Steamer With Contraband Cargo for Finland.

RUN ASHORE AND BLOWN UP

Mysterious Movements of Unknown Vessel Followed by Discovery of Rifles and Ammunition on Barren Island.

HELSINGFORS, Finland, Sept. 11 .-Customs officials on Saturday discovered 600 carbines of Swedish manufacture, with bayonets, and 120,000 cartridges on a barisland in the Gulf of Bothnia, near Kernl. On Sunday morning, a boat be onging to the customs service discovered 1900-ton steamer near Kalskaer Rock. 20 miles outside Jakobstad.

The captain and members of the crew, who spoke in English, declared that the steamer was fully loaded with rifles and carridges, and thereupon the customs of-ficials ordered the captain to take his vessel into port and discharge the cargo. The steamer proceeded toward the shore, the customs boat going in the meanwhile toward a near-by island.

Suddenly several explosions were heard from the steamer, and the customs offi-cers, on returning, found the vessel sinking and her crew in lifeboats disappear-ing hurriedly toward the south. The officers immediately pressed into service a number of fishermen, who unloaded most of the rifles and ammunition on the

The steamer grounded in shoal water, Her name was painted over, only the let-ters "John Bash Pton" being visible. American and German flags were found on board the vessel.

On the night previous to the discovery of the rifles and ammunition on the Island near Kerni, a fisherman declared he saw a small steamer cruising in a curious manner in the offing.

SIGN OF ARMED REVOLUTIONS

Importation of Arms Open Secret. Finnish Rebeis Suspected.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 12.—(3:43 A. M.)—The news from Finland of the accidental discovery of the importation of rifles and ammunition in large quantities is the most serious disclosure regarding the revolutionary movement in Russia that has yet been made, as it indicates an intention to form a regular military organization. The importation of revolvers to Finland, Poland, the Baltic prov inces and other districts of Russia has been an open secret for a long time. In fact the initiated have found very little purchasing repeating pistols of a small type in St. Petersburg itself, but these are pocket weapons, intended only for use in street rioting and in at-

tempts upon the police.

The importation of small-caliber repeating rifles and carbines of a modern type, however, presupposes a design to organize formal resistance to the troops, and the presence of bayonets in the consignment strengthens this supposition.

No information can be obtained here concerning the possible identity of the fillbustering steamer, which, according to one dispatch from Helsingfors, is sup-

It is considered here that the active faction of the young Fenoman party of Fin-land is probably involved in the conspiracy; and it is recalled that the investigainto the assassination of General Bobrikoff Governor-General of Pintand ence of a society formed for the purpose of importing arms.

RIOTERS RAMPANT AT BAKU

Tartars and Kurds Attack Armenians, Plunder and Burn.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 12—(2:42)

"Go unto all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature." If the lost will not come to us we must go to them.

William McDonald is the proprietor of "The the situation there is growing worse.
Other unconfirmed dispatches assert that the rioters are subbernly continuing their attacks and that the Tartars the situation there is growing worse. Other unconfirmed dispatches assert that the rioters are subbornly continuing their attacks and that the Tartars and Kurds are plundering in the "Black Town" district. The dispatches say that on Sunday the soldiers fired into a crowd of Russian, workmen, killing a crowd of Russian, workmen, killing

pany from Baku says that the fires in the cilfields are practically exhausted and that the military authorities are stationing guards in the district.

The incendiaries succeeded in setting fire to three machine shops in the Colshkin district, killing the proprie-

In the "Black Town" district the pafired a volley into a crowd of Russian workmen, from which a shot was suposed to have been fired, but the dispatch to the Coucasus Oll Company expressly states that no one was

After the conference of oilmen here resterday evening, when dispatches from the oil regions were compared, the representatives of the various companies summarized the situation as

The Bern Company-Most of the tanks and pumps have been saved from

A few wells belonging to other English companies have been saved. Society of Baku—A third of its prop-

erty destroyed. bel Company-Half of its property destroyed. Caspian Company-Its property com-

pletel, destroyed. Other large companies, including the Cancasus. Rothschild, Mantascheff, Sherebieff and Squatoff, saved only small portions of their properties.

OIL MEN ASK FINANCIAL AID

Threaten Not to Resume Business Unless Piedged Protection.

ST PETERSBURG, Sept. 11.-Dis patches from Baku received today indi- glary. cate that increased quiet and better conditions are prevailing there. The news from other parts of the Caucasus, however, is very disquieting. Disturbances are spreading all over the region, more

or less seriously.

