France Sends Fleet With American Approval.

MAY BLOCKADE VENEZUELA

If Apology for Insuit to Minister Is Not Forthcoming. Commerce Will Cease - Root Knows Plan of Action.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.-in sending warships to the West Indies France i acting not only with the knowledge bu with the full approval of the Washington Government. Before this action was de-cided upon, M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, informed Secretary Root o the Secretary heartily approved.
It is made clear that the Washington and Paris governments have arrived at a thorough understanding regarding Vene-

SAYS OTHERS AIDED MATOS

General Greene Admits Asphalt Men's Part in Revolution.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.-General Francis V. Greene, ex-president of the Na-ional Asphalt Company, was examined today before United States Commissioner Glichrist as a witness in behalf of the Venezuelan government in the action instituted by the latter against the New York & Bermudez Company to recover about \$11.000,000 because of she latter organization's alleged assistance to the

Matos revolution in 1901.

General Greene was asked but one question, put by Rufus, H. Fowing, Jr., representing the Venezuelah gayernment, which was as follows:

"State whether when you returned from Europe in 180, you knew John M. Mack, Avery D. Andrews and Arthur Azwell or any of them, as representatives of the National Asphalt Company or any of the allied companies, were in communication with Mates or were aiding him with money or in any other

"My only knowledge," replied General Greene, "of this matter comes from what was told me by Messrs, Mack, Andrews and Sewell. When I returned from Europe in October, 1901, I was surprised Europe in October, 1901, I was surprised to learn from them that during my absence they had decided to support Matos in his contest with Castro. I told them that I thought they had made a great mistake, because what they had done was not acting in good faith with the State Department at Washington, which up to that time and leaning as representations made by me to Secretary Hay. inp to that time and leaning & representations made by me to Secretary Hay, had supported the Bermudes Company to such an extent as to enable it to continue in possession of its property. I told them that, in view of what they had done during my absence, it would be impossible for me to make any further claims at the State Department in Washington in favor of the Bermudes Company, and in fact I never did after that go to the State Department in behalf of the Asphalt Company. While was pressient of the National Asphalt Company, Mr. Mack and his friends controlled a large majority of the stock, and rolled a large majority of the stock, and ie was also vice-president of the company virtually in control of the com-pany virtually in control of it. The com-pany passed into the hands of a re-ceived about two months later and at that time I had practically no voice in the management of the company. My connection with it ended a few months later and for considerably more than

The hearing was adjourned until to-morrow in Washington. FLEET WILL BE READY TO ACT

Il Castro Does Not Apologize, France Will Blockade Ports. PARIS, Oct. 17.-The departure of the

armored cruiser Desaig from Cherbourg yesterday for the Island of Martinique, French West Indies, inaugurates the preparations for dealing with the Vene-zuelan question with a strong hand if President Castro persists in his present course. The Desaix will stop at Brest, where she will be joined, by the cruisers Lavoisier and Chasseloup-Laubet.

The three warships will proceed to-gether to the French West Indies, joining the cruisers Jurien de la Graviere and Troude, new at Martinique. The division ships will be under Admiral Bevoe de Peyer. The rendezvous will be Fort de France, Martinique.

These steps are probably precautionary, as the officials here are still hopeful that the President will make suitable amends. Therefore, no orders have been issued con-cerning the nature of the ultimate naval

cerning the nature of the ultimate naval action against Venezuela, as these await the assemblage of the ships and the result of the diplomatic negotiations.

There is no desire here to have the assemblage of the warships taken as a menace. On the contrary, the French authorities are deferring the announcement of their final plans until President Castro's protracted inaction shows he is not willing to make any appends. not willing to make any amends.

It is pointed out that President Castro's withdrawal of his offensive action toward

M. Taigny, the French Charge d'Affaires, and the presentation of a suitable explanation would avert the necessity of France adopting stronger means of persuasion.

The duration of the voyage to Fort de
France will be about two weeks. Therefore, time remains for Prefident Castro to make explanations. It is understood that the demonstration, if finally resorted to, will take the form of a blockade of

munition to Martinique.

CHERBOURG, Oct. 17 -- Active work is going on here in preparing reserve vessels for service in case of eventualities in Venezuela. The arsenal and the artillery depot are working at full pressure. The cruiser Desaix, which left yesterday, took large stores of ammunition for Fort De France, Island of Martinique.

