DUAL MONARCH MAY SPLIT APAR

Hungarian Coalition Stands Firm for National Demands.

VACILLATION AT VIENNA

Great Torchlight Parade to Demand Universal Suffrage, While Kossuth Party Gains Strength. Revolution Is Feared.

BUDAPEST, Sept. 28.-There is no abatement of the popular unrest, although pussed off without serious outbreaks in any quarter. The Socialists gathered again tonight, this time in front the imperial club, but the police were more energetic than they were last night and dispersed the groups as soon as they formed, thus preventing disorder,

A meeting of students tonight passed off without incident.

At a meeting of Democratic clubs it was decided to hold a grand torchlight prosiden in the near future. This decision gives rise to some uneasiness, and it is possible that the procession will be postponed until after the conference of the supporters of the Coalition parties, Oc-

Reports from the provinces show in-creasing support of the Condition parties. ng support of the Coalition parties, but notwithstanding this there is a very considerable element in Hungary outside the Socialist ranks that continues to remain in opposition to the Coalition. This element is encouraged by well authenticated reports from Austria of an almost unanimous sentiment in favor of the crown and the statement that the Austrian Socialists are opposing the Hungar-

Emperor's Court Distracted.

The court at Vienna is reported to be distracted by conflicting advices. Many jesty's favor by advising persistence of Francis Joseph in his stand.

The failure of Baron Fejervary's audience of the Emperor today in an effort to bring about a solution of the difficuity is halled by the members of the Coalition as favorable to their cause.

it is understood tonight that the Emperer has expressed a desire to see Count. Cziraky, president of the upper house of the Hungarian Diet, and that the Count will be given an audience next Saturday. It is known that Count Czirnky advocates peace with the Coalition. It is also learned from a high authority that the ssittion of Count Geluchowski, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, is so shaken that he will resign within a few be M. de Szogyeny-Marich, present ambaseader to Germany, and that Count Go buchowski will succeed to the Paris em-

Great Demonstration Planned.

preparing to send a massed deputation to door, \$6.000 workmen for universal suffrage. Commanding officers of the regiments in

various sections of the country have re- General Yermoloff returned with M. Witte, fused leaves of absence to subordinate ofneers until the situation becomes clearer All sorts of rumors are affoat which have the effect of keeping popular sentiment aflame; but the best-informed persons be-Bese the efforts of the conservative element will shortly be felt and that a solution of the difficulty will be reached without a rupture of the dual realm.

Two of the most prominent members of the coalition, Count Andrassy and Baron Banffy, have publicly declined to join the Independent party. They declare that, be went to see Emperor William Tuesday should the independents secure a ma-jority, they will retire to private life, nity to characterize him as a self-adver-they assert that the abolition of the Ausgleich, which regulates the fascal and com-mercial affairs of the two countries and the costs raid by each to the contribution of the Black Eagle has had a gratifying effect here, much more so than expenses of the empire, will mean ruin, and hold that dualism is the only sound policy for Hungary.

SAYS GERMANY CAUSES CRISIS

Leading Hungarian Threatens Alliance With Slavs Against Sovereign.

VIENNA, Sept. 28. - M. Polonyi, vicepresident of the Hungarian Independent party, in an interview in the Freie Presse today, attributed the opposition of the Emperor-King to the demands of the Hungarian coalition, which met Hungary's requests for concessions in a commercial treaty with a brusque refusal, has, through Ambaseador von Wedel, at VIenna, advised the Emperor-King against making the slightest concession on the question of the language of command in

the Hungarian army.

M. Polonyl concluded with the threat that if Hungary can no longer find support among the Germans she must look in the direction of the Slave.

STUDENT FACTIONS FIGHT.

