MELTED BY THE ACID

Bottles Buried by Steve Adams Nearly Destroyed.

REMOVED BY THREE MEN

Stopper Is Supposed to Have Been Loosened and the "Hell Fire" Mixture Allowed to Escape.

BOISE, Idaho, March 29.—(Special.)—At Pocatello this morning Detective Thiele went out to the old mill with the Chief of Police and others and got the remains of the tin can and bottles cached there by Steve Adams in September, 1903. The bottles were melted, but all were where they had been placed under the cinder heap when removed in October, 1904.

There were three men present when the removal was made. These were Jim Byrd, George McConkey and Frank Shaffer. They were taking out timbers upon which the sawmill had stood. In digging to get a chain under a timber the tin can filled with bottles was struck. They pulled one stopper and one of the men was severely burned. Then the bottle was thrown out of the building.

The bottles emitted such a smell that the can was carried just outside the building and buried in the cinders. A week or so later J. C. McConkey and J. C. Ryan saw smoke coming from the cinder heap and tried to put it out. They stamped the place. It is supposed one of the stoppers had been loosened in some manner in moving the can, and that a fire started under the cinders which finally melted the bottles.

When the men tried to stamp the fire out they got their boots afire and had difficulty in putting it out. All these men have been seen and have told the same story.

WASHINGTON SUPREME COURT

Three Decisions Are Handed Down at Olympia.

OLYMPIA, Wash., March 29.—Even where husband and wife have separated no third person may interfere to prevent reconciliation, and such separation is not proper defense in an action for damages for alienation of affection, says the Supreme Court today in the suit of Joseph N. Morris against Maynard Warwick, from Lincoln County. The order of the lower court dismissing the action is set aside and a trial on the merits is ordered.

Judgment for defendant is affirmed in the Jefferson County case of the administrator of the estate of W. H. Fiske against the Merchants' Bank of Port Townsend, in which the estate sued for $512 deposit. The bank's defense was that this was a balance of $12,781 false credit Fiske had secured from the bank by forging the indorsement of F. Chevalier & Co. to drafts and checks.

Judgment for defendant is affirmed in the case of Lewis Dusenberry, who sued to foreclose a mortgage on Columbia County land given by William McDole. McDole claimed an agreement by which he paid the amount of the mortgage in wheat, and the plaintiff claimed that it should have been paid in money. Wheat was good payment under the agreement, says the Supreme Court.

IMMENSE DEMAND FOR LUMBER

Mills in Washington Are Unable to Handle Orders.

SEATTLE, March 29.—(Special.)—An abnormal demand for lumber from all parts of this country and foreign ports has overcrowded every lumber mill in the state, tied up every log in the water, and has been responsible for increases in the lumber price lists running from $5 to $10 per M over the price list of 1904.

There is not a mill in the state in a position to insure prompt deliveries, and at one big office today—that of the H. C. Bolcom Lumber Company—orders received in the morning mail were thrown aside that, if accepted, would have kept every mill the company controls busy for four months. Other lumber offices are unable to handle the business offered them.

If the coming Summer proves to be a dry season it will be extremely embarrassing for the millmen. It is a hazardous undertaking to log during a dry Summer, for the donkey engines throw sparks in every direction. The danger of fire will be so great that extreme caution will have to be exercised.

It is already practically certain that the loggers, who should go into the Winter with 150,000,000 feet of logs on hand, will not be able to accumulate any surplus stocks this Summer.

WHEAT IS KILLED IN SPOTS

Western Whitman County Will Not Be a Heavy Loser.

COLFAX, Wash., March 29.—Lillis F. Smith, financier and "wheat king" of Endicott, questioned as to damage to the wheat crop in Western Whitman County, said:

"There is a great difference, varying with the different kinds of wheat, the locality and the quality of the soil. In some localities practically all of it is killed. In others, a small portion, and in spots no damage has been done at all. On the south and west slopes there has been but little damage, while on the north hillsides, where the cold wind struck it, the wheat is nearly all killed.

"Club and bluestem wheat seem to be injured worse than the regular Winter varieties. The damage runs from 20 to 50 per cent, but, as that is not a Fall wheat country, and not more than 20 per cent of the acreage is thus sown, the total loss will not affect the general yield of the county to any great extent.

