Senate Receives Evidence on Charges.

FEES FROM BOTH PARTIES

Accused of Attempt to Extort Knows Nothing of Letter, but Rec-Blood Money.

AFFAIR IN MOODY'S HANDS

Nomination Will Be Withdrawn and New Selection Made-Action in Deal With the Coos Bay Company Exposed.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash ington, Feb. 5 .- W. C. Bristol's term as United States Attorney for Oregon is soon to terminate. Whether he will be removed or be permitted to resign is yet to be determined, but it is virtually agreed that he must go. The charge of 'unprofessional conduct" that was lodged against him several weeks ago appears to have been fully sustained, and the conduct complained of so strongly savors of graft as to make it inadvisable to permit him to remain as District Attorney. The only evidence against Mr. Bristol

is one of his own letters, written on June 4, 1902, to the Coos Bay Land & Improvement Company at Portland, in which he inclosed a contract signed by Page & Hogart, whereby they agreed to purchase a certain tract of land from the Coos Bay Company for \$40,000, the contract being in the nature of an option. In his letter Mr. Bristol said:

"In view of the fact that what I might say or do may have considerable influence on the result of the transaction, I suggest that you call your people together and let me know what lump sum are willing to pay me in case the deal goes through."

Fees From Both Sides.

In this transsetion, Mr. Bristol was the paid attorney of Page & Hogart, and the act complained of was his attempt to extort money from the other party to the contract. In other words, he was attempting to draw a fee from both parties loyed to represent the interests solely of the purchaser.

The Coos Bay Company acknowledged the receipt of Mr. Bristol's letter, and, said that he had no statement of either while it looked upon his proposition as a hold-up, nevertheless agreed to pay him \$100 in cash if the sale was consummated. it did not, Mr. Bristol would do thing to block the sale, but they looked upon this \$500 as pure blood money, to tions in regard to various phases of the which Mr. Bristol was not entitled. It happened, from some cause not known, answer, giving as a reason for his silence that the sale was never made, and countly the Cook Bay Company never pald Mr. Bristol the sum demanded by

Letter Supports Charge.

When Mr. Bristol's original letter was first furnished the Senate committee of judiciary, before which his nomination was pending, it was sent to the Coos Bay Company with an inquiry if it had recelved any such communication from Mr. Its reply, received yesterday,

By direction of the committee, Senator Fulton laid Mr. Bristol's letter and that of the Coos Bay Company before the Department of Justice, which in turn Department of Justice, which in turn to against The Oregonian was a dispatch will send both letters to Mr. Bristol and from its Washington correspondent, printcall upon him for an explanation. When his answer is received, the papers will be uary 2. It contained the first announcement to the President, with such recomment made in Oregon that charges of unendation as the Attorney-General deems proper to make. The facts of the case are said to be so clear that the committee believes no satisfactory explanation can be made, and, in that event, the Attor-not indicated in the dispatch, it simply ner-General will be bound to recommend be made, and, in that event, the Attorthat Mr. Bristol's nomination be with-

President Roosevelt has already been sportsed of the facts, so far as developed. and it is understood that he has received word from Mr. Bristol denying having written the letter in question. While the President does not intend to act hastily. he will expect Mr. Bristol to make a prompt explanation, and, when that explanation is received, he himself will act

Will Recall Nomination.

President will follow the suggestion of the Attorney-General and recall Mr. Bris tol's nomination, at the same time send man to succeed him. Who will be named or how he will be chosen remains to be developed. No steps have been yet taken looking to the selection of a new District Attorney, but it is believed that Mr. Ful-ton will be asked to make a recommenda-Senator Ankeny worked two years

It has always been understood, though never officially announced, that Mr. Bristol was appointed on recommendation of Francis J. Heney. All that is known is this: President Roosevelt, just before making the appointment, informed Mr. making the appointment, informed Mr. Fulton that the Attorney-General wanted Mr. Bristol appointed, and asked him what he thought of the man. Mr. Fulton told the President that he regarded Mr. kind of crops best adapted to various Bristol as an honest, upright man, and believed he would make a good Attorney.

Mr. Bristol was forthwith appointed and Department for the drainage of 26,000 Bristol was forthwith appointed, and

tion that his own letter found its way to

Senate Would Reject Him.