Socialists Attack Nationalists, Who

Receive Theologians' Ald. BULAPEST, Hungary, Sept. 28.-Excite-

among the students led to riots today at the university. Three students with Socialistic tendencies were attacked by Nationalist students and roughly han-fied. Afterward some 300 Nationalists manyland to the hospitals, visiting those who were injured during the rioting yes-

theology students are also joining in the National movement

Emperor-King Consults Advisers. VIENNA, Sept. 3.-Emperor Joseph today received in audience Baron Fejervary, the ex-Hungarian Premier, and Count Gulochewski, the Austro-Hungarian For-

Married on His Deathbed.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Believing that his last expressed wish had been gratified, and that his sweetheart, Mine Edith Brusser, had become his wife through repeating the words of the marriage cereod that his sweetheart, Missieddith Brus-er, had become his wife through re-sating the words of the marriage cere-sarry by a South Chicago physician, Ed-Michigan

been crushed between two cars, died yes terday in the hospital of the Illinois Stee

是不是的问题。但是是一种人们的

Mathilda Bruszer, had hurriedly left for hicago to secure a marriage license, but had not returned in time so a minister could be summoned. After the young man was injured he expressed the wish that he and his flancee could be married before he died. Mrs. Bruszer had not returned. and the young man, realizing that he had but a few moments to live, requested Dr Hannah S. Starrow, who had attended him, to pronounce Miss Bruszer his wife. Hardly had Dr. Starrow finished repeating the words of a marriage ceremony when Boardman fell to one side of the hospital

He tried to repeat the words, but expired A state law ignored in the issuance of he license is the one enacted at the last session of the State Legislature which vides that no third party can obtain

"Mrs. Bruszer explained the sad cir cumstances and I issued the license," said Marriage License Clerk Salmonson. "It have been inhuman to do other

WITTE'S WARM WELCOME

Crowd Delivers Address, and He Replies, Lauding America.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28,-Count Witte arrived here at 8:25 A. M. today, and was accorded a hearty reception by a large crowd of officials and oth-ers. In a brief speech replying to a ers. In a brief speech replying to a welcoming address, M. Witte showed clearly that he was deeply touched by the welcome with which he was re-

When he left St. Petersburg in July

a small delegation of officials accom-panied him to the railroad station to bid him farewell. There was no public demonstration whatever. Today there were seven or eight times as many officials, despite the very early hour of the train's arrival, and an enthusiastic crowd of 500 to 600 people was pres-ent. Among the officials present were ent. Among the officials present were
Baron Nolde general secretary of the
committee of commerce; General Durnoir, Adjutant to the Minister of the
Interior: M. Wyschnegradsky, exFinance Minister and now Director of
the International Commercial Bank;
M. Kobenko, Privy Councillor and
chairman of the press reform committee, and many other prominent offitee, and many other prominent offi-cials who had been M. Witte's former colleagues or subordinates.

The crowd had collected near where M. Witte would descend from the train, and when he appeared broke out into long and loud cheers, to which M. witte bowed acknowledgements. The spokesman then advanced and read the address of welcome, all in the meanwhile standing bareheaded. The address read. address read:

Hungarian politicians of influence have and the nation is grateful to you. You have advised the King-Emperor to yield on certain points, and it is reported tonight that others are seeking to secure his majesty's favor by advising persistence of exer, fully appreciate your services to very cally appreciate your services. ver, fully appreciate your services to your country. The tree you planted at the Washington homestead at Mount Vernon will serve as a mark of the token of the union between For surrelyes and for those who are ab-

sent, we will once more shout a When the cheer had died away, M. Witte, who seemed deeply moved by the sincerity of the welcome, advanced a few steps and delivered his reply.

I was so little preparel for this kind of a reception that I must ask your pardon for the incoherence of my words. I have per-formed my duty well because I have strictly of from a high authority that the colored Ris Majesty's instructions, because it of Count Goluchowski, the Ausmanian foreign miluister, is not that he will resign within a few it is possible his successor will de Szogyeny-Marich, present am-

M. Witte's last word was followed y further loud and hearty cheering. by further found and hearty cheering, after which, slowly advancing toward the entrance, he shook hands with the deliverer of the welcoming address and his friends or former colleagues. where an open carriage was in Bodapest on October I in order to offset waiting. As soon as M. Witte was the proposed Socialist demonstration of seated the coachings started his team, and as he drove away the crowd broke out into a succession of loud cheers.