"Spring sowing was well advanced when the cold wave came. Had the good weather continued a few days longer all of the farmers in our section would have had their Spring wheat planted, and it will require but a few days now to finish the Spring seeding."

PACK WILL BE MADE SMALLER

British Columbia Packers Will Run Fewer Canneries.

ASTORIA, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—W. H. Barker, of Vancouver, B. C., general manager of the British Columbia Packers' Association, was here today and said everything looks prosperous for the fishing industry in the North, although they do not expect to put up nearly the pack this season that they did last year.

"In fact," said he, "while our company operated 21 canneries last season, we will run but 12 this year, five on the Fraser and seven in the North. Last year we packed 552,000 cases on the Fraser and we are making preparations to handle but 100,000 cases this coming season.

"However, the market is well cleaned up, which indicates good prices and as there have been over 140,000,000 salmon fry turned into the Fraser during the past year, we have excellent prospects for the future and consequently are feeling greatly encouraged. These were of course artificially hatched, and in addition the natural spawning beds are full. This is especially true at Quisnell, where a dam was built a few years ago and in 1901 hundreds of tons of salmon were killed there. This dam has now been removed and as a result the upper waters have since been swarming with fish.

The Alaska pack is now well sold out and I anticipate that we will be able to get at least $1 per dozen for this season's pack of Alaska reds."

FURNISH DITCH IS COMPLETED

Twenty Thousand Acres in Umatilla County Will Be Watered.

PENDLETON, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—W. J. Furnish announced today that the Furnish ditch, which is to reclaim 20,000 acres of land in the western end of this county, will be opened Monday. Of this amount of land, 10,000 acres are now ready for water, and there are at least 10,000 acres more which can be brought under the ditch.

This land is adjoining the big Umatilla reclamation project which the Government now has in hand. The Furnish ditch is 30 miles in length, while the Government canal will be 22 miles long and will also supply water for 20,000 acres.

NEW RULES FOR SALOONS

MAYOR OF SEATTLE IS CLEANING UP THE TOWN.

Licenses Are Refused at Street-Car Transfer Points and Closed Boxes to Be Forbidden.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 29.—(Special.)—If Mayor Moore carries out a new programme he has formulated he will make life a burden to certain saloon men. He has declared against licenses for drinking-houses at transfer corners, and is even now holding up two licenses that involve a renewal of old grants. Each is located on a corner where transfers are made from one street-car to another.

Before the week is out the Mayor will have prepared a set of regulations for the saloons that will be transmitted to the police department for enforcement. These regulations will prohibit boxes in the saloons save those with open fronts, forbid the loitering of women and will specify the degree of order that must be preserved. The instruction to the police force will be based upon the Mayor's interpretation of the law.

Already the police have raided one up-town lodging-house where suspicion was cast upon the character of its inhabitants. A dozen other houses are marked for a new crusade. The first raid was ordered upon reports the Mayor received and the others will be attacked upon similar showings.

It has been shown pretty clearly that the order to clean up the town will be given in explicit terms, and will be carried out. The new city executive is aiming most of his reform moves at the saloons.

LAWS ADVOCATED BY GRANGE

License Tax on Classes of Cars and Express and Other Companies.

MACLEAY, Or., March 29.—The State Grange executive committee, composed of R. G. Leedy, Austin T. Buxton and C. E. Spence, has issued the following, addressed to "the people of Oregon":

The approaching election is one of the most important in the history of the state. Every voter should carefully consider his ballot before casting it. The people here and elsewhere are just awakening to see that elections are often a contest between the rights of the people and the corporate interests.

Among the initiative laws to be voted on in June are two put forward by the State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, which have been largely indorsed by the farmers, the workingmen and the taxpayers generally. One bill provides for an annual license tax upon the gross earnings of oil car, sleeping-car and refrigerator car companies. (Vote 318 X yes on ballot.) The other provides a similar tax upon express, telegraph and telephone companies. (Vote 329 X yes on ballot.)

These corporations have been doing a profitable business in the State of Oregon and have hitherto escaped paying any tax worth mentioning. The expenses of state government are rapidly increasing, and the burden of taxation falls more and more heavily upon the owners of real estate. Other states have similar laws in force, and relief has come, thereby, to the farmer and to the man who owns his home.

