

SEVEN DE BY FIRE

Explosion in Fuse Plant Results in Loss of Life.

FACTORY IS DESTROYED

Panic Follows Outbreak of Flames and Employees Pinned in Building Are Cremated—Seven More Fatally Burned.

AVON, Conn., Sept. 15.—The explosion of a fuse, followed by a fire in a building of the Climax Fuse Company here this afternoon caused a panic among 20 employees in the building and resulted in the death of seven and injuries that doubtless will prove fatal to seven others. There was no way of coping with the flames, which soon spread rapidly, and in less than an hour after the explosion occurred those who were unable to escape were in the clutches of a fire that eventually burned their bodies to ashes.

FIVE CASES AT CINCINNATI

Found on Trainload of Refugees From Tallulah and Isolated.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 15.—At least five persons having yellow fever are being held here over the Queen & Crescent line early today, and are held in quarantine. The train brought 200 refugees from Lake Providence, La., and Tallulah, La., who were fleeing from the yellow fever.

Dr. Clark W. Davis, health officer of this city, being notified by General Passenger Agent Edmarson that he was bringing about 200 people from the South in a special, sent Dr. B. F. Lyle and an assistant to board the train at Lexington and examine the people.

When the train reached Lexington, several persons who were sick attempted to escape, but were caught by the police and forced back onto the train. They were taken to a branch hospital on their arrival here.

All the other passengers of the train were allowed to go to their destinations, but the names and addresses of all were taken, and they can be reached by the authorities if needed. Fifty of the party of 200 came to the city absolutely penniless, though each carried a quantity of hand baggage.

At Tallulah, La., 25 persons boarded the train, but they did not get on at the main station. Knowing they would have difficulty in getting out of the city, they hid in the heart of the fever district, they walked out a mile and a half, and the train stopped for them.

The physicians in the thorough investigation declared the five suspected cases to be genuine yellow fever, and they were isolated in arrangements made for proper care.

The five refugees who were taken to the branch hospital have developed unmistakable symptoms of yellow fever. The cases, however, are in the mildest form. No one in Cincinnati need be alarmed by the presence of these cases of yellow fever.

"I expect that hundreds and perhaps thousands of people from infected districts will reach this city in the next few weeks. Whenever it is deemed advisable from the condition exhibited by the people arriving, they will be detained from six days to ten days in the city. If by that time yellow fever symptoms fail to appear, they will be given their liberty."

At a meeting of the Board of Health this afternoon it was decided to offer all refugees a home, providing the railroads carrying them to the city bear the expense of maintaining them here.

IMPROVING IN NEW ORLEANS

Fewer Deaths in City, Fewer Cases in Environs.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 15.—The yellow fever situation showed some signs of improvement today.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Roseau, bacteriologist of the Marine Hospital here, arrived here today from Washington. He said he had been sent by Dr. Wyman to study certain phases of the situation and to report upon what had been discovered.

The number of new cases continues larger than was hoped for, but this has no depressing effect on the people. County reports were a little more encouraging. The reports of new cases were:

Willewood, 2; St. Rose, 2; Kenner, 2; Terre Bonne Parish, 5; Patterson, 1; Tallulah, 15 cases and 1 death; Lake Providence, 11 cases; St. Bernard Parish, 1 death.

Yellow Fever in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 15.—Report on yellow fever up to 5 P. M.:

NEW CASES, 6.
Total cases to date, 298.
Deaths, 2.
Total deaths, 231.
New foci, 6.
Cases under treatment, 320.
Cases discharged, 144.

UNITE PARTY IN DELAWARE

Republican Editors Advocate Extinction of Factional Feeling.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 15.—The Republican editors of Delaware, representing all but three Republican newspapers published in the state, met here today for the purpose of bringing about harmony in the Republican party in Delaware. Edgar M. Hoopes, of Wilmington, was the chairman. Resolutions were adopted pledging the united and harmonious action of the editors in support of the principle of a common primary for the re-establishment of one Republican organization in this state, and the elimination of personal abuse and the suppression of factional recrimination.

