obberies here within ten days and two in Hoquiam.

ROBBERS TORTURE VICTIMS

Illinois Farmers' Feet Scorched

Make Them Reveal Treasure.

ers, living near Spring Lake, 12 miles north of here, are in a serious c and it is feared that the shock

he revived and made his way to a choese factory, where he gave the slarm, but

the bandits had gained a start of several hours, and could not be found.

where. They beat and choked their vic-tims and finally applied lighted papers to the soles of their feet to make them tell

left. John was still unconscious when help arrived, but revived, and is in a less

serious condition than his elder brother.

Police Defied by a Woman.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 11 .- (Spe-

cial.)-When four policemen went to his home to arrest Alfred Schroth, on

"You'll not take Alfred except over

Officer Crandali had placed his hand on the husband, when Mrs. Schroth struck him. Officer Burkman went to

his rescue, but the woman was more than his match. Captain Ward and

than his match. Captain Ward and Sergeant Powers, who were outside the

house, rushed to the rescue and the woman defied the four men. They finally subdued her, Schroth in the

meantime passively submitted to arrest.

Warden Caught Shooting Game.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 11.-(Spe

cial.)—Deputy Game Warden C. O. Larned, detailed to enforce the law which prohibits the killing of grouse,

pheasants and certain other game on

Larned shooting on the Island he was detailed to protect, and when accused.

admitted he had hunted game unlaw-

LOW RATE SIDE TRIP TICKETS.

my dead body," she cried.

## **NEW MALHEUR PLAN**

Farmers Wish to Dig Irrigation Canals Alone.

#### GOVERNMENT STOREWATER

Proposed Charge of \$42 an Acre for Water Declared Prohibitive and Alternative Scheme Is Offered.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington. Sept. 11.—Forty-two dollars an acre for water is a heavy tax to levy on the lands of Malheur County in Eastern Oregon that come within the scope of the Malheur irrigation project, and the fact that the proposed Government project is going to cost at least this amount is really one of the reasons such slow progress has been made on that enter-Other reasons have been advanced from time to time; other excuses have been given, and some of these other explanations are in accordance with the facts, but, sifted down to bedrock, it is found that the high cost is the real and the principal reason why the Government has not been able to proceed with con-

The Government Reclamation Service knows that this is a very high tax to place on the Malheur lands; those farmers who already own lands in the Valley know that not all their lands can stand this price; the owners of the 20,000 or more acres of wagon road lands within the limits of the project are well aware that not all their lands can stand such a price, and they have said so. But if some of the land is eliminated, because it cannot pay \$42 an acre for water, the cost per acre for construction is advanced, and the project becomes impracticable, for it is admitted by all parties concerned that a price exceeding \$42 to the acre would

It has been stated not long since that the owners of the wagon road lands were the owners of the wagon road mans were holding up the project because they would not subscribe all their "Irrigable" lands. The landowners any it would be utter folly to subscribe lands which they know cannot bear the tax of \$42. On the other hand, it has been charged that other landowners under the project have not signed, and that they are delaying the project. Many of these landowners fear that they cannot pay \$42 an acre for water. And so it runs through a long

#### Farmers' New Proposition.

But now a new proposition has been submitted to the Secretary of the Interior, plan devised by farmers living in the Malheur country, who are anxious for irrigation, but who recognize the necessity of lessening the cost. In brief, they propose that the Government shall build morely the storage reservoirs, and that the settlers themselves shall construct all canals ditches and laterals. Whether such a thing can be done is yet to be determined; no such plan has ever been followed under any other Government followed under any other dovernment project, but it may be tried as an experiment in the Malheur district, provided the gasfect is taken up. The plan of the settlers was recently laid before the Secretary in a long petition. In it the signers admit the more rapid development of the irrigated region in Idaho, just across Snake River, the country trib-utary in the Payette River, while their community has been held back. In Idaho there is a greater supply of water, and irrigation costs much less than in Orebut moreover in the Malheur district the limit of irrigation for Malheur River was long since reached, and that country cannot advance until more water is provured by storage. They admit the inability of private enterprise to build the processary storage works on the Mai-only 33 cases and 15 deaths. heur River and its tributaries, and fall back upon the Federal Government. But they want the Government to build the reservoirs and stop, leaving the landowners, the farmers themselves, to tap the reservoirs and distribute the water.

