# COLOR LINE DRAWN

Negroes May Carry Letters in Mississippi.

UNDESIRABLE AS CLERKS

Strong Sentiment Disclosed by Investigation of Civil Service Commission Into Charges of Discrimination.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.-The Civil Service Commission has been engaged in examination for offices in the Southern

made that he had been maltreated at Yazoo, and there seems to be a general feeling that the people of that section had demanded that while negroes might act as carriers for the postoffice at that ace, they would not be permitted to fill the places of clerks in the office. The trestigation showed that the examinaas were conducted fairly, but owing act as carriers this can be brought about Thout any discrimination by the Civil

deratood, the negroes on the clerk carrier register will voluntarily express their de-

BLUEJACKETS IN CHURCH.

#### Opening Day of "Old Home Week' at Newport.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 10 .- The coast adron of the North Atlantic fleet, in command of Rear-Admirai Francis W. Dickins, consisting of the flagship Texas and the monitors Nevada, Arkansas and orida, arrived here today to participate the "Old Home week" exercises which began tonight with special services in all the churches. The city is thronged with

service in the First Baptist Church. The soldiers, marines and bluejackets from the forts, training and torpedo stations were in attendance. The sermon was preached by the pastor, Dr. Edward A. Johnson, whose theme was "Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry, Rhode Island's Gal-lant Son, and His Victory on Lake Erie." The church was handsomely decorated. Special sents were reserved for Perry Belmont, a descendant of the Command Mrs. Belmont.

Mr. Belmont today made public a letter sent to him by Baron Kaneko, who was unable to accept an invitation to be sent at the celebration of "Perry day"

morrow. Baron Kaneko wrote: You know what a keen interest the Japanese people always take in what-ever is connected with Commodore Perry, whose memorable service has so closely this great Republic and Japan, and par-dicularly you know what a unique priva-lege I had in connection with the monu-

#### Estimated Gold and Silver Production of United States for 1994.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.-Director of the Mint Roberts today made public his estimate of the production of gold and gilver in the United States for the calendur year 1904. These figures show an Increased production over the calendar year 1903% of \$7,131,500 gold and 3,486,000 fine ces of silver. The largest gain was California, which increased about \$3,000,000 more than in the previous year, and a larger amount than in any year

This gain," the Director mays, "came chiefly from dredge operations, and a further gain is expected during the current year and for some years to come. The California State Mining Burelu estimates the possible output of the dredges at \$7,000,000 s year for 20 years.

"Colorado snows an increase of nearly \$2,000,000 gold and 1,300,000 cunces of silver; Alaska, a gain of \$700,000 gold; Montana. a gain of 1,000,000 ounces of silver; Utah, a gain of 1,000,000 ounces of silver; Idaho, a gain of 1,200,000 ounces of silver. Forty-eight per cent of the silver was produced from lead ores, 36 per cent from copper ores, and the rest largely from ores which

The following table shows the approxi-

memorial eventual source trial	PRINCE STORY	ME DEDUME-
ing states and territe	ories:	7.5
	Gold	Silver.
States-	value.	fine nunces.
Alaska	8,034,200	210,800
Arizona	3,341,900	2,744,100
California	19,100,000	1.032,000
Colorado	24,895,900	14,231,600
Idaho	1,500,700	7,610,200
Montana		14,608,200
Nevada	4.037.500	2,695,100
New Mexico	381,900	214,600
Oregon	1,309,000	143,200
South Dukota	7,024,600	187,000
Texas	2.300	489,600
Utah	4,215,000	12,454,300
Washington	227,906	149,900
Was complete at	78 400	4 400

# Solar Eclipse Expedition.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.-The Navy Department has received an interesting report from Admiral Chester, who had command of the naval expedition sent out from this country to establish stations in Spain and Northern Africa to view the Spain and Northern Africa to view the recent solar eclipse, in which he speaks of the friendly manner in which the party was received in Spain, and of the kindness and consideration shown them by the Spanish people. He states that the Minneapolis was the first American manof-war to visit Valencia, and that she was the recipient of much attention from the people.

squadron arrived at the beginning of a fete which lasted ten cays, and the officers and men took part in some of the exercises by special invitation.