The Grange has labored long to secure a more equal taxation in Oregon, and has petitioned for these laws in the expectation that every taxpayer and fair-minded citizen would support them.

The provisions of these bills do not revoke or change any law upon our statutes. They seek to accomplish only what is right and just.

Printed copies are in the hands of the County Clerks for free distribution. We urge the citizens to examine these laws, and all others to be voted on June 4. The conservative and substantial character of the Grange is a sufficient guarantee that these laws are moderate in demand and in the direction of necessary reform.

Connaught Goes Fishing.

DUNCANS, B. C., March 29.—Prince Arthur of Connaught and party arrived here this morning by special train and were met by automobiles and carriages which conveyed the royal party to Cowichan Lake, 24 miles from here, where two days will be spent in fishing. The villagers crowded at the station and loyally welcomed the Prince, who smilingly bowed his acknowledgments.

After completing the fishing at the lake, the party will run the rapids of the Cowichan in a number of Indian canoes, manned by crews of Quamichan Indians.

Centralia Needs an Opera-House.

CENTRALIA, Wash., March 29.—(Special.)—A proposal will be made to the Centralia Commercial Club at its next meeting to form a stock company and build a new opera-house for Centralia. Manager E. W. Thomas, of the present opera-house, has stated his desire to build a new opera-house and his friends have urged him to put up a stone or brick building. Mr. Thomas is not financially able to do this, but with some help from a stock company he believes that he could build a new opera-house that would be a credit to Centralia.

Gets News of Brother's Death.

SEATTLE, March 29.—Bernard Pelly, British Vice-Consul at the port of Seattle, received a cable this morning announcing the death of his brother Lancelot, in Corea. There had been no previous word of his illness and the Vice-Consul had been arranging for the home-coming of his brother, who intended to make Seattle his home after May 1.

Killed by Runaway Horse.

UNION, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—Edith, the 14-year-old daughter of C. H. Clark, of Union, while riding a runaway horse yesterday, was thrown and so badly injured that she died a few hours later.

DAM IS BLOWN UP

Linn County People Are Much Stirred Up.

FIGHT FOR A WATERWAY

W. J. Turnidge, of Crabtree Station, Seeks to Secure All Rights on the Roaring River and Crabtree Creek.

ALBANY, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—A dam across Roaring River, near its confluence with Crabtree Creek, in the eastern part of Linn County, and at the location of the mill of W. T. Larwood, was blown up with dynamite at about 11 o'clock last night. This lawless act marks the beginning of hostilities in a struggle for right of way over these streams for logging, lumbering and milling purposes, and is the first indication Albany people have received of the white heat to which feeling over the matter has arisen among residents of that rich lumbering section of Linn County.

March 7, W. J. Turnidge, of Crabtree station, about ten miles from the confluence of Crabtree Creek and Roaring River, where the sawmill of W. T. Larwood is located, filed with the County Clerk of Linn County an application to have the two streams above mentioned declared unnavigable waterways, to make them a public highway for the purpose of floating and transporting logs, timber, lumber and wood, and the use thereof a public use for such purposes, and to acquire to himself the exclusive right to regulate, manage and control the stream for the above-mentioned purposes and to charge the public for such uses such rate as may be reasonable.

Turnidge also reserved the right to lease or sell his right. In return for these privileges and rights, Turnidge proposes to remove all obstructions from the waterways and make them open for lumbering purposes.

The streams for which Turnidge has applied for an exclusive control are the outlet for timber from one of the richest lumbering districts of Linn County, and the exclusive control of these streams has been estimated to be worth many thousands of dollars. There are already small lumber mills operating along the streams. When active cutting of timber begins, the privileges asked for will become a valuable asset.

The mill of W. T. Larwood comes within the territory which Turnidge seeks to control, and Larwood and his friends raised a vigorous protest against granting the exclusive control to Turnidge. Feeling in the community has reached a white heat, and when last night some unknown person or persons fired a charge of dynamite under the Larwood dam, blowing the same out of the river and utterly destroying it, the war for control began.

The explosion was powerful, breaking the windows in the home of Mr. Larwood near by, and the flying debris tore shingles from the roof of his house.