If the President withdraws Mr. Bristol's nation, it will be unnecessary for the Senate committee on judiciary to take action on the case, but the committee is said to be convinced that Mr. Bris has disqualified himself for holding the office of District Attorney, and, if the decision is left to it, his nomination will be reported on adversely. Mr. Brismost serious breach, and the practice is one severely condemned by lawyers. In the minds of members of the Senate nittee, it is ample ground for the rejection of his nomination. But the fact that the President has taken hold is be lleved to indicate that this case will disposed of at the White House rather than in the Sonate.

HENEY COMMENDS BRISTOL

ommended His Appointment.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. L-Francie J. Heney said this afternoon that he knew nothing of the charges against United States Attorney Bristol, of Oregon, Some thing had been said regarding a letter



United States District Attorney Is Held Up.

written by Mr. Bristol, which may have had some connection with the matter, but he had no knowledge of its contents. Mr. Heney said that he had the highest regard for Mr. Bristol whom he had rec ommended for the office he now holds. after convincing himself of his fitness and reliability so far as possible. Mr. Bristol had been indersed by some of the most prominent men in Oregon and had always borne the highest character.

BRISTOL REFUSES TO TALK

Angry Because Oregonian Published News About Charges.

When asked last night concerning the by the Legislatures thereof, and that charges against him narrated in the press dispatches from Washington, Mr. Bristol confirmation or denial to make to The "The Oregonian printed an Oregonian. article which concerned me, in its issue of made this concession, fearing that, if January 25," he said, "and I refuse to some- make any statement whatever in regard or more bens to the matter." When asked direct quesmatter, Mr. Bristol absolutely refused to that The Oregonian had printed the, dispaich referred to.

> "Was your statement published this evening correct?" was asked. "I have not a word to say about it," he

replied. "If you wish to use it you can, but I give you in any do not want to be quoted by you in any way. You may place any interpretation: Whereas. The apparent purpose of said resoon that that you want to. Is there any other subject that you would like to ask

He was informed that there was not. states that such a letter was received and that The Oregonian simply desired a statement from him in regard to the charges which have been filed against him. "Then our conversation ends right here." Mr. Bristol said brusquely.

The article which has incensed Mr. Bris professional conduct against Mr. existed and were the cause of the Senate judiciary committee's not acting uson his nomination for United States District Athave been a fact by the present advices from Washington, which give in full the charge that has held up the appointment.

The Washington correspondent of Th Oregonian adds in a private note tha he can get no clear information as to the firm of Page & Hogart, and he is not er tirely certain as to the spelling of the last name. It is probable that the business location of the firm is not in Portland

WILL NOT LIVE AMONG CHINKS

There appears to be no doubt that the Brattain's Father-in-Law Forces

Him to Decline Consulship. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Feb. 5.—Ross R. Brattain, of Spokane, recently appointed Consul at Hangchow, China, who was lately coufirmed by the Senate, has resigned be-cause his father-in-law will not permit him to take Mrs. Brattain "to live

to get this position for Mr. Brattain and is much embarrassed by his resig-nation. He hopes the place may be given some other Washington man.

Jones Wants Experimental Farms.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washit was not until the Senate committee was about ready to recommend his confirmaable agriculturally.

Morning &

Senator Patterson Advances Startling and Unexpected Views.

CONSTERNATION IN SENATE

Resolution Proposed Condemning Attempt to Bind Democrats on Dominican Treaty as Contrary to Constitution.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.-The Senate was treated to a sensation today by Patterson (Dem., Coin.) who followed up his retirement of last Saturday from the Democratic caucus by introducing a resoution in effect declaring the action of the the chairman. caucus to have been contrary to the Constitution of the United States. Apparently the Senator's action was unexpected on the part of a majority of the Senators and they listened attentively as the reading of the rather long preamble progressed, evidently not a little concerned as to what should come next. Patterson made no effort to discuss the resolution today, but gave notice that he would address the Senate upon it tomorrow or at the first available day afterward.

It is expected that the Democrats gen erally will resist the adoption of the resoution and that the Republican Senators will sustain Patterson's contention. Aside from the personal interest in Patterson's colitical fortunes, the resolution raises a new question as to the rights of Senators generally, so that there is much scope for nimated discussion and wide margin for difference of opinion. In all probability several days will clapse before the question is settled.

