SCENE AMONG SURGEONS

Offers to Resign When Accused of Denouncing Woman Doctor and Says American Medical Service Is Bad.

DETROIT, Sept. 28-Major Louis A. Seaman, of New York, was the contral figure today at the convention of the military surgeons of the United States, ben he made answer to the criticisms of his utterances made last Tuesday by Surceun Charles F. Stokes, U. S. N., and followed with a paper on "The Real Trimph of Japan, or the Conquest of the Bent Poe," in which he relierated many t his former statements and lauded the lapanese Government for its conduct of he sanitary and hygienic phases of the

were held during the forenoon, at which, it was said by members, certain utterances attributed to Dr. Sesman in an interview in an evening paper here last night were considered. Dr. Seaman ,was quoted in the interview as saying that a celebrated American woman physician was recarded by the Japanese medical separtment as n monumental pulsance. Although officers of the association re-fused to discuss the executive session, it was said by members that it was decided to drup the matter there, Dr. Saman having stated in open meeting, previous to the closed season, that he had not been talking for publication when the statements objected to were alleged to have been made.

Seaman Offers to Resign.

As a result of the feeling engendered by the controversy between Dr. Seanam and his critics, Dr. Seaman, at the unclusion of his paper today, tendered his badge of membership and resigna-tion to the secretary, if it were de-sired, and stated that he had at no ime intended to make the slightest reflection against any individual in the Government Medical Service, but was criticising at all times the system.

In his answer to Dr. Stokes' attack on the accuracy of his statements and statistics. Dr. Seaman discussed the point at length. Answering Dr. Stokes' figures to show that his statement beare the House Military Affairs Comnittee that beri-beri was almost un known in the Japanese army was increek, Dr. Seaman said he had been referring to the Japanese navy in the centence before, and that this remark was also intended to apply to the navy. As authority for his statements about nerty for his statements about tha during a certain period in Offin's army. Dr. Seaman that General Oku himself personal interview on the eld in Manchuria, last June, confirmed them. Dr. Seamen closed his answer in a dramatic fashion by ofering his resignation if it were

Miles of Berl Berl Cases.

Dr. Anita Newcome McGes, of Washingm, read a paper on her experiences with her mayer of American nurses in Japanese hospitals. She furnished much informaussing the prevalence of beri beri among he Japanese soldiers, said that if all he beds in the Hiroshima Hospital were cod side by side they would extend for

y true when I state that I saw miles of heri heri cases." Discussing the supplyent, she said that the surgeons were had with all essentials, but nothing more, and that they were not permitted use any drugs not furnished by the

Fleet Surgeon T. Lloyd Thompson, from the English Navy, read a paper on "The Physical Effects of Gunfire," and Major saman read a carefully prepared paper which was enthusiastically received, and he was given much applause at its con-

A resolution offered by General J. D. friffith, of Missouri, requesting the Secrecary of War to use every effort to the vestablishment of the canteen, and dea a marked increase of disease among n soldiers, was unanimously adopted. Discussion of Dr. Seaman's paper at the morning session occupied nearly two hours of the afternoon. Dr. Seaman de-clared during the discussion that the Surgeon-General of the Army and his two principal assistants had stated to him within the past year that there have not been enough improvements made in the system of the medical department of the Army since 1898 to prevent a recurrence of the sandtary and hygienic failures of the

American Service No Better.

Dr. W. G. Braisted, of the United States Navy, read a part of his report on his ob-servations while in Japan during the war as medical observer. Discussing the Japanese hospitals, he said that, while they were admirable and perfectly suited to the Japanese needs, they still had many defects and that the praises showered upon them by many visiting Americans, almost neurotic praise he called it pur-zied the Japanese. He declared that the wenderful discipline in the Japanese army and navy was responsible for much of their freedom from disease, as the men their freedom from disease, as the first in both branches of the service obey orbers na to their diet and drink. Dr. Suzuki, Surgeon-General of the Japanese Navy, made a brief talk on the Japanese explosive shimose, which he declared was not poisonous, as had been stated in some quarters during the war.