Yesterday, prior to the explosion, the residents of the Larwood community held a mass meeting and resolved to protest against granting the privileges asked by Turnidge. Today one of the Larwood people stated that people generally around there were subscribing to a fund to rebuild the destroyed dam. Under present conditions the Larwood mill is idle, the creek not running enough water to operate the mill without the dam.

UNITED RAILWAYS FRANCHISE

Forest Grove Grants Right of Way on City Streets.

FOREST GROVE, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—At a special meeting of the City Council, held last evening, a new franchise was granted to the United Railways Company, of Portland, for the construction of its interurban electric line along the streets of this city. A franchise had been granted the old Oregon Traction Company, but it had lapsed because work had not been completed in the time required.

The new charter is much the same as the old, and permits the road to come into the city along the principal street from the east, and makes a loop around the business center of the town. The franchise is for 25 years, and the line must be completed and in operation by June 1, 1907, or the right lapses.

SECRECY OF THE BALLOT

CLACKAMAS COUNTY PEOPLE RAISE SETTLED QUESTION.

Citizen Who Will Not Give His Political Affiliation May Not Vote at Primaries.

SALEM, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—The validity of that portion of the direct-primary law which requires a voter to register his party affiliations has been questioned by residents of Clackamas County, who have presented the matter to the Attorney-General for his opinion. Mr. Crawford has replied, quoting the plain provisions of the statute, which says that no person shall be permitted to vote in a primary election unless he has registered his party affiliation.

The Attorney-General says that in view of this plain provision, it would be impossible for him to hold otherwise than that it is the duty of election judges to reject the ballot of any person who has refused to register his party affiliations.

The point the Clackamas people raise is that the requirement of registration is a violation of the secrecy of the ballot, for such registration gives notice to the world which party the voter belongs to. This same question was raised when the primary law was before the people for adoption, and it was then shown that the primary law violates the secrecy of the ballot no more than did the old system of conducting primary elections.

Under the old system, the party primaries were conducted separately and in order to participate in Republican primaries a man must acknowledge himself a member of that party, and do it publicly. The only difference under the present system is that the voter must make his party affiliation known at least ten days before the election.

One purpose of the direct primary law was to prevent the members of one party from participating in the primary election of another party. That end could not be attained without requiring a man to acknowledge party affiliation. It was necessary under the old system and is now necessary. If a man wants to keep his party affiliation secret he must stay out of the primaries. And this was true under the old system as under the new.

The direct primary law does not, therefore, make any change so far as the secrecy of the ballot is concerned. If a man refuses to acknowledge himself a member of either the Republican or the Democratic party he will be refused an opportunity to participate in the selection of candidates for either of those parties.

BREAK WAY OUT OF JAIL

Seattle Short-Term Prisoners Find Easy Method of Escape.

SEATTLE, March 29.—(Special.)—Four city prisoners, serving short terms in what is known as the "work" cell at the city jail, tore off a small plank and escaped through the roof of the prison some time last night. A cedar plank, an inch thick, was the only preventive of an escape and the prisoners had no trouble in removing this.

This is the fifth jailbreak at the city prison within two years, and the second occurring in this manner. Those who got away were: James Dunn, alias Henderson, an ex-convict with but one day of his 63-day sentence left to serve; W. Foval, serving 30 days for disorderly conduct; W. Livington, a tool thief, serving 63 days; B. Tracy, an opium smoker under 15 days' sentence.

HATCHERY ON SOUTH COOS

BUILDING SMALL, BUT MANY EGGS CAN BE HANDLED.

Fish Warden Will Also Select a Site for Plant on the Coquille River.

COOS BAY, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—H. G. Van Dusen, State Fish Warden, has just let a contract to A. J. Savage, of Marshfield, to construct a hatchery building on South Coos River, on the site where operations have been carried on successfully for the past five years.

The building will be something of the style of the Wallowa hatchery, and will be 104 feet 6 inches by 55 feet 4 inches. It will be equipped with 156 hatching troughs and it is estimated that 10,000,000 fish can be hatched each season.

"The building will be only about half the size of the Wallowa station, but on account of the mild climate here," said Mr. Van Dusen, "we will be able to handle a great many more eggs. We can carry on more than half of the work out in the open."

