



## GENERAL CLAIMS VICTORY IS WON

### Doubassoff Says Revolt Is Subdued.

### WITTE STRIKES HARD BLOW

### Captures Whole Rebel Committee With Secrets.

### TERRIBLE DAY IN MOSCOW

### City Is in Darkness, With Overflowing Morgues and Hospitals. American Factory in Danger With Its Workmen.

### REVOLT IS CRUSHED.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 26.—(7:50 P. M.)—The revolt at Moscow has practically been crushed. A correspondent of the Associated Press telephoned at 7 o'clock tonight that the insurgents no longer have a chance and that they are making a last stand. He predicts that there will be no further heavy fighting. All the troops, he says, are now fighting on the side of the government.

### REBEL CHIEFS ALL CAPTURED

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 26.—(7:50 P. M.)—Police and troops in St. Petersburg today surrounded and captured all the members of the executive committee of the fighting-revolutionary organization, while they were discussing plans for an armed uprising here. They captured also the detailed plans for the uprising, as well as large quantities of arms, bombs, etc.

### Whole Committee and Arsenal With Secrets of Organization.

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### STRIKE IS GOING TO PIECES

### All Now Depends on Moscow, Say Rebel Leaders.

### Rebels Driven to Corner.

Shortly before 9 o'clock tonight the correspondent of the Associated Press at Moscow telephoned that there seemed to be no longer doubt that the insurrection was collapsing. The insurgents still held the quadrangle in which the Workmen's Council was sitting as a revolutionary committee, but only because Governor-General Doubasoff was not yet ready to give the coup de grace. Firing continued intermittently throughout the day. At 5 o'clock automatic guns were being used in Stranster Square, but the insurgents were becoming exhausted after their four days' efforts, and the fighting was rapidly degenerating into guerrilla warfare. The insurgents were defending themselves with revolvers and bombs as they were being hunted down from house to house.

### REBELLION THREATENS WARSAW

### Street-Car Men Strike and Steam Roads May Follow.

### WARSAW, Russian Poland, Dec. 26.—(11:15 P. M.)—The street railway company employees struck tonight, and the employees of the steam railroads are expected to follow suit. The revolutionists are threatening an armed insurrection similar to that at Moscow.

### EXTEND STRIKE BY FORCE

### St. Petersburg Workmen Begin Conflict With Troops.

### Government Borrowing Again.

### Lodz Threatens to Strike.

### American Factory in Danger.

strikers and revolutionaries a free hand in neighboring industrial towns like Petrovo and Lubertal. In the former place 300 armed men were sent to reinforce the insurgents, and at Lubertal the situation became so threatening that Mr. Purdy, vice-president of the New York Air Brake Company, the works of which are in that town, and are valued at \$1,000,000, sent an urgent message to the Governor-General today, through the American Consul, appealing for the protection of the property and of the 300 Americans who are employed there. General Doubasoff promptly dispatched a squadron of dragoons, and this fact is considered as the best proof that he is confident he has the situation in hand.

### DEFER REVOLT AT CAPITAL

### Strike Leaders Hold Quick-Firing Guns in Reserve.

### ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 26.—(1:10 P. M.)—The revolutionary leaders in St. Petersburg, who on Sunday decided that it was absolutely necessary to precipitate an immediate conflict here as a diversion in favor of the revolutionaries at Moscow, reconsidered their decision last night, on the ground that it would be slier, more to send the proletariat into the streets. Nevertheless they voted to continue the strike and to use every means to force out all the workmen, but at the same time to hold themselves in readiness to take advantage of the situation in the event of the success of their comrades in Moscow.

### OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—President Roosevelt most decidedly disapproves the movement started at Baker City to take a 10-cent collection throughout the United States with a view to making a wedding present to his daughter upon the occasion of her marriage to Representative Longworth. The President insists that upon all occasions the family be regarded as any other American family, a unit in the community and not a part of the public service. He decides that his daughter shall be married under the same circumstances that would attend any other American wedding. This wedding, while it will be an event of great national importance in one sense, is not a public function, and it is the desire of the President that it shall not be so regarded.