Madame Witte, M. Shipoff and Major-

JEALOUS OF WITTE'S SUCCESS Russian Politicians Say He Has Advertised Himself.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—Count Witte's progress through France and Ger-many has been watched with interest, but none the less it has added to the jealousy toward him in certain quarters which was more or less freely manifested after

the queta paid by each to the common when His Majesty conferred the order on General Stoessel,
M. Witte's visit to the German Emperor

nas given rise to considerable political speculation, but the Associated Press was assured in an excellent quarter today that no special political significance should be attached to it; that it was simply an evidence of the satisfactory relations existing between the isting between the two empires, wh had grown even closer during the war.

WILL SIGN TREATY NEXT WEEK

Witte Will Report to Czar at Peterhof on Conference.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—The Russo-Japanese treaty will be signed during the first days of next week. M. Witte, who had a long interview and luncheon with Foreign Minister Lamsdorff today, will be received at Peterhof and give the Emperor a report of the conference, but the treats the day. the treaty itself will be taken to Peterhof by Count Lamsdorff.

Disagree on Armistice in Corea.

SEOUL, Sept. 28.-Colonel Obaba and General Cossanansky, the Japanese and Russian representatives in North Corea-met Monday afternoon, September 25, and again discussed the terms of the proposed armistice. The Russians would not agree to Japanese proposals, and the armistice has been postponed, awaiting instructions from General Linievitch.

Stoessel's Left Side Paralyzed. MOSCOW, + Sept. 28.-Lieutenant-General Stoessel, who commanded the Russian forces at Port Arthur, is suf-fering from a stroke of paralysis, which affects his entire left side. The General's recovery is hoped for.

No Mission to Germany, ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 28.—Reports ascribing to M. Witte an important mis-sion to Germany are declared in an in-spired article in the Russ today to be

destitute of foundation. Witte Summoned to Czar's Yacht. ST PETERSBURG, Sept. 18.—Mr. Witte has been summoned to meet the Emperor on board the imperial yacht Polar Star

Incidents of Conflict With Primitive Savages.

TRADER HACKED TO PIECES

French Expedition Punishes Native Murderers in New Hebrides. White Captain Thrown to

Sharks by Natives.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 28 - The steam r Miowera, from Australia, brought news of several South Sea tragedies from the Solomon group. News was received of a mutiny and murder on the trading cutter Save. Vella Lavell, the black cook, after being refused permission to go home, suddenly attacked William Fin-layson, trader in charge of the versel, whose station is north of Norman Wheat-ley's, on the Island of Gizo, in the Solo-mon group. Finlayson was unarmed, trading with natives on the schooner's deck, when the crew rushed upon him from behind, and setzed and bound him After Finlayson had been secured with ropes the natives backed him to death with tomahawks, no heed being paid by the relentless blacks to his agonizing screams. The body was thrown over-

After the murder the natives endeavofed to sail the vessel to their home island, but were captured by Captain Olen and arrested. They were taken to Gizo, whither H. M. S. Torch went to make an investigation. Gigo.

From the New Hebrides news was received of an attack by natives upon a blacks for outrageous actions against white settlers and several murders at Bullies, on Mallicolo Island. The French warship Muerthe landed a party of ma-rines, who arrested three chiefs. As the party took the captives into the village a shot fired from ambush killed one marine gunner. The party then attacked the village, dispersed the natives and killed four men. The landing party burned the village and returned to the bay, where it was again fired upon and a marine wounded. The dead marine was buried at Poer Sandwich with military buried at Port Sandwich with military

The natives alleged to have murdered Captain Bfchard Pentecost and six mem-bers of the trader Petrel's crew were taken to Noumea. They were ringleaders of a party which tied Captain Pente-cost to a tree and cast spears into his body, and while he was still conscious they threw him into shark-infested wat ers and danced while the monsters tore the body to pieces.

