

## EPISCOPAL PASTOR TO BE PUT ON TRIAL

Hidden Case From Vancouver  
Involves Revs. G. A. Land-  
den and T. B. Elliott.

### UNFAIRNESS IS ALLEGED

Witnesses Are Summoned by Tele-  
graph to Everett, Wash., and  
Hearings Will Be Pro-  
ceeded With Today.

#### PASTOR'S ALLEGED VIOLATIONS OF DISCIPLINE

Indulging in sinful temper, viola-  
tion of paragraph 26.  
Speaking of another, violation  
of paragraph 26.  
Compromising with intemperance,  
violation of paragraph 26.  
Setting as an example the divi-  
nity of Christ, as set forth in the  
Order of Worship, paragraph 69, being  
a portion of the Apostles' Creed.  
The latter is one of the most serious  
charges that can be brought against a  
pastor, as upon the divinity and at-  
tainment of Christ the whole system is  
based. Remove that and the entire  
plan of salvation, as set forth in the  
discipline, is nullified.

EVERETT, Wash., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—  
When the charges against Rev. G. A. Land-  
den, presiding elder of the Centralia dis-  
trict, and Rev. T. B. Elliott, pastor of  
the church at Vancouver, were pre-  
sented before the conference today, some  
discussion ensued as to whether they should  
be read. It was finally deemed best  
to make them public, and the special  
committee for trial, so that the  
conference might know exactly of what  
they consisted.

Maladministration is alleged in Rev. Mr.  
Landden's case. It is charged that he ac-  
cused unfairly in the selection of the trial  
committee in connection with the case of  
Mr. Hadden, of Vancouver. A call for  
counsel for the prosecution was followed  
by a long silence.

Rev. Mr. Landden took the floor and  
stated that he desired a thorough investi-  
gation. He did not want the impression  
to be made that the conference was  
slighting the matter in any way.

#### Complainants Not Present.

It is apparent that the conference had  
expected those preferring the charges to  
be present with counsel and witnesses.  
Rev. J. W. Miller was named as prose-  
cutor and Dr. D. L. Bader as counsel for  
the defense. Rev. F. L. Young was  
made assistant counsel for the prosecution.

The charges occasioned no surprise in  
the conference, for they had been before  
the cabinet before reaching the confer-  
ence proper. The members of the select  
committee to try the case are: Rev. C.  
A. Williams, presiding; Rev. A. J. Joslyn,  
A. W. Brown, J. C. Brown, J. C. Brown,  
W. B. Marsh, John H. Carter, W. H. Por-  
syth, R. C. Glass, R. L. Fahn, F. H. Erick-  
son, F. R. Drake, Horace Williston is  
secretary.

#### Charges Against the Pastor.

Rev. Mr. Elliott is charged with con-  
duct unbecoming a minister. Among  
other things it is alleged that at a certain  
prayer meeting he displayed improper  
temper. It is further alleged that he made  
mistaken statements regarding the church's  
sewing arrangement, and that he gave  
out an impression that the church would  
not hold its services. Certain other  
charges have to do with doctrinal teach-  
ings. It is alleged he made statements  
in sermons and at other times contrary to  
church doctrine. One thing he is accused  
of saying is:

"I do not care whether you believe in  
the divinity of Christ or not." Rev. Mr.  
Elliott's version of this allegation is that  
he did say: "I do not care whether you  
understand the divinity of Christ or not."

Rev. S. G. Jones was named counsel  
for the defense. The trial committee con-  
sists of: Rev. Nathan Evans, presiding;  
Rev. C. C. N. Gough, J. W. White, Joel  
Vign, James Chulow, J. A. Sutton, W. M.  
Park, R. E. Morris, O. H. McGill, C. J.  
Kilgore, J. A. Chapman and John John-  
son. J. T. McQueen is secretary.

#### Adjourn Until Friday.

Neither the case of Rev. Mr. Elliott nor  
that of Rev. Mr. Landden, presiding el-  
der of the Centralia district, was heard this  
afternoon. The committee having Rev. Mr.  
Elliott's case in charge is holding its  
sessions in the United Presbyterian  
Church. That having Rev. Mr. Landden's  
case in charge is using the First Baptist Church.

In both cases the committee perfected  
organization and adjourned until Friday  
afternoon—the latter case at 2 o'clock. This  
action was taken in order to give the com-  
plainants ample time to summon wit-  
nesses and get them here.