Says Cable Company Intrigued. NEW YORK, Oct. 15 .- A cable dispatch to the Herald from LaGuayra says: The Constitucional announces further disclo-sures from M Sauvages' documents, show-ing complicity of the French Cable Company in the Spanish war, and in political dissensions in Martinique and Guadalouph.

HAD CONDEMNED BOILERS

Ensign Wade Testifies About Explosion on Bennington.

graphed to the Secretary of the Navy asking that Bartlett be retained as asso-ciate counsel for the prosecution. After that he learned from Mr. Bartlett that the position would prove a strenuous one to him, because of ill-health, but the reply received directed Bartlett to assist in the prosecution of the case. Bartlett was then briefly cross-examined, after which he took his place as associate counsel for

After the identification of drawings After the identification of drawings made by Joseph Emerson, Ensign Charles F. Wade was called as a witness. He testified that he had been in charge of the engineering department of the Bennington since October 29, 1904, continuously, with the exception of two or three periods, lasting four or five days, when he was on the sick list. He had not, he said, had nextless experience as an engineer or previous experience as an engineer on board a cruising vessel. The witness told

in detail of what happened in his depart-ment on the morning of the explosion. The witness had made adverse reports on all the boilers before the explosion. In his steam log he had, in his first quarterly report reported them fair, in the second good, and in the last poor. All the boilers were tested at Bremerton a year ago by water pressure.

THEY STAND BY UNGLE SAN

CUBAN COMMERCIAL MEN WANT PERMANENT TREATY.

Committee Appointed to Urge Movement, Which Means Death to Anglo-Cuban Treaty.

HAVANA, Oct. 17 .- The seven commerestrial and agricultural associations of Cuba, at a joint meeting here today, unanimously passed a resolution that the great commercial need of Cuba is a new and if possible, a permanent ommercial treaty with the United States. The meeting elected a committee to initiate a movement toward obaining such a treaty. Louis Galban, a leading importer and president of the Havana Chamber of Commerce, was chosen president of the joint movement, and other permanent officers were elected. It is expected that the movement pre-

sages the certain death of the Angio-Cuban commercial treaty, the ratification of which is now pending in the Senate.

SAFE UNDER AMERICAN SHIELD

Cuban Moderates Declare the Platt Amendment Guards Republic.

HAVANA, Ost. 17 .- The Moderate party today issued a manifesto culo-gizing the acts of President Palma's administration and pointing out the errors of the allegations scattered broadcast with the object of discredit ing the government. Regarding the Platt amendment the manifesto says: The Platt amendment, which is so much opposed, him given evidence of its benefits in guaranteeing the integrity of our National territory, preserving us from imposition and freeing us from the danger of being trapped by any powerful nation which might seek to control the world through any insignifican pretext. The amendment also relieves us o the necessity of an enormous expense in main taining an Army and Navy, which, after all,

MORTON FOR PUBLICITY

Advocates Public Examination of Accounts of All Corporations.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.-The annual dinner of the American Association of Public Accountants was held tonight in the the Asphalt Company of any kind what-ever."

The hearing was adjourned until to-Hotel Astor. Among the guests of honor were President Paul Morton, of the Equi-

Van Wormer and Eugene A. Philbin.
Mr. Schiff sald that the conditions
which are now claiming the attention of
investigators and the public were largely due to the fact that unprecedented devel-opment and success of corporate interests in some instances led active officers to forget that a corporation cannot be ad-ministered like a private concern, and that executive officers owe accountability to those from whom they derive their pow-

Mr. Morton said in part:

I believe I am voicing President Roose I believe I am voicing President Roosevell's centiments when I say that, if he had
his way, he would finist that every great
corporation of this country might be investigated once a year by public and independent auditors, that investors might be
protected, directors informed and employes
led not into temptation. I am of those who
believe that the evils from not having publicity are greater than those from publicity.
Publicity is sure to come and is sure to
stay in this country and a time is near at
hand when doctored hookkeepering will be
treated in the same way that other malpractice is. practice is.
I know of no man who has done inore to

bring about a keener realizing sense of the dangers that have threatened our great cor-perations, our financial institutions and our republican form of government than Theo-

