# MAKE IT THOROUGH

## President's Orders for Inquiry About Valencia.

## COMMISSION LEAVES TODAY

**Action of Officers and of "Rescuing" Steamers and of Owners to Be Inquired Into, Also Provisions For Life Saving.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Formal directions were issued today by President Roosevelt for an investigation of the Valencia disaster, which occurred recently upon the North Pacific Coast. The instructions are contained in a letter to Secretary Metcalf, of the Department of Commerce and Labor. President Roosevelt's letter follows:

You are hereby directed to instruct Lawrence O. Murray, Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and Herbert Knox Smith, Deputy Commissioner of Corporations, as well as Captain William T. Burwell, United States Navy, who will be detailed for service in your department, to proceed to Seattle, Wash., and there make thorough and complete investigation of all the circumstances attending the wreck of the steamer Valencia and the cause or causes thereof, and any misconduct, negligence or dereliction of duty upon the part of anyone related thereto and having any bearing upon the loss of life occasioned by said disaster; and also, as you may direct, to investigate such other matters bearing upon the safety of traffic in navigable waters of the United States in that vicinity and the effectiveness and sufficiency of the present aids to navigation along said waters; and to make full report thereon, with recommendations for such departmental or legislative action as may be indicated by said report and findings.

Messrs. Murray and Smith will leave here tomorrow morning and go direct to Seattle. Admiral Burwell, commandant at the Bremerton Navy Yard, will meet them on their arrival. In anticipation of the work of the commission, Secretary Metcalf has wired the officials of the Department in Seattle to secure accommodations for the hearings and to have ready all the testimony, evidence and the exhibits as described at the inquiry of the local inspectors.

**Wide Powers of Commission.**

The orders of the Secretary to the Commission issued today direct it to investigate not only the question of the conduct of licensed officers of vessels upon the Valencia, Queen, Topeka and others connected with the disaster and the relations of the steamboat inspection service thereto, but also to the general management of the Valencia, her equipment and operation and the relation of her owner, the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, to the district, and also to the conditions of the coast and of the Strait of Juan de Fuca in the vicinity of the place of the wreck with a view to the sufficiency of the present aids to navigation in that vicinity and any needed improvement that may be found to be essential for the safety of traffic.

Every available witness will be examined, and the Department desires all those having knowledge of the disaster to aid the Commission by giving testimony.

**Frye Will Act Vigorously.**

President Roosevelt received information which led him to believe that United States District Attorney Frye believed it undesirable to go further into the Valencia investigation than he had already gone. The President sent to the Attorney-General peremptory orders to place himself at the disposal of the special commission appointed to make an inquiry into the Valencia disaster. Today the following telegram was received from Mr. Frye by the Department of Justice:

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 7.—The Attorney-General, Washington, D. C.: Authorize you to say to the President that I did not state that I had been brought into the Valencia investigation too late to be of practical service. I did not say that I found it would be necessary to recall nearly every witness to make the investigation thoroughly, which fact I regretted, as witnesses were scattering. Criticised no one. Expect to conclude Tacoma grand jury term next Thursday. Will then proceed with vigorous investigation of the Valencia disaster. FRYE.

# BOAT GOT AWAY EASILY

**SURVIVOR SAYS LOSS OF LIFE FROM VALENCIA NEEDLESS.**

**F. A. Campbell Gives Strong Testimony Before Board of Inquiry at Victoria—No Discipline.**

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 7.—After examining the liferaft brought from Turtle Island and some life preservers both of cork and tule, the Canadian government commissioners this morning heard the evidence of F. A. Campbell, a commercial traveler, who lost his wife and daughter in the Valencia disaster, to the effect that 20 minutes elapsed after the steamer struck until No. 3 boat, in which he with his wife and daughter and 12 others left the vessel was lowered. The boat had no trouble getting away from the wreck. In the 20 minutes he looked for officers to ascertain what to do, but found none.

