

Morning & Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1905.

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WHOLE OF RUSSIA SOON TO STRIKE

Workingmen Unite for Political Ends'

OPENLY DEFY GOVERNMENT

Leaders Risk Arrest by Issuing Manifesto.

ALL INDUSTRY TO CEASE

Czar Hears Urgent Argument for Universal Suffrage, While Reds Plot to Thwart Him-Reactionary Plans Rejected.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 39.-(2:66 A. M.)-A call for a general political strike throughout Russia, to begin Thursday at oon, was issued tonight. The call is approved by the Union of Unions, the Inion of Peasants, the General Railway Union and the Council of Workmen of St. Petersburg and Moscow. A response received from the rallroad men of Mos-

ow is unanimous for a strike. The leaders have declared their ability to stop every train in Russia. The strike order renders every member of the unions signing it liable to arrest and punishment under the new strike law, and Minister of the Interior Durnovo atempted to telegraph orders to Moscow to arrest members of the Rallway Union and of the Workmen's Council, but the dispatches were held up by the railroad telegraphers.

Moscow Joins St. Petersburg.

The members of the St. Petersburg of Workmen had been notified by the General Railway Union and the inciple they were ready for a strike. but that they hesitated on practical The St. Petersburg leaders, owever, felt that their prestige would suffer severely unless they could answer the government's determined offensive with a counter-stroke, while many who 40 full revolution secret ly decided that the ground would be swept from under their feet should the government promulgate a law granting universal suffrage.

It is expected that there will be difficulty in enforcing a general walkout on the eye of the Christmas holidays, when ian workmen, especially the railroad employes, are looking forward to the customary presents, which sometimes amount to as much as one or two months Envoys returning from the interior report that many of the proletarint in the provinces will not be ready for a struggle before January.

The committee of the League of Leagues, the prominent members of which are mementarily expecting arrest on account of the manifesto issued by the league this morning, were present at the neeting of the Council of Workmen, as were also several leading lights of the revolution, who are working desperately to co-ordinate all elements in a struggle against the government.

The printers of Moscow will strike today, but those of St. Petersburg have decided to strike only when ordered to

The police yesterday afternoon visited the printing offices in which the workmen's papers were published Monday. the revolutionary printers had not left the slightest evidence of their work.

REFUGEES FLOOD GERMANY

Demand That Government Send Steamers to Baltic Provinces.

RERLIN. Dec. 19 .- A dispatch to the lokal Angelger from Moscow says that the apothecaries have entered on their third strike, and that the Association of Pharmacists has organized a service to supply the people with medicines. The pharmacists, however, threaten a strike on their own account, should the slight est repressive measures be adopted

against the striking apothecaries. Dispatches from the border towns Indicate that a stream of fugitives continues to cross the frontier. Eydtkuhnen, in East Prussia, has more Russian refugees waiting for transportation than the little

town can accommodate. Telegraphic communication with Russia yesterday was perfect. The line between Beriln and St. Petersburg was often in-operative, which was attributed to atmos-pheric interference, and not to the strik-

The Pan-German annual convention, in ession at Leipsic, has demanded that steamers be sent to Baltic ports, not only to receive German citizens, but to give the right of asylum to Germans in distress It further demanded that the German government insist energetically that the Russian government should simplify

PROCLAMATION BY LEAGUE

Accuses Witte of Driving Russia Into Revolutionary Path.

PETERSBURG, Dec. 19.-The League of Leagues, in expressing its approval of an immediate and general has issued a manifesto accusing the government of the perpetration of the three guard regiments whose patron fresh crimes in arresting members of the is St. Nicholas. The review was made Peasants' Congress, of the Post and Tel. Peasants' Congress, of the Post and Tel. the occasion of a remarkable den agraph Union and of the Council of tion of fidelity to his Majesty.

Workmen's delegates, in suspending pregressive newspapers, in promulgating laws destroying the basis of civil liberty and in menacing the rights of the people gle and which have been affirmed by the Emperor's manifesto.

The League declares that a continuance of the power of the present government is a danger to the country. Its manifosto says that the government is prorevolutionary movement further along the fatal path, concluding with a declaration of the solidarity of the workmen with the aims of the League and a call to all the unions to mobilize their forces, so as to be in readiness for a political strike.