#### Heavy Burden Means Bondage.

"It is our judgment that a very heavy percentage of the land selected by the Beclamation Service to bear this lien of \$40 an acre will not bear it, and the farm-er who undertakes the task will, as to ch of this land, find himself in bondage and beaten. This result is bad for any community, and we know the Government does not wish to delude men into failure and poverty.

"if then, on careful examination by skilled men and practical farmers, much of the present selected area ought to be

eliminated, the price per acre immedi-ately advances beyond \$12. "Many of the undersigned are prac-tical farmers who have wrestled with this land and irrigation problem all their lives in this locality, and we know it is by no means a simple one. We know the surface indications mean very little and men will be easily deceived. And we felt and feel the tremendous risk in mapping out vast areas to be put indiscrim-inately under irrigation. We believed and now believe that \$42 per acre is too great a strain on any but the very choicest land and well situated, but, trusting in the superior wisdom of the Reclamation Servtoe experts as skilled men, we have sur-rendered our judgment as a body of citigens to the charge of \$41 per acre. But a contemporary even this seems to have been of no avail, and though a year ago we were told we could have just \$9\$ days to get into line and the service would deal with the wagen road people without difficulty as business that the proper that ness men, now we read in the papers that the Wagen Road Company is blocking the

We feel the importance of this so keenly that a committee of us has seen Mr. C. E. S. Wood, who assures us his people are most anxious to reap the benefits of this reclamation, and expect to share the burden, and that he is anxious to meet every reasonable request. It is clear to us that the wagon road company is not seeking to obtain the benefits without charing the burden. And we attach so much importance to Mr. Wood's statement that his people will always submit that his people will always submit the burden will be permitted to attend in the morning and the negroes in the submit of the filternoon. their lands to pro rata charge that we have asked him to present our case to you as follows:

#### Let Farmers Dig Canals.

"We suggest that, as the storage of water is the principal thing, the Govern-ment construct the reservoir as originally intended, subjecting all the land capable

This plan would render it unnecessary to burden great areas with an almost im-

leafe the community to complete the tackout of their own industry and energy.

This plan has been evolved from our
meetings and we assure, you it has the
approval of substantially the entire community. It is the suggestion of the farmers themselves in their own interests, believing, if the water be stored for them,
the growing population can help themselves to the water with the use of their
teams and labor far more cheaply than teams and labor far more cheaply than any contractors can build a canal.

No Chance of Monopoly. "We have been careful to look for any chance of private monopoly or 'graft' and, if there be any, we have failed to see

The actual soutrol of the water by the Government seems to us to be the vital point. If you will reach a favorable con-clusion on this suggestion, so that work on the reservoir can be begun speedily. on the reservoir can be begun speedily, we assure you that you will have added in giving homes to thousands and in settling a desert of nearly 100,000 acres. "Everything with us hinges on this water. We cannot get a railroad without it; we cannot support a population with-out it. With the water, there are homes

for thousands; without it this valley remains practically a desert.
"The cost of the reservoir, we understand, cannot exceed \$1,500,000. We also inderstand that the money is in hand and that it came from Oregon."

that it came from Oregon."

The petition was signed by C. W. Mallett, G. L. King, C. H. Brown, T. W. Hallday, A. A. Brown, C. A. Hagood, G. A. Pogue, J. M. Butler, James A. Lackey, A. M. Lackey, First National Bank, by C. E. Kenyon; C. W. Platt, Bank of Ontario; A. M. Moody, Ward Canfield, Rex Marquis, G. W. Mellinger, Oregon Forwarding Company, L. M. Morton, Boyer Bros. & Co., R. R. Duffy and J. D. Billingsley.

### CHOLERA UNDER CONTROL

PRUSSIAN GOVERNMENT FIGHTS TO HOLD IT DOWN.

Many Suspects Prove Not to Be Cholera-Campaign Means Heavy Expense to Health Officers.

BERLIN, Sept. 11.—An official builetin doaths were reported from noon Septem-ber 2 to noon, September 10, and 15 cases and six deaths from noon September 10 to noon today, making the totals 170 cases

and 58 deaths.

