SPOON IS USED BY JAILBREAKER

Attempt of Francis Mitchell at the City Jail Is Failure.

IS ONE OF FOUR SUSPECTS

Frank Grigware, Jack Golden, Frank O'Connor and Francis Mitchell, Apprehended by Detectives, Held as Suspects.

ORGANIZED GANG CORRALED.

At 8:30 A. M. yesterday Detectives Kerrigan and Snow landed Frank Grigware and Jack Golden in the City Jail. Both were booked on suspicion, it being believed they are room thieves. They had false mustaches in their possession.

At noon Kerrigan and Snow locked up Francis Mitchell, another of the gang, an intimate friend of Grigware and Golden. Last night at 7 o'clock he was detected by Policeman Wilson in an attempt to break jail by tunneling out from an upstairs cell. He nearly succeeded, by scraping the plaster away with a spoon. He recently broke jail in Tacoma.

Frank O'Connor, arrested by Policemen Anderson and O'Brien, by direction of Captain Bailey, is the fourth member of the gang. He has already been identified.

A gang of alleged room-workers has been rounded up by Detectives Kerrigan and Snow and Policemen Anderson and O'Brien, whose desperate character was aptly illustrated by a daring attempt at jailbreak, made last night by Francis Mitchell. With a spoon, he scraped away a large amount of plaster from the bottom of his cell on the third floor of the City Jail, and was about to realize the successful culmination of his scheme when detected by Policeman Wilson, on reserve duty at headquarters.

Mitchell's attempt to escape last night was not his first effort in that direction. It was but a short time ago that he succeeded in escaping from the City Jail at Tacoma, and is regarded as a thoroughly bad man.

Policeman Wilson was seated in the assembly-room, on the second floor of the building, being on reserve duty last night. His attention was directed to the ceiling above, when a metallic sound was heard. He glanced up and saw that considerable plaster had been removed from the ceiling, which was also the floor of the cell above. He reported immediately to Captain Moore. An investigation revealed the fact that Mitchell had been scraping plaster from the floor all day. As he removed it, he dumped it under his cot.

After the discovery, Mitchell was removed to a more secure cell on the ground floor by Jailer Robson, where he was closely watched throughout the night. He was sullen, and made threats that he would yet "get even" with the police.

Detectives Kerrigan and Snow started out shortly after daylight yesterday morning to round up the gang they had learned was in Portland. The detectives had located the rooms of Frank Grigware and Jack Golden Thursday, and had searched everything the men had stored. After a long wait Kerrigan and Snow left, as their quarry failed to put in an appearance.

Shortly after 7 o'clock yesterday morning Kerrigan and Snow again went to the room occupied by Grigware and Golden, and caught the two in bed. They were made to dress and walk to police headquarters. They were booked by Acting Captain Quinlan, on suspicion, at 8:30 o'clock.

Kerrigan and Snow then searched the city until noon, at which time they succeeded in locating and arresting Mitchell, who is believed to be the leader of the gang. He is 22 years of age, and was arrested at Second and Couch streets. Grigware is aged but 19, and Golden 21. While there is not yet any specific charge against Mitchell, the others are charged with vagrancy, and, unless something more serious can be brought against them, they will be compelled to leave the city.

Golden is a brother of Joe Golden, who was arrested here with Munk Fenton several months ago for raising Canadian money orders. It will be remembered that while in custody of Deputy United States Marshals, Golden and Fenton made a break for liberty on a crowded street. Fenton has never been captured, but Golden was soon caught, and is now in jail in Vancouver, B. C., awaiting trial. Letters found in a coat evidently belonging to Jack Golden showed that he and Grigware were trying to secure funds to pay for an attorney for Joe Golden in his fight against the Canadian officials.

Two false mustaches were found by the detectives in the pockets of coats hanging in the room occupied by Golden and Grigware, and it is pointed out by the detectives that this is at least a very suspicious circumstance against the prisoners, who have been unable to explain for what reason they had them.

BULLETS STOP STRIKERS

RAILROAD MEN SHOT DOWN BY SCORES IN RUSSIA.

Attempting to Prevent Train's Departure, They Are Met With Deadly Volley—20 Killed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 5.—(Special.)—Twenty striking employes of the Novorossisk-Vladikavkaz Railway were killed and 22 wounded in an encounter brought about by the strikers trying to prevent a mail train's departure. After the strikers had killed a Cossack, "they advanced menacingly, whereupon the troops fired on them," says the official account received here today.

In consequence of disorders in Ekaterinoslav, the Governor of this district has issued a proclamation warning the people that strictest measures will be taken to preserve order. In several of the riots Jewish houses were bombarded with stones and the inmates replied with bullets. Several persons were wounded.