At Bona, Algeria, the officers of the Minneapolis and details from the crew were guests at a banquet to which they were invited by the Mayor, and at which leading governmental officers and prominent citizens were present. Sentiments of good-will between the American and French people were exchanged. The sen-

Algeria, offered every possible assistance Admiral Chester especially commende the conduct of his crew.

## STRIKE A HUNDRED CITIES

Printers and Typothetae Clash or the Eight-Hour Day.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—President Lynch, of the International Typographical Union, said tonight that there would be strikes in 100 cities within a week unless the employers signed

"I cannot, of course, predict what will occur, but I expect the men employed by the National Typothetae to go out in a great many cities tomorrow, and others will follow at once. The number involved before the week is out will be somewhere near 100. The most determined resistance to the eight-hour movement on the part of employers will probably be in St. Louis and Cheinnath."

and Chicinath.

All indications here point to a strike tomorrow, and the National officers are confidently expecting it. The local members
of the Typothetae have been in consultation today, and announcement was made camination for offices in the Southern tates. Two of the cases concerning hich inquiry has been made are those william C. Carter and Martin J. Hornic, both of whom allege they resigned inder pressure from the postoffice at allow of the members, while wishing to svoid a strike, say that they also Miss. propose to stand by the determination that was reached on Friday in the Na-tional Typothetae Convention, at which it was voted to reject the demand for an

#### Revolt From President Shea.

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Open revolt against the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, which practically amounts to secession, came today when the three best-organized local unions in Chicago, the Ice Wagon Drivers, Van Teamsters and Brick, Sand and Terra Cotta Teamsters, voted to repudiate the election of officers at the international convention at Philadelphia, adopt the referendum and withhold support from President Shes and the executive board. The unions

Freight Handlers Threaten Strike. CHICAGO, Sept. 10.-Unless some sort two days between the freighthandlers of Chloago and vicinity and the railroads entering Chicago, there will, in all probability, be a general strike of the me

#### TAINTED MONEY COMES UP American Board of Missions Is to Meet at Seattle.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 10 .- (Special.)-The annual meeting of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions of the Congregational Church will be held in Seattle this week, the ses-sions beginning September 14. A renewal and a probable settlement of the fight over Dr. Washington Gladden's "tainted money" issue will likely be the most im-portant feature of the sessions. Upon the final outcome of this issue will prob-

It is . not a matter of general knowledge, but Congregationalists understand the Rockefeller gift over which the storm arose is an annual contribution. Past contributions cannot be affected by the result of Dr. Gladden's renewal of the fight, but the future stake is a large one. It has already been made known that Dr. Gladden's compromise position will be to direct the prudential committee not to solicit money from men whose fortunes have been made by questionable methods. Ministers here believe that Dr. Gladden

Ministers here believe that Dr. Gladden will lose his fight. They believe the prudential committee cannot be set up as a body of moral censors, and that the work of the church would be seriously crippled by any such attempt.

An issue that will probably affect the main fight will be the appeal of the Chlucks and the chlucks and the committee of the church would be seriously crippled by any such attempt.

An issue that will probably affect the main fight will be the appeal of the Chlucks and will be urged by missionaries from the field. Already circulars setting forth the fact that the Chinese missions need financial assistance have been sent out. financial assistance have been sent out.

and churchmen are fairly well acquainted with the attuation. With a lack of funds already felt, it is believed the church will not take the po-sition that money offered volutarily for carrying on the work should be subjected to analysis. If a decision is made to give greater aid to the work in the Orient, it may be expected that Dr. Gladden's

fight will fail.

The New England party has already started in a special train for Scattle and will be here early in the week to prepare for the big meeting.

#### Ten-Cent Theater Robbed.

SEATTLE, Sept. 19 .- Burglars robbed the safe of the Central Theater, one of the chain of 16-cent houses, some time early Sunday morning, and got \$35 in cash. The safe was not blown open, which shows that the robbery was committed by some one who knew the com-bination. Detectives are working on the case, but as yet have no clue.

