duchess of Aosta was angel of mercy to the sufferers by the market-house disaster. She conclusion the speaker was congratulated spent the entire day at the hospital, by many of his colleagues of both parties. comforting the bereaved and assisting

the injured.

The troops on duty in the volcanic zone are utilizing the railway carriages at different localities as camp hospitals. The Red Cross has established a hospital in the vicinity of San Guiseppi.

The number of dead taken from the church at San Guiseppi, which colof about 200 persons was attending mass, is 26. There were 79 severely Finance Minister Salandra, accompan-

(Concluded on Page 3.)

Would Remove Power of the Courts to Suspend Commission's Rates.

FULL POWER OF REVIEW

Senate Hears Great Speech Which Hale Admits to Show Way of Doing Justice to All-May Lead to Agreement.

WASHINGTON, April 16.-For more than four hours today, Bailey held the undivided attention of the Senate with a peech in reply to Spooner and Knox, and just before its conclusion there was a significant suggestion from Hale indicating the possibility of an understanding and an early vote on the railroad rate

The day was one of the most notable in the recent history of the Senate. Very



er J. W. Balley, of Texas.

during the day and every seat in the galof San Gulseppi from office because in the face of danger he left his village occupant with marked tenacity. Many members of the House of Representa-tives also crowded into the Senate chamber, some of them standing lined up against the walls for hours without a perceptible change in their positions. Sev-eral Senators and many more spectators went without luncheon rather than miss any part of Balley's speech, and at its There were comparatively few interruptions and there was no effort at apple until the close of the discussion, when there was a spontaneous outburst handelapping in the galleries which the Vice-President was unable for a time

> Bailey's Line of Argument. The close attention given throughout

the four hours was all the more marked lapsed yesterday while a congregation in view of the legal character of the argument. Bafley set out with one end in tention that Congress has power to deny the Inferior United States Courts the right to suspend the order of the Inter-

state Commerce Commission pending the final division of cases arising under the proposed law. This he undertook to do by citing innumerable decisions of the court and quoting many other authorities. These citations were interspersed with

Hale announced his willingness to ac cept the antisuspension amendment, and expressed confidence that, if Balley would on the other hand agree to a broad court review, there would be comparatively little difficulty in reaching an agreement on the bill. In response, Balley said he did not believe that review by the courts

Restrict Power of Courts.

Bailey, in opening his speech, discussed the proposition looking to the withdrawal of power of the inferior courts to suspend the orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission, referring to the contention than there would be a distinction between the power of Congress over cases in

equity and in law. "If," he said, "Congress can destroy proceedings in equity, it can destroy pro-

redings at law." This, he said, had been conceded by his opponents, as had also been the point that inferior courts derived their power from acts of Congress, and not from the

These concessions left as the only point the distinction between the judicial power of the United States and the Jurisdic tion of the Federal Courts, for which Mr. Knox and Mr. Spooner contend

He did not consider the point material but said that, if material in any connec tion, it did not apply in the pending legislation. He then entered upon a definition of the two terms, and after quoting many authorities, declared that they show that there is practically no differ ence between them.

Referring to quotations made Spooner in his argument to show that the power of temporary injunction could not be taken from the circuit courts Balley declared that as given, "they are calculated to deceive."

Spooner interrupted to remark that in the case quoted, a revenue case, "there was an adequate remedy at law," and Bailey responded, "so we will do in this

No Inherent Power in Courts.

Bailey then undertook to show that Congress has exercised the power to abridge the right of the courts to punish for contempt or to issue writs of manda-mus, asserting that the courts have no inherent power, and that it is the duty of the Federal courts not to make the law for Congress, but to obey the law that, If Congress has the right to restrict the power to punish for contempt, in God's name has it not the right to limit the power of injunction which has been so greatly abused by so many Federal

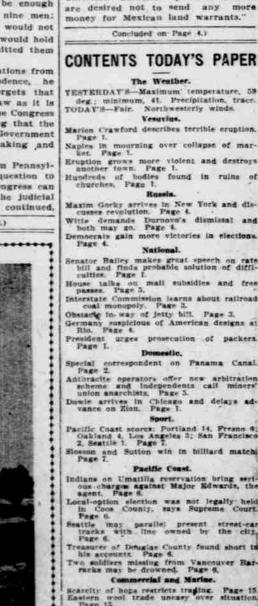
Balley entered into an elaborate argument to show that the courts cannot annul legislation because of inferential constitutional limitations. He spoke of the division of authority among the various branches of the Government, but said that he could not follow the utterings of recent years, which seem to proceed on the theory that there should be no re-

strictions upon the judiciary. Ninety Against Nine.

"This," he said, "is the first Government that ever conferred upon the judiciary the power to annul legislation. God knows that ought to be enough power to confer upon any nine men; we are 30; they are nine. I would not trench upon their power: I would hold myself unworthy if I permitted them to encroach upon mine." Referring to Knox's quotations from

the textbooks on jurisprudence, said that "the Senator forgets that they were discussing the law as it is and that it is as it is because Congress wills it so," the point being that the legislative branch of the Government is supreme in the law-making and court-regulating function

"Happily the Senator from Pennsylvania reduces the whole question to our point when he says Congress can say when, but not now, the judicial power shall speak," Bailey continued, (Concluded on Page 2.)



REBELLIOUS CITY

Arrives in Chicago but Goes No Further

PREPARES FOR LEGAL FIGHT

Voliva Takes Step to Stop His Supply of Cash.

BLOCK MEXICAN SCHEME

Immense Crowd Greets Prophet in Chicago-Process-Server Roughly Handled - Draws Funds

From 'Hidden Source.

CHICAGO, April 16 .- Dr. John Alexnder Dowle will not advance on the hosts of Zion" as suddenly as he expected. Tonight, after a long consultation with his legal adviser, Emil J. Wittel, Dowie gave out the statement that it might be several days before he saw fit to enter the city which he

had founded. "The First Apostle" arrived in the City of Chicago this morning shortly before 9 o'clock, completing the first stage of his long journey from Mexico to the City of Zion, where he is to face his accusers. An immense crowd was at the station to greet the selfstyled Elijah III.

No Compromise With Voliva. After a short rest Dowle sumnsoned his legal advisers and then ensued a

conference which lasted the greater part of the evening. Just what proceedings will be taken to reinstate the "First Apostle" in Zion City were not definitely stated, but Dowle did state most emphatically that there would be no compre with Voliva and that John A. Dowie

must be the leader of Zion or nothing

Cut Off Supply of Cash.

The same determination of spirit was manifested at Zion City tonight. when at a conference of the business committee of 12 appointed by Voliva. it was decided to send to all branches of the church throughout the world the following order:

"Officers, members and friends of the Christian Catholic Apostolic Church are desired not to send any more money for Mexican land warrants."

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