TURN TO UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE

Most Reactionary Men Admit Its

Necessity to Czar. ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 19.-The Asso clated Press authoritatively learns that the advocates of universal suffrage had the upper hand at Tsarskoe-Selo yesterday. When the meeting assembled, the Emperor, who presided, expressed the wish that the Zemstvo Congress should first present its views. Thereupon, Dmitri Shipoff urged the absolute necessity of universal suffrage as the only ground upon which it would be possible for the ountry to unite.

The Emperor asked M. Shipoff bluntly whether he regarded universal suffrage as necessary for the best interests of the ountry, and M. Shipoff replied emphatically that he did.

M. Gutchoff spoke to the same effect. Baron Korff announced his conversion to the granting of universal suffrage, and Count Bobrinsky, Master of Court, who heretofore has been an implacable nent of unrestricted suffrage, said universal suffrage had become the watchword of the people, and in such a crisis the government must seize the psychological moment.

During the dinner which followed, with Count Witte at the head of the table, even the most reactionary of those present hinted that it might be necessary, after all, to grant universal suffrage. It is understood that Count Witte is determined to force through a universal suffrage scheme tomorrow.

PICTURES IMPENDING RUIN

Moscow Committee Implores Witte to Avert General Strike.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 19 .- (1:2) P. committee representing the Moscow Bourse arrived here today to to ward off the blow of a general strike and also to settle the post and telegraph strike immediately, as the The committee told the Premier that already there had been hundreds of small bankruptcles in the provinces; that the paper of many firms was going to protest and that large concerns were hanging by a thread. It said that while one week of the general strike would beggar the proletariat; it also would spell the ruin of countless industries.

A sensation has been produced by the famous raid on the Milwaukie country of the famous raid on the Milwaukie country Club, and endeavored to have Bruin swear upon cross-examination that it was that event that started the storm. de capacity of Acting Minister of the Interior and selier of forage to the War Department. It is considered that the exsosure will make it impossible for M. Durnovo to remain in the Cabinet,

Instead of the expected promulgation of the election law and of the manifesto domating the crown appanages to the peasants, the Emperor's name day was signalized by the declaration of martial law in the Province of Suwalki, on the German frontier of Poland, and by the feasting of the army in the country. An order for the improvement of

the condition of the army and the navy which preceded the announcement of measures for the improvement of the status of the privates adopted "as a token of the Emperor's good will toward his army," provides for an inrease of the pitiful pay from \$1.25 per year to \$3 in the case of ordinary privates and from \$3 to \$6 in the case of the privates of the guard. The pay of the noncommissioned officers creased in proportion, in the case of

sistance. The report says General Tre-Emperor and to Grand Duke Nicholas,

both of whom indignantly rejected it. Only Guns Prevent Bloodshed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 19.-66 P. MA -A big loyalist demonstration had been planned for today, and was abandoned at the request of the Prefect of Police, who believed that it might provoke bloodshed. Batteries of machine guns are stationed at several points of vantage throughout the city, and infantry and Cossacks are everywhere. A specially heavy guard is stationed in the neighborhood of the Jewish market.

At Tearskoe-Selo the Emperor reviewed

IS ON THE RACK

Draws Pay From Government While Mayor's Private Detective.

HAS SOME HEATED DEBATE

Admits Playing Ponics at Milwauki and Fruitless Effort Is Made to Prove That He Was Not Criticized Till After Raid.

PROBABLE OUTCOME OF INVES-TIGATION.

Although it is practically imp at this time to state positively the Civil Service Commission and matters at the proper time the City Council will turn the evidence over to City Attorney McNary, for any action he may deem fit to take,

Even should the select committee be absolutely convinced of irregularities in Beutn's appointment, it is said move him. This would have to be at

Final sitting of the committee will

Captain of Detectives and Inspector of Police Patrick Bruin took the stand today for the first time during the investigation of civil service methods by the select committee of the City Council, yesterday bours of questioning and cross-question ing told in minute detail his story of hor ticipated a series of rapid-fire sieges by Dan J. Malarkey, the inquisitor for board, he must have been agreeably surprised. This did not occur. The only un pleasant features of the day were occasioned by T. G. Greene, counsel for the defense, and himself a police comm means of preventing financial man of the Executive Board, created by Mayor Lane,

Greene Grows Personal.

ommittee Mr. Greene naw fit to make personal attacks upon Mr. Malarkey, and at the close of the afternoon session he attacked the newspapers and cast serious reflections upon Chairman A. Wills, Thomas Gray and H. A. Beld-The council at Tsarskoe-Selo con-cluded its sitting without arriving at He charged that the series of criticisms a decision regarding the election laws. of Captain Bruin began immediately after

emphatic objection to Greene's aspersions, characterizing them as false, malicious and outrageous, and declaring that he cast serious reflections upon the members of the investigating board and im pugned the motives of the Council in instigating the investigation.