FEVER IS ALMOST EXTINCT

Emergency Hospital Closes-People Pour Into New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 17 .- Yellow fever report to 6 P. M.: New cases, 6; total to date, 335; deaths, 1; total to date, 435; new foci, 2; cases under treatment, 125; cases discharged, 2775. Further evidence that the Marine Hospital authorities believe the ex-tinction of yellow fever in New Or-leans to be a matter of only a short time was given today, when it was anbe received for treatment in the emer-gency hospital. There were in the hospital today only 23 under treatment and, when these have been discharged

PREPARES RESERVE VESSELS and, whose these have closed.

as cured, it will be finally closed.

The services of 11 acting surgeons recruited from the ranks of prominent recruited from the ranks of prominent dispussed with today. physicians were dispensed with today. The rush of New Orleans people to their homes continues, partly induced by the fact that the danger from fever is practically over and partly by anxiety to be here during the visit of

SULLIVAN HANDS BURNS HIS Gets Decision at End of Twenty

Rounds of Good Fighting. LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 17,-"Twin"

Sullivan was awarded the decision over Tommy Burns tonight at the end of the twentieth round.

The betting was in favor of Sullivan at The betting was in favor of Sullivan at 10 to 5. Sullivan clearly outpointed, out 10 to 5. Sullivan clearly outpointed, out generaled and outfought his opponent almost from the commencement to the finish. Burns fought for Sullivan's head almost entirely, but his blows failed to lain with effect. Sullivan exhibited cleverness in ducking and sidestepping and in covering from attacks. Before the fight was half over Burns was showing the effect of the bedy punishment he was reduced the state of the bedy punishment he was reduced the state of the bedy punishment he was reduced the state of the bedy punishment he was reduced the state of the bedy punishment he was reduced the state of the bedy punishment he was reduced the state of the bedy punishment he was reduced the state of the bedy punishment he was reduced to the state of the bedy punishment he was reduced to the state of the

SQUIRMS IN PAIN

(Continued from First Page.)

obviously requires no comment, let me ask you to tell us to the best of your ability some of the lines on which your ompany is conducted," said Mr. Hughes. Mr. McCurdy insisted that his actuary must answer the questions of dividends pald and how they are calculated. He clined to enter into any explanation declined to enter into any explanation further than that the policy-holder above referred to had a reduced-rate policy. Mr. McCurdy said if a copy of the policy-holder's letter was furnished him he would have the matter looked up.

Mr. Hughes said the reason he took up this author't with Mr. McCurdy trateged. this subject with Mr. McCurdy instead of the actuary was that Mr. McCurdy had submitted a great many figures to show the increase in the salary of the witness was due to the great prosperity of the

company. Refuses to Discuss Question.

Mr. McCurdy many times "declined to answer" questions by Mr. Hughes. "I don't want your discussions." said Mr. Hughes. "If you say you'don't know, we'll not expect an answer." "I decline to discuss the question," wit-

Do you know?" 'I 'decline to discuss the question."

"Do you refuse to answer the ques-"I decline to discuss the question have proffered you a witness whose busi-ness it is to know all of these facts you

are looking for."
Other letters from policy-holders were read to Mr. McCurdy, showing a gradual reduction of dividends, and he repiled \$2500 in January 1905.

that the decrease was due to the approach of the maturity of the policy, proach of the maturity of the policy. Questioned further to explain what he ices, was "recommeant, he again refused to "discuss the Fields."

Mr. Armstrong then asked the witness what relation the approach of the maturity of the policy had to its earning capacity, and witness refused to be "drawn into a discussion." Mr. Armstrong then said he did not think Mr. McCurdy omprehended the scope of the commithis judgment of the insurance business, witness should be glad to give it.

Squirms Under the Ordeal.

Mr. McCurdy again proffered his actu-aty to furnish the information desired. He protested so strongly against the manner in which the investigation was being conducted that Mr. Armstrong asked how he would conduct it.

"I don't know. I don't impugn the mo-tives of this committee, of which you are the worthy chairman." "If there is a better way of conducting his investigation, Mr. McCurdy," said

Mr. Armstrong, "we would be most happy to learn it."

Senator Tully asked the witness if he able to explain any of them.

