PROFITS OF FRAUDS

Leaks in Cotton Reports Have Yielded About \$200.000.

CHECKS PAID TO HOLMES

Statistician Received About \$25,000 According to New Indictment. Peckham, Haas, Van Riper and Holmes Accused.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13 .- The profits of the alleged conspirators in the operations based on the recent leaks in the Government cotton-crop reports are placed at approximately \$200,000, according to an indictment presented in court today on the arraignment before United States Com-missioner Ridgway, of Frederick A. Peckham and Moses Hass. According to charges made in this indictment, Edwin S. Holmes, Jr., assistant statistician of the Department of Agriculture, received

The indictment, which was found by grand jury in Washington on October 3, is against Edwin S. Holmes, Jr.; and L. C. VanRiper, as well as against Haas and Peckham, and charges all four collectively with having conspired to defraud by procuring advance information from Holmes concerning the Government's cotton crop report. It sets forth in full many copies of telegrams and also of checks which passed between the accused, tending to show that a conspiracy existed.
One of the checks, dated December 12,
1904, drawn on the Second National Bank of Hoboken, and signed by Lewis C. Van Riper, calls for the payment of \$24,250 to M. Hans, of which sum, it is alleged, Hans ald Holmes \$14,250 in cash. Many other paid Holmes \$18,200 in Cash. Many other milner checks for sums ranging from \$100 to \$500 are set forth in the indictment, in addition to another check signed by Yan Riper, and payable to Hans, on the same bank, for \$28,202, dated December 21, 1904. Of this sum, it is claimed, Holmes got

Counsel for the defense today moved for the discharge of the prisoners on the ground that the charges as alleged did not constitute an offense against the Government. The hearing on the mot adjourned until October 21.

CAINE SEES SOCIALISM.

(Continued From Page 1.)

events of the present are surely leading it. America-the United States-is be the theater of this greatest of world's dramas. I have been talking durng the last few days with some of the calthiest and foremost financiers of this unitry. They have explained much to e, and they agree that the present state your country's finances is leading it in direction I have just outlined. But final result is sure to come. Unless ur vast wealth is placed under governental control there may even come to u a crisis as terrible as that of the ench Revolution."

"The remedy, then, is-?" "A complete control by the Government all those great financial plants, of all ose great manufacturing plants, of all he rallroads, the telegraphs-everything nat produces that enormous wealth for hich the rich men of your country have ome famous the world over. You see be direct result of the combined efforts of e people. Land, therefore, should belong States. the people, not to the individual. It is with oil. It is the same with el. It is the same with other things at produce great wealth. They all beng to the people, and they should be strolled by the people. They are not ke an invention that a man creates him-

"You are a Socialist, then, Mr. Caine?" ventured.

He nodded and said:

Socialism is an aspiration, not a sysm; but I am a Socialist in what one ight perhaps call the higher plane of

How to Bring About Change.

But how would you bring about this ange in ownership?" Some great man-some great finan- be permitted to pass through Mobile withmust arise among you; some one

to can grasp this grave situation. I not believe you have now such a n in public life, but the necessity h men must become great chancellors then the reform will come. Great hvidual wealth will be impossible. case. You will increase your influe. You will grow and prosper."

Would not such a system of colleceffort destroy all individual efforte ambition to fing?"

I don't see why it should. That ob tion is raised only by those who Jo understand the true socialistic astion. Your Government would have its employ the most brilliant men, they would be paid generous salato conduct the great works. There ild be no limitation to wealth, but accumulation of millions and milby one man or a coterie of men uld be out of the question. There old be as much wealth in the counas ever, but the great bulk of it ld be in the hands of the Nation, re it could be used for the benefit of people in the way of public works being employed for vulgar displays this new and narrow class that has

en in America. Believer in Wealth Well Used.

thoroughly believe in wealth as elevating and humanizing influence roperly controlled. The proper use to a Nation. It broadens men and Walle the run was on, Germania Bank to a Nation, It broadens men and them to a higher existence and to er thoughts and ideals. Wealth ns human intercourse, and interse means brotherhood and all the er developments of civilization. rty means isolation, and human means barbarism. The accuation of wealth is along the clearines of the laws of Nature.

hat a reform in the manner of ob ng wealth in America is necessary fair-minded men, I believe, will But I cannot think with Tolstot

of civilization for the last 6000 years. We must not turn back. We have become broad and great and strong. We must use this greatness and this strength to bring about a still higher and nobler condition of humanity. And wealth, rightly controlled, will be one of the chief aids to that end."