TAKE AWAY NEGRO'S VOTE

Maryland Democratic Convention Declares for White Supremacy.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 3.—At the Democratic State Convention of Maryland, held in Ford's Opera-House today, State Controller Gordon T. Atkinson, was renominated and a platform adopted, which, expending a paragraph indorsing the excellent business administration of the present Democratic Governor, Edwin Warneld, is principally devoted to the advocacy of the proposed Constitutional amendment to restrict negro suffrage which will be voted upon at the November election. The platform declares in past as follows:

By common consent the only issue in this campaign is whether negro suffrage, put spen as against our will and by force, shall be restricted and its power for evil destroyed. This Democratic convention, representing two-thirds of the white people of the state reafferms the declaration of our platforms of those and 1800 upon this subject and now proclaims answe our resolute purpose to maintain the Empressary of our race and the control by all lawful and constitutional means in the administration of the political affairs of the state.

Electrical Workers' Election. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept 18 -- The Inter-

national Brotherhood of Electrical Workers today elected M. J. Sullivan, of San Francisco, third vice-president, and chose Chris Lofthouse, of Los Angeles, member of the executive board for the seventh district. The next meeting will be held in 1909, either at Toronto or San Francisco, as decided by a referendum vote of the local unions.

SHAW TALKS ON CURRENCY

Opposes Asset Currency, but Favors Plan for Elasticity.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 28.-The address of the Secretary of the Treasury, Leslie M. Shaw, was the feature of the rning session today of the convention of the Ohio Bankers' Association. He urged that an elastic currency system be adopted. Mr. Shaw said in part:

The fact, and I think it is a fact, that the United States has the best currency system in the world, does not imply that the currency system of the United States is perfect, or that it cannot be improved. It is as safe as any system in the world, because it is estab-lished on the only safe basis, to wit, the gold

lished on the only safe basis, to wit, the gold standard. It is the most convenient system in the world, because it is constructed on the decimal or metric system.

The system is not perfect, largely because it is nonelastic. It fails to respond in volume to the changing needs of seasons and localities. Attention has been called to this many times and by many people. That there will be no further currency lexistation until we shall have experienced a pasife occasioned by this want of elasticity I am convinced. The country does not appreciate the danger. The country does not appreciate the danger, and until the danger is fully understood no remedy will be applied. We came nearer such a panic September III 1982, than most people appreciate. The fact that we then escaped does not rate a presumption that we will always escape it. A glaring defect at a vital point will some time soomer or later assert itself. Meantime a remedy should be vered, discussed and, as far as possible, Agreed upon, so that it may be premptly ap-plied when the people are ready for it. Annually we have an excess of money dur-

ing the Spring and Summer months. Annually see pass through a period of anxiety as we approach the period of crop-moving, for annually the volume of money to relatively insufficient to meet this sudden increase of

FIREMAN WHO WAS KILLED IN FREIGHT WRECK.



James Heater, of The Dalles.

THE DALLES, Or., Sept. 28 .- (Spe cial.)-Fireman James Heater, who was killed near Quinn's Station in the O. R. & N. Co.'s line on Friday last, was a native of The Dalles, where he had lived all his life. His grandparents, Dr. and Mrs. Robbins, were ploneers of this pince, his parents Noming to this city about 35 years ago. He was \$2 years of age and left.

tion. The average amount of money is, in my judgment, abundant. The difficulty lies in the fact that the volume remains station-

in the fact that the volume remains station-ury, 'y what shall be the remedy? Shall it be an asset currency? In the popular accept-ance of the term, I answer no. Asset currency, as commonly understood, would mean inflation, and that we must not have. Asset currency, as commonly under-stood, would be supported only by the bank of issue. This must not be. Shall it be an States originates more currency than any other country on the map, but our chief commercial city is not the world's clearing-house. It south to be, but it is not. One reason why it is not, is the fact that it has some-

why it is not, is the fact that it has some-times resurted to clearing-house certificates, which as a plea of guilty to an indictment charging had management locally or had leg-islation nationally, and the financial world charges both, Clearing-house certificates must never be au-thorized by law. Let those who love our country and those who conserve has credit country and those who conserve her credit set their faces against such a course with the same intensity as they resist the free and unlimited coinage of silver. Clearing house certificates rebase our currency with the comment of those who are supposed to be the best financiers in the Nation. The free coinage of silver would debase it through political

Among the many remedies suggested none appeals to me as strongly as the authorization of additional hank circulation. This method involves the right of National banks to increase their circulation in any amount perhaps equal to 30 per cent of their outstanding volume of circulation secured by Government bonds, on which the hank should pay a tax of 5 or 6 per cent during the time it is maintained, and the Government, in considerations. eration of this tax, should guarantee its re-

You may call this, if you please, an emergency provision. So it is, but it injects into our circulation no new form of money as an element of alarm. By eliminating the noe

eightent of alarm. By eliminating the nosstatement on the pregent bank note-this note
is secured by bonds of the United States—
the additional currency could be made thentical
with that based on Government bonds.