There was no panic, but a total lack of management. No one seemed to direct things. He had no idea who ordered the lowering of the boats. There was no one in charge. The only member of the crew in the boat was a fireman. The boat's plug did not fit, and the tholepin was not good, breaking after the oars had been shipped with difficulty, and letting an oar drift away. The boat became unmanageable, was tossed into the breakers and turned over, drowning his wife and daughter and five others. He managed to get ashore.

Had there been an officer in charge of the boat, he thought it could have ridden out to sea. The sea was not heavy, and the seven drowned when it was driven ashore would probably have been saved. He saw no rockets fired, except one, which described a small circle and fell into the water.

After getting ashore the ship was under his observation, and, with the exception of the few minutes he was in the breakers, he would have seen rockets had they been fired. Flares were burned on the after end of the steamer. There was not much confusion among the passengers. They did not think themselves in danger.

F. Richley, a fireman of the Valencia, gave evidence at the investigation this afternoon, corroborating Campbell's testimony.

**WILL APPEAL TO CONGRESS.**

**Seattle Chamber of Commerce to Aid Coast Shipping.**

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 7.—(Special.)—For the better protection of shipping along the coast from the mouth of the Columbia north the local Chamber of Commerce will memorialize Congress to grant the recommendations made by a subcommittee today, the substance of which follows:

Beginning at Gray's Harbor, we think that from there up to Cape Flattery a proper road should be built so that the coast may be accessible for life-saving and salvage purposes. We also recommend that the wireless telegraphic service to connect with vessels at sea be installed by the Government, as well as telephone communication along the shore.

We find there is a distance of more than 50 miles north of Gray's Harbor with no lighthouse. The Government usually affords such protection every 30 miles. We recommend that a proper lighthouse be secured at Point Granville.

In reference to the present telegraph line at Tatoosh, we recommend that it be improved and that such force be maintained that the same may be relied upon at all times, or that proper connection be made with the Alaska cable to supplement the present service.

We understand the fog signal station at Tatoosh is out of date and that on account of the small appropriation available, the fog horn is put in operation only when the fog has actually settled close in to the station, but the fog horn should be operated whenever there is a possibility of its being of service to ships within the zone reached by the horn.

We recommend that the Government build and equip and constantly maintain at Neah Bay as a basis, a vessel suitable for life-saving and salvage purposes with the most modern equipment of all kinds for the purpose of cruising the coast from Gray's Harbor to Cape Flattery.

# WOMEN ASK RECOGNITION

**WANT TO HELP IN INVESTIGATING SOCIAL PROBLEMS.**

**Mrs. Shaw Gives President Hints on Marriage and Birth Rate at Woman Suffrage Gathering.**

BALTIMORE, Feb. 7.—The thirty-eighth annual convention of the Women's Suffrage Association began here today and will continue until and including February 12. The meeting is one of the most numerously attended gatherings ever held by the suffragists in this country, nearly all the prominent leaders of the cause being present. Preceding the assemblage of the convention, there was a meeting of the executive committee and a council of state presidents, which was presided over by Harriet Taylor Upton, of Ohio, and was attended by the officials of the national association and the chairmen of various committees.

The evening session brought forth a disappointment in that the honorary president, Miss Susan B. Anthony, who was to have presided, was still too indisposed to attend, the president of the association, Rev. Anna Howard Shaw, filling the vacancy. Governor Edwin Warfield delivered an address of welcome. The response was made jointly by Mrs. Julia Ward Howe and Miss Clara Barton, after which the president's annual address was read by Mrs. Shaw, who said:

While it is true that marriage and the birth rate have decreased in recent years, before the results are charged to the participation of women in industry one must answer many questions. As a matter of fact, it is no new thing for women to be engaged in industrial pursuits. From primitive times women have been great industrial factors and modern economic conditions, instead of introducing them to industries, have introduced to the world's markets the industries in which women from the earliest times have been engaged with ever-widening circles of activity, as inventive genius has developed and civilization progressed.