#### Summoned by Telegraph.

Those making the complaints were sum-  
moned by telegraph this afternoon, and  
are expected here on time. The prosecu-  
tion announced that the trial would  
proceed tomorrow whether witnesses arrived  
or not. Three sets of complaints were  
received in the Landden case, and it is  
expected an equal number will be pre-  
sented in the Elliott case. The complain-  
ants evidently are determined to get their  
complaints before the conference by at  
least one of the sets to whom they were  
intrusted. All the various sets were  
presented.

In the Landden case it is believed the  
charges were preferred so late as a last  
minute in order to give witnesses no opportunity  
to reach Everett in time for a hearing,  
and thus have the trial go over and bring  
about his removal from that district, but  
the prosecution this afternoon admitted  
that there will be time for witnesses to  
reach Everett, so the hearing will proceed.

#### HERESY IS THE MAIN CHARGE

#### Vancouver Pastor Alleged to Have Disseminated False Doctrine.

The charges against Rev. T. B. El-  
liott, pastor of the Vancouver West-  
Methodist Church, include one of the  
most serious possible to bring. This is  
heresy, contained in the allegation that  
he made public statements that he  
could not believe in the divinity of  
Christ, and that a person who disbe-  
lieved in the divinity of Christ might  
be as near to God as one who did not believe in Christ's  
divinity.

Charges of lying, disseminating doc-  
trines not in accord with the articles  
of religion contained in the church  
discipline, and indulging in sinful tem-  
pers are all combined in the complaint.  
There are several courses open to  
the Puget Sound conference in pro-  
ceeding with the charges, both against  
Rev. Mr. Elliott and Presiding Elder

Landen. The latter is merely charged  
with partisan administration, in his  
conduct of the trial, inasmuch as  
Bishop McDowell possesses the power  
by virtue of his office to determine  
whether or not the allegations con-  
tained in the complaint against Dr.  
Landen are sufficient to warrant a  
hearing by a committee, as provided by  
the discipline, should he decide they  
are not, the charges fall flat.

Rev. Mr. Elliott may be tried by  
any one of three methods of proceed-  
ure, but the usual course in such cases  
is trial by a committee appointed by  
the bishop. Defendant and complain-  
ant are entitled to and are to be pro-  
vided with counsel, to be members of  
the conference.

In this case, it is believed that the  
charges will go by default, because of  
the fact that the complainant is not  
prepared to produce her witnesses be-  
fore the investigating board, which has  
been set for today. Neither Mrs. Hadden  
nor her witnesses are in Everett,  
and unless Bishop McDowell is asked  
and grants postponement, both cases  
will go by default.

In the event of trials in each case  
and a conviction in both, the accused  
have the privilege of an appeal to a  
judicial conference, which is appoint-  
ed by the bishop presiding at each of  
the several annual conferences, and to  
be composed of five select elders, ap-  
peal to be granted provided the ac-  
cused signifies his desire within three  
months from notice of conviction.

A minister expelled by an annual  
conference is deprived of all ministe-  
rial prerogatives until by trial by the  
judicial conference of appeal he is ap-  
pointed to the office of minister by the  
annual conference and final restoration  
to office. Final action in all ministe-  
rial trials, if the accused desires, may  
be carried to the general conference for  
decision. In the judicial conference  
sessions, paragraph 245 of the disci-  
pline provides that a bishop shall pre-  
side and decide all questions of law.

### KEEPS OFF THE CALLOWS

#### SENTENCED MURDERER LIES IN JAIL THREE YEARS.

After Giving Notice of Appeal Is  
Sent to Walla Walla  
County Prison.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—  
A man convicted of murder in the first  
degree and sentenced to be hanged has  
been allowed to lie in jail in Walla Walla  
undisturbed for nearly three years, with-  
out attempting to appeal his case, nor  
has the authorities made any move to  
carry out the sentence. This peculiar  
case of execution was called to the at-  
tention of the Attorney-General today.

Oscar Bradshaw was convicted in  
Franklin County in December, 1902, and  
was sentenced to be hanged. He gave  
notice of appeal in open court and was  
thereafter remanded to the Walla Walla  
County Jail, where he has been kept  
ever since at an expense of \$25 per month  
to the county of Franklin. Bradshaw  
never prosecuted his appeal, and he has  
been allowed to remain in jail undis-  
turbed all these months.