The Controller of the Currency and the
hank besting the currency would alone know
of its existence. It would not advertige its
existence or our extremity, and I can scarcely conceive of conditions under which it would remain out to days. It could be printed and kept ready for issue as occasion mainti require, and it would be retired, not by gathering up each individual bill, but by a deposit of an equal volume of money with any subtreasury. Then the notes, as they came in would be charged grained into decode until treasury. Then the notes, as they came in, would be charged against this deposit, until it was exhausted, after which redesuption and reissus would run on as before.

Great Shrinkage of Assets.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Lucius Pfouts of the State Insurance Department, who has finished his inspection of the books and accounts of the Western Life Indemnity Company, has discovered a shrinkage in the assets of the company from \$485.000 at the beginning of the year to a present to-tal of \$312,000.

Cincinnati Republican Candidate. CINCINNATI, Sept. 28.—Republican City and County Conventions were held today. Harry L. Gordon, who has been vice-Mayor, was mominated for Mayor.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea

(Continued From Page 1.) our other branch office contract with the ompany. Yours truly, NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO., By THOMAS H. BUCKNER, Fourth Vice-President.

This is the contract under which

Mr. Desbecker, with a number of other agents, entered the employ of the New York Life in Buffalo.

Perkins and Hughes Clash.

While Mr. Perkins was on the stand during the afternoon, there was somewhat of a clash between the witness and Mr. Hughes, the first of anything of this nature that has occurred since the committee began its sessions. It was when Mr. Perkins was testifying to the moneys in the "nylic" fund, of which he is trustee. Mr. Perkins did not want it to appear on the records that agents put part of their salaries into the fund under contract, unless the words "and bonuses" appeared. He said to Mr. Hughes that he (Mr. Hughes) was trying to get away from something, and the counsel hotly returned that he was not and that, if Mr. Perkins would answer his question, much better progress would be made with the investigation.

Later in the day, Henry Winthrop, of the Equitable, while on the stand. presented a statement of the transfers of the stock of the Equitable at the time of its change of management and the directorate. Most of the transfers Mr. Winthrop was able to explain, but some he was not. At the time of these transfers Mr. Winthrop was the holder of 25 shares. thought the actual owner was James H. Hyde, as he turned the checks for dividends over to Mr. Hyde.

Mr. Winthrop was again called to the stand just before adjournment, Mr. Buckner having given way to explain a trustee account brought up earlier in the day. Mr. Winthrop presented a typewritten statement of the account, and said the loans would be typewritten in a few days and the collateral entered on the books of the company. Before Mr. Buckner retired, however, he was asked to produce a statement of the expenses of the Paris office, with a record of the real estate held there and the business that comes under that jurisdiction. Mr. Buckner had been questioned most of the afterno regarding the foreign business and its cost to the home office.

The committee will resume its sessions tomorrow,

Clerk Is a Know-Nothing.

Henry Greaves, a clerk employed by the Equitable Life Assurance Society, con-tinued his testimosy today. He gave further details of the payment of checks to the George H. Squire, trustee, account. Concerning one entry of \$40,000 deposited to the account on July 12, 1901, and the immediate withdrawal of the sum by draft, Mr. Greaves said he knew nothing. He did not know where the money came from nor by whom it was withdrawn. He could supply a proper the said of the supply of the said of could supply no information as to the profits of a one-half interest in a Chicago & Alton syndicate credited to the George

H. Squire, trustee, account.

Another entry in the George H. Squire. trustee, account, under date of May 2, 1962 was the first payment of \$62,700 on a navigation syndicate call by order of James H. Hyde. This money was borrowed from the Equitable Trust Company by James H. Hyda on May 5, on the participation certificate. Witness know nothing of this, merely making the en-tries at the direction of Mr. Squire.

Did Equitable Get the Money?

Henry Rogers Winthrop, financial man-ager of the Equitable Life Assurance So-clety, was recalled to the stand. He said that the George H. Squire, trustee, that the George H. Squire, trustes, account loan is carried as a loan for the Equitable Trust Company in the name of L. M. Bailey, trustee. Mr. Winthrop said the Equitable Trust Company holds the Equitable Life Assurance Society responsible for the loan, and that the account will be taken up in the name of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. The total sum borrowed on account of the Navigation Syndicate was \$55,000, and on this \$27,500 had been paid. Mr. Winthrop, in answer to a question by Mr. Hughes, said that in his opinion all the money involved in the transaction was m really belonged to the Equitable Life As-

surance Society.