"Why shouldn't a witness shut his mouth up?" he continued. "When a witness comes here and tells frankly all that he knows, the committee should consider such testimony in executive session, to see what further steps should be taken, but to attempt to drag from a witness anything further than he knows makes him look, well, like a criminal." Recurring to the question of reduction of dividends, witness again declined to

give a direct answer.
"Figures don't lie, but liars can figure," was Mr. McCurdy's reply after Hughes had read a long list of poli

"You have a right to get your case in our own way, Mr. Hughes, I have not followed the figures. There are too many for anybody to follow. I have no doubt that all those statements and figures can be explained by the proper persons, do not attribute any lie to anybody, say it facetiously."

Salaries None Too Fat, He Says.

"Well, let's see what you do to reduce expenses of your company. Do you reduce salaries?" said Mr. Hughes.
"Well, er'" (here there was great "You are entitled to that laugh," he

said. "Let me see how can I answer that."

Mr. Hughes than brought out that salaries had been slightly reduced in the reforms of cierical force and general agen-

"I have not reduced the salaries of the executive officers; they were never cut. They were hone too fat, anyway," said

Mr. McCurdy said he would furnish figures to show how much the expenses had been reduced by the reforms. He said he had tried to reduce expenses of the legal department. Mr. Hughes said that the legal expenses for last year were greater than heretofore. Mr. McCurdy denied any responsibility for any statements made by other witnesses. He said he had ordered discontinued many suits and discontinued many suits and discontinued many suits. dered discontinued many suits and dismissed a number of attorneys.

Mr. Hughes read a complaint order by

Lucing to Bed Hungry

It Is All Wrong and Man Is the Only

nounced that no further patients would be received for treatment in the emergency hospital. There were in the hosjust before retiring, adds more tissue than is destroyed, and increased weight and vigor is the result. Dr. W. T. Cath-ell says: "All animals except man eat before sleep and there is no reason in Nature why man should form the ex-ception to the rule."

If people who are thin, nervous and sleepless would take a light lunch of bread and milk or oatmeal and cream and at the same time take a safe, harmless stomach remedy like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in order to aid the stom-ach in digesting it, the result will be a surprising increase in weight, strength and general vigor. The only drawback has been that thin, nervous, dyspeptic people cannot digest and assimilate wholesome food at night or at any other time. For such it is absolutely necesbecause they will digest the food, no matter how weak the stomach may be, nourishing the body and resting the stomach at the same time. Dr. Stevenson says: "I depend almost

day's session of the Young court-martial. Lieutenant-Commander Bartiett made several other changes in his previous testimony, and the defense closed its examination of the whates. The Judge Advocate state of the bart out of him. Neither man, however, was badly used up at the angel of the previous testimony and the defense closed its examination of the whates. The Judge Advocate state of the search of the day's session of the Young court-martial, coving, and the continual harmering package. They are in lozenge form, coving, and the steam that he exhibites the continual harmering package. They are in lozenge form, pleasant to take, and contain nothing but pure pepsin, vegetable essences and however, was badly used up at the end of smination of fig. Sullivan showing but a few advocate stated that on October 12 he slight evidences of the encounter.

They are in lozenge form, pleasant to take, and contain nothing but pure pepsin, vegetable essences and but pure pepsin, vegetable essences and bismutin, scientifically compounded. Yes, now I remember he said the fight, Sullivan showing but a few universal satisfaction.

a prominent lawyer, well known to President McCurdy. The lawyer in a long letter described the falling off in the dividends of his own and 20 other policies. The figures given in the lawyer's letter 11000 was paid Barnes for three arguindicated that the dividends began decreasing in 1886, going down in his case from \$16 in that year to \$2.75 in 1994. Mr. Hughes stated that before 1885 the theory of a high surplus was not put in opera-tion, and up to that date policy-holders were paid reasonable dividends, but un-der the surplus theory dividends de-

"Have you any comment to make upon the lawyer's letters?" asked Mr. Hughes.

His Salary Not Affected. "I have no doubt the statements made in the letter can be successfully controverted or properly explained by persons in the employ of the company conversant with the facts," was the reply.

Said Mr. Hughes: "I will ask you if the excess of interest from which divi-dends are paid to policy-holders is not now less than in former years." "If it is said so in our official literature it must be so."

