

STAGGERED WITH ICE

Fiala Tells Story of Expedition Into Arctic.

PERILOUS TRIPS BY SLEDGE

Traveling on Rough Ice in Pitch Darkness—Two Men Fall Into Crevice and Are Rescued With Difficulty.

HULL, Eng., Aug. 22.—Anthony Fiala, leader of the Ziegler expedition, arrived here today on his way to the United States. He came aboard the Terra Nova, which is expected tomorrow. Mr. Fiala said to the Associated Press:

"This has been another in the long list of failures to reach the pole. But, although the great question of the pole remains unsolved, we have brought back data which should prove of scientific value and have explored and surveyed the archipelago from Crown Prince Rudolph land to Cape Flora, discovering four new channels and three large islands. It is failing to find an opening in the ice in longitude 35 degrees, 35 minutes east, latitude 79 degrees, 57 minutes north, we determined to force a way through at the 4th parallel. Here we were imprisoned for four days, finally getting through with the use of gunboats.

"At the end of August, 1905, we reached Teplitz Bay, the most northern harbor of Franz Josef Land, where a base and camp were established.

Ship Crushed and Camp Formed.

"The America had a narrow escape on October 22, 1905, when she broke apart, finally, however, being brought back to her anchorage, where she was crushed just about a month later. A shelter was built on the shore and the members of the expedition were kept busy during the winter preparing for the spring sledge journey and in scientific work.

"The first sledge party left March 7, 1906, but was compelled to return owing to injuries received by several of the men after reaching Cape Fligely. A second attempt was made on March 25, likewise the sledges being smashed when but a short distance from land. Leaving a small party at the base, I returned to Cape Flora, the trip occupying 15 days.

"Relief failing to arrive in September, 1906, I, accompanied by William J. Peters, of the United States Geological Survey, and a small sledge party, started back to the base, which was reached November 22, 1906, after a most eventful and dangerous trip, rough ice having to be crossed in dense darkness and the men and dogs falling into holes, crevices and running against walls of ice.

Wedged Between Ice Walls.

"Crossing Hooker Island, two of the men fell into a crevice for a distance of 60 feet and were wedged between walls of ice. Their rescue was attended with the greatest difficulty, one being so injured that he had to be hauled to the sledges.

"With the exception of a Norwegian seaman, who had died, we found all the party at the base in good health and preparations were again being made for another sledge trip to the northward. The weather delayed the party until March 16, 1906. On this day the party left the base, which we named Cape Abruzzi, for a ice-pack to the north. Crossing a glacier east of Cape Rath, we forced a way to the northward, but our progress was slow, the ice being rough and the men having to first cut a way and then to assist the teams over the rough road. High temperature and fogs also helped to delay our progress. For two days and three nights we were in a temperature of 24 degrees above zero, when it should have been below zero, and the ice was constantly cracking under the tents.

Return South for Supplies.

"Under these conditions and with the pressing need for the sending of supplies to the party at Cape Flora, decided to return. The conditions on the northward trip were worse than on the northward one, but a fortunate drop in the temperature allowed us to cross a network of open leads and we reached Cape Abruzzi April 16. Mr. Porter, third in command of the expedition, was sent south to explore the archipelago, while the rest of the party worked at the moving of stores south of Cape Ziegler, making provision in case we should be compelled to spend a third winter in the Arctic. In the meantime the scientific work continued without interruption. One of the arrivals of the relief expedition and we made a trip of more than 20 miles on rotten ice to join the Terra Nova.

Mr. Fiala has not yet decided on the date of his departure for the United States.

CZAR DECLINES TO YIELD

(Continued from First Page.)

use to accept the proposed terms, it will be advisable for our delegates to withdraw and tell them that the next meeting will be in Tokyo.

The Asahi says: "The war has won a constitution for the Russian people." It declares that the Russian government and does not entertain any ill feeling toward the oppressed subjects of the Russian Emperor. It expresses the belief that all true Russians must have some appreciation for what Japan has accomplished for them.

DIRECT WIRE TO OYSTER BAY

Being Used to Prolong Conference and Prevent Rupture.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 22.—(Special.)—President Roosevelt is tonight in direct communication with the Russian envoys. A telegraph line has been established direct from the rooms of Mr. Witte to Sagamore Hill. Messages are now being transmitted over the wire. Their character is unknown.