Different Financial Systems. "In what way Joes the financial sys-

tem in America differ from the financial system in England?" "It is in many respects very differ-

ent," said Mr. Caine. "In England the great wealth is held or has been held by the old families and is eventually diverted in various directions. The aristoeracy in England, you know, do not enter into manufacturing pursuits nor trade, and therefore do not increase the wealth that has been handed down for generations, except so far as the increase of the wealth of the community increases the value of land. A great part of this wealth is in the landed estates. It is impossible under our present state of affairs for quite the same conditions to exist there that exist in your coun-

an American and an enthusiastic believer in the destinies of your country, to express an opinion, I will say as a last word that I think this question of the growth of wealth is the gravest problem you have to face on this continent, where you have so many grave problems to face: that the biggest political issues of your future will be concerned with legislation to regulate trade, and that when your great finance minister comes who is to protect your people and your vast and constantly in-creasing financial organizations from the doubtful advantages of dual direct-orships his first and last watchword will be 'Publicity.'"

HARRIMAN LINES ESTABLISH COLONIST RATES.

Reduction Effective Spring and Fall Regardless of Transcontinen-

tal Passenger Men. CHICAGO, Oct. 13.-Officials of the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Ore-gon Short Line at a conference here today agreed that hereafter the regular ons. way second-class passenger rate between Chicago and all Pacific Coast points shall

be \$22 for four months of every year, Spring and Fall. According to today's agreement, the rate will be effective every year from Septem-ber 1 to October 21, and from February 1 to April 7. The rates from St. Louis and New Orleans will be cut to \$25 and \$30, respectively, and similar low rates will apply from all Western points.

This action of the Harriman lines traffic representatives is in effect making the colonist rates effective to the territory reached by their lines regardless of whether the Transcontinental Passenger Association authorizes continuance such rates or not. The rates named are the same as have been in effect since September 15 for one-way travel to North Pacific Coast points, and likewise during two months of last Spring, from Pebruary 15 to April 15. A. L. Craig, general pas-senger agent of the O. R. & N. and Southern Pacific Oregon lines, is at the onference, and this action is in line with his views, generally known, for fixing low rates that may be advertised long in adw the value of land is increased. It is vance, calculated to attract a large move ment of immigrants to Pacific

TO LIFT THE QUARANTINE

Mobile Arranges No Longer to Delay Train Service.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 13.-Yellow fever report to 6 P. M.: New cases, 25; total to date, 2285; deaths, 4; total, 423; new foci, 6; cases under treatment, 167; cases discharged, 25%. Dr. White considers the fever to be ab-

solutely in hand, and points to the weekly lists as the surest indication of the prog-Dr. White returned today from Mobile where he talked over conditions with the health authorities. As the result of the conference, all southbound trains will now

Fever at New Iberla.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 13.-E.:cept ouch is made very apparent by the for the fact that a nest of fever has been discovered at New Iberia, the yellow fever situation is cheering. Eighteen cases are now under treatment at New Iberia, and they have all the exchequer. They must rescue days, indicating that the disease has a country from threatening disaster.

If then the reform will come. Great discover it before is explained by the fact that the disease is vidual wealth will be impossible, ingly mild. Baton Rouge today threw present wealth of the Nation will open its doors to the world.

> Fever Increases at Pensacola. PENSACOLA, Fla., Oct. 12.-Yellow fe-

New cases, 25; total to date, 382; deaths today, 5; total, 58; under treatment, 185; discharged, 145. Today again showed an increase in th

CAUSELESS RUN ON BANK

While Depositors Withdraw Money, Its Stock Is Rising.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 13.-Owing probably to the publication of a story in a newspaper here, a run began this afternoon on the Germania Savings Bank. Many small depositors withdrew for National advancement, instead their deposits, few knowing the reason for the run.

The story was that the bank held \$30,000 of the mortgage bonds of the Rushmere Planting Company, in which Vice-President Bluffer, of the bank, is interested, and that the company had defaulted Mr. Blaffer said that he and his associates had taken the bonds off the hands of the bank and shouldered

stock was quoted on the Stock Ex-change at \$1500 a share, a rise of ten points during the day. The bank is regarded as one of the stanchest in the

Simpson Has Two Sinking Spells. WICHITA, Kan., Oct. 13.—Ex-Con-gressman Jerry Simpson had two sinkng spells today, but is resting easier

WICHITA, Kan., Oct. 12.—Ex-Con-gressman Jerry Simpson denies that he has disposed of his New Mexico the only way to bring happiness to claim for \$1100. Mr. Simpson says he will never re-enter politics, even if the foregoing. That would be undoing the work in the work of the converse sufficiently to attend to the foregoing portant in the converse matters.