The prosecuting attorney of Franklin  
County asks what he can do about it, and  
the Attorney-General advises him to file  
the record in the Supreme Court and  
move a writ of habeas corpus for want  
of prosecution.

Bradshaw, with a companion, entered  
a boxcar at Pasco for the purpose of  
robbery. They there murdered another  
man, and were taken to the jail. Brad-  
shaw's companion confessed and was  
sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary.  
Bradshaw alleged self-defense.

#### CLAD IN SHIRT AND BLANKET

#### Insane Escape Wanders in Woods for Two Days.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—  
After wandering for two days through the  
woods and about the city clad only in a  
shirt and a bed blanket, Thomas Bagley,  
an insane man, was arrested late last  
night at Old Town. Monday night  
Bagley wrenched a splinter from his iron  
bed and, using it as a lever, pried open  
one of the heavy iron bars that secure the  
windows. He ripped open the screen and  
then, tying two sheets together, let him-  
self to the ground.

The man appeared to be nearly  
frenzied and those who saw him think it  
wonderful that his exposure to rain and  
cold for two nights did not kill him.

#### Drives Horse Into Window.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Sept. 14.—(Spe-  
cial.)—Frank Craig, a member of the  
Fair Grounds Fire Department, who came  
over to this city this morning with a  
horse and buggy from a Portland stable,  
after imbibing pretty freely, started for a  
drive around town. As he was coming  
from the garriou into town his horse  
became unmanageable and ran into the  
large window at the Eichenlaub building.  
Two were broken. The horse got its foot  
in the window in such a way as to almost  
entirely sever the leg near the ankle joint,  
and will probably be shot.

Craig was taken into custody and placed  
in the City Jail.

#### Senators at Port Townsend.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Sept. 14.—  
Senators Ankeny and Pitts reached here  
this afternoon from Port Angeles. They  
will remain until tomorrow. The principal  
matter laid before them was the need  
of rehabilitating the Government road  
at Port Townsend for the establishment  
of light artillery and infantry to co-oper-  
ate with the heavy defensive works al-  
ready installed in this vicinity. Nothing  
would now prevent a real move to  
overwhelm the forces of the coast. Both  
Senators were impressed and will look  
into the matter upon arrival in Wash-  
ington.

#### General Mills at Vancouver.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Wash.,  
Sept. 14.—(Special.)—This post was visited  
yesterday by Brigadier-General Samuel  
M. Mills, Artillery Corps, who arrived  
about noon and was received by a salute  
of 11 guns. Later he was given a recep-  
tion by the department officials.

General Mills is a member of the Artil-  
lery Defense Board of the Army, and it  
was in regard to his duties as a member  
of this board that he made this visit. He  
carefully inspected the quarters and  
equipment of the two batteries stationed  
here.

#### Grays Harbor Mill Improvements.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Sept. 14.—(Spe-  
cial.)—An estimate of the improvements  
to mills on Gray's Harbor the past Sum-  
mer is \$750,000. Of this amount \$250,000  
was expended by the Panel Box Polding  
Company, of Hoggan, The West & State  
Mill Company, of this city, has expended  
\$500,000.

#### Cannery on Nescucca Bay.

CLOVERDALE, Or., Sept. 14.—The new  
cannery here on Nescucca Bay com-  
menced operations this morning. The  
plant is owned and operated by the El-  
more Cannery Company of Astoria.

Try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and  
Diarrhea Remedy, and you will never  
again be troubled with it. It has saved  
many lives. For sale by all druggists.

## FIRE FROM AMBUSH

Dufur Springs Ranchers Kill  
Richard Darnell.

### RESULT OF A QUARREL

Wife of Dead Man Had Complained  
of Ill-Treatment and Partners  
Had Been Ordered Out  
of Country.

THE DALLES, Or., Sept. 14.—(Spe-  
cial.)—Sheriff Sexton arrived at a late  
hour last night with Charles Underwood,  
the slayer of Richard Bennett Darnell,  
generally known as Dick Bennett. The  
killing of Darnell occurred at Dufur  
Springs, on the Deschutes River, about  
40 miles from The Dalles, at 8 o'clock  
Tuesday morning, and was the outcome  
of a quarrel between Darnell and Under-  
wood the previous evening.

Darnell and Underwood and his half  
brother, Maurice Woodward, had a place  
leased in partnership and Monday Mrs.  
Darnell visited the place for the purpose  
of gathering fruit, when words passed  
between her and Underwood. She re-  
turned to her home across the river, and  
told her husband of the trouble between  
himself and Underwood. This so en-  
raged Darnell that he swore vengeance.