Before Patterson's motion came up, Ba on had given notice of a speech for tomorrow, so that it is probable that Patterson's speech will be postponed until

Vote on Shipping Bill Wednesday. Gallinger succeeded during the day in

securing the fixing of a date for voting on the shipping bill, the hour named being Wednesday at 3 P. M. Several bills were passed during the day and Teller made a speech in opposi-

tion to the shipping bill.

Foraker announced that he had no inion of attempting to delay action on he statehood bill, which he opposed, Patterson's Attack on Caucus.

Patterson's resolution was:

Whoreas, The Constitution provides that the Senate of the United States shall be com-posed of two Senators from each state chosen Senator shall have one vote; and,
Whereas, Each Senator before assumduties of his office is required soles

swear or affirm that he will support and de-fend the Constitution of the United States and that he will fulthfully discharge the du-ties of the office on which he is about to Whereas, It was currently reported that one

or more Democratic Senators might vote upon a certain matter pending before the Senate contrary to the views of a majority of the body of the Democratic Senators, the Democratic Senatorn were called to caucus on such

that such reports were correct and certain Democratic Senators might vote or would vote contrary to the views of said majority;

lutions and actions was improperly to in or operce Democratic Senators who might lieve that the best interests of the country quired the ratification of said treaty, and ause thereof held it to be their duty vote for its ratification, into diregarding part of their eaths in which they dec ties of the office of Senators; there

Violation of Constitution. Resolved, first, That such action by th

enate or any other caucus is in plain viola-ion of the spirit and intent of the Constitu-ion of the United States. Second. That for two-thirds or any other umber of the Senators of any party "that it shall be the duty

********************* SANTO DOMINGO'S CHIEF EXECU-TIVE ANXIOUS TO RETIRE.



President of Santo Domingo a few weeks ago, when President Morales ran away and joined the insurgents He has notified his people that he intends to resign before the unexpired term of Morales reaches its end, and will not accept the job again under that the island republic is hopeless!

own yote and not the vote of any other or of any number of other Senators, and for a Senator to cast that 'one vote' against his convictions of right and duty in the premises is to disfranchise his state in the Senate and to deprive it of the representation in that body the Constitution provides it shall have.

Submits Rights of States.

Fourth, That when any number of Senat Senators to vote except as their judgments and consciences tell them, it is an invasion of the rights of a state to equal representation with other states in the Senate, and is subversive of their rights to equal representation and the votes of its Senators in the Senate that the Constitution has provided for

Fifth, That the Senator who permits any is his duty in the matter of ! Senate and who casts his vote such interference, yours not as a Senator his own state, but as a Senator from other states, and he augments the power the other states beyond that permitted by

Constitution, and weakens and degrades the power of his own scale in the Senate in violation of the spon of the Constitution.

Sixth, That for any Senator to vote except as his judgment and sense of duty under his oath of office requires is to degrade the high office of Senator and to assall the dignity and standing of the Senate of th United States qualities possessed in such high degree by no other legislative body i the world. The resolution came as a surprise. Pat-

terson and Tillman rose simultaneously but Patterson secured recognition from

Patterson Defers Speech.

"Does the Senator from Colorado yield to the Senator from South Carolina? asked the Vice-President, but before Pat terson could reply Tillman stated that he merely rose to make inquiry as to the parliamentary status.

"Is it a question of personal privi lege?" he asked, and Patterson replied in the negative. "I object to consideration, then," said Tillman.

"There is no intention of asking con sideration at this time." responded Pat "The resolution is of such a termon. character that no harm can come from its lying over. I ask that the consideration of the resolution be postponed until tomorrow and give notice that I shall then ask to be heard on it."

The furtner consideration of the resolu tion was accordingly postponed for 24

Lodge had prepared a resolution sim fiar to that of Patterson, declaring that a treaty like the Dominican should not be made the subject of party action, but withheld it when he heard that Patterson had prepared a resolution. This he heard from the lips of the Colorado Senator, who claimed the privilege of presenting it. Lodge conceded the superiority of Patterson's claim.

Teller's Defense of West.