Bruin Makes Denial.

When asked by Mr. Malarkey the direct question as to whether or not he wished to say that the raid on the Milwaukie Country Club had inspired the investigation by the Council, 'Captain Bruin promptly said he did not.

When Mr. Malarkey called Captain Bruin to the stand, it was 2:30 P. M. Every one present sat up and took notice found sensation in police circles walked swiftly to the witness-box and took the Very quietly and deliberately Mr. Malarkey began questioning the witness. Q. You were a roomer, then, in Mr. Sutton's house, 155 North Fifteenth street,

A. I don't know whether I would be a

the nemcommissioned officers is increased in proportion, in the case of the highest of the Sorgeanus-Major amounting to \$35.

Eleven thousand employes of the Puttlioff works refused to observe the holiday of St. Nicholas. They insisted on working on the understanding that the money earned by them would be used to swell the strike fund. The strike fund of the railroad men now amounts to \$15,000.

CZAR REJECTS COUP D'ETAT

Refuses to Order Arrest of Leading Intellectuals.

PARIS. Dec. 20.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Figaro, under date of December 18, says that the Emperor refused to allow the carrying out of a proposition emanating from the efficers of the St. Petersburg garrison to suppress the revolutionary movement by the arrest of 100 "Intellectuals." who, it was suggested, would not offer the sightest resistance. The resport says General Trepoff forwarded the proposition to the Emperor and to Grand Duke Nicholas.

Poor Advice, Says Malarkey.

Mr. Malarkey—I think counsel is giv-ing the witness poor advice. I submit the question is fair, and I am trying only to accertain whether or not Mr. Bruin was a resident of the City of Portland. Mr. Greene—That has already been set-

papers will show (handling papers to committee).

Mr. Malarkey-Well, if you don't want the pardon, all right; but I say it doesn't show. Speaking about this proposition. I do not see what difference this certificate of citigenship, the fact that Mr. Brein was admitted to citizenship in this county on the 28th of October, would have to do with this. In the first place, the rules of the Civil Service Commission require that he should have been a resident for a certain period prior to the time he made his application. He made his application. He made he application on the 18th day of October, which was It days before that. The question of residence in this whole proceeding is not a question of residence in

withdraw my objection.

Mr. Mainkey-I will make my questions is I see fit. And there is no use in your rying to crawl behind this kind of a roposition. proposition.

Mr. Greene—I am not trying to crawl behind anything.

Mr. Malarkey—Then why are you ob-Art. Manufactifications of the come here and see a man browber in this manner. I don't propose to here and listen to this Police Court is tering manner of questioning this ness. There is no need of it.

Reason for Objection

Mr. Malarkey—There is no need of your making such personal remarks. I am getting tired of the personalities indulged in by counsel all through this proceeding. Why do you object? Mr. Bruin don't make any objection.

"What is your answer," asked Mr. Malarkey. A. I always pay my way wherever I

Bruin's Various Journeys.

Yes, sir.

Q. You stayed there up to August,

And then when you left, where did I went to Grand Rapids, Michigan. During the time you lived in Port-then, from December, 1898. to bt. 1800-were you a married man?

cago.

Have you them with you?

They are in existence.

You filed them with the clerk of Civil Service Commission?

Yes, sir. I lost the original.

And you sent back and got a copy?

Yes, sir.

You made this declaration of inthen on the 12th of December?

Yes, sir.

Immediately before you enlisted in Army?

Yes, sir.
You could not enlist then until you done this, could you?

ment here?

A. Acting Chief of Police Gritzmacher.
Q. And he referred you to whom?
A. The Civil Service Commission.
Q. And then whom did you speak to?
A. Well, when I came up to the civil service rooms I spoke to Mr. McPherson and he gave me a blank form of application.