Summoning his hired man, J. A. Sim-  
mons, Darnell went to the home of  
Underwood and about 11 o'clock at night  
he and Simmons forced Underwood out of  
bed, declaring that he would kill them both  
unless Underwood went at once to his  
home and apologized to Mrs. Darnell.  
When Underwood refused, Darnell and  
Simmons started to run, Darnell firing a shot at  
him, but he escaped. Underwood was  
forced to cross the river to Darnell's  
place, where he was held until he was  
informed by Darnell that he must  
leave the country or be killed. On re-  
turning to his home Underwood hor-  
rowed a Winchester from a neighbor and  
carried it with him to his work the fol-  
lowing morning.

About 8 o'clock Underwood and Wood-  
ward saw Darnell and Simmons coming  
across the river. Darnell having a re-  
volver in his hand. The young men se-  
creted themselves as best they could,  
Woodward hiding behind a haystack and  
Underwood with the rifle taking refuge  
behind a rock.

When Darnell had approached within  
about 100 feet, the shooting began, each  
firing some five or six shots, Darnell be-  
ing the first to fire. Underwood, once in the  
breast. All of the shots were fatal.

After the shooting Underwood went to  
Tyrh Valley and surrendered himself to  
a Justice of the Peace. He was held by  
the official until the arrival of Sheriff  
Sexton. A complaint was filed in the Justice  
Court today, charging Underwood with  
murder, but the date of the preliminary  
hearing has not been set. Underwood is  
28 years of age, unmarried and has al-  
ways borne a good reputation. Darnell  
was aged 46 and leaves a wife and sev-  
eral children.

## CONFESSES THE MURDER

#### PASQUALE TELLS OF SHOOTING OF CHARLES GRAY.

Italian to Be Hanged Today Says  
He at First Only Intended  
to Scare Lawyer.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Sept. 14.—  
(Special.)—The people of Walla Walla  
were amazed to learn that the man who  
was hanged because he had killed a man  
did not want me. I will break the re-  
cord in the morning," were the parting  
words last evening of Frank Pasquale,  
condemned to be hanged tomorrow morn-  
ing after a half hour's rambling talk, in  
which he tried to prove that the world  
had not given him a square deal. At  
10 this morning he will be hanged in  
the city jail.



Frank Pasquale.

the Penitentiary in Walla Walla for the  
murder of Charles Gray in Tacoma, in  
May, 1904. He is a native of Italy, came  
to America seven years ago, and speaks  
English very poorly. While "Pasquale"  
was in the prison barber shop yesterday  
afternoon he said:

"A few dollars Gray's life, and now  
it will cost me my life tomorrow."  
After he had been shaved he shook  
hands with the convicts around the cor-  
ridor, and when one of them told him to  
be brave, he burst into tears upon the  
shoulder of a convict.

Late this afternoon he requested War-  
den Kew call a reporter to see him, and  
he said he had no thought of murdering  
Gray, but that he was very nervous  
and hardly able to control himself.

After he had been shaved he shook  
hands with the convicts around the cor-  
ridor, and when one of them told him to  
be brave, he burst into tears upon the  
shoulder of a convict.

Reports from the Penitentiary at a late  
hour are to the effect that the condemned  
man is exceedingly restless, and it is  
said he will break down on the scaffold in  
the morning.

Frank Pasquale was convicted in the

Superior Court of Pierce County on a  
charge of murder in the first degree, for  
the killing of Charles Gray, a young in-  
surance man of Tacoma, in May, 1904.  
Gray had assisted Pasquale in collecting  
some accident insurance money which  
was due the latter, but the latter was  
of the opinion that Gray had not given him  
all that was due. A dispute arose in  
Gray's office in which the latter stoutly  
maintained that he gave Pasquale all that  
was coming to him. Further to satisfy  
the Italian he agreed to accompany him  
to the south end of Tacoma to see some  
other Italians who were acquainted with  
the facts and would prove his representa-  
tions in the matter.

At the trial it was proven that this trip  
was a plot concocted by Pasquale to lure  
Gray into a secluded part of the railroad  
yards for the purpose of murdering him.  
It was shown that during the walk  
through the yards the Italian suddenly  
turned upon an unarmed Gray and shot  
him to death. He then picked up the  
limp and lifeless body and was in the  
act of placing it across the railroad track,  
where the first train would have de-  
stroyed the evidence of the crime, when  
an employee of the freight sheds saw him  
and raised an alarm.