PURSUED BY A SLANDER

Girl Committed Suicide in New York to Escape It.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Lorenson Berry, a carpenter of West Medford, Mass.,

today identified as that of his daughter Ella, the body of the young woman who committed suicide on Wednesday in the Hotel Manhattan. She was a stenographer in her home town.

Mr. Berry declared that the publication of an untrue story in a Boston paper a year ago, that his daughter had run away with a married man, was the cause of her self-destruction. The next day, Mr. Berry said it turned out that she had merely been on her vacation alone. Although the paper published a retraction, Mr. Berry added that the injury done her was great and she never recovered from it, but grew more and more downhearted and morose.

"Wherever my daughter would go," Mr. Berry continued, "it would seem as if somebody was ready to point to her as a girl who had been mixed up in a disgraceful affair. She went away from home to seek employment in other cities. She would be a short time in a place when the story would reach the ears of her employers and she would be told that she could not get any more work. She would be times until my child could not bear it any longer."

It is now stated that a letter had been received by the girl from her father, in which they were notified by her that she had died to put an end to it.

"I cannot bear this false stain upon my character," she wrote to her father, "but I see nothing else left for me to do than to kill myself. Please forgive me and believe that I would not do this thing if it were not that I am nearly out of my mind with grief and horror at the awful story which everybody seems to think is true."

WILL FIGHT FOR CONTROL

RAMSEY, BACKED BY ROCKEFELLER AFTER GOULD.

President of Wabash Asks Proxies, Saying Large Interests Support Him in Contest.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Joseph Ramsey, formerly president of the Wabash Railroad, has issued a public statement in which he asks stockholders of the road for proxies in his name for use at the annual election of directors, to be held at Toledo, O., October 30.

This means that an attempt is being made to dispute the control of the property by George J. Gould, and it is intimated that the Rockefeller, who are the principal stockholders in Gould's backing the movement, are in serious contemplation of any such attempt, however, is declared in railroad circles, as it is stated to be the policy of the Goulds to retain 90 per cent of the stock of the properties, so that in the event of a contest, it would be no great effort for them to maintain a controlling interest.

It was semi-officially stated recent that Mr. Gould expected to become the active head of the Wabash system to succeed Mr. Ramsey.

John P. Ramsey, son of the president, was asked today:

"At that time you estimate the holdings of the Gould party?"

"I understand that they amount to 90 per cent," he replied.

"The next largest owners are the Rockefeller, are they not?"

"My father," he continued, "has the support of several large stockholders in this fight, and, of course, expects to win. There has been some dissatisfaction as to the way earnings have been applied. The views of my father on this point have clashed with those of Mr. Gould."

"There were only two ways of getting over this difficulty—my father should have turned over to the interests in sympathy with his views. Mr. Ramsey was asked to surrender the office of President, and was for doing so at once, but holders of large blocks of Wabash securities persuaded him not to do so. The same interests now wish him not to sever his connection with the company at the expiration of his term, which occurs on October 30, but to continue as President, and they have pledged their support in a fight to secure the turning over of the control to individuals holding the same views that he holds as to the best way of operating the road."

"Are these individuals the Rockefeller?" Mr. Ramsey was asked.

"I really cannot say," he replied.

NO ALLIANCE WITH OTHER LINE

Ramsey Promises to Run Wabash in Stockholders' Interest.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 15.—If the majority debenture and stockholders of the Wabash Railroad Company honor me with their proxies to vote at the annual election on the second Tuesday of October, and I am placed in control of the company, the Wabash railroad will be operated entirely independent of all other interests than those of the debenture and stockholders themselves.

"I wish to deny emphatically the statement that there is any alliance on my part with the Vanderbilts or New York Central interests, or with the Pennsylvania interests or any other interest which would prevent the handling of the Wabash property for any other purpose than giving the returns to those who have their money invested there."