Oil men representing an annual production of 600,000,000 pounds met today and determined to ask the state for assistance in obtaining a 20-year loan, without interest, to cover the losses resulting from the catastrophe at Baku, without which loan, they declars, 108 of the 132 companies would be unable to continue in

The meeting drew up a remonstrance, which it will ask Finance Minister Kokovsoft to present to Emperor Nicholas, stating that it is impossible for the mapths industry to exist under present conditions, and that the companies would not resume operations unless guarantees were given them that order would soon in the Agriculture building.

Blue eyes, brown eyes, black eyes, gray care for the facts; they want arguments. Incidentally it may be said that there is overly reason to be leading. Incidentally it may be said that there is overly reason to be lieve there is overly reason to be lieve there will be. Mr. Heyburn's opmaptha industry to exist under present conditions, and that the companies would not healthy. While there ask the said that the companies would not resume operations unless guarantees attendants about the political properties. This example of the manner of attack that is being made in Idaho against the Roosevelt forestry policy is typical; it

The oil regions.

The oil men in Nishni Novgorod and Astrakhan express the fear that attempts will be made to burn the stocks of oil there, and they ask for the taking of pro-

WHOLE CAUCASUS IN REVOLT

Russians Join Attack on Troops Workmen Capture Battery.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 11.-Alarming dispatches were received from the Cau-casus this morning. Two builetins from Baku say conditions there are worse-than at any time since the race war and revolt sprang up simultaneously. Not only have battles between Armenians and Tartars been resumed with double fury but Russian revolutionists are in des perate conflict with imperial troops, and all the resources of the War Department of that part of the empire are required to control the situation. It is feared that all Trans-Caucasia shortly will pass into the hands of the insurgents, and that what is left by the rioters will be ded by Tartar hordes. de and Tartars are in

Baku's important "Black Town" district. They have sacked the public buildings there, and destroyed the property of the oll companies

Seventeen strikers were slain by soldiers Sunday. A Cossack battery turned rapid-fire guns on a crowd of workmen to pass a petition to Empero The Cossacks were assured of the pacific intention of the meeting, but they opened fire without other answer The strikers, seeing their comrades fall ing, rushed the battery, captured the guns and turned them on the soldiers. Dozens of batterymen were killed or wounded, and the survivors fied in confusion.

Caucasian Prince Murdered

TIFLIS, Sept. 11 .- Prince, Teltslanoff, landed proprietor, was assassinated today at Gordi, 50 miles from Tiflis. The following incident, showing the desperate spirit displayed by the Tartars, is reported from Baku:

"A band of Tartars barricaded themselves in the house of a rich Mussuf-man and fired from the windows on a patrol officer, who called on them to surrender. The Tartars replied with another voiley and continued firing while artillery was brought up. The artillery laid the house in ruins, the Tartars perishing to a man.

Strike in Sympathy With Leader.

WARSAW, Sept. 11.-In consequence of the execution on Friday of Ivan Kaspiak, Socialist leader who was condemned by court-martial for inciting a police murder, all the factory workmen in Warsaw struck today. Cossacks and infantrymen are pairolling the streets.

A large number of arrests were made in a theater in Lodz last night. An indi-vidual from the gallery flooded the house with revolutionary documents, whereupon the police surrounded the theater arrested about 200 of the occupants. nded the theater and

Oil Companies Prepare to Resume.

LONDON, Sept. 12 -A dispatch to the 'imes from Baku, dated September 11. says that the Nobel Company and the Baku Naphtha Company have begun clearing operations on their properties. but that the work will be difficult, owing to the scarcity of workmen. The correspondent adds that no Armenian firms or workmen have resumed.

Infernal Machine Misses Fire. TAVASTEHUS, Finland, Sept. 11. While the Governor was driving today with the Chief of Police, an infernal machine was thrown at the carriage, but it falled to explode.

THE VISIT TO "THE PALM" American flag, though this probably was Rev. Mr. Palmer Explains, Saying Motives Were Good.

companied me to "The Paim" the other night, if desire to make the following statement: This is an open town, a place of about 8000 people, with 31 saloons and several large dancehalls, all of which run day and night. Those who frequent these places rarely ever enter a church door. It is impossible, seem-ingly, to get them there. When Jesus was ingly, to get them there. When Jesus was on earth he mingled with sinners and att with them. In the great commission, he said:

or liquors should be sold during the services.

