OPENS AVENUE FOR PROSECUTION

Judge Hunt's Ruling Will Allow Heney to Offer New Evidence.

WAS SHUT OUT PREVIOUSLY

By Judge DeHaven's Ruling He Was

Not Permitted to "Get Beyond "Biggs did not say anything to me about making a note. Gesner spoke to me about the money proposition at the the Front Door," Which Is Now Swung Wide.

The sensational feature of the William son-Genner-Biggs case yesterday was the son-Genner-Higgs case yesterday was the admission by Judge Hunt of a line of testimony that had been excluded by Judge De Haven in the previous two trials, and who had also declined to per-mit United States District Attorney Hency to argue the distinctions existing between the various title papers. Replying to an inquiry from the court Heney assured Judge Hunt that he had not been permitted to "get beyond the front door" with any of his authorities bearing upon the admissibility of the evidence. The question came up in the course of the di-rect examination of Benjamin F. Jones, Government witness. Attorney Bennett, for the defendants, made a vigorous effort to exclude the testimony, and took

an exception to the ruling of the court.

The indictment charges that the conspiracy was to induce a large number of as to commit the offense of perjury by taking their oaths that they would de pose truly that certain declarations and depositions by them to be subscribed were true, which in fact contained material matters which were not true, and which they did not at the time believe lands which these persons would then be applying to enter and purchase in the manner provided by law, were not being purchased by them on speculation, t were being purchased in good faith be appropriated to the use and benefit of those persons respectively, and that they had not, directly or indirectly, made any agreement or contract, in any way or manner, with any other person or per-nons whomsoever, by which the titles which they might acquire from the United States in and to such lands should in ure, in whole or in part, to the benefit of any person except themselves, when in truth and in fact such persons would be applying to purchase such lands on spec-ulation, and would have made arrangements and contracts with Williamson. Gesner and Biggs to convey the titles so obtained by them to Williamson and

Judge De Haven's Ruling. Judge De Haven ruled that the words

"declarations and depositions," as used in the indictment, referred to the sworn statement which an applicant is required to file with the Register and Receiver to initiate his purchase, and under this rul-ing he further held that the purpose of the conspiracy was complete the moment the initiatory sworn statement was filed, and consequently that no evidence was permissible to prove that the applicants testified falsely when making final proof from two to six months after the initiatory sworn statements were filed by each of them respectively. It is claimed by the prosecution that De Haven's ruling prevented the Government from proving a great many damaging facts, the proof of which was and is in its possession. The ruling made by Judge Hunt upon this evidence to be introduced, and the prose-

the defense that perjury could not be committed upon the final proofs in regard to the question as to whether or ot the applicant was applying to purchase the land on speculation and not in good faith to appropriate it to his own use and benefit, because the statute authorizing persons to file on timber lands does not expressly require any testimony to be given upon this question at the time of making final proof, and because the testimony on this point is required at the time of making final proof only by the rules and regulations of the Gen-eral Land Office, and that perjury cannot be predicated upon false testimony which is given before the Register and Receiver. or a United States Commissioner, and which is required by the rules and regulations of the Land Office, but which is not expressly and specifically required by any

Contention of Prosecution.

The prosecution contended that false estimony given under a rule and regulation of the General Land Office, which is adopted to enable that office properly to administer the land laws and the sales of lands as the guardian thereof for the people of the United States, is expressly people of the United States, is expressly declared to be perjury by an act of Congress which was passed in 1857, and which was inadvertently omitted from the Revised Statutes in 1872, and which has been overlooked by several Federal courts in rendering decisions since the latter date, simply because petther the courts nor the attorneys representing the Gov-ernment in those cases knew that said act of 1857 was ever in existence, or took

the trouble to look up the question as to whether it had ever been repealed or not. The late Judge Bellinger, however, in deciding this express point, in a case tried before him prior to the commencement of the land-fraud prosecutions, to wit, in the case of the United States against Wood, in 70 Federal, page 485, held that the law of 1857 was still in full force and effect, and that it made such evi-dence perjury. Several other Federal Courts have declared it to be in full force and effect, and have decided the same things to constitute perjury. In the tim-ber-culture act, which was enacted June 14, 1878, Congress itself recognizes the act of 1857 as still being in full force and effect, and declares that its provisions shall "extend to all oaths, affirmations and affidavits required and authorized by this act.