#### USES BABES AS SHIELDS When Supply Fails Drunkard Blows Out His Brains.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10 .- (Special.) -- One man CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—(Special.)—One man is dead and another dying as a result of a saloon quarrel here last night. Frank Worn, 25 years old, a carpenter, and Peter Meyer, M years of age, a metal polisher, met in a Halsted-street saloon and engaged in a quarrel. Worn drew a knife and stabbed Meyer two inches below the heart. He then fied. Meyer was taken to the hospital, where it is stated his wound is fatal.

Washington 227,900 149,900
Washington 227,900 149,900
The total gold production was \$80,723,200;
silver, 72,786,100 fine cunces.
The total amount of gold mined was \$8,501,528,000 fine silver produced was \$15,515,223, making the total value of the two metals \$114,529,132.

TREATED WITH ALL COURTESY

Admiral Chester Reports on Naval

Solar Follows Frontiers on Naval

Detectives were sent to find Worn, and went to his home, 104 Reese street, where they found the doors barricaded. They called to Worn to surrender. He appeared at the second-story window with his 4-year-old daughter in his arms. He defied the officers When one reached for his revolver Worn deliberately threw the child at the officer, who caught her in his arms. Worn then disappeared at the window with another child, a boy 1 years old, with him. He also threw this child at the officers, anticipating this move, caught him also and saved him from probable death. Detectives were sent to find Worn, and

this move, caught bim also and saved him from probable death.

Worn then procured a revolver and discharged it five times at the officers, but failed to hit any of them. He disappeared in the house once more, and the police heard the single report of the revolver, and, forcing the rear door, entered to find that Worn had placed the gun in his right temple and fired, killing himself instantly.

#### How the Idea Originated

himself instantly.

Kansas City Journal.

The theory that the scarcity of servant girls is due to their all having become nevel writers probably originated with someone who was trying to account for the quality of current fiction.

SEWING-MACHINE BARGAINS Real ones, at Singer stores. Buy here and deal with the manufacturers. The Singer Company is permanent and responsible; its representatives are always at hand to care for Singer machines.

Look for the red S. Morrison st., 460 Washington st., 460 Washington st., 460 Williams ave., Portland, Oregon Main St., Oregon City, Or.

Report Made on Typesetting Machine Purchase.

STAND

Making Baseless Charge of Corruption to the President of the United States.

investigation of affairs in the Govern-ment Printing Office at Washington. The inquiry was made by special direction of the President on account of a protest which he had received from officials of the Mergenthaler Typesetting Marhine Company against the award of a contract by Public Printer Frank W. Palmer to the Lanston Monotype Company for 72 machines of its make.

machines of its make. By order of the President the contract with the Lanston Company was held up until an investigation could be made, with the view of ascertaining whether the the letting of the contract were substan-tially founded, as heretofore chronicled in these dispatches. The President decided, after an examination of the Keep report, that the contract for the Lanston machines would stand.

The Keep Commission reported that if the contract could be set aside "such a course would be desirable, although the Commission states expressly that no corruption, payment or promise passed from the Lanston Monotype Company to the Public Printer or to any person in the Government service." It developed by the investigation, how-

ever, that two important assistants of the Public Printer were indirectly inter-ested in the Lanston Company, "their wives being stockholders therein." The Commission shows that a fair and impar-tial test of the Lanston and Mergenthaler machines was now made, and reports that the purchase of so large a number of Lan-ston machines was "improvident," and indicated "great partiality and bias on the part of the Public Printer." The Com-mission regards the purchase as "malad-