After song and prayer I presched from the text. "Deliver us from swit." I spoke for almost an hour, and had the most profound

Men and women, low in sin, wept during the sermon; a number asked for prayer. The Mayor of the city was there and most heart

ity thanked me for the sermon. It is the common opinion that great good was done. As to the motives of those who went with me. I feel you do them great injustice to instinute that they had any other motive than, the highest and purest. As for myself. I will leave it to the people of Oregon to Judge, who have known me and my work fer years, as to whether I would go to break the bread of life to the perishing with any other motive than a profound desire to win men and worten to a better life.

RAY PALMER. ily thanked me for the sermon.

Yoshikawa Must Stay in Office.

TOKIO, Sept. 12.—(8:30 A. M.)—The resignation of Viscount Yoshikawa. Minister of Home Affairs, has not been

The Evangelical Alliance has passed a resolution that it will not institute suit for damages for the destruction caused to churches, schools and mis-

sionary houses during the late rioting in Tokio,
American Minister Griscom today presented E. H. Harriman to the

Two Requisitions Honored.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 11 .- (Special.) -- Gov. erner Chamberlain today honored a rejuisition from the Governor of California or the extradition of George W. Jones, alias George Brannan, who is wanted in Shasta County, California, to answer to a charge of grand larceny.

The Governor also issued a requisition upon the Governor of Washington for the extradition of Ernest Eugenio, who is under indictment in Portland for bur-

Will Not Change Ministers. TOKIO, Sept 11.—(8 P. M.)—In ac-cordance with established usage, the Cabinet Ministers have presented an official statement to the Mikado, exofficial statement to the Mikado, ex-plaining the necessity of instituting martial law at the capital and at the same time asking the imperial judg-ment as to whether they should remain in office or retire. The Emperor's reply, which was made today, advises them to retain their respective posts.

EYES.

Heyburn's Attack on Government Forest Policy.

GEMS FROM HIS OWN ORGAN

Idaho Senator's Paper Disputes No torious Fact, Ignores Interest of Navigation and Repeal of Lieu Land Law.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash ington. Sept. 6 .- The attention of the Forest Service has been called to the fact that a systematic campaign is being conducted in Idaho by papers in sympathy with Senator Heyburn, to break down public confidence in President Roosevelt's forestry policy. It is a campaign of mis-representation, of exaggeration and di-rect falsehood; it is a campaign fostered by men who either do not understand conditions in their own state, or who, for some reason, ignore the true conditions and hold up to the public a series of ple ures drawn entirely from their imagine

The principal organ engaged in the antiforest-reserve campaign is the Idaho
Press, published at Wallace by a nephew
of Mr. Heyburn. This paper has repeatedly published editorials sustaining Mr.
Heymurn in his fight on the President, and has filled its columns with visinoary concections of its editor and its corps of correspondents. A recent article, charg-ing that the forest-reservt policy is based on fallacies, and appearing as a special dispatch from Boise, has a true Heyburn ring, and, it is believed here, was written or suggested by the junior Senator him-It contains ideas subscribed to by the Senator, and fairly presents the basis of his opposition to the forestry policy. and is therefore made the subject of

Heyburn Behind Times.

When Mr. Heyburn was making his most victous assaults upon the forestry policy and the Administration which is constatently carrying out that policy, it was explained by officials in Washington that Mr. Heyburn was ten years behind the times; that his objections were based on conditions that no longer exist, and Gifford Pinchot, in the hope of convinc-ing Mr. Heyburn of the error of his posi-tion, endeavored to show him that most of the things to which he objected were of the past. But Mr. Heyburn was in a rage, he had so much wrath to work off, and he would not listen; instead he kept up his fire until the President sat down on him and demonstrated that the forestry policy applied to Idaho, like all other Western States, the opposition of a Senator notwithstanding.

Now comes the Heyburn organ with a learned "special dispatch," containing this brilliant statement:

Later, however, the establishment of fores reason. That in this way the water supply could be conserved and in this way the lands lying below the wooded heights could be it rigated and made more fertile. That the maintenance of the forests in the mountain does conserve the water in a way to make available for irrigation purposes is purely a theory. It has not been proven, even by argument, and it is extremely doubtful if it

susceptible of proof. Such a display of ignorance and disbelled has not been witnessed in recent years. The relation of forests to streams is an acknowledged fact the world over; intelligent people don't ask for proof any more than they ask for proof that two and two ABERDEEN. Wash., Sept. 16.—(To the Ed). make four; it is a self-evident proposition. tor.)—With a feeling that The Oregonian does It has been demonstrated time and again in all parts of the United States where of timber and forest growth; the Colorado River is another; the Middle West abounds in smaller examples; every Western State furnishes examples of the depletion of

streams due to timber cutting.