Mail advices from the South Sea Islands included details of a disastrous typhoon and tidal wave in the Marshall group, causing the loss of about 130 lives. A wave nearly six foet high swept the Island of Jaluit. The settlement is on an island about a mile long and, where the Europeans are gathered, about 190 yards wide. The top story of the hotel in which the foreigners lived was blown off and several had narrow escapes from falling debris. The trading steamer Germania was saved from destruction by here. mania was saved from desiruction by her master taking her into the center of the

EXPLOSION OF POWDER DE-STROYS SUEZ CANAL BANK.

Feet in Alr-Whole Population Flees Beforehand.

PORT SAID, Egypt, Sept. 28.-The wreck of the British steamer Chatham, with her cargo of 90 tons of dynamite and blasting gelatine, was blown up this morning by mines distributed around and inside her hull. These were fired by an electric current from Raselech, about five miles

the damage done to the canal bottom. The explosion was not felt at Port Said. A huge column of water, sand and the ship's wreckage, was thrown 2000 feet in the air, and, in falling, destroyed 600 feet of the east bank of the canal. Divers immediately commenced removing the

The canal population in the vicinity of the scene of the explosion left early in the morning for the seashore, closing the and stores, which were guarded by

MAY LOCK OUT WHOLE CITY

Berlin Electric Companies. Take Aggressive Action in Strike.

BERLIN, Sept. 28 .- The labor diffiulties in the Berlin electrical industries threaten to spread to the entire industries of the city. the important firms, voted this evening lock out the entire working force at a suitable moment, provided the threatened general lockout in the electrical branches takes place. The assoc ment arbitration bureau with a v

EARTHQUAKE SPLITS MOUNTAIN Italian Town May Be Burned and

Many Persons Perish. NEW YORK, Sept. B.-Says a Rome dispatch to the Herald: dispatch to the Herald:

A mountain near Ajello, called Pietra Calondia, 200 meters high, split in two yesterday, owing to shocks of earthquake, and threatens to bury the town. All the inhabitants have fied.

There was a terrible cyclone at Sparanise. Province of Cazeria. All the trees and telegraph poles were uprocted, houses were damaged, and several persons were killed or injured.

Strike Riot on Frontier. ARLON, Befgium, (near the French frontier), Sept. 28.—While the Belgians wab have taken the places of the strik-

gian gendarmes, they were fired upon by French strikers. The gendarmes re-plied, killing one of the strikers and wounding several.

Sugar Trust for Germany.

HANOVER, Germany, Sept. 28.—The ugar refineries of Northern and Western Germany are again endeavoring to form a trust. A meeting of important manufacturers has been held here which will probably result In a definite pian for a combination being submitted to the ruling sugar interests about October 15.

Tittoni to Meet Von Buelow.

ROME, Sept. 28.-Dispatches from Milan announce that Foreign Minister Tittoni left that city today for Baden-Baden, where he will meet Chancellor von Buelow. This, following the German Chan-cellor's meeting with M. Witte, arouses

TRIES TO FOOL PRESIDENT

(Continued From Page 1.)

Illu showing their actual residence and occupation. The lists are of interest. None of the claimants have complied in good faith with the requirements of the settlement laws as to residence. Uniman is out there because he has a good timber claim and is employed by the Siate Creek Settlers' Association to bluff out any claim-jumpers. Herdman's ground is probably mineral, as it is surrounded by mineral claims, and he formerly held the land as mining claims, but his principal income has been from the sale of wood. He has about 20,000 feet of saw logs now cut on the ground he is not clearing. None of the other claimants live on their claims.