Was that the day you made out your application?

A. I could not say whether it was October 19th or not. It seems I made this out on October 19th. I don't know when I got it; may have had it some time before. Might have got it previous to that. I made it out on October 19th.

Q. How long before did you get it?

A. Maybe two or three days. I had it in my pocket for two or three days. I know.

Not more than a week altogether? No. sir. Within a week? Not more than a week.

His Call on the Mayor.

Q. Did you talk to anybody other than Acting Chief of Police Gritzmacher before obtained by the Mr. Mr. Pherson:
A. Yes, sir. Various people.
Q. Did you know Mayor Lane before you went to see Mr. McPherson and got this blank?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. When did you first become acquainted with Mayor Lane?
A. Maybe the month of August.
Q. Who introduced you to him?
A. Myself.

That was in August? Yes, air.

Hefore you spoke to the Chief? No. sir: after I had spoken to the Chief.

Q. Did you not say the Chief referred lain.
you to the Civil Service Commission? Yes sir. Did the Chief refer you to Mayor

A. No. sir. Q. The Chief did refer you to Mr. Mc-A Yes, sir.

Q. And instead of going to Mr. Me-Pherson you went to the Mayor?

A. No; I didn't think any more about it for several days. Nine or ten days, maybe.

Walks Into Lane's Office.

Q. Then you did what?
A. Then I came up to the they Hall and walked into the Mayor's office and asked him if I could get put on, and he told me.
Q. You spoke to him before you spoke to Mr. McPherson?
A. You see

to Mr. McPherson?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did he tell you how you could get put on?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What did he tell you?

A. He told me I should go to the Civil Service Commission and get a blank and fill out my application, and if I could pass the examination, I would stand a chance to be amonimized.

examination, I would stand a chance be appointed.

About the same thing that Chief transher told you previously?

Yes, sir; exactly.

Did you talk to Mayor Lane after thefore this examination?

Well, yes, I did.

Taiked to him from time to time in I came in your way to?

Yes, sir.

Did you ever do any work for Mayor and the standard s

Potective work.
You were, then, before you took this sination, doing detective work for I was; yes, sir.
When did you begin doing detective
for Mayor Lane?
Some time in August: August 22, 1

Was that after you spoke to Chief Yes, str. Mayor Lane's Private Detective.

tion.

Q. What salary were you receiving?

Mr. Greene—Wall a minute: don't answer that, Captain Bruin. That is a personal question, and has nothing to do with this investigation.

Mr. Cogswell—I would like to state that there is a certain fund set apart for secret service work.

Chairman Wills—He need not answer that at all. We won't require him to answer that that question. swer that question.

Q. Were you working for Mayor Lane
in his official capacity?

Mr. Greene—I object to that question,
and you need not answer it. Captain

whether he knows or not.

Mr. Mainricey—All right, I will ask him that question. Do you know or not?

A I was daing secret service duty for Mayor Lane, as Mayor,

Q. You continued from the Ed of Au-

GOVERNOR'S SEAT down only in proportion as they may attempt to hold up the people. I am in favor of the taxation of public franchises, known as largely, intangible properties, but attil yielding, as a rule, immense profits, until they shall contribute their full share toward the support of the state government. I am in favor of a continued effort to so revise the state laws on assessment and taxation that the hurdens of governmental affairs shell fall more evenly upon our people in proportion as their property and business make them able to pay. Elementary Agriculture in Schools.

I am in favor of the proposal of the Sup-mendent of Public Instruction to introdu-nto our public schools the elementary pr-ciples of agriculture and of manual tra-ing the arteriest economy in the administ-tion of public affairs, the impartial infor-ment of the laws, and of all laws un-repeated, and of the utmost virilance in

our immense commonwealth, not forgetting, while always considering the pioneers of the Willamette Valley, the new settlers who are endeavoring to reciain the sagehoush plains of the arid belt or the enterprising people of the Coast counties and the south-weatern part of the state, who are doing so much to develop their untouched resources.

General Needs of the State.