The same correspondent holds up a "horrible example," the Seven Devils reserve, which he says in no way benefits iriga-tion. "This reserve is drained by the Snake Salmon and Weiser Rivers, and of the three the waters of the Weiser alone are possibly available for irrigation is Of the 668,000 acres in this reserve, only 132,000 acres are drained by the Wel ser," from which conclusion is drawn that the remaining portion of the reserve should be thrown open to entry.

Interest of Navigation.

Granting that no water of the Snake Salmon or Weiser is utilized for Irrigation, the Salmon and Welser flow into bia. The Government is spending \$4,000,000 opening the Columbia River at The Dalles. in order to afford continuous river naviga-tion from Lewiston to the sea. With the Summer flow of these streams diminished. as would be the case if the adjoining tim-ber should be cut away, navigation on the upper rivers would be materially handl-caped at a time when it is most needed. and the Government's expenditures would. to a great degree, be wasted. The con-servation of water is not entirely for purposes of irrigation; navigation counts some. Then, too, projects are now being developed to take water out of the Snake River in Washington for irrigation. The flow of the upper Snake River in Idaho is already appropriated. Unless the Lower Snake, the Salmon and Weiser continue to carry a steady flow out of the Seven Devils Mountains, these projects will be imperiled. True, Idaho does not benefit, but Washington does, and it is a National, not a state, forestry policy that President Roosevelt stands for.

No New Scrip Created.

But here is another and a more glowing inaccuracy than this last. The "Boise correspondent" complains of extensive fleu selections made in Idaho with acrip procured in other states, which is all right. But he adds that by the creation of new reserves, the Government has given the Northern Pacific rallway the right to relinquish 688,160 acres in the right to realinquish 653.160 acres in the Coeur d'Alene. Priest River extension and Shoshone reserves, that amount of ratiroad land having been included. This is an absolute uniruth. The lieu-land law was repealed on March 2, 1805, and the Northern Pacific has no right to use a single acre in any of the new reserves as the basis of a lieu or indemnity selection. It may hold the allotted sections along its right of way, the alternate sec tions granted by iaw, or it may sell those sections, but it cannot relinquish them to the Government and select other lands in exchange. Not an acre of acrip was cre-ated when the new reserves were estab-lished. Not a bit of fraud was perpe-trated no opportunity was given to the Northern Pacific or to any Individual to Northern Pacific or to any individual to defraud the Government. It sounds bad to charge that these reserves were created in the interest of the radirond. But the anti-reservists in Idaho apparently do not care for the facts; they want arguments. Incidentally it may be said that there is no Shoshone reserve in Idaho at this time. House, these is no ways reason to be said that there is no Shoshone reserve in Idaho at this time.

shows the shaky foundation on which the opposition rests, and it is only a question of time before the adherents of Mr. Heyburn, who are opposing forest reserves, will get into line and support the Admin-

istration.

It is not claimed that the forestry policy is perfect; it is recognized to be unsatisfactory in several respects, but as quickly as these defects can be remedied, they are being changed for the better. But the changes are not being made by the grumblers; rather by the men who believe in forestry, and who are carnestly striving to improve the Government system of forest control and administration.

NO ANTI-FOREIGN FEELING

Minister Griscom Explains Cause of Tokio Riots.

OYSTER BAY, Sept. 11 .- A definite resume of the conditions in Tokio is given in a cablegram from Minister Griscom to the Secretary of State, which was transmitted today to President Roosevelt. The cablegram fol-

"Tokio Sent 10, 1905.-The violence to a few foreigners and the attacks on Christian churches reported in my previous telegrams should not be considered to indicate any generally antiforeign or anti-Christian feeling. The
former was quite incidental and the
latter due to sporadic antagonism to
the Russian church and some native Christians. The mob offered to spare one American church if the minister could show an American flag; unfortunately he could not.