Judge Bunt's Ruling.

It was also contended by the attorneys defendants that after the initia tory sworn statement was filed the appli cant could immediately enter into a con tract to sell and convey the land as soon as he obtained his final receipt, upon making final proof and payment for the land. Judge Hunt promptly ruled that this was not the law, and that the purthis was not the law, and that the purchaser could not, at any lime prior to obtaining title thereto, make a valid contract to sell the land. In the case of the United States vs. Budd. 14 U. S., p. 163. the Supreme Court of the United States said: "The act does not, in any respect, limit the dominion which the purchaser has over the land after its purchase from the Government, or restrict in the slight-

one save the purchaser has any claim upon the land, or any contract or agreement for it, at any time before the title passes from the Government.

Benjamin F. Jones

After Francis J. Heney, for the pros After Francis J. Heney, for the prosecution, and A. A. Bennett, for the defense, had made their opening statements to the jury yesterday morning. Benjamin F. Jones was called to the stand by the Government. He testified that in the Summer of 1962 Dr. Gesner had proposed that himself and wife take up a timber claim in proximity to the Williamson-Gesner sheep range, offering to pay all expenses and give them 175 each as a bonus for the land, after title issued. In conformity therewith, he said he had loconformity therewith, he said, he had lo-cated the northeast quarter and his wife the northwest quarter of section 6, townthe northwest quarter of section 5, township 15 south, range 19 east, Willamette Meridian. The affidavits were made before United States Commissioner Marion R. Biggs, one of the defendants, at his office in Prineville, after several of the locators, who had gone in a body to inspect the lands, had returned from their

At the time I made final proof," time I filed on the timber, and said he uld furnish the money for myself and fe. That was in the same talk where he said he would pay us \$75. At the time I subscribed my name to the final proof papers, it was my intention to let Gesner have the land under our verbal agree-

Where Bennett Objects.

It was at this point that Bennett ob ected to the line of examination, the ourt permitting Heney to introduce the vidence. The latter contended that the law of 1857 expressly covers the points at lesue, and that if it did not, the whole system of precaution would become farce, and an applicant could swear to anything he pleased immediately after making his application,

Continuing, the witness said: "After I had made final proof, I received two checks from The Dulles Land Office, dated January 25, 1904, for Mil each, together with a letter from Anna Lang, the Receiver. I had expressed no intention of abandoning a desire to go ahead and per-fect title. The checks I deposited to the credit of Gesner in a Prineville bank, and have not received a patent for the land since or done anything further with it." Witness identified the final proofs of timeelf and wife, sworn to before Com-nissioner Biggs, and the documents were offered in evidence by Heney.

Cross-Examination of Jones.

On cross-examination, Jones said that he was slightly acquainted with Thomas B. Neuhausen and William J. Burns, and that he also knew a man named Mitchell. who was alleged to be a Government de-tective. He did not know Spelling, who, it was sought to show, was also in the Government Secret Service, the evident interion of the defense being to prove that Jones had been offered ammunity ment Secret Service, the evident by the prosecution for testifying against

ment," be continued, "although 1 may have given them some information. I don't know that I have held whispered conversations with either Neuhausen or Burns about this case, or helped to herd the witnesses together. I didn't get pay enough for that. I haven't been offered any jobs by the Government. I saw Champ Smith after I returned home. Had several conversations with him, and might have told him that there was a ossibility of my getting a job with the Government as a detective or United States Marshal. Believe that Floyd Powell spoke to me something about it right after my return home. He is one of the

The witness then detailed his trip to in-spect the land, being accompanied by his wife and son and Joe Caiavan and wife. He said Gesner had told him they were having trouble with the cattlemen, and wanted witness to take up the claims so they could get the grass for that season, and that he would furnish the money and let the grazing privilege stand for the repay Genner after the said of the land. According to witness, Genner had not told him that he could not make a conwell the land or He did not remember an cution expects to make out a much slieged conversation at which only himstronger case by this means than it did self and Williamson were present, whereon former trials.

It was contended by the attorneys for made no contract to sell. He admitted having sworn in his final proof that he had næde none, and also admitted having induced his wife to do the same thing, claiming that he needed the money.