After the passage of a few bills of minor importance, the shipping bill was taken up and Teller addressed the Senste on that subject. He made reply to terribe are, the intimation that the funds used in connection with the Irrigation Reclams. tion Service had been given as a bounty to the West, claiming that it rather in in the nature of a loan than a gift, and saying that it could be called a benefac tion in the fact only that no interest is required to be paid on it. He contended that the irrigation law is of as much importance to the East as to the West, and said the fact that Eastern Senators had voted for that measure supplied no reasonwhy Western Senstors should vote for the shipping bill. He referred to the fact that the Treasury reports show an increasing deficit, and asked where the money with which to pay the proposed subsidies is to be secured.

When Teller concluded, the Senat agreed to a request made by Gallinger to vote on the shipping bill on Wednesday. The Senate adopted a resolution reappointing ex-Secretary of State Richard Olney as a member of the board of regents of the Smithsonian Institute.

Tillman presented and the Senate adopted a resolution calling upon the Postmaster-General for information as to the number of postal clerks killed in is decidedly depressed, and seems to realrailroad accidents during the past five the periousness of his condition. If years, also asking how many steel cars he does not show marked improvement by are now used in the postal service and whether the fatalities have been as great in those as in other cars.

SOUND DEMOCRATIC DOCTRINE

Patterson Will Support Roosevelt in All Democratic Measures.

WASHINGTON, Feb. &-In an inter view tonight Senator Patterson, of Colorade, made the following statement regarding his resolutions:

"I am a Democrat and could not beome a Republican. But my Democracy ms in parallel lines with that of William J. Bryan. I heartly support every Democratic measure President Rossevelt is advocating, and he is working harder now for Democratic measures than for any

'The resolution I offered this morning nnounces sound Democratic doctrine. I was forced to defend myself by the action of the Democratic caucus, and in that defense I but call to my aid Demo cratic principles that cannot be gainsaid."

McLaurin Against Treaty.

JACKSON, Miss. Feb. 5 .- Senato McLaurin stated tonight that he would be bound by the action of the Senate Democratic caucus of Saturday, al-though he was not present. He said he would vote against the Santo Domingo

Liberals May Not Oppose Balfour. LONDON, Feb. 5.-The Liberals still hesitate to decide whether they will or will not oppose Arthur J. Balfour's elec-tion for the City of London, the constit-uency which Alban Gibbs, Conservative, resigned in the ex-Premier's favor. The executive committee of the Liberal Association held a third meeting upon the subject this morning, but again adjourned without reaching any decision.

Two Killed in Freight Wreck.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 5 .- In a wreck of freight trains on the San Pedro, Lon Angeles & Sait Lake Railroad near Beryt, Utah, early today, G. M. Myers, conductor, and W. S. Engels, brakeman, both of Black Rock, Utah, were killed, and J. W. Minahan contract Minahan, engineer, was severely injured.

BURNING WRECK

Express Messenger Is Pinned Down With Two Others in Collision Near Helena.

BOTH TRAINS DESTROYED

Northern Pacific Freight Train Runs Away Down a Steep Grade and Throws Passenger Train Into the Ditch.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 5 .- A runaway on the Northern Pacific crashed into a passenger train tonight at 11:20, about 2% miles from here, resulting in the death of three persons whose names are known and of two others who were burned in the wreck and whose names have not yet been learned. Messenger Jessup was burned alive while four people were trying to pull him out of the wreck. He was caught under

wreckage and could not be moved. The known dead are:

J. S. ROBINSON, of Missoula. C. J. JESSUP, express messenger. CHARLES BRICKLE, conductor on pas-

Edward Brown, of this city, a brakeman, was so seriously injured it is thought he will die. Some of the passen

gers were slightly injured. Every coach in the passenger train was burned and the freight train, which was made up of cars loaded with lumber, was also burned.

The passenger train preceded the freight out of Austin, about eight miles west of Helena. At Austin the engine was detached from the freight. There s a heavy grade from Austin to Helena, and the freight train got loose.

The passenger train was waiting at a rossing, when the freight came thundering down. Before it could get out of the way the freight crashed into it, throwing all the passenger cars into the

The passenger engine became uncoupled and kept on the track ahead of the freight. After the freight had got a quarter of a mile beyond the passenge wreck, it went into the ditch and caught A carload of shingles was dumped on

the passenger train wreck and made a

PERITONITIS AGGRAVATES ILLS OF IDAHO SENATOR.