If conditions surrounding their employment are such as to make it a "social question of the first importance," it is unfortunate that President Roosevelt did not see that women, the most deeply interested factor in the problem, should constitute at least a part of any commission authorized to investigate it. I trust that a resolution will be passed by this convention petitioning the Government to place women on every commission which investigates the conditions which so deeply affect their lives and the lives of their children.

One can but wish, with the reorganized desire for "fair play," and his policy of a "square deal," it had occurred to the President that, if 5,000,000 American women are employed in gainful occupations, every principle of justice known to a republic would demand that these 5,000,000 of toiling women should be enfranchised to enable them to secure legislation for their own protection.

Mrs. Shaw then made a plea for woman suffrage.

**Investigate Cincinnati Affairs.**

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 7.—The investigation of Cincinnati municipal affairs will be made by a committee of the Senate instead of a joint legislative committee.

# APPIAN WAY OF AMERICA

**Perfect Road Will Be Built Straight Acros Ohio.**

CLEVELAND, Feb. 7.—Within a year work will be begun by the National Good Roads Association on a great highway extending clear across the State of Ohio, from the Pennsylvania to the Indiana line, that will be one of the finest in the world, and, like the Appian Way, will be built to last for all time to come. This is the information given out today by Colonel W. H. Moore, president of the association.

The road, which will be the first to be built across a state under the authority of an organization since the old Federal roads, will cost $1,500,000. Of this amount, Colonel Moore says $750,000 has already been put up by certain interests that he will not now reveal, and the remainder will be secured from the counties through which it will pass.

# JAILBREAKERS ARE FOILED

**Nevada Deputy Sheriff Catches Them at Tunnel-Digging.**

RENO, Nev., Feb. 7.—James Watson, Frank Sterling and Wesley Gardner, the latter a negro, in jail at Elko, on a charge of burglary and reputed to be three of the most desperate men in the Eastern portion of Nevada, were caught in the act of digging their way out of prison today. The discovery was made by Deputy Sheriff Weathers a few moments before the men would have been at liberty.

At the point of a gun he drove them into another cell and this afternoon filed a charge of attempted jail-breaking against them. It is believed they received aid from outside sources.

**Mrs. Coleman and Stanley Free.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—Miss Mabel Coleman and Frank Stanley, who were arrested last night, charged with the larceny of $50,000 worth of gold mining stock, were released today after an examination in Police Court. The charge was made by the woman's husband, George C. Coleman, who is said to be the president of a gold mining company in Goldfield, Nev.

**Cummins Wants Third Term.**

ST. PAUL, Feb. 7.—A special from Primghar, Iowa, says Governor Cummins is ready to accept a third term as Governor and will make an official announcement soon.

# LAWSON IN CONTROL

## Says His Proxies Will Rule Two Big Companies.

## HAS CARD UP HIS SLEEVE

**Financier Names Four Men as Committee to Vote at New York Life and Mutual Life Elections.**

ST. PAUL, Feb. 7.—Thomas W. Lawson, of Boston, held a four-hour conference with Governor Johnson at the Capitol today. Immediately afterward he left for Chicago. The subject of the conference was the forming of a committee of Governors and other prominent men to investigate the affairs of the New York Life and the Mutual Life Insurance Companies. At the close of the conference Mr. Lawson stated that his interview with Mr. Johnson had been very satisfactory.

"Governor Johnson has consented to remain as a member of the committee I have had in mind," said Mr. Lawson, "and the others who will make up a part of the committee are Governor Broward, of Florida; ex-Attorney-General Frank S. Monnett, of Ohio, and Fremont Older, managing editor of the San Francisco Evening Bulletin. I am not yet ready to announce the other names.

"I have enough proxies right now to give me voting control of the New York Life and the Mutual Life."

Mr. Johnson said to the Associated Press after the conference that he had agreed to remain on the committee, "although I refused to act as chairman of it, as Mr. Lawson urged me to do, as it would take too much of my time away from the state."

"Has Mr. Lawson the necessary proxies from policyholders to control the voting in the two big life insurance companies?" was asked.