Pasquale dropped the body and started  
on the run for the Puget Sound. A  
number of switchmen and railroad clerks  
chased the fleeing man until night re-  
ndered further pursuit impossible. For  
several days the officers and posse of  
citizens continued a lively manhunt. He  
was finally caught one night a few days  
later as he was attempting to enter the  
City of Seattle.

The Italian of Tacoma took great  
interest in his case and furnished  
ample funds for the appeal of the  
case to the Supreme Court, where the  
judgment of the lower court was affirmed.  
The Italian Consul was then interested in  
an effort to have the Governor commute  
the sentence to life imprisonment. Great  
pressure was brought to bear in the mat-  
ter, but a few days ago the Governor an-  
nounced that he would not interfere, thus  
permitting the sentence of death to be  
carried out.

## MUST BE A SETTLER

#### PROVISION FOR GETTING LAND UNDER CAREY LAW.

Federal and State Law Are Both  
Very Clear on the  
Subject.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 14.—(Special.)—"Ac-  
tual settlers are the only persons to  
whom the state still intends to give land  
reclaimed under the provisions of the  
Carey law. This is the requirement  
of the federal law and the state law, and  
is one of the provisions contained in the  
form of application which was made  
public by the State Land Board today.

A man applying for a deed to land re-  
claimed by an irrigation company under  
the provisions of the Carey act must  
make affidavit that he is a settler or in-  
tends to become such. Before he can  
secure a deed, he must make proof by  
his own affidavit that he is an actual  
settler.

Though this requirement has been un-  
derstood by a large proportion of those  
who have applied for land, many, espe-  
cially those residing in the East, who will  
probably find it inconvenient and expen-  
sive to make the affidavit in order to  
comply with the law.

No term of residence is required, and  
there is nothing in the law to prevent a  
man ceasing to be a settler as soon as  
he secures his deed, except that his  
ceasing to be a settler might be taken  
as evidence that he was not an actual  
bona fide settler when he made the af-  
fidavit.

The law does not define an "actual  
settler." The Carey act, and the contract  
between the state and the Secretary of  
the Interior, leave the question of what  
constitutes an actual settler to the courts.  
The ordinary interpretation placed upon  
the term is that one asking for a deed to  
land reclaimed under the Carey act must  
in good faith make his home upon the  
land at the time he makes the af-  
fidavit.

#### TELLS INSPECTOR TO QUIT

#### Walla Walla Councilman Creates a Sensation.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Sept. 14.—  
(Special.)—The discharge of a man who  
was charged with the murder of a man  
but any cause or complaint who had been  
engaged to inspect the paving being done  
in this city by the Warren Construction  
Company is creating something of a sen-  
sation. The inspector had been put to  
work by the City Surveyor upon the re-  
commendation of the Mayor and a ma-  
jority of the street commission, so it is  
asserted, that the present action of the  
councilman, who is chairman of the  
commission.

The inspector refuses to quit his job,  
and the matter will probably come up  
at the next meeting of the Council, and it  
is said an investigation will be ordered by  
the Mayor. This is the second man Glas-  
ford has discharged or attempted to dis-  
charge as an inspector, and the latter  
recognized spokesman and defender of  
some speculation as to what connection  
the man has with it.

The men he sought to remove not be-  
ing factional parties has added to the  
speculation and many an explanation  
that might be pointed out that score,  
he is likely to order a suit for his con-  
duct. Property-owners in the paving dis-  
trict are expressing displeasure and a  
scandal is predicted by many.

#### SHORT LINE TO ENTER PARK

#### Yellowstone Park Railway Is Inco- porated at Boise.

BOISE, Idaho, Sept. 14.—(Special.)—Ar-  
ticles of incorporation were filed with the  
Secretary of State today of the Yellow-  
stone Park Railway Company. It is or-  
ganized for the purpose of extending the  
Oregon Short Line, at Anthony, Idaho, into  
the National Park, and it is the under-  
standing that the work is to be pushed  
through at an early date. The directors  
of the new company are: Short Line offi-  
cials, headed by General Manager W. H.  
Bancroft.

This road will give the Short Line a  
direct line into the park. It has hereto-  
fore operated over a stage line from a  
point on the Utah Northern.