Germany Still Suspects Delcasse and Lansdowne.

ANGLO - FRENCH ALLIANCE

German Inspired Article Insists War Was Planned Against Germany. Rouvier Spoiled Designs of Delcasse.

COLOGNE, Oct. 12.-The Cologne Gasette prints another spirited dispatch' from "If the American public will permit an outsider, who is, nevertheless, half an American and an enthusiastic believer in the destinies of your country, the dispatch notes that, while the Matin's story, which can only be interpreted as a plain hint to the British government to explain its role in the matter. The dispatch notes that, while the Matin's version gave ground for the as- and the criticism of the Senate was con-

tain sought for and promised a military defensive alliance against Germany.

Later a semi-official note was issued saying that the published reports upon the incidents accompanying the resignation of M. Delcasse, and notably the details regarding the cabinet council preseding the regarding are incorrect. The ceding his resignation, are incorrect. The issuance of this denial steadled prices on the Bourse, which showed uneasiness over the situation.

England Makes Denial to Germany.

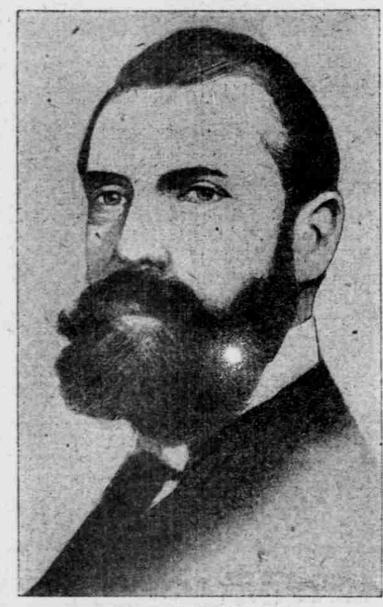
LONDON, Oct. 12.-With reference to the Paris Matin's alleged disclosures, the Associated Press is authoritatively in-formed that the British government does not intend to issue a formal statement on the subject, but the Associated Press is in a position to announce on high authority that the British government has com-municated to Germany a statement to the effect that Great Britain did not offer to assist France in the event of an attack by Germany, and that France did not ask for such assistance.

SWEDEN RATIFIES TREATY.

Dissolution of Union Unanimously Passed by Riksdag.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Oct. 13.-Both ouses of Parliament today unanimously adopted the government bill providing for the ratification of the Karistad treaty, There was no debate in the lower house,

MAN WHO EXTORTS TRUTH FROM INSURANCE GRAFTERS



CHARLES E. HUGHES OF NEW YORK.

France and Great Britain against Ger-many had an official character, the Pigaro's version confirms this assumption by giving the names of the parties, and says that this makes the case against M. Delcasse all the stronger. The mention of the name of Lord Lansdowne, the British Poreign Secretary, in connection with the matter, sheds upon the story an embarrassing light for Great Britain, according the dispatch, which says:

Discredits British Denials.

It is exceedingly repugnant to us to s Foreign Secretary Lansdowne capable of such a game, but, if revelations are re-peated and remain uncontradicted, one can-not avoid growing more and more eleptical about the matter. The question arises as to how it was possible that French statesmen, who undoubtedly are men to be taken serf-ously, could have believed that there was an offer of a British alliance, if no adequate basis existed for such an exceedingly serious matter.

The writer goes on to say that the fall of Delcasse, who occupied a position of exceptional strength in the French Cabinet, becomes comprehensible in view of the gravity of the revelations already made. If the Matin and the Figaro are in the right, the dispatch says. Delcasse, after having reached an understanding with Great Britain, was shaping his policy for a war with Germany, and when a question of such importance is once raised it cannot remain unanswered or unsolved.

Neither Willing to Explain.

The dispatch goes on to point out that neither the British nor the French gov ernment has hitherto shown a disposition come forward with explanations, while Today again showed an increase in the imber of new cases and also in the death its insufficient and imadequate and oniculated.