Mr. Winthrop was asked about a check drawn to the order of the society on August 19, 1896, for \$23,919, which were the profits in the participation in the St. Louis & San Francisco syndicate. He uphearal. The threat of both, I doubt not.

St. Louis & San Francisco syndicate. He contributes to that distrust which prevents foreign bankers from keeping their international balances in America. Whatever the remedy shall be, it must not advertise our calamity or our extremity.

Among the many remedies suggested none pany for \$21,996, on April 30, 1897, and analysis. pany for \$21,906, on April 20, 1897, and another for \$72,785 on August 26, 1897.

The subject of salaries of the officers

was then taken up. In the minutes of the finance committee for Pebruary 2, 1888, mention is made of a "special minute." relating to the compensation of officers, but it does not appear on the books of the society. Mr. Winthrop had seen it when he was given a copy to show to President Morton. This finance committee fixed the salary of Henry B. Hyde.

Perkins Buys From Himself.

George W. Perkins, vice-president of the New York Life Insurance Company, was then called. He stated that the New Tork Life Insurance Company had no interest in the Navigation Syndicate, in which the Equitable was interested, but which the Equitable was interested, but the latter was a different syndicate formed to take over \$2,000,000 bonds of a subsidiary company. The Equitable Life Assurance Society paid 52% for its Navigation bonds. Mr. Perkins was asked to clear up some of the questions that he was unable to answer when on the standays and He said they was a second to the standays and He said they was was unable to answer when on the stand several days ago. He said there was no act of authorization or approval by the finance committee of his sale to J. P. Morgan & Co. and repurchase two days later of \$500,000 Navigation Syndicate bonds on December 31, INC. The certificate of these bonds, which was surrendered to J. P. Morgan & Co. in this transaction. J. P. Morgan & Co. in this transaction, Mr. Perkins said he would produce later. Mr. Perkins testified that, authorized Mr. Perkins testified that, authorized by the finance committee, he agreed to take from J. P. Morgan & Co., 20,000,000 of Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis bonds. He secured them at \$40,000 less than the price stipulated by the finance committee, and Mr. Hughes brought out the fact that the arrangement was made by Mr. Perkins, acting for the policy-holders, with Mr. Perkins acting for the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. Mr. Perkins added that he had carried out a number of such transactions.

Tells About Bond Deals.

Mr. Perkins said that in 1902 he was Remedy Never Disappoints.

Twenty years ago Mr. George W. Brock discovered that Chamberlain's Colic. Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was a quick and safe cure for bowel complaints.

"During all of these years." he says. "I have used it and recommended it many times, and the results have never yet disappointed me." Mr. Brock is publisher of the Aberdeen, Md., Enterprise. This is the universal experience of all who rein upon this remedy. It can always be depended upon even in the mean severe and dangerous cases. It is equally valuable for the children and adults. When reduced with water and sweetened it is picasant to take. For sale by all druggists.

Mr. Perkins said that in 1992 he was authorized by the finance committee committee of the New York Life. Insurance Company to buy \$5.030,000 in 4 per cent bonds and that he bought from J. P. Morgan & Co. \$1,030.000 worth of St. Louis Terminal bonds at \$130. The following names:

He withtrop, It can always be depended upon even in the mass severe company took Chicago, Burlington & Quincy. Northern Pacific and Cleveland. Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Terminal bonds were exchanged for them in May.

Mr. Perkins conducted the transaction. His could not remember whether he also George J. Gould, Levi P. Morton, Themauthorized by the finance committee of the New York Life Insurance Com-

HOW TO STRENGTHEN THE ORGANS OF DIGESTION.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Really Care Indigestion Instead of Merely Relieving Symptoms.

There are plenty of remedies by which you can relieve for the time heartburn, pain and gas on the stomach and can smother nervous sensations and induce artificial sleep. You can humor your stomach by giving it predigested food. But when you take your next meal all your trouble begins afresh.

There is only one sensible thing to do. Strengthen the stomach and do away with the necessity for drugs and artificial foods. The stomach, once in proper condition, will do its own work better than any process devised by man can ever do it. The best remedy ever found for this purpose is the one that was used by E. E. Strong, of Capleville, Shelby county, Tenn.