"Newspapers hate during many months raised popular expectation so high that intense dissatisfaction with the terms of peace resulted. Sentiment among army, navy and nobility, how-ever, is understood to be more conservative. Six newspapers have been suspended. Martial law probably will continue for some time, thus insuring quiet. Meanwhile the legation guard of 12 soldies will continue."

KATSURA EXPLAINS TREATY

Long Session of Privy Council-Opposition Still Agitates.

TOK10, Sept. 11 .- (6:30 P. M.) -The special session of the Privy Council to presented, only a report from the Cabi-net Ministers. Premier, Katsura mak-ing an extended statement of the peace

negotiations.

According to the constitution, a treaty with other powers requires to be submitted to the Council before ratification. It is unusual to hold a special sitting for simply making a report on diplomatic affairs before a treaty assumes a form ready for ratification, and the sitting today without a special bill was rather unexpected.

special bill was rather unexpected.

Opposition political parties have appointed an extensive committee to fully report on sufferings alleged to have been caused by the police during the recent rioting. The Progressives and their local branches continue to press resolutions against the govern ment. The Shiba branch condemns the government's assumption of the power to suspend newspapers, declaring it to be wholly "unconstitutional." Quiet, however, prevails in Tokio.

DENOUNCES TERMS OF PEACE

Great Meeting at Osaka Causes Injuries in Crush.

TOKIO, Sept. 11 .- (7:30 P. M.)-A mass meeting at Osaka passed the fol-lowing resolution without hindrance on the part of the police:

on the part of the police:

The peace that has just been concluded between Ruseia and Japan forfeits the fruits of victory and sows seeds of future compileations and danger. The government's high-handed and unconstitutional measure has resulted in unexpected disturbance to the peace of the city in which the Mikado resides. The employed hence has been relief and the soulter. empire's honor has been soiled and the spirit of the constitution lost. Never has our coun-

try been brought to face greater danger. Therefore, he it Resolved, That we hope that the humiliating peace agreement will be broken and the gov

TOKIO, Sept. 12 -(8:30 A. M.)-A later telegram from Osaka says that some con-fusion was caused among the assemblage Russia. by men attempting to force their way into the building in which the meeting was held. About 40 persons were slightly wounded, and one seriously hurt. Over 20 speeches were delivered to the audience,, which numbered 4000.

HOME MINISTER WILL RESIGN

Will Fall Prey to Anti-Peace Agitation in Tokio.

TOKIO, Sept. 11.—The resignation of Home Minister Koshikawa has not been accepted, but its acceptance is expected later.

sembled are reporting on provincial conditions. They are being instructed regarding the policy to pursue towards ate in the future to prevent the con-the disturbers.

At the mass meeting at Osaki this United States and Cuba in the nature the disturbers.
At the mass meeting at Osaki this

of Tokio, has again been suspended.

United States Disputes With Turkey About Citizen.

LEISHMAN RAISES ISSUE

Condemned Armenian Murderer De nied Rights of American Citi-

zen - Nations Overrule American Claim.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.-Minister Leishman's reports to the State Department indicate that the Turkish government is disposed to maintain strongly its position that the naturalized Armenian who has been sentenced to death for murder at Stamboul shall be treated as a Turkish subject and cannot be allowed the privileges of an American citizen. The Minister is continuing his efforts in behalf of Var-

taniar The Turkish government has so far not formally proposed the settlement of this issue by arbitration, and it ap-pears that Mr. Leishman would be obliged to decline any such proposal. The American law as to citizenship is different from those of any of the European countries, which almost formly require that their assent shall be accured to the naturalization abroad of their subjects, so that it would probably be impossible to secure an arbitration court that would not be obliged to hold that international law adverse to the American propo

SHIPPING ARMENIANS BACK

Turkey Will Not Let Returned Emigrants Remain in Armenia.

BOSTON, Sept. II.—Advices have been received at the local immigration office that 500 Armenians have been gathered at Harpoot and 300 at Malatia, Turkey, and thrown into prison to be deported to this country. The prisoners, it is said, are all returned emigrants, some of them having gone from the United States as far back as 1898.

Russian Tariff Concession to Greatly Aid Machinery Exporters.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.-The State Department has not yet been informed officially of the action of the Russian government revoking the ukase imposing maximum tariff rates on certain American articles of importation. Ever since last Spring Ambassador Meyer has been trying to secure a removal of these re-strictions on American trade. It was for a time expected that the de-

stred result could be secured by the making of an agreement between the United States and Russia under section 3 of the Dingley act, but the Russian govern-ment finally concluded that it would rescind the ukase voluntarily and without exacting a return favor. Consequently American cast and wrought metal work, tools, machinery, portable engines, loco-motives and many other important staple exports, which were being fairly driven out of the Russian market by the com-petition of German and English machinery favored by the minimum tariff rates, are now expected to have an enormous sale not only in Russia proper, but in Siberia.