It is presumed that among other things is the answer of the Czar to the suggestions made by President Roosevelt to Baron Rosen at their recent conference at Oyster Bay. The disclosure of this fact has led to the discovery of the significance of the mission of Chief Clerk Michael of the State Department to this place. He brought with him the cipher code of the department, and immediately after dinner began deciphering the communications to the President. Assistant Secretary of State Peirce had, until Mr. Michael's arrival, only the code of the Navy Department, with which the President is not provided. The developments of the last few days have been such as to make desirable that the Russian communication be deciphered by the State Department. The President and the Russian envoys.

The fact that the President is in such close touch with the situation here, it is believed, cannot but be beneficial to the progress of negotiations. Prospects late

tonight point to the continuation of the peace conference into next week. It is believed the activity displayed by the President will bring about a better understanding between the two belligerent governments.

There is a plan in contemplation to give still more time for the fruition of the President's efforts and further opportunity for the consideration of his propositions by the Russian government. A short trip to the White Mountains is under discussion, the idea being to have the envoys start on Friday and return on Monday. This arrangement, if carried out, will give the envoys a much needed rest from their confining labors of the last two weeks.

The feeling tonight is one of increased hope, as it has been felt that, if the envoys resumed consideration of the disputed questions at this time without having yet harmonized their views, a break was probable.

JAPAN'S REVISED CONDITIONS

Offer to Sell Sakhalin as Proposed by Roosevelt.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 22.—(Special.)—It was learned at midnight tonight that Japan had already made a concession to Russia, which had been declined, and that at tomorrow's session she will make a further modification of her original peace conditions.

Japan has offered to sell to Russia half of the island of Sakhalin. Russia has refused the proffer. Her proposition will be to sell to Russia the entire island of Sakhalin, stipulating that, if this deal is made, she will waive her claim for reimbursement of war expenditures, surrender of interned warships and limitation of Russian naval strength in the Pacific.

It is understood that this is the modification that has been secured through the intercession of President Roosevelt. The feeling tonight is one of increased hope.

PRESIDENT'S ACTION WELCOME

Russian Public United on Peace if Humiliation Be Avoided.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 22.—(22nd A. M.)—The effect of President Roosevelt's personal influence toward reconciling the differences between the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries is being watched with the closest attention here. Though all save the highest representatives of the Foreign Office are in ignorance of the exact status of the negotiations, it is felt generally that the negotiations are on the verge of deadlock.

The public at large has practically reconciled itself to the apparent necessity of continuing the war, and there is only one opinion about the desirability of peace, if obtainable without humiliation. The action therefore of the President is met with unswerving approval.

A growing conviction is noticeable in official circles here, if the conference failed, it would be because of inability to agree upon the question of indemnity, which is regarded now as practically the only point on which there is disagreement, unless the Japanese reduce their demands very materially.

SAYS COMPROMISE IS AT HAND

Correspondent Outlines Terms on Which Envoys Will Agree.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Morning Post, which throughout the war has strongly identified itself with the Japanese side, in a dispatch from its correspondent at Portsmouth published this morning declares that the "peace of Portsmouth is within measurable distance." The correspondent asserts that both sides will make substantial concessions for the sake of peace.

Russia, he says, will pay Japan a sum in the guise of expenses for the maintenance of prisoners, etc., and that Sakhalin will be divided, Russia retaining the northern and Japan the southern part, while Japan will abandon her claims as to the interned warships and the limitation of Russia's naval force in the Pacific.

PLAN RUNNING BLOCKADE.

Russians Arrive to Carry Supplies From America to Vladivostok.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 22.—Among the passengers who arrived by the steamer Empress of China today from the Orient were two Russian naval officers, and the former connected with the Russian diplomatic service, and the latter a Shanghai contractor. They are said to be on the way to San Francisco to arrange for some blockade-running between Pacific Coast points and Vladivostok. Kristensen recently lost a suit brought by Mr. Pavlov, Russian Minister to Corea, at St. Petersburg, for the cost of the steamer Sampson, bought by him in the Russian interests.

Other passengers were Captain Hutchinson, British naval attaché to Japan; Captain D. P. Spurnoff, of the Russian battleship Carevitch, and M. Borowski, engineer of the torpedo-destroyer Skory, which escaped to Tientsin with the battleship, and Messrs Suzuki and Tanaka, Japanese officials bound to New York on financial business.

New Proposition on Indemnity.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Temps contradicts the reports sent to the London Standard and the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger to the effect that at a council held at Peterhof, it was decided not to make further peace concessions. He says that the council on the contrary pronounced by a small majority for the conclusion of peace, and that the Emperor has ordered the Russian delegates to make a new proposition relative to indemnity.