The case was adjourned until 9:39 The case was adjourned until 9:30 o'clock this morning, at which time Jones will resume his testimony.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. M. A. McFadden and Mrs. Margaret Wood, of Scattle, are visiting the Ex-

T. P. Bloch, formerly of Portland, is bere on a visit. He is now in the employ of Taylor & Williams, of Louisville, Ky., with headquarters in Seattle. Rev. Henry V. Rominger, of Dickenson,

North Dakota, is spending his vocation here. He will preach Sunday morning in the Hassalo-street Congregational Church. Evangelist J. V. Updike and his singers. Mr. and Mrs. George A. Webb, are in the city, and will be at the Central Christian Church temorrow. Rev. Mr. Updike has received more than 40,000 into the fellowship of the church during his ministry. R. B. Miller, general freight agent of the O. R. & N., who has been through Eastern Oregon and Washington on a trip Eastern Oregon and Washington on a cry of inspection for the past few days, will return to his home in the city today. While on his trip Mr. Miller has been looking over the crop conditions as they affect the freight business of the O. R.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 .- (Special.)-The following Northwestern people are at the New York hotels: From Portland-J. H. Wetherhoff, at the Park-Avenue From Seatt om Seattle-W. G. Norris, at the Her-

ald-Square.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—(Special.)—The following Portland people are at Chicogo hotels today: Sherman House, S. N. Butters and A. B. Cousin: Briggs House, Mrs. Barick and daughter. From Portland-W. H. Colgate at the

Street Improvements Accepted.

At a meeting of the Executive Board provements were accepted:

East Sixteenth, from the south line of Weldler to the north line of Halsey: Shaver, from the east line of Union avenue to the west line of East Twelfth and Twenty-fourth from the north line of Flanders to the center line of Gitean

Hitchcock's Daughter to Marry. WASHINGTON, Sept. & Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Hitchcock have an-nounced the engagement of their daugh-ter, Anne, to Lieutenant-Commander William S. Sims, United States Navy.

LOW RAYE SIDE TRIP TICKETS. United States va. Budd. 14 U. S., p. 165.

the Supreme Court of the United States said: "The act does not, in any respect. Illimit the dominion which the purchaser has over the land after its purchase from the Government, or restrict in the slightest his power of alienation. All that it demounces is a prior agreement, the act his power of an action one save the purchase. It, when the little pusses from the Government, no one save the purchase has any claim upon it, or any contract or agreement for it, the act is satisfied." In other words, the Supreme Court of the United States holds that the act is not satisfied if any-

Elected Commander of Grand Army, First Ballot.

VETERANS CHEER WILDLY

Greetings Exchanged With Roosevelt. Sample Re-Elected, Though on Deathbed - Next Convention at Minneapolis.

DENVER, Sept. &-The thirty-ninth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic elected officers today as Sine, of Chicago; Junior vice-president, follows:

Eunice Munger, Oklahoma City; treasurCommander-in-Chief, James Tanner, of er. Charlotte E. Wright, Hartford, Conn.; New York; senior vice-commander, George W. Cook, Denver; junior vice-commander, Silas H. Towmler, Minneapolis; surgeon-general, Hugh Philler, Wau-kesha, Wis.; chaplain-in-chief, Rev. Father J. G. Leary, Chapman, Kan.

Minneapolis was chosen as the meeting

suitable for the Sunday newspaper.

San Francisco and California news.

by far than that of any other.

rows, of Butherford, N. J., and Charles G. Burton, of Nevada, Mo., were placed

in nomination. Burrows' name was im-mediately withdrawn. As the call of the

roll of the departments proceeded, it be-came apparent from the number of de-

partments seconding Tanner that his elec-

tion was a certainty. Although George Stone, of San Francisco, was not named formally as a candidate, the departments

of California and Nevada cust their 15 votes for him. The total vote for Tanner was 487. Brown received 187. Ohio and

of Missouri. His total strength was 42

Scene of Great Enthusiasm.

When the adjutant-general announced

the result, the convention went wild. The

old veterans leaped from their seats,

his escort were walking down the center

aisle, the delegates made a rush for Tan-ner and, lifting him into the air, carried

him hollly to the rostrum. The delegates

then rose in a body and cheered for sev-

In a brief speech, Corporal Tanner thanked his comrades. "There is one man," he said, "whose esteem and as-

sistance it is necessary for the old sol-diers to have. There are three men in

the encampment whom I will call in councll in meeting President Roosevelt."