New Complications Add to Danger Caused by Appendicitis and Kidney Disease.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washngton, Feb. 5.-Considerable anxiety is felt over Senator Heyburn tonight. slept little last night, and today unfavorable symptoms developed which indicate that peritonitis has set in. The pain and inflammation heretofore confined to the region of the appendix had spread

and his stomach is now affected. Up to this morning the Senator was hopeful of early recovery; in fact, expected to get up tomorrow. Tonight he morning, another consultation beld.

While it is announced at his apartments that there is believed to be no immediate

...... OPENS HIS CANDIDACY FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.



Ex-Governor Richard Vates of Hitaois Richard Yates, ex-Governor of Illitois, is making an active campaign

He was born in Jacksonville, Ill., December 12, 1860. His father was the war Governor of Illinots and United States Senator 1865-1871. Bichard Yates was graduated from the University of Illinois in 1880, and from the law department of the University of Michigan in 1884. He won his spure as City Attorney Congress, but defeated in 1802, served County, 1894-1897, and as Collector of Internal Revenue at Springfield, Ill., 1897-1990, when he was elected Governor, his term expiring in 1905.

Senate.

danger, nevertheless everything indicates hat he is in a critical condition, the presence of peritonitis and kidney trouble, in addition to appendicitis, being most serious complications.

Oregontan.

HEYBURN'S FAMILY ALARMED

Relatives Called to Him.

Senator in Stupor All Afternoon.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.- The condition of Senator Heyburn of Idaho, who is very ill with appendicitis, was worse tonight He gained very little rest during the day. Symptoms of peritonitis developed today and the Senator was in a stupor all after-

His family is alarmed and out-of-town relatives have been summoned by wire.

WOLCOTT'S SPLENDID GIFT

Offered to Pay Cost of Bringing Colorado Regiment Home

DENVER, Feb. 5.-One of the splendid charities of the late United States Schator Edward O. Wolcott was for the first time made public by ex-Governor Charles S. Thomas today in the memorial services before the Supreme Court. In 1899, when citizens of Colorado wanted bring the Colorado Regiment back from the Philippines for its great recep-tion in Denver, Mr. Thomas said, Mr. Wolcott had offered to be one of six to give \$500 apiece for this purpose, or one of three to give \$10,000 or, if necessary, he offered to give \$30,000 himself. This was the agreement he made with the Governor, stipplating that it should be

A large gathering of attorneys was present at the memorial exercises. Lucius W. Cuthbert delivered the principal address, which was a faithful account of the career of the late Senator.

SIX CONDEMN PATTERSON

Opinion of Colorado Supreme Court Fining Senator.

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 5.—The opinion of the Supreme Court of the State of Colorado, upon which was based the decision fining Senutor T. M. Patterson \$1000 for contempt of court, was handed down today. Justice Julius Gunter rendered the majority opinion, which six Justices approved. Justice Robert W. Steele presented a dissenting opinion in which he held that the court erred in im-posing a fine without giving Mr. Patterson an opportunity to prove the charges

The filing of the opinion by the Court now completes the records in the case and an appeal will be made to the United States Supreme Court to assume jurisd tion and review the action of the Colorado

FORCE OF LIFE ON TRIAL

Miracle-Workers Accused of Using Mails to Defraud.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—Investigation into charges that the Force of Life Company, a medical firm, sold through the mails a preparation which was claimed to make the old young again, to straighten crooked bones and in one instance to have real stored a dead person to life, was resumed today before United States Commissioner Ridgeway. The company is the company of the methods of a half-dozen successful commercial organizations in California, that the Portland Chamber can carry out its plan in every detail.

How Results Are Obtained. sioner Ridgeway. The company charged with conspiracy to defraud Lu-cille Hoffman, of Waterville, Mo., and others through the United States malls Several prominent persons are connect ed with the company, among them being General James R. O'Beirne

YAQUI RAID IN MEXICO

Kill Eight Teamsters and Steal Whole Train of Wagons.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 5.-A letter re seived in El Paso today from a mining man in Carbo, Sonora State, says that a band of Yaqui Indians attacked a train of teamsters on Saturday night about 18 miles from San Miguel and killed eight of the party. The Indians escaped, taking the wagons; teams and supplies.