The correspondent adds that the Russian delegates have received telegrams from the Generals in the field urging against the conclusion of an unfavorable peace, as the army feels sure of victory.

Berlin Hungry for News.

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—Definite news from Portsmouth, N. H., was waited for intently until late this afternoon in the great banks among the curb brokers and in the foreign offices, but the bulletin boards remained bare. The government is extremely in a desire of certain information as are private institutions. The general impression is that the negotiations have failed. The correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger at Portsmouth sends an interview with Mr. Witte, in which the plenipotentiary says his hope of peace is "quite at zero."

New Names for Captured Ships.

TOKIO, Aug. 22.—The Imperial navy department has rechristened the captured Russian warships as follows: The Perevise has been named the Sagami; the Poltava the Tango; the Bayan the Aso; the Pallada the Tsugara and the Varig the Soya.

Accommodations at Yellowstone Park. The Wylie Camping Company, of the Yellowstone Park, wishes to announce that they are equipped for handling a large number of people. There will be no difficulty in securing accommodations with them if persons will notify a few days in advance of arrival of exact date and the number of persons. Wire or write The Wylie Co., Gardiner, Montana.

WILE TOWN IS ILL

Yellow Fever Worse Outside Than in New Orleans.

ONE CASE IN EACH HOUSE

Leeville, Louisiana, Distracted by Outbreak—Disease Reaches Scattered Towns and Farms. Stationary in City.

REPORT FROM NEW ORLEANS. NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 22.—Report to P. M.: New cases to date..... 57 Total cases to date..... 1,503 Deaths..... 9 Total deaths to date..... 214 New foci..... 21 Total foci to date..... 342 Remaining under treatment..... 319

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 22.—With the fever checked in the city, and provision under way to prevent further infection from the country, the local situation is still encouraging. Of the new foci, three are above Canal street. At Rosa Park, a fashionable residence park opening into St. Charles avenue, a well-known citizen and member of Governor Blanchard's cabinet, is the victim. Another case is a boy's college far downtown, one of the employes being stricken. Rev. Father Aveline, pastor of St. Maurice's Church, is another patient reported today. Of the deaths, only one occurred, that of a clerk, who had been living here nine months.

The news from outside the city shows the continued seriousness of the situation. Definite information was received from Dr. J. A. Devron, the State Board of Health physician sent to Leeville, at the mouth of Bayou la Fourche, a few days ago. His reports show that the first news received from Leeville was not exaggerated. During two days of work there he found 65 positive cases of yellow fever, 53 suspected cases and 15 cases of dengue. He added:

"There are about 300 houses and families here, and I do not think there is a single house which has not one or more cases of sickness. The people are completely distracted. All seem to have lost ambition to work. They are completely demoralized. He asks for more doctors and nurses, as the situation is beyond the capacity of one man. He reports one or two deaths since his arrival.

Foster reports 13 cases and no deaths. St. Tammany Parish reports a case on the road between Mandeville and Leeville, which came from New Orleans. Hanson City reports six new cases, Keener one and Sarty plantation two.

There was one death on Elizabeth plantation in Iberville.

St. Rose and St. Charles Parishes have two cases, and one is dead. Corinne plantation, in St. Bernard Parish, below the city, reports one death, an Italian boy.

Mississippi City reports three more new cases, and still the State Board has declared the reports of fever epidemic there are unfounded.

NONE SPARED BY OFFICIALS

Rigid Enforcement of Health Regulations Strikes Baseball Magnate.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 22.—The fact that there was little change today from the record for several days was accepted by the Federal authorities as confirming the opinion of the division of contagious nature of the yellow fever situation.

The deaths again today were principally of persons bearing foreign names. An exception was Arthur Hill, an employe of one of the city's hotels, who had been in the city since last November from New York with his wife and two children.

In spite of all the agitation there has been on the subject, some citizens still remain unconverted and the police have received orders to spare no one who shows any indisposition to obey the law. Failure to screen caused Hart Newman, ex-president of the New Orleans baseball club and a son of Isidor Newman, the millionaire banker, to spend a brief time in a city today. Mr. Newman is the head of the company which owns Athletic Park. Someone discovered that there were three unconverted citizens on the grounds and made an affidavit against him. He was arrested and locked up. Later he was released by Inspector Whitaker.

Mr. Newman was indignant at his arrest. He said he made large contributions to the city's fund and had paid to screen a large number of citizens that he did not own in his yard, and had simply forgotten the citizens at the park.