"I believe from the showing he made this afternoon that he has," replied the Governor, "and I believe Mr. Lawson has a card up his sleeve that will astonish the folks."

# BAILEY APPLIED LASH.

(Continued From Page 1.)

fact that Patterson had been present and had participated in the Democratic Senatorial caucus in 1903, in which the rule binding Democratic Senators by a two-thirds vote of the caucus had been adopted. Evidently the suggestion took Patterson by surprise. He did not appear to recall the facts, and said there must be some mistake, because he had always held the views now held by him.

Bailey insisted that he was right in his statement, but he vouchsafed the added remark that he was at the same time satisfied that Patterson had not misrepresented when he said he did not recall the caucus. He was proceeding to state his reasons for believing Patterson to have been present, when he was interrupted by his colleague, Culberson, who rose with a typewritten paper in his hand. Culberson verified Bailey's memory.

"My colleague's statement is correct," he said, "and I have here the record of the caucus action verifying it. They show that the Senator from Colorado voted for the resolution."

**Admits His Inconsistency.**

Patterson manifested some excitement in manner and his face was much flushed, but his words were deliberate. He said:

It seems that ample preparation has been made to overwhelm me by reason of the stand I have taken. I will not gainsay the record; it is not impossible that, without due reflection, I did vote for the binding resolution. If so, the vote was cast without due reflection. That circumstance cannot, however prevent a change of course when, after due investigation, I became satisfied that the demand of the caucus is in conflict with my sense of justice and antagonistic to my duty as a Senator. Whether inconsistency may be shown, I am content to let it stand; I will bear cheerfully the censure or misunderstanding of my course. The rule does not change the eternal truth or the obligation of Senators to observe their oaths of office.

Replying, Bailey said that Patterson did himself an injustice by intimating that there had been a conspiracy for the purpose of accomplishing his discomfiture. He attributed the fact that Culberson was equipped with a copy of the caucus proceedings to his colleague's habit of being always prepared for any emergency. For the rest, he was willing to accept Patterson's explanation, for he believed the Senator to be an honest man, although an emotional one, who, being in error, persists in it.

Patterson said he did not care so much for the position in which he was placed as for the fact that he feared that the issue would be clouded by this incident. That, he said, mortified him.

**Advised to Change Parties.**

Bailey then suggested to Patterson that there was but one proper recourse left to him and that was to change parties, and to this suggestion Patterson replied that neither the sneers nor the innuendos of Bailey would cause him to swerve from his intention of following his intentions rather than the behest of a party. He had, he said, wanted only to impress on the country the size of the danger that lurks in caucus dictation and he added that if he had succeeded in accomplishing that result, he would feel satisfied. He had no regret for what he had done. He had no doubt that the action of the caucus had been taken for the purpose of placing him before his own constituents as a bolter, and he characterized the action as "the ghost of antebellum days rising to drive Senators from their sense of duty."

The reference to the old times aroused Bailey and he declared with a perceptible show of scorn that he "would waive the reference as unworthy of notice." "It must," he added, "be an appeal to the Republican side to vote for Patterson's resolution. No Southern Democrat would hesitate to defy his party when it came to a conflict between party and conscience, but, having done so, he would know that he must at home risk the consequences of putting his own judgment against that of two-thirds of his party."

**Twenty Senators Not Party.**

"The Senator makes a mistake in supposing twenty Senators to be the Democratic party," said Patterson, and Bailey replied that it is more nearly so than Patterson standing alone.

Patterson replied briefly, saying that he was thoroughly satisfied that he was correctly representing his constituents; indeed, he declared that he would misrepresent and betray them if he should take any other course than the course he had pursued. He was satisfied that all right-minded Democrats in Colorado would sustain him.

The debate concluded at 4 p. m., and the Senate went into executive session. The galleries were cleared of the throngs that had packd them and the doors were closed. Fifteen minutes later the Senate adjourned.

**No Foreign Fishermen in Alaska.**

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Feb. 7.—The Senate Committee on Territories today favorably reported the bill prohibiting aliens from fishing in the waters of Alaska. This bill is aimed at the Japanese who have lately operated extensively in Alaskan waters, to the detriment of American fishermen.