### INDIGNANT AT SUGGESTION.

### Longworth's Mother Voices Objection to His Family.

### CINCINNATI, O., Dec. 26.—(Special.)—The movement to create by popular subscription a wedding present for Miss Alice Roosevelt, who is to be married to Congressman Nicholas Longworth of this city, in February, started by citizens of the Eastern part of Oregon, is welcomed by Cincinnatians, but may never be put

### POPULAR DOWRY IS NOT WELCOME

### President Strongly Disapproves Scheme of Baker City People.

### LONGWORTHS THINK SAME

### Roosevelt Objects to Bringing Family into Public Affairs—Longworth's Mother Indignant.

### MOORE CALLS SCHEME FOOLISH.

### ALL FOOLISHNESS, SAYS MOORE

### State Treasurer Refuses to Be Custodian of Dowry Funds.

### SALEM, Or., Dec. 26.—(Special.)—State Treasurer C. S. Moore refused to be made custodian of the fund proposed to be raised as a dowry for Alice Roosevelt. The plan of Baker City people to raise such a fund by popular subscription meets his disapproval and he refuses to words in telling what he thinks of it.

### NO INTERVENTION TO HELP MORALES

### Civil War in Santo Domingo No Affair of United States.

### PRESIDENT BEGINS FIGHT

### Leaves Capital After Quarrel With Cabinet About Financial Treaty and Goes to Join Jimenez in Raising Troops.

### WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—For the present there will not be any interference by the United States in the difficulty which has arisen in Santo Domingo. The trouble is regarded by the State Department officials as entirely an internal one, and so long as outside interests are not menaced this attitude of noninterference will be maintained.

### GET EVEN WITH THE JUDGE

### Greene and Gaynor's Lawyers Cause La Fontaine's Removal.

### MONTREAL, Dec. 26.—Urie La Fontaine, Police Judge, has been dismissed from his position as Extradition Commissioner by the Dominion government. La Fontaine issued writs of extradition in many celebrated cases, among them being the Gaynor-Greene proceedings.

### MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT.

### THE NEXT BRIDE OF THE WHITE HOUSE

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into exaction. The Longworth family objects.

"The very idea," Mrs. Longworth, the Congressman's mother, is quoted as having exclaimed to her daughter, Mrs. Foghter Wallingford, when the dispatch from Baker City, Or., was shown her, "Just as though they needed the money. If they bought them a house and lot, silver service or something like that, it would not be so bad."

When asked for a statement by a reporter, Mrs. Longworth declared she had nothing to say. Mr. Longworth is due here tomorrow. His sentiments on the movement are not known.

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the Governor of that province has defied the general government and barricaded the town. The Dominican government has issued a decree removing the Governor. The State Department has determined that this is an internal difficulty and will not intervene at this stage.

### RISING AGAINST CONTROL.

### Dominican Generals Object to Treaty With United States.

### TURK ISLAND, Bahamas, Dec. 26.—Mail advices received here from Monte Cristi, Santo Domingo, yesterday, say that Guanabay, Dajabon and Sabanaeta have taken up arms against the government and the Dominican-American fiscal conventions. Generals Demetrio Rodriguez, Joaquin Barba, Navarro Martinez and Pedro Alvarez have gone with 80 men to attack San Diego, and General Ferrier Lasalle has marched on Lavega with a force of about 100 men.

### GENERAL DESCHAMPS, former Vice-President of Santo Domingo, leaves here shortly on board a sailing vessel to operate against Puerto Plata.

### IT IS rumored here that President Morales is a prisoner in Irons at the capital, Santo Domingo.

### MAY CREATE NEW CAPITAL

### Morales Quarrels With Cabinet and Starts Revolution.

### WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—The Secretary of War today received the following cablegram from Acting Controller and Receiver of the Dominican Customs Edwards, dated at Santo Domingo:

### "Carlos F. Morales, dissatisfied with cabinet support, left capital last night with few followers. His intention is said to be to join Jimenez in opposition to Horatistas. Conflict between the two forces is imminent, probably in the vicinity of San Juan or in the vicinity of Puerto Plata. Morales may make attempt to establish new capital and create a new cabinet. Political excitement, but without disturbance here. Receivability not affected yet. George R. Colton should be Monte Cristi Tuesday."