"For years," he states, "I suffered greatly from indigestion. I tried many different remedies and some of them would relieve me for a time, but the trouble always came back. About six months ago I had an unusually severe attack, and while I tried everything I had ever heard of, I found that none of the ordinary remedies would reach the difficulty this time.

"One day I read in a Memphis paper an account of the very remarkable cure of a Michigan woman, a sufferer from chronic dyspepsia of a most stubborn type. Twelve doctors had at different times treated her without success, but at last she was entirely cured, and in a short time, too, by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Her statement led me , to make trial of the same remedy and it proved just as successful in my case. I took only three boxes, and I am convinced that I am permanently oured. I have not had the slightest symptoms of indiges-tion for the last two months."

The tonic treatment has a sound prin-ciple as its basis, and abundant success in actual use. Multitudes of cases that had defied all other remedies have been cared by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The pills actually make new blood and strike at the root of all diseases caused by had blood. They contain no harmful stimulants or opiates, are perfectly safe and create no drug habit. Every dyspeptic should read, "What to Eat and How to Eat." Write the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Scheneotady, N.Y., for a copy.

acted for J. P. Morgan & Co. Mr. Perkins could not produce any record on the books of the New York Life Insurance Company of the agreement be-tween J. P. Morgan & Co. and the life insurance company. In the discussion over this point, Mr. Perkins said: "If you do not trust my word, Mr. Randolph, the treasurer will support

At the afternoon session Mr. Perkins gave testimony on the \$50,000 loan made by the New York Life Insurance Company to John R. Hegeman, president of the Metropolitan Life Insur-ance Company. This loan from January 2, 1902, to October 16, 1902, bore interest at the rate of 1% per cent. He could not say why the loan was made at such a low rate of interest. As far back as 1892, Mr. Hegeman was loaned

Cutting Down Profits.

Mr. Hughes, taking up the insurance report of December 31, 1901, called Mr. Perkins attention to the statement of the New York Life Insurance Company's profit from certain transactions of \$3,055,871 and asked if the actual Cigarette Ignites Bag of Saltpeter profits were not upwards of \$5,300,300. "Yes, sir," replied Mr. Perkins, "the actual profits were \$5,253,541 and profits from other sources \$584,545, making a total of \$5,839,087, Against this Mr. Perkins said was charged off the Mr. Perkins said was charged off at the Clay Street wharf tonight and for a few moments there was a panic among partments do not recognize as assets, and also \$1,919,734 to reduce real estate values, making a total of \$2,753,715."

Policyholder Demands McCall and

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.-(Special.)-As night, the result of the legislative investigation into the big life insurance companies, C H. Venner, banker and policyholder

the New York Life, today wrote to John A. McCall and George W. Perkins, president and vice-president, respectively, demanding their resignations. He also took action looking to their removal by the state authorities. Mr. Venner wrote a letter to Attorney-

General Mayer in which he said he submitted what he considers sufficient evidence of the misconduct of McCall and bringing action to remove McCall and Perkins from their respective offices. Mr. Venner says;

"As a policy-holder, I respectfully request you, the Attorney-General, to institute such action or permit me to do so, as is provided by the laws of New York State.

Mr. Venner said today he had held a \$25,000 policy in the New York Life for 20 years, and that he had paid \$25,000 in

Changes Effected When Ryan Trust Deed Was Given.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28 -- A statement NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—A statement showing the transfers of the stock of the Equitable Life Assurance Society which accompanied the purchase of control of that society by Thomas F. Ryan, was made by the society to the legislative investigating committee today. It shows that 500 shares of the stock purchased by Mr. Ryan from Lames H. Hyde stood in that 500 shares of the stock purchased by Mr. Ryan from James H. Hyde stood in the names of at least 25 persons who were or recently had been directors of the so-ciety, each of them being the owner of at least five shares of the stock. By the transfer of this stock to Grover Cleve-land, Judge Morgan O'Brien and George Westinghouse, a majority of the direc-tory would have ceased to be stockhold-ers of record.

ers of record.

It was deemed wise by the trustees and by counsel that a majority of the recreamized board of directors should be actual owners of five shares of stock each. until the question of eligibility of policy-holders as directors had been settled by the courts. Accordingly an effort was made to purchase the necessary amount of stock. This resulted in the purchase of a block of 87 shares for the agreed price of 170 500 approximately 3500 above.