"But the interest earned was not so much reduced as to affect your salary."
"I don't think that question is perti-

"I think it is very pertinent."
"I did not fix my salary or discuss it
a commendatory way. Other people insed it."

"Would you not think it proper to consider it in connection with the diminishing rate of interest?"

"I am not considering any such condi-

Mr. McCurdy said, in reply to questions that he did not know the retainer of James F. Pierce, ex-Superintendent of In-surance of New York State, who was em-ployed by the Mutual Life Insurance Com-

pany as attorney. Fields Recommends Payments.

Witness did not know the reason for an order to the cashier of the company from Vice-President Gillett to pay Mr. Pierce

Witness did not know Craig. He was asked what right A. C. Fields, as super-intendent of the supply department, has to order payment of legal expenses, and replied: "Every right in the world if he knew about them."

Witness could give no further information on this vencher. It was shown that

tion on this voucher. It was shown that Fields has been superintendent of the supply department for 15 years, and more or less under the direction of the law department to look after legislation. Wit-ness approved of this. He did not know where Mr. Fields is now, but saw him last Summer, when he was helped into the office of the witness.

At this point Mr. Beck presented an At this point Mr. Beck presented an affidavit from Mr. Fields' physician, stating that Fields was advised in April to take a long trip either to Southern California or Southern France. The physician further deposed that he has not seen Fields since July, and that he is informed by the in way to Southern California.

he is now in Southern California.

Other vouchers for payments for legal services that had been verified by Fields were shown Mr. McCurdy, but he was un-

Senator Tully asked the witness if he thought the committee was too thorough in the investigation, and the witness replied that he did not.

Mr. McCurdy said he thought that putting a witness under oath and making him feel that he is on the rack is apt to produce incorrect answers. His answers he said, were published in a distorted manner that looked like an attempt to ruin him.

"Why shouldn't a witness shut his and about \$2500 a year for his services, and ard about \$2500 a year for his services, and that the \$2500 paid on the voucher in ques-tion "might be in the nature of an ad-

Why Fields Lives in Albany.

Asked if he knew that Mr. Fields had

Mr. McCurdy did not know Andrew Hamilton and never saw him. He was surprised to learn that the Mutual Life Insurance Company had ever paid him

any money.

Mr. Hughes showed Mr. McCurdy a letter, which the latter read on the wit-ness stand. It was from William Barnes, Jr., of Albany, who wrote that "Mr. Barnes senior's honorarium, which has usually been paid by July 1, has not yet been received." The letter also requested a check. It was signed by Wil-liam Barnes. Jr., as consulting counsel. Mr. McCurdy said that he did not know that Mr. Barnes, Jr., was a lawyer. He said that Mr. Barnes, Sr., returned his father's receipt for \$556.66, which was attached to the letter. The voucher was indorsed by Vice-President Grannis, who wrote on it, "if this is the usual time for paying this, do so."

Educators of Legislators.

In the afternoon session Mr. McCurdy was questioned concerning Mr. Field's business in Albany. He replied: He was looking after legislation. If legis lation were not watched in every state, every corporation would be culpable for not protect ing its interests. If legislation was no watched the insurance companies would be legislated and superintended out of business in five years. It is the duty of insurance companies to watch legislation in all the

Mr. Hughes showed to Mr. McCurdy a petition for the payment of E00 to William A. Fricke, formerly Insurance Commis-sioner of Wisconsin, and a letter from Charles Lewis, an attorney of Madison Wis. The letter stated that Mr. Fricke would accept a retainer "to see that the interests of the Mutual Life should come o no harm" in that state.

Mr. McCurdy did not remember the de-

talis. He said: Mr. Lewis told me he had spend a Winter Oreature That Does It.