It is insufficient and imadequate and oniculated rather to increase than to allay suspicion. After saying that the question will doubtless be disc Chamber of Deputies and the British Par-liament, the article concludes:

While the work of clearing up this matter is primarily the affair of France and Great Firliain, still Germany takes a most reasonable interest therein. Although subsequent events have removed the further developments of the incident, from close attention we can learn many things from them.

BRITAIN PLEDGED AID.

Rouvier Refused to Approve War With Germany.

PARIS, Oct. 12.-The French governnent continues silent concerning the alleged revelation of Great Britain's offer of naval and military aid to France if Germany assumed a belligerent attitude over Morocco. In the meantime the newspapers add new phases to the dis

The Figure gives a detailed version even

M. Delcasse is alleged to have said: "I have a formal assurance of Great Bri- Railway Company, it is stated. tain's support."

Premier Rouvier is represented as an-

portant in the allegation that Great Bri- gospel.

umption that the suggested ailiance of fined to one or two speakers, who alleged that too much consideration had been shown for Norway by the Swedish dele-

Both houses will meet this evening when the government will present a bill repealing the act of union and authorizing the government to recognize Norway as an independent state. A measure has been submitted to the Riksdag, providing compensation for the families of the mer who were called out for special service in the army and navy during the recent

At tonight's session, Parliament will be asked to approve the new Swedish flag for use immediately after King Oscar notifies the powers of Sweden's recogni-tion of Norway's independence. The flag will be a yellow cross on a blue ground, the same as existed prior to 1914, the union mark now showing in the upper left corner being eliminated.

MIKADO RECEIVES BRITISH

Noel and His Officers Welcomed by Ruler of Japan.

TOKIO, Oct. 13.-The Emperor of Japan eceived Rear-Admiral Sir Charles Noel, commander of the British squadron, now at Yokohama, and his staff Captains, in the Phoenix hall of the palace this morning, and welcomed them heartly to Japan. General Burnet, of the British army, and the other military attaches who have arrived here from the front, were received in audience simultaneously. All the vis-itors subsequently had lunch with the imperial family. Prince Arisugawa, the elder statesmen and the Cabinet officers also were present.

The Emperor has placed the Shiba pai-

ace at the disposal of Admiral Noel and his party.

The city today is again filled with BritThe city today is again filled with British sailors and marines engaged in sight-seeing. All classes are most hospitable. Yesterday's programme of athletic games,

etc., was repeated.

Conference at Algeciras.

PARIS, Oct. 12.—The Foreign Office has received from the Spanish Gov-ernment its official acceptance of the proposition that Algeciras, near Gibraitar, he used as the place for the conference on Morocco.

PFEFFER'S LURID DREAM Milwaukee Officers Deny Statement

About Coast Extension.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 13.-The Evening Wisconsin today received a letter from E. W. McKenna, second vice-president of The Figare gives a detailed version even more sensational than the previous alleged disclosures of the Matin. It says that the previous report—of Great Britain offering to mobilize her navy and land British troops in Germany is not correct, but that the actual occurrence is about as follows:

M. Deicasse is alleged to have said: "I the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Rail one as an officer of the C., M. & St. F

Fremier Rouvier is represented as answering: "And I have M. Berrere's telegram, proving that this means war if we continue our policy. I refuse to indoze what you seem to treat so lightly."

The other Ministers are said to have upheld M. Bouvier, whereupon M. Delcasse resigned.

Two Colored Ministers

SAN JOSE, Cal., Oct. 13.—At today's session of the Oregon and California African Methodist Episcopal Church, Rev. G. H. W. Smith, of Tacoma, was expelled for "gross immorality," and Rev. A. G. Woodward, of Seattle, was also expelled for conduct unbecoming a minister of the

Knapp Fears It Does Not Stop With Insurance.

SAME MEN MANAGE BOTH

Chairman of Interstate Commission Sees Possibility of Equal Rottenness if Lid Were Pried Off the Railroads.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 12.-Judge Martin 4. Knapp, chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission, delivered a lecture on the subject of "Government Regulation of Railrond Rotes" before under-graduates of Cornell University today, in the course of which he suggested the pos-sibility that a condition of affairs might exist in the railroads similar to that revealed in the investigation of the life in-surance companies. He said:

surance companies. The great impulsies that are now, in progress in regard-to our life insurance companies and attempts which have been made to "gry off the Hd" in these matters give us only an inkling of what the full extent of graft may

In hooking over the names of men who are connected with the life insurance commany scandals, one thing alarms me, and yet it is a thing that I can hardly believe to be true. These men are the same as those who control many of the great railway interests of the country. Is there not a possibility that we will find the same rottenness and graft at the bottom of the railway system? This is an idea that seems too awful to be true, but nevertheless it is one that cannot help but present itself.