Greeting From Roosevelt.

Previous to the election a letter from

President Roosevelt to Commander-in-Chief King, asking him to "extend my warmers congratulations to the comrades

there assembled and to say to them how I regret that I cannot in person meet

them and express the affection and re-gard I feel for them," was read and a telegram in reply was sent.

The recommendations in the annual re-

nounced three appointments. Lieutenant-Colonel John Tweedal, retired, was made adjutant-general and Allen C. Bakewell,

of New York, national patriotic instruc-tor. Thomas G. Sample, of Allegheny

Pa., was continued as a member of the

council of administration. Mr. Sample is reported on his deathbed and Corporal

Tanner explained that he wanted him to

e in office as long as life tasted.
All delegates and alternates and vet-

erans who had the countersign were ad-

Representation is based on membership

of departments. Each department is allowed one delegate for every 750 veterans

enrolled in each post in the state or a de-

partment. A vote is also allowed every past department commander of every

state. Representation is given in the vot-ing to all past National officers. Speeches of nomination for all candidates were

limited to five minutes and seconding speeches to two minutes.

Next Convention City Chosen.

The first business before the encamp-ment today was the choice of meeting place for next year. It had been prac-

tically settled in advance that the national encampment of 1905 would be held in Minneapolis. The only other city that

asked for the encampment in the conven-tion was Dallas, Tex., whose offer was presented by John A. Ewion, manager of the Dallas 150,000 Club. On a viva voce vote the delegates seemed to be about equally divided. A rollcall was then or-

dered and Minneapolis was chosen.

The encampment gave a vote of thanks to Mr. Ewton and the Texas organiza-

tions, which extended the invitation to meet in Dallas, and Commander-in-Chief King personally asked Mr. Ewton to go

to Minneapolis next year and repeat the invitation, promising to use his influence to secure the National encampment in

Roosevelt's Action Commended.

The report of the resolutions committee, as adopted, commended the efforts of President Rossevelt in bringing about peace between Russia and Japan, and in-

dorsed the President's appointment of Vespasian Warner as Commissioner of

Pensions. The members of the council of administration were announced, among them being: Idaho, Samuel Wallace, Po

catello; Montana, G. B. Sterling, Helena; Oregon, B. F. Pike, Moro; Utah, N. D. Corser, Salt Lake City; Washington, Wil-

Officers of Army Nurses. DENVER, Sept. &-The National Asso-

liam Badger, North Yakima

1907 for Dallas.

the theater during the election.

but no outsiders were allowed in

ports of officers were approved. newly elected commander-in-chief

eral minutes.

ciation of Army Nurses today elected the following officers: President, Fannie E. Hazen, Boston, reelected; senior vice-president, Clarissa F. Dye, Philadelphia; junior vice-president, Frederica J. Cole. Boatrice, Neb.; treasurer, Salome W.
Stewart. Gettysburg, Pa., reelected;
chapisin, Elizabeth Chapman, St. Louis,
Mo., reelected; conductor, Mary E.
Lacey, Salt Lake City; guard, Emily Alder, Clarion, Ia.; secretary, Kate E. Scott,
Brookwills, Pa. reelected;
conductor to Ro Procedured Brookville, Pa., reelected.

WOMEN FIGHT FOR OFFICE

Mrs. Adams Elected President of Relief Corps After Contest.

DENVER. Sept. 8.-Mrs. Abble A. Ad ams, of Superior, Neb., was elected presi dent of the Woman's Relief Corps. There were originally five candidates, and the balloting continued for three hours. The ontest finally narrowed down to Mrs Adams and Mrs. Carrie E Sparklin, of St. Louis. The decisive ballot was: Mrs. Adams. 26: Mrs. Sparklin, 131. Mrs. C. Harris, of Emporis, Kan., and Mrs. Prisbee withdrew at once and the other two were forced out by the ballot-

ing. During the afternoon session the following officers were chosen:
Senior vice-president. Mrs. Julia G. chaplain, Catherine C. Kennedy, Denver. Officers were installed and the encampment adjourned sine die.