After attaching the affidavits in quer tion, Mr. Schwartz gives a detailed list of the "poor settlers" for whose interests Mr. Heyburn is so solicitous, and he shows how deserving these "poor settlers" are of consideration at the hands

of the Government. In consequence of Schwartz's report which fully concurs in the findings of representatives of the Forest Service, each one of these settlers will ultimately be deprived of his land, and may count him-self lucky if he does not fall into the hands of the law.

Names of the "Poor" Settlers.

Then follows a long list of those who have made settlements on choice tim-bered tracts in township 47 north, range 6 east, in the midst of Shoshone County, but who have not resided upon or improved their claims, but have rather attempted to hold the lands in an file gitimate way, for tasir timber:

& N., Moscow: Jack Stewart, not located C. H. Torrence, not located; F. W. Ertel, ditto; J. E. Nessley, Colfax, Wash; W. S. Yearsley, Colfax, Wash.; C. W. Hess, Colfax, Wash.; Thomas Neill, Colfax; George E. Can field, Tekoa, Wash.; G. W. Larue, Springston field, Tekon, Wash; G. W. Larue, Springston, Idaho; A. Scott, Tekon, Wash; H. W. Can-field, Coffax; S. A. Turner, Lewiston; Con Greevey, Tekoa: P. H. Stanley Frank Quinn, Tekon; Lee Boyer, Tekon; Ed win Schmidt, Tekon.

These claimants, with two or three exceptions, all voted in the towns where they lived and not in the precinct where the land is located and not where they should have voted, if they had given their residence as that of the land claimed by them.

In township 47 north, range 4 east, the following gentlemen have made entries of the same kind as those speci-

James Boax, Wallace, Idaho: Albert Balk-will, Wallace J. Balkwill, Wallace; James Camp, Wallace; August Carison, Coeur d'Alene City; George Chapman, Colfax, Wash.; T. Dan Connor, ex-Mayor of Wallace; William Fish-inger, Wallace; Frank Franz, Wallace; Charles Girton, Wallace; Frank Franz, Wallace; Charles inger, Wallace; Frank Frank Wallace; Charles Glivon, Wallace; M. H. Hare, Wallace; Frank Herdman, Wallace; Pred Johnson, Wallace; Sam Johnson, Cosur d'Alene; Emil Kraus, Wallace; P. P. McGovern, Cosur d'Alene; Terry McLaughlin, Wallace; Dan McInnia, Wallace; A. P. McRae, Wallace; John J. Wallace; Henry Pannelsaker, Wallace; Charles Pfitzenmier, Wallace; John S. Quina, Wallace; Pfitzenmier, Wallace; John S. Quina, Wallace; Wallace: J. H. Senderrgger, Wallace; Thon e toward the ringe was in t. Witte was Feet in Air. Whole Popular Settlers" Association (may live in cubin); 814ney Van Hook, Mullan, Idaho: John Worums,

There is a small log cabin or hut on each of the above claims. With the exception of Hardman's and Uniman's claims, tacke claims are not used for any purpose, and no clearing, fencing

other work has been done. The following named have taken claims on the same Trandulent basis: - Edward Schmidt, Tekes, Wash.; J. W. No serious damage was done to the canal, and the authorities anticipate that the pussage will be cleared of debris in four days. The railway and Sweet Water Canal adjoining are intact.

The explosion was tremendous. The explosion was tremendous. The explosion was tremendous. The enormous displacement of water was visible from Raselech. It is believed that the whole of the Chistham's cargo was destroyed. Engineers are investigating the damage done to the Chist. Believed that the whole of the canal bottom.