But fully as important as all this are the vast business interests of our cities and towns, commercial and industrial, employed

towns, commercial and industrial, employed and employers, the improvement of the Columbia and Willamette Rivers, the purchase of the Oregon City locks by the General Government, and the early completion of the Celifo Canal, as well as an incessant effort to induce Congress to provide for the improvement of all our cont harbors.

All our interests, industrially as a state of the control of the

All our interests, industrially as a state and materially as a people, are closely interwoven and should be impartially looked after, for, as has been well said by President Rosesvelt, "in the aggregate, as a Nation, we will go up or down together."

These, with such other needs as may suggest themselves later, will ale my platform, and if successful at the primaries, I will visit, if possible, every county in the state, and in compony, I hope, with the Democratic nomines, discussing jointly such topics as may be deemed of interest and importance to the people of Oregoe.

New Constitution in Montenegro.

CETTINGE, Dec. 19.-Prince Nich-

ias of Montenegro, in opening the

ered a speech from the throne pro

claiming the new liberal constitution

and declaring that Montenegro was a

constitutional monarchy. He then took

an path to support the new constitu-tion, while a salute of 160 guns was

Pullman Carmen's Union.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19 .-- A Pullman

car porters union, which is intended to include every negro railroad em-ploye in this service in the United States, has been organized by porters, cafe and dining-car men running into New York City on the various lines.

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The Weather

TESTERDAY'S Maximum temperature, 44 deg.; minimum, 40. Precipitation, 1.49 of

TODAY'S-Occasional rain. Southerly winds.

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Czar discusses universal suffrage. Page I. Rebeis defeated at Tacum. Page I.

fired. There is great rejoicing.

National Assembly today, deliv-

Marion County Man Makes Formal Announcement and Presents Platform.

CHALLENGE TO DEMOCRATS ment of the laws, and of all laws until repealed, and of the utmost vigilance in the shaping of our legislation, so that nothing may interfere with the rights of those commonly known as the plain people, since if their rights are assured all interests may proceed without jeopardy. And although having been a farmer for more than 36 years, I do not wish to be considered merely as a farmers' candidate, but in addition, I desire to include in my special constituency the ranchmen and miners, the fruitraisers and stockmen of all sections of our immense commonwealth, not forgetting.

Nominated, He Would Meet the Candidate of the Opposing Party in Joint Campaign

on the Stump.

candidary for the Republican Guber-natorial homination and says that if successful he will challenge the campaign. Among his principles are Railroads should be held down onto proportion as they may attempt

to hold up the people.

Taxation of public franchises. Teaching of elementary agriculture

Economy in public affairs lamette Rivers and the coast harbors. Purchase of Oregon City locks and completion of Cellio Canal.

SALEM, Or., Dec. 19,-(Special.)-Exwernor T. T. Geer today announced his endidacy for the Republican nomination for Governor at the primary election to held April 20. In his announcement Mr. Geer states his platform and gives notice that if he shall be the nominee he will challenge the Democratic candidate to a joint campaign on the stump

The announcement occasioned little stir in political circles in this city when it became known. This announcement is looked upon as the real commencement of the campaign of 1906, for Geer makes plain his intention of doing some vigous work.

First Choice Was the Senate.

For several months Mr. Geer had under consideration the suggestion that he hould once more go upon the ballet for a popular indorsement for the United States Senate, and for some time it was elleved that he would pursue that ourse. The refusal of the Legislature of 1902 to be controlled by the popular indorsement, together with the fact that 14 hold-over Senators will be unpledged and 14 Multnomah members pledged only to a Multnomah County man, finally led the ex-Governor to give up all thought of the Senatorial contest Aside from these considerations, his preference, as made known to his friends. was for the Gubernatorial contest, which would win him an opportunity to stump present Governor, George E. Chamber-

Declares His Intentions.

For several weeks Mr. Geer has been be sleged by newspaper men and politicians, seeking a declaration of his intentions in the coming campaign. He has steadfastly asserted that he had not made up his mind, until today he made this announcement:

nouncement:
You are authorized to say that I will be a candidate for the momination for Governor at the Republican primaries next April, and when the time comes I shall, with the assistance of my friends, wage a vigorous



campaign for the nomination. Without making any special effort against any aspirant for that or any other position. The primary contest will be one between position friends, the object of which will be, of course, an emdeavor to secure the highest, vote and, utilimately, through faithful public service, to excent the plate Republican organization.

saw. Page 5. Asquith gives no hope to Irish home rulers. Page 5. Crisis in Hungary staved off. Page 5. Great donation for Salvation Army's unem-ployed colony. Page 5. Foreignes in China fice to Shanghai. Page 5. eat volcanic eruption in Samoa. Page 16. National. Senate and House agree on Panama Canal bill. Page 4. Senate alone can remove Senators convicted of crime. Page 4.