Spanish War Veterans Elect.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 8.-Major Charles The contest for commander-in-chief was afternoon elected Commander-in-Chief of the most interesting feature of the sessions today. Besides Corporal Tanner, R. senior vice-commander. Major John M. by Major F. S. Strong, of the Artillery

THE SUNDAY OREGONIAN

other newspaper in the extent range, interest, accuracy and variety of its news, as in special features

San Francisco. The leased wire via San Francisco makes a special feature for The Oregonian of

from all parts of the country, and especially from Pacific Coast points.

those who read it neither see nor want any other paper,

Pennsylvania gave him their full vote for vice-president, Margaret Stevens, New and Indiana a majority. The only large Jersey; junior vice-president, Minnie Bardelegation that voted for Burton was that num, Minnesota; treasurer, Ella Jones,

shouting and cheering and throwing their withdrew early in the contest, leaving a hats into the air. While Tanner and clear field for Mrs. Poots

The Sunday Oregonian "fills the bill."

The Sunday Oregonian is the most comprehensive newspaper of the Northwest. It exceeds every

Its news reports are received over two leased wires-one from the East via Spokane; the other via

The wires of both Western Union and Postal Telegraph are used, moreover, for special reports

In special features, such as belong to modern Sunday journalism The Oregonian has no equal in

The regular edition of The Sunday Oregonian exceeds 40,000 copies, and the greater number of

the Northwest. It is the incomparable newspaper of the Oregon country, and its circulation is greater

B. Brown, of Zanesville, O.; Charles Bur-Harland, of Buffalo, was elected, and Corps, acting Inspector-General, in which rows, of Rutherford, N. J., and Charles Captain E. E. Kirk, of California, was

ton was chosen as the next meeting-

Ladles of G. A. R. Elect Officers.

DENVER, Sept. 8.-The ladies of the

G. A. R. elected officers today and wound up their nineceenth annual meeting. The

for vice-president, Margaret Stevens, New

Pennsylvania; secretary, Catherine Ross, olorado; chaplain, Anne Weaver, Iowa; ouncil of administration, Genevieve

Longfield, Illinoia; Abbie Krebbs, Cali-fornia, and Lizzie Griffin, New York.

Hannah Chamberlain, of New Jersey, who aspired to head the organization,

Daughters of Veterans' Officers.

DENVER. Sept. 8.-The Daughters of

Veterans today elected: President, Miss

Bertha Martin, Massillen, Ohlo: senior vice-president, Miss Clara Hoover, Chi-

TO MAKE STRIKE GENERAL

PRINTERS WILL DEMAND EIGHT HOURS IN ALL CENTERS.

Struggle Extends to Indianapolis To-

day and to Other Large Cities

From Day to Day.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8 .- According to the of-

cers of the International Typographical

Union, the war between the United Typo-

thetae and the International Typograph-

ical Union over the latter's demand for an eight-hour day to go into effect January

is to become general. Beginning to

morrow, the strike will spread to every city in the country where the employers refuse to grant the eight-hour day.

Thus far the strike has affected only Chicago and Detroit. Tomorrow the print-

ers will be called out of the Typothetae

shops of Indianapolis, and from day to day strikes will be ordered in other cities.

City and Springfield, where the eight hour agreement is now in effect, the order will

affect practically every city of size in the United States where branches of the United Typothetae exist. New York has

a contract which exempts it from strikes

New York Mail Wagons Guarded.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.-Under guard of policemen, and occasionally showered with sticks and stones, the United States mail

delivery wagons, whose operations in New York's busiest circles is threatened by the strike of 300 drivers, carried the mails

without delay. Upon receipt of confirma-tion from Hoboken and Jersey City that attacks were being planned in those cities

upon New York mail wagons, United States Marshal Henkel communicated with the Chiefs of Police in both places.

who said that they would have special de-tails of policemen to meet the wagons from New York at the ferries and to

escort them through the streets. United States Secret Service agents made the re-port of the threatening conditions in the

No Red Stripes on Trousers.

The important announcement was made

at police headquarters at 3:30 o'clock yes-terday afternoon that red stripes would

no longer be worn down the trousers-leg of Portland's patrolmen. This is regarded as one of the greatest reforms yet made by Mayor Lane since his inauguration. The detective staff has not yet

ARE YOU GOING EAST?

Jersey cities.

been reorganized.

With the exception of Denver, Sait Lake

junior vice-president. Miss Mattle

of the pension laws was adopted.

following were chosen;

A resolution favoring larger scope

spector to Be Prosecuted.