Some of the country people are seeking to avoid a clash with the State Board of Health in the matter of quarantine in a way calculated to be damaging to New Orleans. Lake Charles is an instance. The fear of fever is so great that the people refuse to accept any freight whatever from here.

Mayor Behrman's office is overwhelmed with letters, many from citizens and others from well-meaning persons who offer specifics against yellow fever. The Mayor's reply to these communications is that the fever is being fought here on the plan that it can only be transmitted by means of mosquitoes.

Additional nurses were sent to Patterson and Riverside, both in St. Mary's parish, today. At these two points exist the largest number of cases outside of the limits of the city, but the fever continues to manifest itself in a type exceedingly mild.

QUARANTINE ON UPPER RIVER

Cases in Missouri Traced to Steamer From Lower Mississippi.

CAIRO, Ill., Aug. 22.—The new quarantine order, which requires every one before entering Cairo to secure a permit, will go into effect Saturday morning. These permits must be secured from either the state or city officials. The health officers were busily engaged issuing certificates, over 100 being taken out, mostly by people going to Chicago and St. Louis on excursions.

The health officers here believe they inspected a steambot last week that carried the yellow fever to Gregory, Mo. Early one evening they met a small boat a few miles below Cairo and an inspector boarded her. The boat was from Natchez, Miss., and was very filthy. The crew was unprovided with certificates, and was very much depressed in appearance. While the inspector was aboard, two men left the boat in a skiff. The captain was asked about the men, and he stated that they were sick with malaria and desired to go ashore. The inspector's launch gave chase for the men, but they were not overtaken and succeeded in landing and escaped in the woods.

The steambot was watched, but, as she carried no light, she soon disappeared, but it is thought she proceeded

up the Mississippi and carried the yellow fever into the railroad camp at Gregory, Mo.

PREPARE THE PROTOCOLS

Exact Story of Conference Doings. Compromise on Sakhalin.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 22.—The peace protocol is being prepared in French by M. Plancan, one of the Russian secretaries, in collaboration with the Japanese secretaries, who make an English translation of the document. The protocol is to be a faithful photograph of the proceedings showing in condensed form the arguments arrived at on each side in support of the position taken by each on the different articles.

When the Japanese take an exception to the verbatim employed by M. Plancan, the exact words to be used are agreed to by them, and if an issue arises which they cannot adjust, it is referred to the respective chiefs of mission, Komura and Mr. Witte. All has thus far gone smoothly. Should a treaty eventually be agreed upon, it will be written in French with an English copy attached. But the French text will be the document signed and will govern in case of dispute over interpretation.

A plan for compromising the differences between the plenipotentiaries on article 5 (Sakhalin) has been suggested. It contemplates the restoration of the status quo existing before 1875, when the island was divided between Japan and the southern part of the island. This is a contention, should satisfy the national claims of Japan and at the same time relieve Russia of the danger of an invasion of the island, which, it is declared by the Russians, would exist if the island were in full possession of the Japanese.

WAS PROFESSOR IN CHICAGO

Milyoukov Returned to Russia to Aid Fight for Liberty.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—The Record-Herald today says Professor Paul Milyoukov, who was arrested at his home near St. Petersburg yesterday in a raid by the Czar's police, was a professor of the University of Chicago until last March, when he returned to his native land to aid the propaganda of Russian liberty. Professor Milyoukov braved the wrath of the Russian when he returned to St. Petersburg. Eleven years ago he was dismissed from a professorship in the University of Moscow, where he had received his degree, and at the same time was expelled from the Czar's domain. His expulsion followed active work toward reform. But undaunted by the fate which he knew awaited him, he faced the old perils in Russia and during his recent sojourn in Russia had been active in carrying out the work he started years ago.

The agitation of the league and confederation of professional organizations was the work with which Professor Milyoukov has most closely identified himself in the last few months, and dispatches from St. Petersburg last night said that upon the outbreak of the revolution he was one of the first to join the new government, which he was a member that the police descended.

The immediate cause leading up to the professor's arrest was his participation in the student's party, violently assailing the Duma project. The faculty of Chicago University looked upon Milyoukov as one of the most brilliant members of that body.

JAPAN OFFERS CONCESSIONS

Willing to Sell Back Sakhalin in Lieu of Indemnity.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Portsmouth correspondent of the Times states that there is real hope for peace, and that the Japanese are ready to arrange a settlement in a way that will save Russian dignity and honor. Apparently, says the correspondent, the basis of this settlement is the retention by Russia of a portion of the island of Sakhalin in consideration of a payment of money in lieu of indemnity.