Later it was pointed out that nine of the cases previously classified as choiera have been shown through bacteriological examination not to be cholera, and that therefore the total number of cases was

The symptoms of cholera have become so well understood throughout Germany that in numberless cases innocuous com-plaints, such as cramps of the stomach, are suspected by sufferers to be cholers, and physicians are summoned in wild haste. The doctors themselves are frequently misled and order patients off to the nearest cholera suspect barracks. Only bacteriological tests fix the presence r absence of the Asiatic cholera bacillus

Although there were II cases during the two days ending with noon, that is seven fewer than during the preceding 45 hours. This furnishes continued cause for confience at the Ministry of Health that the steady fight will be necessary to keep that

The cost of the campaign is likely to be an addition to the Prussian budget. In West Prussia, where the cholera has been most serious, nearly \$100,000 has so far

#### Total Deaths Near Bromberg.

BROMBERG, Sept. 11.-Seven new Gnosen. The totals in this district, in which cholers has been more numerous than in any other section, are only 32 cases and 15 deaths.

The most interesting feature of the most interesting feature of the

More Deaths at Marienwerder.

MARIENWERDER, West Prussla, Sept. 11.—Six fresh cases of cholera have been reported in five places in this district. Two deaths have occur-

#### THE DAY'S DEATH RECORD

Jules Grau, Theatrical Manager. NEW YORK, Sept. 11.-Jules Grau, a theatrical manager for many years, died today at his home in this city, after a protracted illness. He was first in this country to bring out the original pro-duction of "The Mikado," Gilbert and Sullivan's famous opera. Mr. Grau is survived by a widow and three chi dren.

W. Van Brimer, Rich Veteran. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 11.-Will

lam Van Brimer, an inmate of the Leav-enworth Soldiers' Home, a veteran of Company H. Fourth Ohio Infantry, and who recently fell heir to \$20,000 by the death of an uncle in Holland, has died suddenly of heart disease in a hotel here. Pete Browning, Ballplayer. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 11.-Louis.

Rogers Browning, better known to the ball world as "Pete" Browning, is dead at the City Hospital from an abscess in the head, aged 65 years Browning was a contemporary of Comiskey, Dan Brouthers, Tom Ramsey and others, and for several years led all professional play-

Color Line in Kansas Schools.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 11.-Twenty negro pupils were refused admittance to the white schools at Kansas City, Kan., today, and it is said they will contest the case in the courts. The Kansas Legisla-ture, last Winter, passed an act separ-ating the races in the Kansas City High School Bonds were veried for the expe-

the afternoon.

At Rooner Springs, Kan., near here, 50 negro pupils left the school building when the members of the Board of Education notified them that they would have to occupy the same rooms as the whites. In both instances the negroes withdrew quietly and there was no show of a clash,

intended, subjecting all the land capable of being lyriguted from it to a pro rata lien; that out of this reservoir the Government deliver into the river to present waterusers a total flow equal to the average flow now used by them. This flow to be delivered for each of the irrigation months and to be a fixed quantity, leaving the diversion of it to be settled by existing users among themselves.

"Any body of water-users desiring to tap said reservoir to be allowed a total quantity proportioned to their acreage, but no one user to have more than 160 acres, and otherwise the use of the water to be regulated by the rules and usages of the Reclemation Service.

"In short the Government provides a lake, leaving the community to tap it by their own industry and resources, just as they would if the water were a natural lake, except that the Government reinings a regulation of the use of the water.

"The leaving the community to tap it by their own industry and resources, just as they would if the water were a natural lake, except that the Government reinings a regulation of the important provides a lake, leaving the community to tap it by their own industry and resources, just as they would if the water were a natural lake, except that the Government reinings a regulation of the use of the water.

"The leaving From Peary's Ship.

ST. JOHNS, N. B. Sept II.—F. Solion and A. Risting, of the Peary supply ship Exc. have arrived here on their way to Washington, where they will report on the time they left Commander Peary, August 18, at Etah, Greenland. The men decline to make a detailed statement at this time, but they say the Roosevelt encurred the result of the owners and usages of the Reclemation Service.

"In short the Government provides a lake, leaving the Commander Peary, August 18, at Etah, Greenland. The men decline to make a detailed statement at this time, but they say the Roosevelt encurred to the regulation of the use of the water.

"The Eximon Peary solution to leave they will report on the time they leave th

Over-Confidence Helping Yellow Fever Epidemic.

RELAX CAUTION

Virulent Outbreak Demoralizes the Whole Population of Tallulah and Doctors Volunteer to Go to Relief of Town.