FURNISH INFERIOR GOODS

War Department Orders Trial of Morris, Busch and Charlton and Requires Rigid Precautions Against Fraud.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.-The criminal secution of Morris Busch, contractor, and Robert Chariton, inspector, was or-dered today by acting Secretary of War Oliver. This action is contained in a direction to Judge-Advocate-General Davis to prepare the necessary papers for this prosecution and submit them to the Department of Justice. Busch holds a contract with the Quartermaster's Depart-ment of the Army to furnish fur caps and gauntiets to be delivered at the Schuylkill Arsenal, Philadelphia. The order for prosecution is taken on

Charlton Besides the criminal prosecution of Busch and Charlton, Mr. Oliver

directs that Busch shall be compelled to

omplete his contract with the Govern-

1962, he shall be required to replace the inferior goods, under penalty of a civil suit for recovery of the money paid.

Will Investigate All Depots.

Secretary Oliver today issued the follow-

Prosecute Busch and Charlton.

The Judge-Advocate-General will prepare the necessary papers to submit to the Department of Justice for the purpose of inaugurating criminal proceedings against Morris Busch, contractor, and Robert Chariton, Inspector, for computary to defraud the United States Reversings.

nct samples. Morris Busch shall be compelled to co

Precautions Against Fraud.

Fight Shy of Low Bids.

Acting Secretary of

The report of Major Strong is now in

Was Exposed by Partner.

Busch, the contractor against whom criminal prosecution is ordered by the War Department, is a Common Councilman of this city. Charlton, who is also recommended for

prosecution, is an employe of the Schuyl-kill Arsenal.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. & - Morris

tifled by Frederick Kamhols, a partner of Busch, that Charles T. Gladding, for-merly Chief Inspector at the Arsenal, and Robert Charlton, head of the present force of fur inspectors, had agreed to pass inferior goods made by Busch. Charges that money had passed between Busch and Charlton was made by Kam-

Charles A. Bowman, a former secretary to the late Congressman Burke, of this city, testified that, while he was secretary to the Congressman, Busch offered him \$50 to get Burke to furnish him with information concerning bids. Busch denied all the charges,

WILL EXTEND RAILROAD

China Makes First Payment on the Canton-Hankow Line.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.-In the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., Str Cheng Tung Liang Cheng, Chinese Minister to the United States made the first payment of the \$6,750,000 which his government has agreed to give to reimburse the stockholders in the Canton-Hankow Railway. None of those interested would make known the exact size of the first install-

Three months hence the final payment will be made, and then the concession and the 30 miles of railway built will revert to the Chinese, who, it is stated, on good authority, intend to complete the railway. which, traversing the most thickly settled part, of the Chinese Empire, is to be 250 miles in length.

Sir Cheng Tung Liang Cheng came to this city from Amharst on Wednesday evening, and after the business was completed vesterday he returned at once to his Summer home. With the Chinese Min-ister was John W. Foster, former Secretary of State, who represents China in the negotiations and in the office of Mr. Morgan was George L. Ingraham, repre-senting the financier, and General Charles A. Whittier, the president of the Canton-Hankow Railway Company.

"It must not be understood," said Mr. Foster, in discussing the matter, "that China exhibits any feeling of opposition to Americans. The purchase of the con-cession, or rather the reimbursement of the stockholders, only expresses the de-sire of the Chinese government to build this rallway, which is to be located in one of the most important parts of the empire. There is sufficient capital among the merchants of that country to finance the undertaking, and it is extremely prob able that foreign engineers will be called in to superintend the construction.

"Within a few years there has been a revulsion of feeling in regard to rail-roads in China. Formerly the people did not want them, and regarded them as the product of the 'foreign devils' but now this has changed. Like the Japanese, the Chinese have awakened to the fact that such methods of transportation are for their best interests and that in the wake of the railroad will come other equally

ONE KILLED BY EXPLOSION

Gasoline Wrecks Building, Smashes Trolley-Car, Injures Many.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 8 - (Special.)-NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 8.—(Special.)— One woman was burned to death and six persons were seriously injured or burned as the result of the explosion of a can containing eight gallons of gasoline to-night in the basement of the Debay Comchosen junior vice-commander. Washing- the Government exists between Busch and pany's drying and cleaning establishment.