**HEYBURN IS MUCH BETTER.**

**Will Have Operation for Appendicitis When Health Permits.**

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Feb. 7.—Senator Heyburn is very much better today. He suffers no pain, and, unless a setback should occur, expects to go out in a few days. He has not, however, abandoned the idea of undergoing an operation to have the appendix removed when his general health will permit.

**Examine Fort Lawton Officers.**

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Feb. 7.—The following board has been appointed to meet at Fort Lawton, Wash., for the examination of officers for promotion: Major Henry B. Moon, Tenth Infantry; Captains Louis T. Hess and Elbert E. Persons, assistant surgeons; Captains James T. Dean, Maurice Cralle, Tenth Infantry; First Lieutenant William Taylor, Tenth Infantry, recorder.

# AGREE ON CUSTOMS DUTIES

**Delegates at Algeciras Will Raise Tariff in Morocco.**

ALGECIRAS, Feb. 7.—The delegates to the Moroccan Conference today discussed the customs' duties of Morocco and settled a number of details referring to various articles, but postponed deciding the question of increasing the general rate to 12½ per cent ad valorem. Morocco's request to make tobacco a state monopoly was approved.

The Conference adjourned until Saturday.

**CONFERENCE MAY NOT AGREE.**

**Germany Fears Split on Morocco, but Not War.**

BERLIN, Feb. 7.—While government circles maintain an outwardly hopeful attitude regarding the conference at Algeciras, the indications are that much concern is felt about the outcome. Even a failure to reach an agreement on the police question is regarded as probable. This inference is drawn from the fact that the inspired press has begun discussing the probable results of a failure to reach an agreement. These papers assert that a failure would not involve the danger of war, so far as Germany is concerned, and they argue that France would never go to war on account of Morocco.

These papers interpret the warning of the Havas Agency against "excessive optimism," as proving the pacific intentions of the French Government. The result of a failure to reach an agreement would be, according to German inspired utterances, that Moroccan affairs would continue to be regulated under the arrangement of 1880. More critical observers point out that the controversy of 1890 originated despite that arrangement, and that the conference, being due to German initiative, its failure would involve serious damage to German prestige.

The Hamburger Nachrichten says a failure of the conference would intensify the friction between Germany and France and compromise Germany's position.

**France Will Not Give In.**

PARIS, Feb. 7.—The tone of the German comments relative to the question of the control of the police of Morocco is arousing considerable attention in ministerial circles, where it is remarked that the suggestion that the Sultan be permitted to organize the police under the control of the powers is doomed to failure. France will not relax her determination to retain paramount influence in Morocco. Diplomats here regard the discussion as being futile unless Germany's proposals are made known to the delegates at Algeciras. France is satisfied to await this, reserving arguments in favor of her view until a tangible proposal calls forth her reply.

# PHOTOGRAPHED AS BRIDE

**MISS ROOSEVELT WILL GIVE PICTURES TO FRIENDS.**

**Many Disappointed Who Expected Invitations to Wedding—Splendid Gifts From France and Cuba.**

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Washington says: Miss Alice Roosevelt spent another busy day shopping yesterday. She had a fitting of her wedding gown, and it is understood that the entire outfit will be ready by the end of this week.

Miss Roosevelt has been importuned for photographs in her bridal finery, and she has partially promised several friends that she will consent to this ordeal.

It was stated at the White House that all details about the trousseau of the President's daughter will be made public before the wedding. This will include a full description of the material, which was specially designed. A list of the most important wedding gifts will also be made public. The presents are catalogued as they arrive and then sent to the attic. The most valuable of plate and jewelry will be transferred to a bank vault.

In the diplomatic corps there is an aggrieved feeling because only the heads of embassies and legations and acting Charge d'Affaires have been asked to the wedding. Even the daughters of the British and Russian Ambassadors, Miss Josephine Durand and the Baroness Elizabeth Rosen, have not been included, although the girls are on friendly terms with the bride-elect.