The complete emptinees of the stomach during sleep adds greatly to the amount of emaclation, sleeplessness and general weakness so often met with. There is a perpetual change of tissues in the body, sleeping or waking, and the industry of me had spend a Winter in educating the minde of legislators in either Michigan, Wisconsin or Ohio, with regard to certain legislation affecting the insurance companies. He proceeded to the capital of the amount of the residences of political god parents, the relations and neighborhoods of the legislators. It meant journey in the body, sleeping or waking, and the inducing of men to go, too, who would ex-pect their expenses and something. Then he went to Washington and spent some weeks getting acquainted with the Senators and Congressmen from that state. He got on a friendly footing with them, so he might speak to them of the damage legislation would do to insurance business, and got letters from them back to the legislators in the State Assembly. For this he received \$5000 for

own services and employing men, but not one dollar except for legitimate purposes. "What did he pay men for?" "Well, many of them were laymen and he had to pay them to sit and listen to him. I say this explains the matter, and I resent the suggestion that the money was spent in improper ways, but I think it would be imprope to publish the names of some of those he em Can you recall at all what legislation you

thought it necessary to oppose?

That would not be in my province. If I undertook to run all the departments I would soon run myself under ground. Barnes' Fee for Lobbying.

Do you recall the attempt last Winter to repeal section 15 of the insurance law, under which no action to force any domestic in-surance company to give an accounting could be brought without the consent of the Attor-

At first Mr. McCurdy said he did not remember such a bill, but finally said he did remember that there was such a bill brought in by State Senator Brackett. "What attitude did you take in the

matter?

Mr. Hughes produced a voucher and correspondence. This showed that correspondence. This showed that \$1000 was paid Barnes for three arguments and certain documents drawn up for the insurance committee at Albany. The correspondence explained that the late Edward L. Short, solicitor of the company, had arranged to pay Mr. Barnes for opposing the Brackett bill, the New York Life paying him a like amount. The letter stated that Mr. Barnes had received \$1000 from Judge Hamilton on behalf of the New York Hamilton on behalf of the New ! Life, and the bill to the Mutual

the same amount. Mr. McCurdy explained he had paid more attention to this matter because no permanent head of the law departhad been appointed since the death of Mr. Short.

What Is Policy-Holders' Interest?

policy-holders to oppose the repeal of this I do not suppose I paid the least attention to what the services were. I received a note from the acting head of the department and so

authorized the payment.
Is there any possibility, if the matters are left to the law department, of bills in the interest of the policy-holders being opposed?
If they were, I should get another general collection.

solicitor.

Will you give your own opinion of this proposed repeal?

I will shandon my usual habit of novelreading tenight and will give my best attention to this matter. I do not like to answer
offnand.

voucher for \$10,000, dated May 22, 1902, for the first payment of a con-tract on that date to Thomas H. Bowles, was brought up. Witness said Bowles was an agent at one time. The money was in part settlement of a suit Bowles brought against the company for claims after his removal in Milwaukes. Bowles organized a campaign of policyholders against the company and the company settled the suit for

Bowles Denounced Officers

Witness said Bowles was released for ing the changing of his general agency to a salaried agency. Mr. Bowies had ad-dressed a letter to the trustees denounc-ing the president. Mr. McCurdy could not say whether he had a copy of that letter. Mr. Hughes handed to the witness a package and asked if he recognized it as a copy of Mr. Bowles' communication, which he did. The letter charged extrav. agance in the management of the com-pany, neglect of all sound principles in inviting business; that it was consumed with ambition to write new business, wrote fictitious new business and em-ployed incompetent men because they were relatives of the high officials.

The trustees referred the matter to the

president with power, witness testified. He added that the president had not read the letter. Witness read only sufficient of it to see what it was and then removed

Bowles.
To the charge in the Bowles letter that McCurdy provided fat offices for his family, witness replied in a long statement how his son, Robert H. McCurdy, had become the general manager. Witness detailed the education his son had re-ceived to adapt him to take up the foreign ousiness, and said also that he was loyal the company. "I know of no other man's son in this

city or anywhere else," he continued, "who could hold that position as the man I appointed to it."

ALL THREE ARE IN CONTEMPT Officers of Western Life Violate In

junction of Court.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17 .- Federal Judge Kohlsaat today issued a rule against G. M. Moulton, E. I. Rosenfeld and E. D. Moore, members of the executive commit-tee of the Western Life Indemnity Coma house in Albany, witness said that, owing to his health, it was thought better to try in a private house rather than at a hotel and so Mr. Fields with three officials other men, hired a house for a season, had our had our chased 8000 shares of the Security other men, hired a house for a season and paid \$500 for it. Pressed further, he stated Mr. Fields was there on legislative matters.