While here the Fish Warden will select a site for a hatchery on the Coquille River, to be in readiness for Fall work. Heretofore the heavy logging in the different forks of the Coquille has prevented the fish from going up the streams far enough, and eggs were taken at the Coos River station and hatched, and the small fry taken over there in large milk cans and turned loose when they were a couple of inches long. Mr. Van Dusen considers the Coos River hatchery one of the best locations in the West.

AFTER BOTH CONVENTIONS

Walla Walla Will Make Overtures to the Big Parties.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., March 29.—(Special.)—Walla Walla is going to make a try for the state conventions of both political parties this year. The matter was brought up in the Commercial Club meeting this evening and a committee appointed to take it in hand.

It is said that the state administration is desirous of holding the Republican convention in Seattle, but a great many of the politicians are favoring Tacoma or some other city. According to reports that come from Puget Sound the members of the Republican state central committee do not look with much favor on the plan to hold the convention in Seattle, it being hinted that it is a scheme to boost certain factional interests.

May Bar Saloons From Seaside.

SEASIDE, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—At a regular meeting of the City Council of Seaside Monday evening an iron-clad ordinance was introduced raising saloon licenses to $650 per year, prohibiting concerts or music of any kind in the saloons and making licenses non-transferable.

This, the saloon-keepers allege, is tantamount to prohibition. From present indications, if the ordinance passes on its third reading, Seaside will be without a saloon during the coming year.

The revenue from the saloons at present is $300 per year, and the reason for raising the license is the need of the city for more money.

Allotting Lands to Indians.

HOQUIAM, Wash., March 29.—(Special.)—T. R. Archer, who is alloting lands to the Indians in the Quinault reserve, today said:

"We have allotted 150 claims or 12,000 acres. The land being chosen is along the Quinault River and ocean. The work is now being done along the Coast Range, but we find it slow, owing to Indians being slow to take their allotments. The work is now about half done, but I have no way of telling how many Indians not on the census are eligible to have land according to treaty rights."

Glen Scott Elected President.

PENDLETON, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—The annual student-body election of the Pendleton High School was held this afternoon. Glen Scott, the leader of the debating team, was chosen president, and Miss Edna Zimmerman vice-president. No other officers were elected, owing to the fact that though a large number of ballots were taken no person could poll a majority of the votes cast. A secretary and treasurer will therefore be elected at a subsequent meeting.

Huntington Gets Electric Lines.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 29.—An important transfer of railway and electric lines involving $546,000 has been recorded here. All interests of E. S. Babcock in this city, consisting of trolley lines and a steam railway to La Jolla, were made over to the Los Angeles & San Diego Beach Railway Company, or in other words to the Huntington interests, and the announced intention of the corporation is to construct electric lines from Los Angeles to Tia Juana, on the Mexican border.

Garfield to Have Gymnasium.

GARFIELD, Wash., March 29.—(Special.)—At a meeting of some 30 of the citizens of Garfield at the Hotel Carter it was determined to build a gymnasium and library 105x70, west of and adjoining the graded school building at a cost of $5000 to $7000. The subscription was liberally started and a committee consisting of I. J. Howard, J. A. Dix, L. W. Follis and J. W. Roudebush were appointed to solicit additional subscriptions.

Master of the Ariel Married.

HOQUIAM, Wash., March 29.—(Special.)—Captain E. J. Spicer, of the schooner Ariel, and Miss Daisy Smith were married tonight in this city. The house was decorated with a profusion of cut flowers and the affair was largely attended.

WINS AT SEATTLE

University of Oregon Has Negative Side on Debate.

IDAHO VICTOR AT EUGENE

Argument Whether Interstate Commerce Commission Should Be Given Power to Fix the Railroad Rates.

SEATTLE, March 29.—(Special.)—The University of Oregon debating team defeated Washington here tonight after a splendid exhibition. Oregon had the negative of the question, "Resolved, that the Interstate Commerce Commission should be given the power to prescribe reasonable maximum railroad rates in cases brought before it, these rates to take effect within a reasonable time and to obtain thence onward subject to review by the courts."

W. C. Winslow, second speaker for Oregon, made the hit of the evening by a vigorous oratorical effort. B. O. Dodson contributed toward the victory by a logical speech and cool delivery, and J. C. Veatch closed with a clear summary and powerful appeal.