This statement was made today by Joseph Ramsey, Jr., president of the Wabash, with whom the large Gould interests in the property are now at variance.

MORGAN IN FULL CONTROL

President of Dayton Road Confirms Sale to Big Magnate.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 15.—President Eugene Zimmerman, of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway, tonight admitted that the road had been sold to J. P. Morgan & Co. Mr. Zimmerman in an interview tonight, said:

"I have reached that age in life where I think it is best to leave off. I will step out of the C. H. & D. The Great Central system is now controlled by J. P. Morgan & Co. I know nothing as to the future plans that they may have."

Arrested in Saloon Raid.

In a raid at the T. saloon, at Twenty-fourth and Uppstrut streets last night a poker game was interrupted and the following were arrested: James Day, Sam Wilson, J. E. Baynes and B. A. Powers. The arrests were made by Sergeant Batey and Officer Helms. The poker table and cards were taken with the men to police headquarters to be held as evidence.

Boys Arrested for Loafing.

Charged with being out after hours, Oscar Schanz, James Shea, Emil Olson and Bert Chipman, all under 15 years of age, were arrested near the Uppstrut-street station last night by Policemen Thorp and Roberts. The boys are accused of hanging around notorious saloons.

SPECIAL EXCURSION RATES.

Very Low Ninety-Day Tickets East Offered by O. R. & N.

September 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 1905. Special excursion tickets to Eastern cities stopovers granted Friday and returning. Particulars of C. W. Stinger, city ticket agent, O. R. & N. Co., Third and Washington streets, Portland.

HEYBURN'S PROTEST AGAINST THE SHOSHONE RESERVE FAILS.

Settlers Lose Nothing.

SETTLERS LOSE NOTHING

Separate Investigations by Forest Service and Land Office Show His Objections Outside of Agricultural Cut Out.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 15.—Notwithstanding the opposition of Senator Heyburn, the President will sometime during the coming Winter issue a proclamation creating the Shoshone forest reserve, to embrace a large part of the Shoshone County, Idaho. Just what the boundaries will be cannot now be told. This will depend upon the reports of representatives of the Forest Service who have been making examinations of the timber lands of Shoshone County during the past Summer, but in the main the boundary will follow the outlines of the temporary withdrawal made some months ago.

Following his custom Mr. Heyburn protested against this withdrawal, saying it would retard development of the state, would remove the timber lands of land desirable for agriculture and would work hardship upon a great many settlers who had already taken up land within the limits of the withdrawal.

Having declared his protest abruptly Mr. Heyburn in regard to other forest reserves in Idaho, the President decided to give the Senator every opportunity to present his protest against the Shoshone reserve, which the Senator did. Then the President called a conference of forestry and other officials and Mr. Heyburn, and the whole matter was referred to the forestry men were insistent that Mr. Heyburn's protest was not well founded, but they admitted they had never made thorough examination of the territory, and the President directed them to do so this Summer.

Independent Inquiry Against Him.

In order that Mr. Heyburn might have the benefit of the doubt and not be subject to the possible bias of the Forest Service, the President directed the Land Office to send a special agent and determine the facts in the case, and Mr. Heyburn alleged, were being injured. Special Agent H. H. Schwartz was detailed to this duty, and recently submitted his report to the Commissioner of the Land Office.

In substance, Mr. Schwartz reports that out of 100 settlements on public land within the Shoshone territory, 100 will never stand scrutiny, and will have to be cancelled outright, and the remaining 90 have been made on timber lands, with no idea of cultivation. In fact, the reports state that every one of the 100 settlements is on timber land, and it is his opinion that they were all made with a view to getting the timber. He doubts that any of the settlers are engaged in agriculture, even if it should be cleared of its trees. In other words, Mr. Schwartz, who conducted the investigation independently of the Forest Service, thoroughly confirms the contentions of Chief Forester Pinchet and his office, and completely upsets the claims made by Mr. Heyburn.