Colic and stomach troubles are avoid-  
ed by using Mellin's Food for the baby.  
Mellin's Food being soluble, easily digested and very nourishing,  
Mellin's Food babies are free from  
colic and stomach troubles. Try a  
bottle of Mellin's Food and prove it  
to your own satisfaction.  
We will send you a sample of Mellin's Food  
free of charge.  
Mellin's Food is the ONLY Infant's Food,  
the highest award of the Louisiana Ex-  
position, St. Louis, 1904. Highest  
than a gold medal.  
MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

## SET BY A FIREBUG

Flames Eat Heart of Grange-  
ville Business District.

### LOSS IS PUT AT \$200,000

Citizens and Residents From the  
Surrounding Country Fight for  
Five Hours, Finally Using  
Dynamite.

GRANGEVILLE, Idaho, Sept. 14.—Fire  
swept the heart of the business district  
at an early hour this morning, and before  
the flames were extinguished a loss of  
approximately \$200,000 was credited to a  
firebug. The insurance is estimated at  
\$60,000.

The citizens of the town turned out just  
before 7 o'clock, when the alarm was  
given, and fought the fire, but with re-  
markable rapidity the fire leaped from  
building to building until the flames were  
plainly visible at Denver, 10 miles away.  
Telephone communication was destroyed,  
but the fire itself served the purpose of  
summoning help, and a number of fire-  
fighters came from miles around.

The fire was first discovered in D. B.  
Wilson's saloon, but the origin is not  
known. The heaviest loser is the mercan-  
tile firm of Alexander & Friederich, their  
loss being estimated at \$100,000, of which  
\$5,000 was on stock and \$95,000 on building.  
The Jersey House, the largest hotel in  
the town, also burned, sustaining a loss  
of about \$20,000. George K. Reed, the pro-  
prietor, was in Spokane.

The fire burned for five hours, steadily  
advancing and threatening the residence  
district. Volunteers and the regular fire  
department worked hard to check the  
flames, and dynamite was finally used to  
retard the progress of the fire. The principal  
losses are:

Jersey House	\$20,000
Basier building	10,000
D. B. Wilson, saloon	5,000
Hogan, barber	4,000
A. C. Landingham,ivery stable	2,000
H. E. Sheffer, drugstore	2,000
McDonald, general store	1,500
George M. Reed, real estate	800
Alexander & Friederich, general mer- chandise	90,000
W. A. Hall, attorney	500
Packer & Robinson, restaurant	1,000
Mrs. A. C. Hansen	1,000
Leas & Bradley, Grangeville Standard	1,000
Scale & Taylor, Grangeville	500
M. Reed, Hattakubugh, attorney	500
First National Bank	20,000

The Bank of Camas Prairie, a two-story  
brick building which was destroyed, con-  
tained all the books and accounts of the  
Jumbo Mining & Milling Company. The  
First National Bank loss consisted mostly  
of plate-glass windows. Volmer &  
Sexton, whose large mercantile establish-  
ment adjoined the burned district, had a  
narrow escape.

The business men of Grangeville will  
all rebuild with brick structures.

#### BIG TUNNEL IS PLANNED.

#### Will Tap Upper Klamath Lake Near Head of Link River.

KLAMATH FALLS, Or., Sept. 14.—(Spe-  
cial.)—While it is not yet definitely de-  
cided just when actual work will commence  
on the Government tunnels and ditches  
for irrigating the Klamath basin, it is  
given out by Government officials  
that preliminary work has so far ad-  
vanced as to insure the work to com-  
mence on the first ten miles of the pro-  
ject within a few weeks. The present  
plans and specifications have been  
completed and are now in the hands of  
Chief Engineer Newell at Washington, D.  
C., for tunnel and main canal of the lower  
project.

The tunnel is to have its source at the  
head of Link River, where it leaves Up-  
per Klamath Lake, and will cut through  
the hill lying between the lake and Klam-  
ath Falls, coming out near the old tun-  
nel built by the Klamath Development  
Company. The Government purchased this  
company's rights, but will not use the  
old tunnel.

The Government tunnel is to be 3000  
feet long, 13½ feet wide and 14½ feet high.  
It will be lined throughout with concrete.  
The cost of the tunnel, the present es-  
timate call for 3000 feet of concrete-lined  
canal and ten miles of earth canal 50 feet  
wide at the bottom, 70 feet at the top and  
11 feet deep. The cost of the above de-  
scribed work is estimated at \$500,000.

The main canal will carry 1500 gallons  
of water per second, and through the tun-  
nel will have