ON WEDNESDAY

EILERS PIANO HOUSE MAKES A SMASHING RECORD-PIANO BUYERS BUSY.

Prices Placed at Lowest Notch With Object of Quick Selling Have Desired Effect. Good Used Pianos and and Organs and Whose Homes They Went to. Large Number Yet to Go.

As announced in yesterday's paper, we print today the names of our Wednesday's plano purchasers. This is in the nature of a surprise to ourselves. We were prepared for unusual sales, but not in the almost overwhelming numbers in which they were made by mail, and even by telegram, as well as the large number of personal selections.

well as the large number of personal se-lections.

Here is the list; it tells its own story.
These dependable, every-day planos, the terms of selling, the warranty and the low prices that other concerns would de-spair of achieving, all combine to make this business possible. Here is Wednes-day's record:

Mr. J. A. Bergey secured an Essey vana. W. I. W. Whoeler a levels livels.

low prices that other concerns would despair of achieving, all combine to make this business possible. Here is Wednesday's record:

Mr. J. A. Hergev secured an Estey plano, Mr. J. W. Wheeler a lovely little Hinze; Miss Eva Noble, Peerless Electric, an exact duplicate of one of those now displayed at the Fair, Mrs. Jessie L. Pribble, a beautiful Hobart M. Cable; Mr. J. M. Palmer, one of the matchiess Chickering planos; another Hinze went to the home of Mr. J. W. Deschbach; Mr. Myron Hustered took Philadelphia s best, the Lester; almost immediately after him Mr. Arthur L. Davis singled out a lovely kimball, Chicago's best; two Marshall & Wendells were next to go, lovely planos both of them, one was purchased by Mr. Adolph Eck and the other by J. D. Millspaugh; a very fine Emerson was selected by Mrs. Mary Jones; the next pair to go were Hobart M. Cables, purchased by Mrs. Mary Jones; the next pair to go were Hobart M. Cables, purchased by Mrs. Rosa Lee and Mrs. O. M. Graves; Mr. H. E. Thompson's choice was a lovely Weber; Olive Hall secured an Estey plano, and also Miss F. R. Fabey, Mr. L. G. McDonaid, a Kimball; Mr. Fred H. Witt, a Weber; Miss Jessie F. Dickinson, Haddorff; S. A. Barnes, a Chickering; Sunnyside School, Washougal, Wash. a Kimball; Mr. N. C. Nielson, a Weser plano and an Aeriola to play it; Mrs. L. N. Plamandon, Hazelton; Mr. John H. Becker, Balley; Mr. N. Robertson, Kimball organ, Mr. J. T. Kenoyer, Kimball organ, and Mr. H. N. Price, a Kimball plano.

While the low prices at which we are now selling good used planos and organs, and many buyers are also taking advantage of the prevailing cut on all our instruments, including special Fair exhibit styles in Chickering, Weber, Kimball and many other of our finest makes.

The stock was never so great, so thoroughly comprehensive and attractive. All demands have been met, from those who require the magnificent Chickering, at from Eso to Elsoe, or a Weber or a Weber Pianola Plano at Eso and Eso, not to mention that musical educator and entertainer, the

house during the Fair, and that he had ter what your errand, you are welcome to our store, and that we will be happy to serve Fair risitors, as well as the people of Portland, in any way possible.

EILERS PIANO HOUSE.

351 Washington, cor. Park (8th) Street.

as T. Eckert, Valentine P. Snyder, F. W. as I. Eckert, Valentine P. Snyder, F. W. Roebling, J. J. Aibright, Eben B. Thomas, Joseph Bryan, Thomas S. Pratt, G. Cady Herrick, Nicholas Murray Butler, Charles H. Schneider, William C. Van Horne, Ledyard Blair and James B. Forgan.
The remaining 12 out of this block of 87 shares stand in the name of Mr. Winthrop back as 1892, Mr. Hegeman was loaned \$25,000 at 1% per cent. In 1893 he was loaned \$125,000 at 6 per cent, the rate later being reduced to 3 per cent.

Cutting Down Profits.

Since this statement was published Nicholas Murray Butler has declined to be a second become a director of the society.

and Cargo Is Drenched,

agents' balances, which insurance de-partments do not recognize as assets, her passengers. The blaze was started her passengers. The blaze was started from a cigarette, which a stevedore dropped upon a bag of saltpeter in the hold some distance aft. The only damage was that done by the

TELLS THEM BOTH TO RESIGN water with which the crew drenched the cargo of wheat, the extent of which cannot be determined until the vessel unloads at San Pedro.