Edward Schmidt, Tekes, Wash.: J. W. Hutchinson, Tekes; W. R. Waiker, Tekes, O. H. Welker, Tekes City: J. C. H. Pearson, Wallace; M. D. Seilers, Spekane; A. J. Ramsey, Minneapolis, Minn; E. H. Poley, not located: A. Anderson, Tekes; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; C. E. Scriber, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; C. E. Scriber, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superintendent O. R. & N., Porther, Colfax; D. W. Campbell, general superinte Logan, Helena, Mont.; W. E. Grant, Har-

Legan, Helens, Mont.; W. E. Grant, Harrison, Idaho; George Stevens, Spokane; G. N. Smith, attorney for O. R. & N. Fortland; A. M. Scott, Colfax; J. W. James, not located; A. T. Toney, Colfax; F. A. Toney, Colfax; O. Sorensen, & to located; A. Ojsen, A. J. Preeberg, A. Rustad, John Erickson, A. Hloom, O. H. Heilleksen, A. Thorsen, S. R. Place and O. Doldenberg were not located; L. B. Logan, Harrison, Idaho; Robert Jell, Tekon; William Rarbell, Harrison; R. R. Howard, Tekon; Stella Perkins, Colfax; F. F. Darley, Wallace; Hattle M. Crawford, Ir-F. Darley, Wallace; Hattle M. Crawford, Is rigon, Or., formerly of Wallace; A. C. Craw-ford, Irrigon, formerly of Wallace; M. O. Read, Colfax; W. E. Reed, Nebraska; M. P. Longreen, Wallace, and A. W. Perley, Telcoa. Not one of these persons is living on his land, but in the town designated after his name. All are fraudulent en trymen,

Nearly All Heyburn's Neighbors.

When the President read over the list of these fraudulent entrymee association of metal working estab-lishments of Berlin, which embraces all preponderance of Wallace people, persons who are today and have since the filing of their claims been residents of the same town with Mr. Heyburn. Wal-lace is not such a large place that all or any considerable portion of these people could be unknown to the Senator. And yet he had the nerve to tell Moroccan question for the purpose of a general its employment agency, so as to bring preseure upon the electrical employes by excluding the prospect of their employees by excluding the prospect of their employment elsewhere. The labor committee of a permanent forest reserve, when of a permanent forest reserve, when the very men interested were his townsmen, for the most part, who were trying to fleece the Government out of of very fine timber. Of all exposures made in connection

with Mr. Heyburn's attack on the forestry policy, nothing is so damaging or looks so bad on its face as this list of fraudulent entrymen whom he is trying to protect. Mr. Heyburn has got to do a lot of explaining to the President when he again calls at the White House to object to forest re-serve extension in Idaho.

HEYBURN WILL SOON GO HOME

Idaho Sonator Recovering From Appendicitis Without Operation.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 28.—It is the present ex-pectation that Senator Heyburn, now confined to bed with appendicitis, will soon be able to travel and will start for frontier). Sept. 28.—While the Belgians who have taken the places of the striking steel workers at the French town of Longwy, near the frontier, were proceeding to the works from this town today under the protection of the Bellanticipate an unfavorable result. OUR STORE WILL BE CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY, SEPT. 30 "PORTLAND DAY"



Inside Information

The place for you on a rainy day is inside one of our

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AGREE ON MOROCCO

France and Germany Sign Conference Programme.

FRANCE TO PREDOMINATE

Will Control Frontier Jointly With Sultan and Share Loans and Harbor Contracts With Germany.

PARIS. Sept. 28.-Premier Rouvier and Prince von Randolfs, the German Am-bassador, at noon today signed the Franco conference, thus definitely term the difficult negotiations.

Preceding the signature, Dr. Rosen, representing Germany, and M. Revoil, in he half of France, met at the Foreign Of

The official announcement says: The official announcement says:

The negotiations between France and Germany concerning the programme for the conference on Moroccan affairs has successful terminated. Accord is reached on a programme comprising the organization of the police, the regulation and representation of contraband arms; financial reforms, consisting principally of the organization of a stational and also the best means of collecting duties, and the creation of new means or revenue and also the determination of principles destined to safeguard the economic liberty of Morocco.