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LOS ANGELES

Chamber of Commerce Will Follow Southern City in Advertising.

SECRETARY GILTNER'S VISIT

As a Result of a Tour of California. He Makes Recommendations as to Best Methods to Boost Portland and Oregon.

In reporting to the board of trustees of the Chamber of Commerce the results of his investigation into the working meth-eds of various California commercial bodles. Edmond C. Giltner, secretary of the local body, this afternoon will formally inaugurate the campaign of systematic advertising that has been mapped our by President Hoge and other leading mem-bers of the Chamber for the coming year. Mr. Giliner has secured much valuable information and will lay it before the trustees at a special meeting called for 4 o'clock. Better advertising and more of it is the substance of the recommendation he will make, based largely on what he learned while in Los Angeles

Method in Vogue in Los Angeles.

Mr. Glitner returned home Saturday night from the Southern California me tropolis, where he went commissioned by the Chamber to investigate fully the methods which have made Los Angeles one of the most thoroughly advertised cities in the world and added thousands to her population and millions to her wealth within the past ten years. The secretary's report will be that good advertising alone is the secret of Los Angeles' remarkable prosperity, and that Portland can and should follow in her footsteps. To her Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Glit-

ner will report Los Angeles must give credit for most of the advertising the city has received. The Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, with a membership of 2000, is now the largest commercial organ-ization in the United States, and receives and disburses more than \$25.000 a year in promoting publicity. Portland's Chamber has a membership of but 560, and has hitherto expended but a triffing sum, co paratively speaking, an advertising the

Will Follow California Plan.

It is part of the Portland Chamber's plan to swell the active membership to 1000 during the present year, and from this time on to boost early and late for the advancement of the interests of this

The Los Angeles Chamber, he says, has obtained better results from its perma-nent exhibit of the natural products and from any other one advertising medium and his most important recommendation will be that the local body begin forth-with to increase and add to its present very creditable exhibit and make it a rawing card in attracting investo omeseekers to the city and state.

"I spent three days in an investigation work of the Los Angeles Chan said Mr. Gittner last evening. "My de-aire was to find out how the chamber cured funds for advertising the money was expended. The thing that struck me most forcibly during my inport accorded their Chamber merce by the business men of Los An-

geles and that given the by the business men of Portland. Lively Public Sentiment.

"In Los Angeles there is a lively public interest in the work of the Chamb the meetings of the trustees, which are beid weekly, are far better attended than they are here. The question, 'What good isit going to do me?' is never asked by the 2000 business men who contribute \$10 each in annual dues to the support of the in-stitution. The Chamber tells them, and makes no bones about it, that no member will get any individual 'good' out of it.
"It does not claim to be running a bu-reau of reciprocity, and the business man who is requested to join is told in substance, 'This body is the central adver-tising bureau of Los Angeles and Southern California. We are advertising the entire community and we want y stand your share of the expense. W making every dollar we receive do the most possible good. Now, if you think you can spend your own money to better in advertising Los Angeles. advantage

keep it. We don't want a cent from Money Readily Subscribed.

"The result is that money to plenty is forthcoming and there is never any ques-tion as to how it is to be expended. All that is left to the trustees, and so well have they performed their task in the past that they are now receiving in addition to the money contributed in mem-hership dues \$3000 a year from the County of Los Angeles and from \$50 to +00 a month from three adjacent counties for

ise in advertising.
"The money from the counties is paid or space in the Chamber's permanent exhibit occupied by individual county exhibits, and that the space is well worth the cost is testified to by the fact that the officers of the Chamber assured me themselves to just one form of advertising they would let magazines, pam-phlets, booklets, newspapers and the like go, and pin their faith to the permanent

Great Industrial Exhibit.

The exhibit is now one of the greatest industrial museums in the country, and it is claimed that it could not be replaced for less than \$100,000. Our own chamber has made a start toward assembling a permanent exhibit, and I shall strong urge that the work be continued until we have a collection which will rival the one at Los Angeles.

"The plan of buying space in the per-manent exhibit is one that I think should appeal to the counties of Oregon, which are now awakening to the need of advertising their resources to the world, and the suggestion will be embodied in report to the trustees.
"While away I visited various cities in

(Concluded on Page 2.)