The Roanoke arrived from Portland Wednesday and sailed for San Pedro to-

FUSION ON PARTRIDGE.

Republicans and Democrats Unite

on Anti-Ruef Man. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28 .- A complete fusion was effected tonight by the Dem-ocratic and Republican municipal con-ventions and a joint ticket nominated Partridge (Republican). nominated for mayor. A minority facdence of the misconduct of McCall and commonly designated as the "Ruef" fac-Perkins to justify the Attorney-General in them, gave notice that it would not be bound by the choice of the majority.

Shonts Off to Isthmus.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The Board of Consulting Engineers and several mem-bers of the Panama Canal Commission sailed today for Colon on the steamship Havana. Their purpose is to inspect the work already done on the canal and also its proposed route, in order to report to the Commission the best kind of a canal to build. In the party were Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Commission; HOLDERS OF EQUITABLE STOCK Rear-Admiral Driscoll, O. H. Ernest and P. M. Harrod, all of the Canal Commis-

BUSINESS ITEMS.

If Baby Is Cutting Teeth
Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Southing Syrup, for children teething. It southes the child, softens
the gums, alleys all pain, curse wind coils
and diarrhose.

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla is the best, perfectly pure, highly concentrated



If you want a good food for your baby, - a food that is endorsed by physicians, a food that confains a large amount of digestible constituents, a food that feeds, a food that will nourish, sustain and promote the growth of your beby, — try Mellin's Food. We will send a sample fee ple for you to try.

Meilin's Food is the ONLY Infants' Food, which received the Grand Prize, the highest award of the Louisiana Purchase Expession, St. Louis, 1904. Higher than a guid medal. MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.



F you have a sense of style, or a liking for good clothes you can't but respond to Kirschbaum Sack Suits. So reasonably priced one can often indulge in an extra suit or coat-giving variety to the outfit. Ask for Kirschbaum Clothes (Warranted). Good stores everywhere, \$12 to \$25. (Look for label) Wear the Eastern Styles.

A. B. Kirschbaum & Co. (Makers) Philadelphia and New York

CEYLON TEAS.



Lead the World

See the largest Tea Exhibit ever erected at any Exposition, in the Agricultural Building.

LIPTON EXHIBIT

We Are Going to Help Swell That 100,000

Will not be open to the public. Our several hundred concessionaires and employes are all going to attend the Lewis and Clark Fair. On Sunday, however, "The Oaks" reopens bigger than ever. That day FREE to all the children on earth.

IMPORTANT EVENT

Monday, October the 2d, Day and Night,

"Grand Gala Day" --- Free to All the Ladies

Magnificent prizes that are costly, will be distributed to the TWO MOST BEAUTIFUL LADIES who will attend. Prizes to be awarded by a committee in the Pavilion, to be selected from among the audience on that occasion. Take the O. W. P. & Ry. Co. cars from First and Alder Streets. Fare 5c. All carlines transfer direct to the main

THE OAKS TAVERN

A Cafe unsurpassed in America, from any standpoint. Great reduction in prices.

INAWEEK



(without mercury) to stay cured for-ever. We remove STRICTURE without operation or pain, in 15 days. We stop drains, night losses and sper-maturrhees by a new method, in a week. We can restore the sexual visor of any man under 10 by means of local treatment peculiar to ourselves.

We Cure Gonorrhoea In a Week

The doctors of this institute are all regular graduates, have had many years experience, have been known in Portland for 15 years, have a reputation to maintain and will undertake no case unless certain cure can be effected.

guarantee a cure in every case we undertake or charge no fee. Consul-free. Letters condidential Instructive BOOK FOR MEN mailed free in tation free. Letters considertial instruc-plain wrapper. We cure the worst cases of piles in two or three treatments, without opera-We cure the worst cases of piles in two or three treatments, without opera-tion. Cure guaranteed. It office, write for question blank. Home treatment suction. Cure guaranteed.

If you cannot call at office, write for question blank. Home treatment suc-

ce hours, \$ to 5 and 7 to 8. Sundays and holidays, 10 to 12. DR. W. NORTON DAVIS & CO.

Offices in Van-Noy Hotel, 174 Third st., Cor. Pine, Portland, Or