The agreement then makes a special

The agreement then makes a special reservation of the frontier region between Algiers and Morocco, where the mainte-nance of the police will be regulated di-rectly between France and the Sultan without submission to the conference. The regulation of contraband in the same region also remains for France to deter-

nine with the Sultan.

The two governments unite in asking thay Spain accept Algeriras as the place for the conference.
On the question of the recent German loan to Morocco it is agreed that French bankers shall participate with the Ger-mans and there is to be a similar participation of French firms in building the arbor works at Tangler if a French pany offers terms equal to those of the

German contractors Finally, the accord provides for the submission of the programme without delay to the Sultan and the signatories of the convention of Madrid. Upon its submis-sion to the Sultan both the French and German missions now at Per will return

GERMANY NO TROUBLE-MAKER

Morocean Agreement May Lead to Good Understanding With France.

BERLIN, Sept. B .- The Franco-German BERLIN, Sept. 28.—The Franco-German accord with regard to Morocco gives great sathefaction here, as it secures Germany's reasonable interests and at the same time recognizes the preferred position of France in that country. It is said that the agreement disposes at once and for all of the charges made by the English trees that Germany was merely ourselved. promoting ulterior designs of a general political character. The German press this morning is par-

ticularly pleased that the agreement gives such pronounced satisfaction in France. The newspapers print in heavy type a quotation from the semi-official Temps, expressing the hope that the agreement will open the way for a general policy of a good understanding between Germany and France. That feeling, the papers say, is fully shared in authoritative po litical circles in Berlin.

The fact is published this morning that the substance of the agreement was

Pears' Soap is the great alchemist. Women are made fair by its use.

Sold continuently since 1789

reached Monday last by Imperial Chan-cellor von Buelow and M. Bihourd, the French ambassador, for which purpose involved because of conflicting laws of the Prince von Buelow came to Berlin from Baden. It is therefore pointed out that the French newspapers err in attributing the conclusion of the negotiations to M. Witte's good offices with the German states and the United States, and asks who will be the owner, the state or the United States? He says if power is defegated to state and interstate commissions that will re-sult in a set of politicians attempting to

OLNEY ON RATE QUESTION Leader of Conservative Democracy

Opposes New Law. NEW YORK, Sept. 28 .- (Special.)-The reply of the conservative wing of the Democratic party to W. J. Bryan's reent open letter to President Roosevelt urging him to fight for National legislation on railroad rates, is made by Richard

Olney, Cleveland's Secretary of State, in

the North American Review, out today.

make political capital. The railroads, private properties, and representing private investments aggregating billions of doilars, will find themselves controlled in the vital matter of their charges, not by their private owners, but by two public boards—one representative of local interests and the other of National interests—and both antagonistic to the interests of the pri-

vate owners concerned.

Under these conditions anything like skillful, just, reasonable or stable rate-making becomes impossible. A situation is created intolerable alike to carriers and He proceeds to discuss Government ownfon on railroad rates, is made by Richard Diney, Cleveland's Secretary of State, in the North American Review, out today.

Mr. Ofney argues against National rate whether the Constitution confers the

legislation and says, if attempted, it will power. And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of 'Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical

ordeal with safety and no pain. Ne woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is

also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to



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Aided by Sainhealth Treatment, will give the suffering little one instant relief and sleep, and want in complete cure. Multitudes of womens Harfing has no equal for chafing, irritation, cruptions, dandruff, thin hair, scald heast Medicated, antisarile decoderates.

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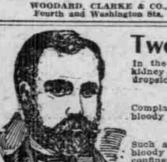
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stum or J Hiscox Co.

NO MORE GRAY HAIR Hair localth
Koops You Looking Young
A LWAYS restores youthful color to gray
finied hair. Stops hair failing. Fo
tively removes dandruft. A high-cit
heir-grower dressing, keeping hair soft, gloss
luxuriant. Does not soil skin or lines. NO REST, no sleep. Itch, itch, itch, scratching until the tender skin becomes inflamed, sore and bleeding.

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