YELLOW FEVER AT NEW ORLEANS NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 11 .- Report on yellow fever to 6 P. M .; New cases
Total cases to date
Deaths
Total deaths
Total deaths
Cases under treatment
Discharged

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 11.-The fact that the general mass of the people are not working with the same seal that marked the earlier stages of the fight is given by the authorities as one of the reasons why yellow fever is not declining as stendily as it was a couple of weeks ago. The death-rate continues to be ex-ceedingly low, because the fever is now only occasionally found among the Italians, but more new cases are reported daily than the Marine Hospital author-Itles expected would be reported at this

Over-confidence is responsible for the check in the excellent progress hereto-fore made. Water sewers have been al-lowed to fill, there has been a reduction oiling, and with the steady rains that have been prevailing there has been a constant irrecase in the stegomyla. The consequence has been much sickness that could have been guarded against if ordi-nary precautions had been taken. Appeals are made to the people to arouse

The situation at Tailulah and Lake Province is now causing the health offi-cers more concern than anywhere else in the state. The fact that Dr. Tichenor has asked to be withdrawn from the former place has brought to light the de-moralized condition of affairs that prevalls there. The town is of less than 1000 population, but the fever is distrib-uted over it, it is virulent in type, and there is not scientific help sufficient for

Learning of the conditions there, Dr. Learning of the conditions there, Dr. Charles Chassalgnac, president of the Polytechnic, and an eminent physician of New Orleans, today went to President Souchon and volunteered to go to Taltulah to take charge. Dr. Von Exdorf has also been directed to proceed to Tallulah, and the State Board today sent three additional nurses to that point.

The railroads are preparing to co-oper-The railroads are preparing to co

ate with the sugar planters in the effort to get ample hands into the various plantations in the sugar country to get crop taken off, he report of no deaths, the first time

duce the announcement of the presence of vellow fever here on July 21, presented quite a contrast with the record of 1878, because September 11 was the record day for deaths during that epidemic, 30 being Dr. White tonight gave out the comp

nent parts of the new culicide which will be used hereafter in fumigation, the dis-covery of which was announced Saturcases of cholera were reported today day, It is composed of equal parts of in six villages in this district. Two crystal carbolic acid and gum camphor, convicts have died of the disease at and three ounces will be sufficient thor-

country news was the report from the Health Officer of St. John Parish of the existence of about 25 cases at Lyons, a lumber town in that parish, and his statenumber fown in that parish, and his state-ment that the patients were not being properly cared for, and that they had been concealing the illness. Three new cases were reported there today.

The Health Officer at Plaquemine re-

ports a new case at St. Claire plantation. Other country reports were: Eggart, St. John Parish, new focus, 2 Eggart, St. John Parish, new focus, 2 cases; St. John, & cases, 1 death; Hanson City, 2 cases, 1 death; Amelia, 2 cases; St. Elizabeth plantation, 1 death; Clark Cheniere, Jefferson Parish, 7 cases; St. Rose, 1 case; Forenville, St. Tammany Parish, imported case, died; Patterson, 9 cases; McDonoughville, I cases; Willwood plantation, 1 case; Lake Providence, 8 cases, 1 death.

NORWEGIAN CONSUL A VICTIM

Dies at Pensacola, Which Records Nine New Cases. -

PENSACOLA, Fla., Sept. II.—Nine new cases and one death is the rellow-fever record for Pensacola today, concluding at S.P. M. Suspicious or doubtful cases number about 12. The death was that of A. Wolfberg, Vice-Consul of Norway, who died today after a brief illness.

Few New Cases in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 11 .- (Special.) --The yellow fever situation tonight is very favorable. Mississippi City leads off, with but three new cases, and Gulfport has two. Vicksburg, Natchez, Pearlington and Sharkey County have no new

Convention of Building Trades.

DENYER, Sept. 11.—The eighth annual convention of the International Building Trades Council met here today, about 100 delegates being in attendance. The eighthour work day and important questions of jurisdiction are to be considered at this convention. convention

Robbers Are Very Systematic.

ABERDEEN. Wash., Sept. 11.-(Spe cial.)—Frequent burgiaries in Aberdeen and Hoquiam recently, and the mode of

# Sarsaparilla

The doctors' Sarsaparilla. The tested and tried Sarsaparilla. The Sarsaparilla that makes rich, red blood; strengthens the nerves; builds up the whole system. Z. C. Ayer Co. Lowell, Mass

# carrying on the thefts, lead the police to believe that a band of local thieves are at work. The marauders select a house from which the family is absent for an evening, and take all kinds of property. There have been utree of these robberies here within ten days and two in

Sunday night the house of Leo Krushisa was robbed, and jewelry, allverware, clothing and groceries taken. The thieves even carried off a tablecloth and nap-His Way Lined With Weeping Seekers for Aid.