NEW EQUITABLE DIRECTORS

Trustees Choose Two Men to Repre-*sent Policy-Holders.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—John D. Kernan, of Utica, N. Y., and William C. Redfield, of Brooklyn, were recommended for elec-tion to the board of directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society at a meeting of the trustees of that society today. Mr. Kernan is a member of the State Railroad Commission and Mr. Redfield is a manufacturer. The selections in both cases were to fill vacancies.

The trustees also prepared a circular which they said will be sent to every policy-holder, "inviting an expression of their wishes touching the selection of per-sons to be voted for by the trustees for directors of the society at the annual meeting to be held on December 5."

The board of trustees is composed of former President Grover Cleveland, Jusice Morgan J. O'Brien and George West-

NICHOLS WILL NOT MEDDLE

Thinks Policy-Holders Are in No Danger of Loss.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Oct. 12.—(Special.)—Secretary of State Sam H. Nichols, who returned from New York today, was asked what disposition would be made of the letter of C. H. Venner, the Wall-street banker, who wrote the Secretary asking him, as Insurance Commissioner of this state, to revoke the license of the New

York Life Insurance Company, pending reorganization of its affairs. Mr. Nichols stated he would take no action on the letter, as he had no dispo-sition to interfere with the company's affairs, which are now under examination in New York. The company, he says, is fully able to meet its present and prospective obligations. The policy-holders are not in danger of loss, and he believes that, if misconduct of the affairs of the wave is conclusively shown that will be righted without his assistance.

WILL EXTEND INTO NEXT YEAR

Insurance Investigation Can't Be Completed Before January.

NEW YORK, Oct. IL-The legislative the conclusion that its actual investigation will lap well over into 1996, and that doubtless it will be necessary to ask of the Legisature a continuation of the com-mittee's powers. Those close to the com-mittee and its work conceded this today, despite Senator Armstrong's repeated dec-laration carly in the investigation that it would close before December 31.

CURE FOR RACE SUICIDE Dr. Mary Willard Upholds Woman's Suffrage as Panacea.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 13.-Race suicide has been one of the principal top-ics under discussion at the district conference of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, which will close tenight at Wyandotte, a suburb of De-troit. Dr. Mary A. Willard, of De-troit, addressing the conference, said that the most extreme type of race suicide was the investing of ignorant foreigners with the right to vote, while the intelligent women of the country were denied this privilege. Continuing. Dr. Willard said:

I will not attempt to deny that fower chil dren are born to American homes, for it is a lamentable fact, too patent to be contra dicted. There are two reasons for this. Or of them is that life is becoming too stren-ous for the modern woman and she has n vitality enough to make her prolific in child-bearing, and the other, that men sacrifice upon the shrines of Bacchus and Eros until they are powerless to lay upon the altar of wedded love the tribute that would bless their

Give women the ballot and they will remove ome of the temptations from the path of men, making it easier for them to live pure, strong, healthful lives, rendering them fit to continue the propagation of the race. And they will themselves become invigorated and ready to again resume the burdens under which they have fainted. A new impetus will have ers and the ration that ruins their sons.

BABY'S TERRIBLE SORE

Body Raw With Humor. Caesed Unteld Agony. Doctor Did No Good. Mother Discouraged.

CUTICURA CURED AT ONCE

"My child was a very delicate baby.

A terrible sore and humor broke out on his body, looking like raw flesh, and causing the child untold agony. My physician prescribed various remedies, none of which helped at all.

I became discouraged and took the matter into my own hands, and tried Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment with almost immediate success. Before the second week had passed the soreness was gone, not leaving a trace of anything. Mrs. Jeannette H. Block, 281 Rosedale St., Rochester, N. Y."

GRAFT IN RAILROADS HEAD OF HOSPITAL

J. F. O'REILLY, ENDORSES DOAN'S KIDNEY

truly.