minous containing 16,000 words. Accom-panying it is a memorandum by President Roosevelt, in which he approves the re-port, except as to the disposition of the ntract for the Lanston machines, which has directed shall stand. The text of the President's memorandum follows: "Oyster Bay, Sept 5, 1908.—The conclu-sions of the Commission are hereby an-proved, save the latter part of conclu-sion 1. It does not appear that there is any question as to the validity of the any question as to the validity of the contract in question. If it had not been for the conduct of the Morgenthaler Company in preferring the charge discussed by conclusion 2, that of corruption, I should agree with the Commission that it would be desirable to set aside the contract, if such a course were legal. But second only to corruption in a public officer in point in inquiry comes the making of a baseless charge of corruption and of a baseless charge of corruption, and this is what the Commission finds the Mergenthaler Company has done in this

case, its comments being in part:
"In the light of the failure of the com-pany to produce evidence of such corrup-tion, it must be held that the charge was made recklessly, and the Mergenthaler Company should be severely condemned for including such a charge in a formal communication to the President of the United States, made as a basis for official action on his part. It is fair also to the Lanston Monotype Company to say that no evidence was presented by the Mergenthaler Company, nor was any obtained by ing, tending to show any pron ment or consideration of any kind what-soever made by the Lanston Monotype Company, or any of its officers or agents. to any person in the Government ser-

"Had not this charge of corruption been made, I should have entirely agreed with the conclusion of the Commission that if it were possible (which it is not) it would be desirable to cancel the contract in

Public Printer Palmer has been removed from office. The cases of the sub-ordinates alluded to in the report must be taken up in connection with the dis-cipline and reorganization of the bureau when Mr. Palmer's successor assumes of-fice. THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The Keep Commission was appointed some time ago to make a general investigation of the business methods in all Government departments, with a view to simplifying and improving them. Its report into the affairs of the Government Printing Office is signed by C. H. Keep, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, chairman: F. H. Hitchcock, First Assist-ant Postmaster-General; Lawrence O. ant Postmaster-General; Lawrence O. Murray, Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and James R. Garfield, Com-missioner of Corporations in the Depart-ment of Commerce and Labor.

#### PORTE'S REFUSAL POSITIVE

Will Not Recognize Foreign Naturalization of His Subjects.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 3.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Mr. Leishman, the American Minister, had a long interview Friday with Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish Foreign Minister, with reference to the question of the principle involved in the cases of Ghirkis Virtanian, claiming to be a naturalized American, who, it is alleged, shot and killed Apik Undfian, an Armenian, August 25, and of another Armenian, also said to be a naturalised American, who was arrested for connec-tion with the attempt on the life of the

Sultan, July II.

The Porte persists in his refusal to recognize foreign naturalization of Ottoman subjects who return to Turkey, and the American Minister adheres to the stipulations of the treaty of 192, which does not make distinctions as regards

citizens of the Republic.

In the absence of a Turkish-American naturalization treaty is is difficult to see how the matter can be settled except by reference of the question to arbitration.

#### PRIVILEGES ARE TOO GREAT

Proposed Cuban Treaty Is Inimical to the United States.

HAVANA, Sept. 10-Two of the principal commercial and economic associations, responding to a confidential request made by the foreign relations committee of the Senate for advice as to whether the pending treaty between Cubs and Great Britain ought to be ratified declared emphatically against ratification. The principal reason given is that Cuba's commercial interests are too inevitably bound to her great customer, the United States, to permit of granting for ten years such privileges to British ships and ditiens as those named in the treaty.

Another reason given is that the adoption of the treaty would allow privileges to British waranips, as well as merchantmen, not wararnied by the relations between Cuba and Great Britain, and not permissible in view of the relations be-



#### History May Repeat

Itself, but when your hair is gone, it's gone; that's all there is to it, and it takes a powerful sight more coaxing to get it back than to keep it when you have it.

Will keep it for you by destroying the Dandruff Germ -The primary cause of the excessive dryness, itching of the scalp, Eczema and finally baldness. The dead tissue (Dandruff Scales) is removed and the proper circulation and nourishment are re-established.

Nature will do the rest.

the first application.

MICRO, besides being a positive permittide and tonic, to an invaluable adjunct to the boudoir-nothing else gives you quite the same satisfaction -a delicately perfumed dressing for the hair. Its use is a fine habit.