French Bourse Shows Pessimism.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—A feeling of deep antipathy prevails concerning the crisis at Portsmouth, which officials expect will continue for several days pending the last desperate efforts to avert a rupture. The view in official quarters took a discouraging turn apparently as the result of the negotiations through official Russian sources.

The Bourse today at first showed surprising buoyancy, Russian funds opening at an advance of 25 centimes, but later discouraging advice from Portsmouth, for the first time, dispelled the optimistic feeling of the market and caused a general decline. Shortly before the close the Russian and other securities were heavily offered and their closing was weak.

Pessimism Grows in London.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Stock Exchange was inactive here today. While a majority of the traders believe that a satisfactory settlement will result from the negotiations at Portsmouth, N. H., a more pessimistic feeling prevailed today, and nervous holders realized, causing weakness. Consols led in the decline, Japanese securities were weak and yielded to the selling pressure of pessimistic holders. Russians and other foreign securities were dull in sympathy with Paris. Japanese imperial 6s of 1904 were quoted at 109½.

Say Arbitration Is Impossible.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 22.—Referring to the question of arbitration of the unsettled points of the Japanese demands, the Russian press today is decidedly pessimistic.

Hood's Pills

"The best Laxative Pleasant; easy to take and easy to operate." 25c.

Peptiron Pills

"Ironize the blood, feed the nerves and brain, tone the system, and build up the body." 25c.

Druggists or mail. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass. If Made by Hood It's Good.

HAY'S

HAIR HEALTH

Keeps You Looking Young.

ALWAYS restores youthful color to gray or faded hair. Stops hair falling. Relieves itching scalp, kills dandruff germs, keeps hair growing. Large 50c. bottle, 25c. Do not miss it. It is the only hair dressing that does not soil skin or clothes.

This Great Hair Food, sold by HARPINA SOAP, keeps the scalp, kills dandruff germs, keeps hair growing. Large 50c. bottle, 25c. Do not miss it. It is the only hair dressing that does not soil skin or clothes.

Free Soap Offer. HARPINA SOAP.

Sign this coupon, take to any of the following druggists and receive a bottle of HARPINA SOAP and a 25c. cake of HARPINA Medicated Soap, best for hair, bath, toilet, both for 50c. or send by mail, postpaid, to H. J. Newkirk, N. J., express prepaid, on receipt of 50c. and this ad.

Name.....

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Following druggists supply HARPINA Soap and HARPINA Medicated Soap: WOODWARD, CLARKE & CO., Fourth and Washington Sts.

Principal Portland Agents for Butterick Patterns and Publications

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New Millinery

A trip through the Millinery Department these days will interest the lovers of fine new millinery. Every day brings forth clever ideas fresh from the fashion centers of Paris, London, Berlin and New York. No trouble to show you these clever conceptions. The prices are as interesting as the goods.

We place on sale in the Millinery Department today 500 new early Autumn lightweight

Ready-to-Wear Hats

Just the hat for present and early Fall wear, also suitable for traveling, made of fine silk and chenille braid, others of braid and silk; six of the leading shapes to choose from; colors black, brown, blue, red and olive green. Special \$3.50.

New Walking Skirts

New Walking Skirts of mannish-wear materials, in the new plaited styles, in gray, black and navy, at \$3.75, \$4.25 and \$5.00

New Fall Waists

New Bodice and Evening Waists of lace messaline, peau de soie and chiffon taffeta in white and colors at very attractive prices.

The Plaid Craze

IN THE DRESS GOODS STORE—38-in. all-wool imported Scotch plaids at .85¢

44-in. genuine Scotch Tartan Plaids, 15 leading clans represented at, yard, \$1.25

44-in. Panama Tartan Plaids and checks. \$1.50 quality at, yard, \$1.25

28-in. new navy and green checks, with silk overplaids at, yard, \$1.25

Tailor-Made Suits

By express, more new Tailor-made Suits in short jacket and novelty blouse styles in all the popular shades of gray, at \$25, \$30 and \$35.00

Fall Model Skirts

We are showing the new fall model

Princess Walking Skirt

In black broadcloth and gray Panama

IN THE SILK STORE—We are showing a complete assortment of new Plaid Silks, very popular this season, for separate waists and entire costumes, exquisite new color combinations at 85¢, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

IN THE RIBBON STORE—4-inch plaid all-silk Ribbon, all the newest color combinations at 23¢, 30¢ and 35¢.

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