It is understood that Secretary Shaw will recommend to the Congress legisla-tion calculated to remove some of the severe features of the existing tariff laws providing for the imposition of a counter valling duty on bounty-aided augar, the application of which by Secretary Gi in 1801 caused the retaliatory action Secretary

PROTEST AGAINST TREATY.

Anglo-Cuban Agreement May Affect Cuban-American Relations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.-Inquiry at the State Department into the status of the Anglo-Cuban treaty which is now before the commercial bodies of Havana for an expression of opinion as to its merits, has developed the fact that as far back as last June the State Department, through American Minister Squiers, lodged a most ener-getic protest with the authorities at At the prefecture the Governors as-embled are reporting on provincial the treaty as it then stood. The prin-onditions. They are being instructed cipal objection was that it might oper-

afternoon it is expected resolutions of reciprocal favors to be bestowed will be adopted accepting the peace upon the shipping of the two counpolicy of the Government. The Niuku, tries. Minister Squiers has been instructed

A RAILROAD

Down the north bank of the Columbia River will make Portland the best city on the Coast. And it is an assured fact that there is to be a road built right away. Now, then, can't you see what you should do? If not, we will tell you, buy property in Portland before it gets out of your reach. If you expect ever to build a home in Portland secure a lot now while they are cheap, it will only cost you a few dollars to hold it if you buy on the installment plan, you will have the lot then, no matter how high property gets; then, if you don't want build you will be able to sell for a good profit. You will find lots of good property in the city you can get that way now, so don't fail to take our advice and buy somewhere. You will not find a nicer place in the city than

But if you don't like Vernon buy somewhere, for dwelling property is going to advance.

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The only way you can smoke genuine Cubanrown leaf in a full-sized 5-cent cigar is to say banola" to the Man Behind the Counter. CIGAR—5c. Every ounce of the rich Havana leaf which is rolled into the Cubanola filler is grown under the direct supervision of the American Cigar Company's own experts, and it is graded and blended in bulk the entire harvest of each plantation in one lot. The result is a cigar of absolutely even and uniform quality-unmatched for fragrance and flavor in nineteen out of twenty cigars that are generally considered a good money's-worth at 10 cents straight. Trade Supplied by MASON EHRMAN & CO. Portland, Ore.

that the treaty would not be objectionable if a provision were attached that it shall not be invoked by the British Government as a basis for de-manding favored-nation treatment, such as would be enjoyed by the Unit-OPENS MARKET TO AMERICA ed States, in any treaty to be entered into in the future with Cuba.

Taft Party at Nagasaki.

NAGASAKI, Sept. 11 .- (2 P. M.) - Secre-

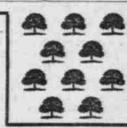
AUTUMN RATES

To the Old Homestead.

Effective September 16 and 17, the Rock Island-Frisco System will sell to Eastern points round-trip tickets at one fare, plus \$10, good for 90 days, with stopovers in tary Taft and party arrived here at 1 on or address A. H. McDonald, general o'clock this afternoon on the Pacific Mail agent, 140 Third atreet, Portland, Or.



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Medicated, decdorising, fragrant. Multitudes of
women any Hardna has no equal for every purpose of teslet, buth and nursery. Aided by Skishealth Treatment, it destroys all hume germs,
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Large 25c, cakes, draggistes. Ask for Hardna Bospand Skinhealth Treatment, 75c., druggistes. A
single trial will convince you of the unequaled
meetis of these marvelous preparations. Refuse
substitutes. No soap is medicated like Hardna.
Manufactured by Putile Hay Specialities Co.,
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signature on

Keeps You Looking Young Large 50c. bettle, druggists'. Take nothin ithout Philo Hay Specialties Co. signature. Free Soap Offer Good for 25c. Cake Sign this, take to any of following druggists and get 50c, hottle Hairbealth and 25c, cake Harfma Medicated Sosp, both for 50c, regular price We.; or sent by Phile Hay Cn., Newark, N. J., prepaid, for 50c, and this adv.

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