Oregon contended that the measure proposed would not help the railroad, because it would not touch discriminations. Washington placed too much stress on extortionate rates, they said, when as a matter of fact rates in the United States are not unreasonable; furthermore, the plan proposed would be a positive harm to the public, shipper and carrier. Oregon contended there are much better means of rate regulation.

The Washington men gave most of their time to prove that rates are exorbitant and that regulation by the commission would remedy this evil. John W. Campbell, Stanley A. Griffith and Ingham Hughes constituted the Washington team. The decision was two for Oregon and one for Washington.

JUDGES DECIDE FOR IDAHO

Team From Moscow Has the Negative at Eugene.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, March 29.—(Special.)—Oregon's strong debating trio went down to defeat before the Idaho team last night in Villard Hall. Both teams evinced the most thorough preparation, and the debate was ably carried on by both sides. The contest turned on the work of the two leaders, T. B. Dodson for Oregon and V. C. Price for Idaho, and their forensic endeavors were the feature of the debate.

J. R. Latourette opened the debate with a careful presentation of the facts that extortionate and discriminative railroad rates exist for which public sentiment demands a remedy. Roy Peebler, of Idaho, followed with arguments to show that the affirmative remedy was inadequate, since it clearly could not cure the private-car evil or the discrimination of terminal roads.

F. V. Galloway upheld the affirmative with arguments to prove that the remedy was sufficient to cure evils complained of. That power to prescribe rates would cause inelastic rates and be inefficient to cure discrimination was the argument of McKeen Marrow, of Idaho, and then Dodson, for the affirmative, proved the expediency of the remedy as shown by the record of the commission.

V. C. Price closed Idaho's debate by a strong presentation of the unconstitutional features of the prospective remedy, and left the case of the affirmative in such shape that five minutes' great rebuttal work by Oregon's leader could not gather it together again. The judges were: W. D. Fenton, G. G. Gammans and R. W. Montague, of Portland, and Chairman I. M. Glen, of the University of Oregon. Their decision was unanimous.

Idaho Defeated at Home.

MOSCOW, Idaho, March 29.—(Special.)—In the intercollegiate debate here tonight, between the Washington State University, of Seattle, and the University of Idaho, Washington won on a close decision, the vote of the judges standing 2 to 1. The question for debate was, "Should the Interstate Commerce Commission be given power to fix a reasonable maximum railroad rate in cases brought before it."

Idaho had the affirmative, and was represented by Jewett D. Matthews, Orland P. Darwin and Charles A. Montandon. Washington sent Margaret Heyes, Charles Whalland and Floyd A. Hatfield to present the negative. Hatfield proved the star debater of the two teams, and it was owing to his able work that the visitors were able to win. For Idaho, Montandon carried off the honors.

The participants all acquitted themselves well, and the question was thoroughly threshed out, from an argumentative standpoint. The popular view seemed to be that Idaho had a shade the better of the contest, but the judges took the other view and gave the victory to Washington. Mayor W. M. Morgan presided, and the judges were President Black, of the Lewiston Normal; Judge John O. Bender, of Lewiston, and Judge J. G. Hinkle, of Spokane.

DEAD OF THE NORTHWEST

R. W. Van Dyke.

CENTRALIA, Wash., March 29.—R. W. Van Dyke, an old resident of Centralia, died at his home here last night from erysipelas and disabilities of age. Mr. Van Dyke had been a familiar figure to the traveling public for many years in Centralia, where he handled different daily papers. He was the father of John F. Van Dyke, of the internal revenue service at Tacoma.

Thomas McCubbins.

OREGON CITY, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—Thomas McCubbins, aged 45 years, a farmer residing at Logan, died of cancer at his home yesterday. He is survived by a wife and six children.

Bond on Astoria Tideland.

ASTORIA, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—S. D. Adair today secured a bond for an Eastern company on a tract of 1000 acres of tideland, located just across Young's Bay from this city and between Young's and Lewis and Clark Rivers. The price at which the land is bonded is $50 per acre. The intention of the company is to dike the property, thus making it suitable for farming purposes.

Body Found in Wishkah.