NEW SHOCKS DESTROY CITY

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.-A dispatch to the Mileto's 5000 People Made Home Becord-Herald from Eigin, Ill., mays: Bound, gagged and tortur d by fire by fire bandits who sought to make them reveal the hiding place of treasure they thought concealed in the house, Andrew and John Fohren, old and wealthy farm-ers. Iting near Spring Lake, 12 miles less\_Soldiers Build Huts for Victims - New Sites Are Found for Villages.

MONTELEONE, Calapria, Sept. 11 .juries may prove fatal to Andrew, the elder of the two brothers. Andrew, after the robbers had searched King Victor Emmanuel arrived here today to visit the places stricken by the earthquake. He was received by Signor Ferraris, the Minister of Public the house and taken \$300, managed to free himself from the thongs which bound him, and started across the fields to ob-Works, who had previously visited the viliage of Zammaro. tain help. The soles of his feet were blistered, however, and before he had gone far he fainted and fell in a ditch, there have been destroyed and the inhabitants are in a condition where he lay until after daylight. Finally

sepechless terror. During the railway trip from Tri-panti, Signor Ferraris saw upon an elevation the ruins of a village complete ly destroyed. Tripanri shows the im-The bandits appeared inst night, and mensity of the disaster. The west-ern walls of all the buildings have when refused admittance, battered in the door and overpowered the old men after tumbled down and the population was crying to be conducted to the Minister, a brief struggle. They then searched the house, and finding only \$300, concluded that a larger sum was concealed somewho stood at the edge of a great fissure of earth, where cormerly existed a portion of the place, now swallowed

At Piscoplo, troops are burying bodies and everywhere officers and soldiers are sharing their rations with the where the supposed gold was hidden. Af-ter half an hour of excrutiating torture John fainted with pain and the robbers

population.
The King, accompanied by Minister Perraris, journeyed in an automobile through Monteleone, San Onofrio, Zam-maro, Piscopio and other stricken villages. Crowds of weeping women and children kneit along the roadway implor-ing succor, while injured men stood supefied in mute lines. His malesty greatly affected as he alighted and in-spected the ruined houses. He questioned the crowds and spoke words of comfort suspicion of having stolen a watch from H. S. Tiego, a logger, Mrs. Schroth blocked the way and defied the

The King instructed the military englneers to proceed with the utmost celerity in the construction of temporary huts to shelter the people, while more suitable places for the erection of new villages were being sought. His majesty will pass the night on board the train, and will continue his journey tomorrow. Though there has been no rain in the desolated provinces, the banks of many rivers or overflowing.

DEAD ARE STILL BEING FOUND

Repeated Shocks Make 5000 People Homeless at Mileto.

ROME, Sept. 12.—(Special.)—The work of rescue and relief of earthquake victims islands of more than 500 acres, sur-rounded by navigable waters, has been is daily becoming more and more terris-ble. A large number are still missing, and dead bodies are being found in all accused of shooting grouse on Mercer Island. Game Warden Rief has caused his arrest. Mr. Rief says he found

Long before the stricken area is reached children can be seen running about abso-lutely nude, while many women are only lightly clad. Most of the victims have existed on fruit since the disaster, the number being so great that it is impos-sible to reach all sufferers, despite the beat efforts. Several new shocks have utterly de-

homeless. The town was wiped out by an earthquake in 1883, but rebuilt.

All Italy Organizes for Relief.

Many visitors to Portland are taking advantage of the side trip II-day, one-fare tickets, issued by the O. R. & N. and Southern Pacific, to bedders of Lewis and Clark tickets sold east of Pocatello, Pocatello or Butte and the western boundary of Arizona. Such holders are entitled to side trips at above rates from Portland to all points on the O. R. & N., in Oregon, and on the Southern Pacific as far south as Ashland; from Umatilia to Pendleton, all points in Washington and Idaho, including Oregon points between Pendleton and Walla Walla. Particulars by asking at O. R. & N. ticket office, Third and Washington streets, Portland. ROME, Sept. 11.-Relief committees for are organizing in every city. Premier Fortis has telegraphed every prefect in Italy, requesting the dispatch of all available wood for the construction of shel-