Any work that it a constant strain on

the back is certain to injure the kidneys, in time. That is why desk work-

ers, farm hands, tallroaders, teamsters,

barbers, painters and workers in a hun-

dred trades suffer so much from back-

Many tasks, like housework, that do

That is why backache is so common

ertion sends a sharp, stinging pain through the loins, and for hour after hour there will be a dull, heavy throb-bing sche in the small of the back. You will feel weary all the time and

urinary troubles may add to your

Doan's Kidney Pills have given thou-

the blood, and to send pure, health-giving blood to the muscles and organs.

PILLS John Fanning O'Reilly, who fee three years was superintendent of the Manhattan Hospital of New York City, and for six years previous to that serv-ice was chief clerk of the insane department at Ward's Island, expresses warm admiration for Doan's Kidney Pills. We have many letters from prominent physicians and hospital authorities who tave used Doan's Kldney Pills in prac-

tice with great success. Mr. O'Reilly's letter follows: Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Gentiement: I wish publicly to in-orse Doan's Kidney Pills. There is no doubt that all who have disordered kidners can readily be cured if they use your remedy. For over a year I had kidney trouble, but for some time did not know what caused my distress, incessant suffering, backache, pain across the groins, urinary troubles, loss of appetite and strength. An acquaintance who had been through a similar ex-perience urged me to take Doan's Kid-

(Signed) J. FANNING O'RETLLY Hard Work Often Strains the Back and Brings on Kidney Disorders.

ney Pills, and, I am happy to say, the remedy was most successful. Yours

Doan's Kidney Pills Keep the Kidneys Well and the Back Strong PORTLAND PROOF

J. Carson, employed at the Portland Lumber Co., foot of Lincoln street, was resides at 366 First street, says: "I was feeling miscrable with a depressing lameness around the small of my back all last Summer. At first I did not pay much attention to it, but it continnot require great physical strength are to grow worse and finally became so very trying on the back and kidneys. bad that I thought I would have to lay That is why backache is so country among women. That is why so many women are unnaturally weak and tired tacked with dizzy spells, specks appeared before my eyes and I had no peared before my arose as tired as when I went to bed. In fact, I had all the symptoms of a very severe case of kidney trouble. When I was suffering the worst I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and pro-cured a box. I soon noticed an improvement in my condition, and the pain and acning across my back soon dis-appeared. About six weeks ago I was sands of workingmen and women appeared About six weeks ago a strong backs for their daily work. This laid up with a siege of the grip for two weeks. Symptoms of kidney complaint weeks. Symptoms of kidney complaint. sorted to Donn's Kidney Pills a second time. They just as thoroughly freed me We would sincerely advise every man of the trouble as in the former case. I or woman whose work is hard on the cannot express what a change they or woman whose work is hard on the cannot express what a change they back to help the kidneys with an occa-

sional dose of Doan's Kidney Pills, different person Sold by all druggists. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co. Buffalo, N.Y. Props.



GHIRARDELLIS GROUND CHOCOLATE



LEWIS A. CROSSETT. Inc., NORTH ABINGTON, MASS. I wenty Years of Success

In the treatment of caronic diseases, such as liver, kidney and stomach disorders, constipation, diarrhoea, dropalcal swellings, Bright's disease, etc. Kldney and Urinary

Complaints, painful, difficult, to frequent, milky of bloody urine, unnatural discharges speedily cured. Diseases of the Rectum

Such as plies, natura, assure, diceration, mucous and bloody discharges, cured without the knife, pain or bloody disca-confinement, Diseases of Men

potency thoroughly cured No failure. Cure guaranteed.
Young Men troubled with night emissions, dreams, exhausting drains, Eashfulness, averaloa to society, which deprive you of your manhood UNFIT YOU FOR BUSINESS OR MARKITAGE.
MIDDLE AGED MEN, who from excesses and strains have lost their MANLY POWER.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES. Syphilis, Generrhoea, painful, bloody urine Gleet, Stricture, Enlarged Prostate, Sexual Debility, Varicoccie, Hydroccie, Kidney and Liver Troubles cured without MERCURY OR OTHER PIOSONIAGE DRUGS. Catarrh and rheumatism CURED.

Dr. Walker's methods are regular and scientific. He uses no patent non-trums or ready-made preparations, but cures the disease by thorough medical treatment. His New Pamphilet on Private Diseases arent free to all men was describe their trouble. PATIENTS cured at nome, Terms reasonable, All letters answered in plain envelope. Consultation free and sacredly confidential, Call on or address.

DR. WALKER, 181 First Street, Corner Yamhili, Portland, Or