\$1.00 BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Woodard, Clarke & Co. PORTLAND, OREGON

latter reason is considered the most pothe treaty, while ostensibly one of commerce, navigation and amity, would, in reality, give to British warships greater privileges in Cuban ports than those given the United States by the cession of two naval stations.

The treaty was signed in May last after the favored-nation clause had been eliminated, in consequences of representations made by Mr. Squiera, the American Min-ister. The United States Government, on receipt of a report regarding the alleged objectionable features, made a peremptory representation against the treaty, copy of the treaty was then sent Washington, since which time, according Press by Secretary of State O'Farrill, the

United States Government has ceased its representations regarding it. It is known, however, that in Washington the treaty is regarded as inimical to the interests of the United States, not. perhaps, in a commercial sense, because it does not contain any tariff concession, but in the broader political significance of allowing British warships equal rights in Cuban ports with those of United States warships, under plea of stress of weather or accident, thus giving to Great Britain greater privileges than those granted to the United States.

the United States. The Senate committee to which the treaty was referred, confided it first to the Havana Chamber of Commerce and afterward to the Central Economic Association. The former reported to the effect that while the privileges and immunities granted appeared to be mutual, they did aranted appeared to be mutual, they did not confer any real benefits on Cuba, which had few mercantile ships, and no warships, while the extension of her ship-ping might be hampered by granting equal privileges to the British ships.

The chamber emphatically advised that Cuba do not concede that in case of stress of weather or accident both Brit-ish merchant and British warships shall have the right of "abastercerse and per-Spanish words signifying respectively to supply with provisions and with war supplies and ammunition. The chamber considered this to be inimical to Cuban interests, especially as no reservation was made respecting the laws of

international neutrality.

The chamber also considered that it was unwise to conclude such a treaty with an over-sea power, while no such treaty existed with the United States, especially when negotiations in the reciprocity when negotiations in the reciprocity treaty are advocated, when may include provisions for special reciprocal tariff, privileges regarding goods carried in American and Cuban ships. The other association has not yet submitted its formal report but it strongly holds that the treaty is inlimical to the interests of Cuba and the United States.

Secretary of State O'Farrill, on the contrary, declares to the Associated Press that the treaty contains nothing inimical to the interests of the United States un-

# Cherry Pectoral

Doctors have prescribed this medicine for over sixty years. They heartily endorse it for all diseases of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, the grip.

# Young's Famous S3.00 Hats Cipman, Wolfe & Co.

# TODAY'S STORE NEWS

# Cloak Store Early Autumn Exhibit

\$3.00 and \$2.75 New Fall Waists at \$2.29 Tailor-Made Suits, Special Value at \$25.00 Tan Covert Coats, Special Value \$15.00



French Pattern Hats on Show Today Black and Colored Dress Goods, Special Value \$1.00 A Brilliant Collection of Our Famous \$1.00 Silks Fancy Chiffon Finish Taffeta Silk, Special 73c Changeable Chiffon Taffeta Silk, Special 85c \$1, 75c Corset-Cover or Flouncing Embroidery 33c \$2.50, \$1.75 Allover Embroideries for Waists \$1.10



# September Linen Sale

	Regular \$1.00 Table Damask, special at	79e
	Regular 85c Table Damask, special at	
	Regular \$2.00 Table Napkins, special at	
	Regular \$5.00 Bedspreads, special at	
	Regular \$2.00 Bedspreads, special at	
5	Regular \$1.50 Bedspreads, special at	
	Regular 121/2e Huck Towels, special at	
	Regular 20e Huck Towels, special at	16¢
	Regular 25c Turkish Towels, special at	19¢
ì	Regular 20c Turkish Towels, special at	15¢
	Regular 65c Hemstitched Scarfs, special at	