This report was forwarded to President Roosevelt, together with Mr. Heyburn's original protest, and the President returned the papers to the Land Office, saying that he would not revoke the temporary withdrawal as requested by Mr. Heyburn. This is equivalent to saying that he will create the reserve within the Forest Service in ready to say exactly what land shall be reserved.

Sole Valid Objection Met.

Mr. Heyburn's protest that a Shoshone reserve would retard development and that it would withhold from entry large areas of agricultural land, will be waived aside, for on the basis of exhaustive examination made by the Forest Service, Mr. Heyburn will eliminate all agricultural lands, and include in the reserve only lands valuable for forestry purposes. The other objection is not given consideration of judgment, and on this the President has already ruled against the Senator.

This is another instance in which Mr. Heyburn has attempted to prevent the workings of the Administration's forestry policy by a direct misrepresentation of fact. The junior Senator protested against the proposed Shoshone reserve because he contended they would "embrace growing, prosperous towns," and he went on to enumerate the towns which would be injured. When the President began his investigation he found that some of the towns named by Mr. Heyburn had passed out of existence; others, which had given some promise ten years ago, had dwindled to a few straggling huts; poor, unambitious and destined, in a short time, to desert their homes. This showing was backed up by the postal receipts. Then, as now, when the Senator's protest against Mr. Heyburn's protest was based on direct misstatements and misrepresentation, he turned him down. The President is satisfied at the facts, and he is not willing to be misled by the Senator's misstatements, even by energetic United States Senators.

REFUSE NO TAINED MONEY

(Continued From Page 1.)

the builder of his fortunes, are entitled to be regarded as the most dangerous enemies of society.

The colossal gains have, in all cases, been made by practices which are glaringly unjust and iniquitous. By obtaining control of the public highways, by buying up the traffic of competitors, and taking the necessities of life for the millions of people controlled by the City Council, and thus obtaining franchises and contracts, by which they were to be compensated for the public service rendered; by enormous inducements of capital, and by the manipulation of the market for private gain, these great accumulations have been made. Most of these practices are flagrantly illegal, those which are not covered by explicit legislation are none the less unjust and oppressive.

Lawless Combinations.

The true character of these giant combinations, these grasping monopolies, is now pretty well understood by the people at large. It is evident that they must be sharply restrained or our liberties will soon disappear. It is evident that they are a menace to the individual initiative—that an industrial freedom, and have that the gates of opportunity are being closed to the masses of the people. They are a menace to the very life of the nation, and they are a menace to the very life of the nation, and they are a menace to the very life of the nation.

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VEGE IF COLLAPSE

Arrest of Sherrick Almost Causes Breakdown.

HELD UNDER HEAVY BOND

Deposed Auditor of Indiana Must Await Action of Grand Jury on Charge of Embezzling State Funds.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 15.—David E. Sherrick, Ex-Auditor of State, was booked at the police station this morning charged with embezzlement of the state's funds. He waived examination and later in the day was held in \$15,000 bond to await the action of the grand jury. His bond was signed by 14 individuals and one trust company.

Sherrick seemed crushed at the police station and still refused to talk concerning the case, sending all inquirers to his attorney, Addison C. Harris. Mr. Harris was with him at the station. It was after 8 o'clock yesterday evening when Detectives Lancaster and Lowe called at the Sherrick home in West Pratt street. The officers found Sherrick in a nervous condition bordering on collapse.

Dr. C. E. Cottingham was called to the apartments and advised the detectives to allow Mr. Sherrick to stay in his room until this morning. Some time after midnight County Auditor Cyrus J. Clark and another man called and talked with Mr. Sherrick for some time.

The present session of the Marion County grand jury, which was to have ended this week, will be continued through next week for the investigation of the case of David E. Sherrick. The grand jury will also be asked to investigate the charges of forgery in the notes of A. W. S. Wickard, which figure in the case.