Dead: Mrs. Eugenla Noll, presser. damages. He also stipulates that, if any Inferior articles are furnished the Gov-erament by Contractor Edwin H. Tag-gart, under his contract of October S. burned to crisp.

lined to crisp.

Injured: Miss Martha Thourst, bookkeeper: Anton Debay, member of the
firm: Henry E. Perrett, member of the
firm: Charles Franz, Isadore Lichtblaz,
Thomas Banbrook. The last three named were passing the place where the explo-

The report of Major Strong regarding Debay was cleaning clothing in the nditions in the Schuylkill Arsenal has room where the explosion took place ded to a suggestion from the Inspector- Mrs. Noll was at work in the room direct-General's Department which has been by above, and Miss Thouret and Perrett General's Department which has been made an order by Mr. Oliver for an were in the front store. Perrett immediate investigation of the important blown clean through the front of the deputs containing Army supplies. These building into the street. The front of the depots containing Army supplies. These building into the street. The front of the are located at New York, Boston, Phila-adjoining building was also blown out. Ind .: San Fran-All the glass in a passing was shattered, and a dozen or sengers slightly cut by flying glass. The windows in the buildings on the opposite ing statement, giving his conclusions on the report of Major Strong:

side of the street were wrecked The firemen had a hard battle with the fire that followed the explosion, guished that Mrs. Noll's body was found

the report of Major Strong: War Department, Washington, Sept. 7. 1905. The report of Major F. S. Strong, Artillery Corps, Acting Inspector-General, upon the alleged irregularities in the filling of contracts at the Schupikili Arsenal, Philadelphia, is hereby approved. It is ordered that Inspector Robert Chariton and Examiner F. M. Quinlan be directed to show cause, in writing, why they should not be at once discharged for incompetency in permitting the receipt of articles inferior to the contract standard. YELLOW CRUSTON BABY

Would Crack Open and Scab Causing Terrible Itching.

CURED BY CUTICURA

Government.

A careful inspection shall be immediately made by an expert of all articles heretofors delivered on the contract awarded Morris Busch, or others, and a demand made to replace all such as may be inferior to the con-"Our baby had a yellow crust on his head which I could not keep away. When I thought I had suc-ceeded in getting his head clear, it Morris Busch shall be compelled to compete in a satisfactory manner all contracts which be may now hold with the Government and failing to do so shall constitute grounds for civit suit for damages.

In case any inferior articles are discovered furnished by Edwin H. Taggart, contractor, under his contract of August 8, 1992, he shall be required to replace said inferior goods, failure on his part to do so to be followed by civil suit for the recovery of money paid. would start again by the crown of his head, crack and 'scale, and cause ter-rible itching. I then got Cuticura Soap and Ointment, washing the scalp with the soap and then applying the Ointment. A few treatments made a complete cure. I have advised a number of mothers to use Cuticura, when I have been asked about the same ailment of their babies. Mrs. John Boyce, Pine Bush, N. Y."



FILLINGS ... 50c, 75c and \$1.00 GOLD CROWNS ... \$5.00 BRIDGE WORK ... \$5.00 FULL SET NATURAL TEETH ... \$5.00

Boston Painless Dentists 201% Morrison St., Opp. Mejer & Frank and Postoffice.

Beautiful Women realise that Invurient bair

rich, youthful color always ad to their charms. The hair or brown, but when it becomes gray or faded there is of age, though she may feel as

young as ever. Unstances gray hafe is a drawback to men Hay's HAIRHEALTH

Keeps You Looking Young.

Always brings back the color and beauty of you'd to aray or finded hair. Positively removes daudriff, kills the grem and stops hair failing. Does not soil skin or linen. Alded by HARFINA SOAP it soothes and heals the scalp, atops itching and promotes fine hair growth. Large 90c. bottles. Take nothing without Philo Hay Co. signature.

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Busch, a Councilman, Whose Bribery

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In future the commanding officers at all depots where supplies are furnished under contract shall be required to select personally the monthly samples furnished to the Quartermaster, and at all such depots, and the Schuylkill Arsenal in particular, commanding officers shall personally and collectively supervise the inspection of all articles tendered under contract with a view to their acceptance, availing himself of the knowledge of the chief inspector as an expert.

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