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Or, goes out by the pack door. Page 6.
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Canadian Pacific given traffic privileges over

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BANKER PROBERT USES BACK DOOR

Unable to Explain to Wife and District Attorney at Ben Lomond.

FALSE NAME AT MARRIAGE

Under Alias of C. R. Davis, Man Who Operated in Oregon Becomes Prominent Citizen of

a California Town.

CAREER IN OREGON. About three years ago Dr. A. C. Probert appeared at Dayton, Or., and opened a private bank. He was a man of good address and interested rist, and Mr. Crawford, a capitalist

with gilt-edged security. afterward Probert was recog ings in Michigan and Wisconsin, a ing a run on the bank. The banker disappeared from Dayton and was ar-rested in Portland, but as investigation showed the depositors

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., Dec. 19.-A warant was issued today for the arrest of Dr. Arthur C. Probert, alias Clarence R. Davis, banker and merchant of Ben mond, on a charge of swearing falsely to his name in an affidavit for a marriage icense. Back of this charge is the general one that Davis is Dr. Probert, who eloped from Dayton, Or., about three

cars ago while president of a bank. Probert, or Davis, as he called himself. came to Ben Lomond about nine months ago from Redding, where he said he was employed as manager of the commissariat department of the Mountain Copper Company. He opened a general store under the firm name of C. R. Davis & Co., inter establishing the Ben Lomond News, a weekly paper, and still later within the past in 10th starting a private bank. He was married in November to Miss Olite Hume, society editor of the Fresno Democrat, who, with her mother, owns onsiderable property in Ben Lemond

Since that time a traveling man who settled in Ben Lomond alleged that Davis was a fugitive from justice. A picture was published in one of the local papers. and on Davis' return from a two weeks trip to Chicago he was confronted by his wife and District Attorney Knight with the picture and his alleged record. Davis gave evasive answers, and, while the law officer was in private co

IN DISTRESS OFF STRAITS

with Mrs. Davis, Davis go: his grip at

a hotel and disappeared out of the back

Lightkeeper at Carmanah Point Says Vessel Struggles Hard to Get Away From Shore.

VICTORIA, B. C., Dec. 19.-News was received from Carmanah Point to-night that at 5 o'clock, a four-masted schooner was burning distress signals and signalling for a tug seven miles southwest of Carmanah lighthouse, at the entrance to the Straits of San Juan. The lightkeeper reported the schooner, which was unloaded and to be ill a bad fix. Her foresail was gone and she appeared to be having difficulty in clawing off the coast.

A heavy sea is running, though the wind which blew at the rate of 36 miles an hour this afternoon is dying

Queen City Could Not Land.

VICTORIA, B. C. Dec. 19.-The steamer Queen City, which returned to the west coast of Vancouver Island tothe west coast of Vancouver Island to-night, and whose arrival was awaited in the hope she would bring further details of the wreckage recently washed assore near Carmanah, was unable to land there, owing to high seas. Captain Townsend says no wreckage has been reported elsewhere along the island coast. He is of opinion the wreckage has drifted from the south and ridicules the idea that it came from the missing scaling schoon-er Fawn.

Will Bring Laborers From Azores.

HONOLULU. Dec. 12.—(Via San Francisco, Dec. 13.)—The Planters' Association and the Territorial Beard of Immigration have completed their plans to secure 1909 families of laborers from the Azores or some other European source. Secretary of the Territory Atkins, who is now in Washington, has been appointed to go as agent of the board to secure the laborers.

Mother of the Missionaries.

HONOLULU. Dec. 12.—(Via San Francisco, Dec. 15.)—The one hundredth birthday anniversary of "Mother Parker," the oldest survivor of the original missionaries who came to Hawali, was celebrated here hast Saturday. The old lady is still able to receive and recognize friends and is enjoying excellent health. She was born in 1866 and came here as a missionary in 1869.