Warren Bigler, the new Auditor, took the oath of office today.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS UP

Committee Discusses Betterment of Several Thoroughfares.

A resolution was adopted by the streets committee of the City Council yesterday recommending the improvement of Section 14, from the south line of Market to the south line of Madison, by laying a smooth-surface pavement the entire distance. The street railway company has an abandoned track on this street, and unless the corporation is willing to perform its share of the improvement, the city will undoubtedly proceed to take steps to force the franchise and compel the company to take up its tracks along the route.

A number of property-owners were on hand to protest against the proposed abandonment of Shaw street, between Mississippi and Maryland avenues, on the ground that the improvements do not conform to the specifications. After an able discussion, the committee passed a resolution instructing the City Engineer to notify the Consolidated Railway Company to repair their portion of the street in accordance with the specifications, by laying macadam between the tracks and one foot on the outside of each rail. The ordinance provides for gravel improvement.

Kelleher brought up the question of improving East Morrison street, and made a strong argument in favor of doing so without delay, claiming that it has been improved for some time, and that it has nearly all the time for three or four years, and that Superintendent Fuller, of the railroad company, was keeping the improvement of the street back until after the Fair, because he did not want it to interfere with traffic. It is probable the Council will consider the matter at its meeting next Wednesday.

PERSONAL MENTION.

W. M. Osborn, one of the Democratic war horses of Savannah, Ga., is a guest at the Portland.

John Lester, of Cheyenne, Wyo., is a guest at the Perkins. Mr. Lester is one of Wyoming's most successful sheepmen. Harry H. Raymond, postmaster of Salem, and wife, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. V. C. Dunning, 44 East Alder street. They are visiting the Exposition.

The Mrs. Herman Borjes, formerly of Portland, and Mrs. S. Frauenthal and Miss Hilda Frauenthal, of Seattle, are visiting in Portland. They will be at home at the Oregon Hotel this afternoon.

Mrs. Mary Kierstead, of Madison, Wis., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Palmer, at their home, 2094 Russell street, Alameda. She is the sister of Mr. Palmer, and they have not met for ten years, and are having a reunion. Mrs. Kierstead is attending the Exposition.

F. J. Smith, of Seattle, chairman of the Board of King County Commissioners, is at the Hotel Elton. Accompanied by his wife, he is spending three or four days viewing the Exposition, of which they both speak in enthusiastic praise. It was through Mr. Smith's favor that a liberal appropriation was made to advertise judiciously Seattle and King County at the Fair.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—The following Northwestern people registered at hotels today:

From Portland—S. N. Butters at the Palmer House; E. L. Chase.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—Among the hotel arrivals today were the following:

From Portland—B. B. Murtzig and wife, at the Breslin.

From Seattle—M. Jones, at the Cosmopolitan; W. Pigott and wife, at the Wolcott; W. A. Colclough, at the Victoria.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Four stockyard companies and state commission filed intervening petitions in the United States Circuit Court here today when two cases of the Interstate Commerce Commission against 12 railroads were called for trial. It is charged in the complaints that the defendant railroads charge discriminating freight rates on shipments of livestock as compared with the rates on shipments of livestock products. The intervening petitioners declare that the practice of the bills of complaint is granted Chicago will be given an undue and unreasonable preference over other cities as a packing center.

Typhoid in G. A. R. Camp.

Typhoid fever of a malignant type has broken out in what is known as the G. A. R. camp near Bellwood, in proximity to the Ocala, four serious cases having been reported to the Health Office this week. Dr. Yenney, secretary of the State Board of Health, has called the attention of the local health authorities to the situation, and Dr. Matson has notified the campers to clean up their premises and put things on a proper sanitary basis.

BURMERS COLDS.

Exhaustive Burma Quinine, worldwide Cold Cure, removes the cause. Call for full name and look for signature of W. G. Woods, M. D.

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CONGRESSMAN RIDER

RELIEVED AND CURED BY DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