In society as well as among the relatives of the family the President and Mrs. Roosevelt have observed the rule of asking only two out of each family. Only those girls who are the intimates of the bride are to be present in the blue room. The ceremony will occur at a temporary altar erected between the great windows which face the east.

**FRENCH GIFT IS RECEIVED.**

**Splendid Piece of Gobelin Tapestry for Miss Roosevelt.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Miss Alice Roosevelt yesterday received the wedding present which the French government had intended for her. The gift consists of a beautiful Gobelin tapestry, representing "Justice," and was offered to Miss Roosevelt by M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador in this city.

It is understood that President Roosevelt had informed several European powers that it would not be agreeable if they sent especially expensive gifts and accordingly most European governments are expected to send small gifts, merely to express their good will and wishes to the daughter of America's first citizen, but the French government had already given orders for the manufacture of this rare piece of tapestry. The piece, though not very large, is invaluable, as that particular kind of Gobelin is solely made for the French government on special occasions.

**Collar of Pearls Cuba's Gift.**

HAVANA, Feb. 7.—Dr. Ferra, the Cuban Minister to Paris, reports that he has purchased a collar of pears as Cuba's wedding gift for Miss Alice Roosevelt, and that the gift will be forwarded to Mr. Quesada, Cuban Minister at Washington.

# WILL DEDICATE MEMORIAL

**American Officials Will Join Cubans at El Caney Battlefield.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The Army transport Sumner will sail from New York tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, carrying a party of distinguished officers of the United States Army and Navy to participate in the exercises attending the dedication of the battle monument at El Caney, Cuba.

The programme in Santiago includes an official banquet by the Cuban government to the American officials on February 14, followed by a ball at the Union Club, in Santiago. On February 15 the Battlefield Commission probably will go to Daiquiri to assist in the dedication of the monument erected there by the Spanish-American Iron Company, and the officers will entertain the Cuban officials February 15. The return trip of the Sumner will, in all probability, cover the route westward along the south coast of Cuba followed by Admiral Clark in his 40-mile chase of the Cristobal Colon on July 3, 1898.

At the formal exercises on the battlefield Colonel Webb C. Hayes, chairman of the Battlefield Commission, will present Lieutenant-General Chaffee, the president of the Society of the Army of Santiago de Cuba. There will be an address by Lieutenant-General Young, who attends as the special representative of the President of the United States.

Addresses will also be made by General Andrade, representing President Palma; Brigadier-General A. L. Mills, representing the Fifth Army Corps in the Santiago campaign; General Garcia Velez, representing the liberating army of Cuba; Rear-Admiral Higginson, representing the American fleet in the naval battle, and Colonel C. A. Sharpe, secretary of the Society of the Army of Santiago de Cuba.

**Roosevelt Sees Clark's Pictures.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—President Roosevelt, accompanied by Senator Clark, of Montana, visited the Corcoran Art Gallery today to obtain a view of the Montana Senator's collection of paintings. Mr. Clark made the collection for the adornment of his mansion in New York. As that is not ready for occupancy, he has lent the collection to the Corcoran Art Gallery. The collection consists of about 60 paintings, and contains works of the greatest of the world's masters.


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$1.35 to $2.00 — Ladies' Neckwear At 68c — Ladies' chemisettes and novelty neckwear in tabs, jabots, lace and silk effects, etc.

85c to $1.50 — Ladies' Neckwe'r At 37c — Novelty neckpieces and chemisettes in all the newest designs.

50c to 75c — Ladies' Neckwear At 25c — Tabs, turnovers, novelty effects, etc., in white, black and colors.

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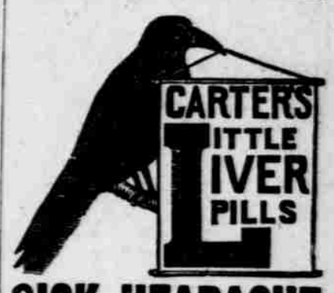


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