Mr. McCurdy did not been added to the season and purchased \$500 shares of the Security Life & Annuity Company for \$200,000 September 30, after the court had issued a verbal injunction against any such trans-

Only for Legal Services.

NANTUCKET, Mass., Oct. 17.-William Barnes, Sr., formerly counsel for the New York Life Insurance Company, but now a resident of this town, tonight stated that he had been but slightly connected with the Mutual Life, although he had furnished its officers with different opinions on insurance questions. He declared that the only money be had re-ceived from any life insurance company was for strictly legal services.

Admits He Is Mutual's Lobbyist.

LANSING, Mich., Oct. 17 .- S. S. Olds tonight admitted that he had for several years been paid a retainer by the Mutual Life Insurance Company. Mr. Olds said that his particular work consisted of look-ing after legislation—securing the defeat of undestrable bills. He denied, however. that he had ever known money to be paid to members of the Legislature in connection with insurance legislation.

Demurrers to Equitable Suit.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- Demurrers were served today in the action of New York state against the Equitable Life As-surance Society and its directors on behalf of ex-President James W. Alexander, Henry M. Alexander William M. Alexander and Valentine P. Snyder.

Texas Plans an Inquisition. AUSTIN, Texas, Oct. 17 .- Life insurance

companies seeking to enter Texas after this year will have to answer numerous and largely personal questions before a permit is given them. These questions will be ready for use by January 1, when all permits now outstanding will expire.

Investigate Casualty Insurance.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- The necessity for legislation regulating casualty insurance as well as life insurance was laid be-fore the annual convention of the Board of Casualty Insurance here today by Judge Stone of Baltimore.



Have O'Sullivan heels of new rubber attached to your shoes and be insured against jar in walking, against that excessive exhaustion which comes from constant clatter of hard leather heels on the pavement, and be assured of economic eal, lasting comfort which can come alone from heels of New Rubber.

Order by the name O'Sullivan. 50c attached.

O'SULLIVAN RUBBER CO. Lowell, Mass.

Girlhood, Womanhood, Motherhood,

experience of life.

girls commonly experience at such a time may, in almost every instance, be entirely prevented or cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity. It tones up the general health, and cures beadache, backache, nervousness, chorea, or St. cure for the most complicated and Vitus's dance, and other consequences obstinate cases of leucorrhea, excesof womanly weakness or disease.

MOTHER OF THE FAMILY.

The anxious mother of the family responsibility so far as the home meddoctor's visits are very often much too great. At such times the mother is invited to write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., for medical advice. which is given free. Correspondence is held sacredly confidential.

IT STANDS ALONE.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only every ingredient of which has the unanimous endorsement of all the leading medical writers of this country, recommending it for the cure of the very same diseases for which this "Prescription" is advised.

A MOTHER'S LOVE.

A mother's love is so divine that the roughest man cannot help but appreciate it as the crown of womanhood. However, motherhood is often looked forward to with feelings of great dread by most women. At such times a woman is nervous, dyspeptic, irritable, and she is in need of a uterine tonic and nervine, a strength builder to fit her for the ordeal. No matter how healthy or strong a woman may be she cannot but be benefited by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to prepare for the event. It makes childbirth easy and often almost painless.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION is a powerful, invigorating tonic. It of the "Pleasant Pellete" at hand. In imparts strength to the whole system proof of their superior excellence it can and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For overworked "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, the first trial. milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing are cathartic. They regulate, invigor-mothers and feeble women generally, are and cleanse the liver, stomach and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appertizing cordial and restorative tonic A STRENGTHENING NERVINE.

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All the pain and misery which young the system. For morning sickness or

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it is made of on every bottle wrapper.
It is the only medicine for women if it were not for those drains on her strength and those weaknesses which come all too frequently and make her life miserable. There is a ready-to-use-Prescription, used a great many years by Dr. R. V. Pierce in his large practice as a Specialist in women's diseases, which is not like the many "patent medicines" on the market, as it contains neither alcohol nor any narcotic, or other harmful drug. It is purely vegetable. It is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Pre-

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cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or con-stipation of the bowels, loss of appestipation of the bowels, loss of appe-tite, coated tongue, sour stomach, windy belchings, "heartburn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

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