ABERDEEN, Wash., March 29.—(Special.)—The mystery of the disappearance of William Anderson, aged 72, from Hoquiam a month ago, was cleared up today when his body was found floating in the Wishkah River. It is supposed he committed suicide.

County Clerk Will Resign.

ABERDEEN, Wash., March 29.—(Special.)—County Clerk Philbrick will resign his office, which would expire next January, to begin at once the practice of law in Hoquiam.

For Thin, Poor Blood

You can trust a medicine tested sixty years! Sixty years of experience, think of that! Experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla; the original Sarsaparilla; the Sarsaparilla the doctors endorse for thin blood, weak nerves, general debility. What does your doctor say?

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also Manufacturers of
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR—For the hair. AYER'S PILLS—For constipation.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL—For coughs. AYER'S AGUE CURE—For malaria and ague.

RAILROADED TO PRISON

ITALIAN SAYS TWO WITNESSES ARE PERJURED.

Alleges Women Told False Story of Confessed Assault to Get Him Out of the Way.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 29.—(Special.)—Matteo Romano, serving a 14-year sentence for an assault with intent to murder Sebastian Ucci, has asked the Superior Court to compel Justice of the Peace Davis to issue warrants for the arrest of the two principal witnesses against him on charges of perjury. A dozen affidavits filed with the application declare these witnesses confessed they swore falsely.

Romano was a young Italian who made the mistake of falling in love with Conchetta Rosetti, a young wife. He met the girl-wife at the home of her mother, Mrs. Sebastian Ucci. Later Mr. Rosetti learned of the love affair and Romano ceased his attentions to the woman. About the same time Mrs. Ucci decided she wanted a divorce and a younger husband. She got the divorce.

While Ucci was living alone he was set upon on the streets one day by three men and shot in the arm. No prosecution resulted because Ucci refused to interfere. But when attacked by two men at his home one night he entered a complaint. Romano was arrested. Both Conchetta Rosetti and her mother swore that Romano had confessed to them that he committed the assault.

In the affidavits asking for the prosecution of the two women it is claimed by a dozen persons that they have since confessed that Rosetti and Mrs. Ucci instigated the testimony, and both because they wanted Romano to get out of the way. They wanted to separate Conchetti Rosetti and her young lover.

This story was carried to the County Attorney and to every Justice of the Peace in the county. All refused a warrant, and finally in desperation mandamus proceedings were commenced. If perjury can be proven, Romano's attorneys hope to get a pardon.

Notices of Candidacy Filed.

SALEM, Or., March 29.—(Special.)—Harvey E. Cross, of Oregon City, today filed notice of his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Representative from Multnomah and Clackamas Counties. He signed Statement No. 1.

W. M. Slusher, of Pendleton, filed his declaration as candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative from Umatilla and Morrow Counties. He says he will consider the vote on United States Senator as a recommendation which he will be at liberty to ignore if the reasons for so doing seem sufficient to him.

The Reason You Will Like

TOWLE'S LOG CABIN PENOCHE SYRUP

is because it is purer, more wholesome and richer than any other pure cane sugar syrup ever made.

Log Cabin Penoche has the advantage over all other cane sugar syrups in flavor and richness, because West India cane sugar is used and in our exclusive process of refining we retain the deliciousness of the **original sweet.**

Log Cabin Penoche like Log Cabin Maple is the best syrup of its kind. Take no substitute for Log Cabin Penoche. Imitations are flattering to us but dangerous to you. The best candies you ever tasted can be made from Log Cabin Penoche Syrup.

A book of new candy and dessert recipes, "Penoche Secrets," sent free for your request on a postal

The Towle Maple Syrup Company

St. Paul, Minn.

Makers of
Towle's Famous Log Cabin Molasses

KEITH'S $3.50 and $4.00 KONQUEROR SHOES FOR MEN

Specially designed to give full play to the 26 bones of the foot and save the muscles from undue strain. Weight of body correctly distributed along **axis of sole**, preventing tired, aching feet. Linings molded to lasts—cannot wrinkle or hurt feet. Quality and workmanship the most advanced.

SOLD BY W. J. FULLAM, 283-285 Morrison St.

PRESTON B. KEITH SHOE CO., Makers, Brockton, Mass.