### George R. Colton, referred to in the above, is the receiver of Dominican customs.

### MORALES TO JOIN JIMINEZ

### Battle Fought Near Santo Domingo Between Two Factions.

### SANTO DOMINGO, Santo Domingo, Monday, Dec. 26.—Following the announcement today that the president of the republic, General Carlos F. Morales, had left the capital for an unknown destination, troops were sent in pursuit of the chief minister. What took place after that cannot be definitely determined, but it is known that a fight occurred about 10 miles from here and it is supposed that General Pimentes, the rebel commander, was attacked by government troops.

### THE whereabouts of the fugitive president (Concluded on Page 5.)

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MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT.

## PRO RATA AND AN ACCOUNTING

### Demand Made by State Commission.

### CLAIMS ITS SHARE OF SURPLUS

### Formal Notice Served Upon Secretary Reed.

### ATTORNEY-GENERAL ACTS

### Contention Is That State Should Share With the Stockholders, but This View Is Not Taken by Corporation Officials.

### LETTER TO HENRY E. REED.

PORTLAND, Dec. 26, 1905.—Mr. Henry E. Reed, Secretary of the Lewis and Clark Centennial and American Pacific Exposition and Oriental Fair, Portland, Oregon.—My Dear Sir: At a meeting of the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition Commission, held Saturday, December 23, 1905, at which meeting there was a quorum, I was directed to notify you, in accordance with the directions of the Attorney-General of the State of Oregon, that said Commission had made an accounting and claims a pro rata share of the moneys on hand in the possession of the corporation of which you are the secretary. This is sent at this time for the purpose of notifying you that the Commission will hold your officers and directors responsible for the distribution of the balance in your hands from and after the receipt of this notice. I am, yours very truly, EDMOND C. GILTNER, Secretary.

### Stockholders of the Lewis and Clark Exposition are confronted with a new situation, as the first gun has been fired in an attempt to secure for the State of Oregon part of the money which will be left over when the affairs of the corporation have been settled for good and for all. The Oregon State Commission has formally notified the corporation through Secretary Henry E. Reed that it will hold the officers and directors of the Fair responsible for the distribution of the money, which it has been announced will amount to about 25 per cent of the original investment of the stockholders, or \$100,000. The official communication, addressed to Secretary Reed, states that the commission claims a pro rata share of the funds now in possession of the corporation after all liabilities have been settled. The Oregon State Commission also demands an accounting of the money which has been expended by the corporation. The communication states that the commission is acting under the direction of the Attorney-General of the State of Oregon.

### Commission Demands a Share.

From the tone of the communication addressed to Secretary Reed the Oregon State Commission is evidently determined to secure part of the dividends and equally determined that there shall be an accounting of the money which has passed through the hands of the corporation. If the Oregon State Commission continues to follow out the campaign it has started there is but little doubt that litigation will ensue, as it is not thought the corporation would surrender part of the funds which it now has into the hands of the State Commission without a struggle.

According to the members of the Oregon State Commission the Attorney-General is now investigating the matter with the view of ascertaining the rights of the State of Oregon in the division of the money which will be left over. It is also understood that ex-Governor Lord has been engaged as a special counsel and is assisting the Attorney-General.

Should the Oregon State Commission win out in the contention, the stockholders in the corporation would receive hardly more than 12 per cent. About \$400,000 was paid into the corporation for stock and the state appropriated about \$400,000. The stockholders who are in favor of the return of the money have been fighting off attempts to use it for other purposes ever since the announcement of president H. W. Goode that a certain per cent would be paid back.

### Not the Best of Feeling.

It is a well-known fact that not the best of feeling has existed between the Oregon State Commission and the corporation, which was more or less apparent before and during the Fair. When the Fair was nearing its termination the State Commission asked that steps be taken by the Exposition to set off part of the surplus money for the erection of a memorial building. Nothing was done and considerable bitter feeling was engendered. Another clash occurred about the method of awarding the medals and prizes for the exhibits.

The officials of the corporation say that the action of the Oregon State Commission is a violation of the terms of the charter.

(Concluded on Page 10.)