#### A Poison Breathed into the System

The air arising from low, marshy places, damp cellars, stagnant ponds and pools and from decaying vegetable matter, as well as the gases from sewers, is loaded with germs of malarial poison. The water we drink, that has not been properly filtered and purified, is also full of these germs and

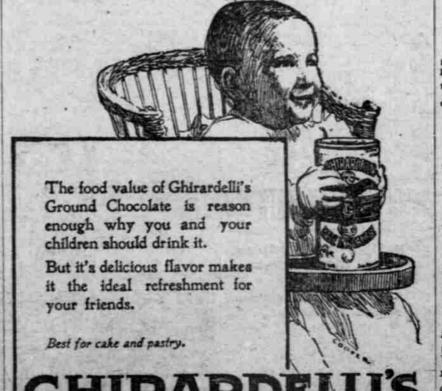
microbes, and as we daily breathe and drink millions of

these into the system, to be absorbed by the blood, the entire body begins to feel the summer for several years I suffered with Chills and each summer for several years I suffered with Chills and each summer for several years I would have a relapse, effects of the poison. The Finally my physician prescribed S. S. S. It enmost common form of Malaria is "chills and fever," but when the blood is the property of th MALARIA IN HIS SYSTEM FOR YEARS.

but when the blood is thoroughly saturated with the poison it becomes so weak and polluted that abscesses, carbuncles, boils, sores, ulcers and other skin diseases result. Malaria also affects the liver, kidneys, bowels and stomach, producing a chronic state of biliousness that often results in jaundice or some malignant fever. In cases of Malaria the blood must be purified before the body can regain its natural health. S. S. S. contains purifying and tonic properties possessed by no other blood medicine, and is the

ideal remedy for the treatment of Malaria. It destroys the germs of the disease and builds up the weakened, polluted circulation. It enters into the blood and forces out every particle of poison and waste matter and adds strength and activity to it. S. S. S. improves the appetite and digestion, tones up the entire system by its alterative and purifying action, and Malaria, with all its bad effects, is permanently driven from the system. Book on the blood and any medical

advice, without charge. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



GROUND



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We treat successfully all private ner We treat successfully all private nervous and chronic diseases of men, also blood, stomach, heart, liver, kilney and throat troubles. We cure SYPHILIS (without mercury) to stay cured forever. We remove STRICTURE without operation or pain, in 15 days.

We stop drains, night losses and spermatorrhoea by a new method, in a week, We can restore the sexual vigor of any man under 50 by means of local treatment peculiar to ourselves.

We Cure Gonorrhoea In a Week

The doctors of this institute are all regular graduates, have had many years experience, have been known in Portland for 15 years, have a reputation to maintain and will undertake ne case unless certain cure can be effected. We guarantee a cure in every case we undertake or charge no fee. Consul-tion free. Letters confidential. Instructive BOOK FOR MEN mailed free in ture the worst cases of piles in two or three treatments, without opera-

Cure guaranteed.

you cannot call at office, write for question blank. Home treatment successful.
Office hours, 9 to 5 and 7 to 8. Sundays and holidays, 10 to 12. DR. W. NORTON DAVIS & CO.

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In the treatment of chronic diseases, such as liver, kidney and stomach disorders, constipation, diarrhoea, dropsical swellings, Bright's disease, etc. Kidney and Urinary Complaints, painful, difficult, to frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges speadily cured. Diseases of the Rectum

Such as plies, fistula, fissure, ulceration, mucous and bloody discharges, cured without the knife, pain or confinement. Diseases of Men

Blood poison, givet, stricture, unmatural losses, impotency introducing cured. No failure. Cure guaranteed.
You was Max troubled with night emissions, dreams, exhausting drains, bashrulness, aversion to society, which deprive you of your manhood UNFIT YOU FOR BUSINESS OR MARKHAGE.
MIDDLE-AGED MEN, who from excesses and strains have lost their MANLY POWER.

MANLY POWER.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Syphilis, Generrhoea, painful, bloody urine BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Syphilis, Generrhoea, painful, bloody urine BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Syphilis, Generrhoea, painful, bloody urine BLOOD and Liver Troubles cured without MERCURY OR OTHER PIOSONING DRUGS, Catarrh and rheumatism CURED.

DRUGS, Catarrh and rheumatism CURED.

Dr. Walker's methods are regular and scientific. He uses no patent noatrums or ready-made preparations, but cures the disease by thorough medical 
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DR. WALKER, 181 First Street, Corner Yamhill, Portland, Or