## September Sale Entire Stock of Lace Curtains

							~		Corr cours	~
Regul	ar price	\$1.00, \$	special	at	79¢	Regular p	rice \$5.00,	special	at	.\$3.98
Regula	ar price	\$1.50, 8	special	at	\$1.19	Regular p	rice \$6.00.	special	at	.\$4.79
Regul	ar price	\$2.00, s	pecial	at	\$1.49	Regular p	rice \$6.50,	special	at	.84.98
Regul	ar prieg	\$2.50, 1	special	at	\$1.98	Regular pe	rice \$7.50.	special	at	.\$5.95
Regula	ar price	\$3.00, 8	special	at	\$2.39	Regular pr	rice \$8.50,	special	at	.\$6.59
Regul	ar price	\$3.50, 8	special	at	\$2.68	Regular pr	rice \$10.00	, special	at	.87.95
Regul	ar price	\$4.00, 8	special	at	\$3.19	Regular pr	rice \$12.00,	special	at	.\$9.79

# Tapestry Couch Covers, Great Bargains

Regular Price \$4.00, Special \$3.39 Regular Price \$6.00, Special \$4.79

Regular Price \$5.00, Special \$3.98 Regular Price \$7.50, Special \$5.95 \$1.50 Oriental Striped Couch Covers, Special 98c

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Welcome Hoo Hoos

assert that suspicion regarding the treaty

No Steerage Passengers Brought.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Moltke arrived to-day from Hamburg, Dover and Boulogne with 408 cabin passengers. No steerage passengers were brought.

A case of cholera broke out among Russian emigrants at Hamburg, and all of the steerage passengers were disem-barked and held for observation. There was no illness on board during the passage.

Driven in From the Suburbs.

TANGIER Sept. 10.—Samuel R. Gummere, the American Minister, and a number of European inhabitants have abandoned their residence in the suburbs and gone to the center of the city, at the request of the Moroccan authorities, who said they were unable to guarantee their security, owing to the disturbed condi-tion of the surrounding district. Sever-fighting continues between Raisull's forces and other tribes.

New Cable Is Inaugurated.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Sept. 10 .- The new ST. JOHNS, N. F., Sept. 12.—The new cable laid by the Commercial Cable Com-pany between Canso, N. S., and Port Au-buques, N. F., for the Newfoundland gov-ernment, was inaugurated successfully yesterday, when messages were exchanged between Premier Bond, who is now London, and the Colonial Cabinet.

Viewing the French Maneuvers. PARIS, Sept. 10 .- Mr. McCormick, he American Ambassador, on the in-

tary mission, headed by Lieutenant-General Chaffee, which is following the Eastern maneuvers. One of the principal features of these maneuvers will onsist of experiments in rapid bridge

building by a retreating army. Bring Bartender to Account.

Fremont R. Chase, formerly night bartender for Kaspar Van Dran, who is wanted in Portland on a charge of embezslement and who may be able to throw some light on the murder of Mrs. Van Dran, will arrive in Portland this morn ing in charge of a detective. Chase's three companions, who left the city suddenly in his company, are still in San Francisco under the surveillance of the police. Little hopes are entertained at police headquarters that Chase will be able to give any information bearing upon the

Frank Daniels in English Farce. CHICAGO, Sept. 10 .- "Sergeant Brue," the English musical farce, received its first local presentation at the Illinois Theater here tonight, under the manage-

der any circumstances, and some other vitation of Minister of War Berleaux, ment of Charles Dillingham, with Fran persons who are close to the government, today accompanied the American mili-Daniels in the title role. The farce bids fair to duplicate in Chicago its successes in London and New York.

# **Tutt's Pills** Cure All Liver IIIs.

A CLEAR HEAD; good digestion; sound sleep; a fine appetite and a ripe old age,

are some of the results of the use

of Tutt's Liver Pills. A single

dose will convince you of their wonderful effects and virtue.

A Known Fact.

An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, sour stomach, dizziness, constipation bilious fever, piles, torpid liver and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills



# The Young Mother

has to supply Strength and Nourishment for herself and baby. She can meet this increased demand by taking

The ideal Tonic and Predigested Food. This excellent preparation supplies food for Mother and Baby. Aids convalescence and restores the system to sound health.

Sold by all druggists and grocers.

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