ATTEMPT TO KILL GOVERNOR

Assassin With Bad Aim Shoots Three Times and Misses.

SARATOFF, Russia, Aug. 5.—(Special.)—An attempt was made yesterday to assassinate Governor Stolypine, of Saratoff Province, while he was driving. Three shots were fired at him, but without effect.

FAMINE THREATENS RUSSIA

Crops Fail in Large Sections and Government Does Nothing.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.—It is feared that there will be a recurrence of the great Russian famine of a few years ago, when Rev. T. de Witt Talmage and a number of Americans visited this country and distributed provisions with a bountiful hand. At that time hundreds of thousands of Russians suffered because of the shortage of the crop and the world-wide relief was gladly accepted by the government. Now, because the war with Japan is on, it is doubtful whether the government will be willing to confess its weakness and allow outside aid, no matter how many people may be starving in the interior of Russia.

According to the reports at hand from the provinces there will be a total failure of the crop in many districts of Central, Eastern and Northern Russia, and, as a result, the famine in store for the affected districts will undoubtedly far surpass the famines in the years 1891 and 1897.

From the governments of Vjatka, Kasan Saratoff, Samara, Ekaterinoslav, Yamboff, Orel and Rjasch, the Zemstvos report a total failure of the crops so far as Winter and Summer corn, peas, beans and cattle food are concerned.

A bad harvest is predicted from the governments of Moscow, Novgorod, Tula, Kursk, Tver and Tskoff, while on the other hand, Southern Russia has a fair harvest.

But the misfortunes in the districts of Central, Eastern and Northern Russia are likely to be all the worse because the men in the districts mentioned have been called in as reserves, and all that remain behind are women, children and old men, incapable of work and unable to procure bread for themselves and for their families.

In consequence the women of many villages have revolted and have marched in crowds to the local police stations, where they declared that they did not want to die, and that they would not leave the central police stations until their husbands were restored to them.

Up to the present time the government has maintained an attitude of absolute inactivity towards all of these manifestations, and it is believed that nothing will be done until, as usual, it is too late and until famine, typhus and scorbut have broken out.

This year, seeing that most of the railroads have handed over the larger part of their rolling stock to the management of the Siberian Railway for war purposes, the provisioning of the famine districts will naturally involve far greater difficulties than usual, as the railways cannot even cope with the ordinary trade and commerce, at the same time taking care of the forward movement of the troops constantly going on in the direction of Manchuria.

Warnings to prepare for all eventualities and to buy cereals for the threatened districts are daily being received by the Ministry of the Interior from the Zemstvos, but the government does nothing, and to all intents and appearances it would seem as though it is relying upon a miracle to resurrect the burned-up crops.

Should famine among the peasants of a large part of Russia be added to the troubles growing out of the war with Japan, it is believed that rebellion among the peasants will be increased, and it may be difficult if not impossible to put down the uprisings in the future. Indeed, it may be next to impossible for the government to carry on the war with Japan in case the troops are absolutely required to suppress rebellions in Central, Northern and Eastern Russia, caused by famine.

It is believed that these representations of the Zemstvos regarding the famine possibilities have been giving the Czar more trouble than all of the other questions combined and that they were the subject of several earnest conferences with M. Witte before the departure of M. Witte for America on his errand of peace. If the situation should become too bad it is likely, that the peace-at-any-price policy may be pressed home upon M. Witte and the staff at the Peace Commission.

BROTHER AGAINST BROTHER

Question of Reform Causes Division in Many Families.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.—The line of cleavage between the supporters of the autocracy and the supporters of the Zemstvo is sharp. There are reports of divisions in the different families, of coolness between brother and sister, mother and son, of prayers to leave the service and of young officers forbidden to visit their homes on account of their advanced views. The situation is in many respects similar to that of the American Civil War, when families were divided and brothers often fought with opposing armies.

LIQUOR AND PHONOGRAPH

PIONEER DRINKS TEN GALLONS, LISTENING TO MUSIC.

When Ready to Die, He Shoots Himself and Leaves Farm to His Indian Wife.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 4.—Suffering from an incurable cancer, John Anderson, a farmer, living near Union City, Hood Canal, bought ten gallons of whisky and a phonograph in this city two weeks ago, and, after a spree of ten days' duration, in which time he drank the liquor and listened to the music of the machine, he went into the woods near his cabin and shot himself through the heart.

Anderson was one of the pioneers of the Sound, and had lived on a little ranch four miles from Union City for more than 20 years. He was married to an Indian woman, and to her he left all of his possessions.

WIFE IS UNDER THE GLARE

(Continued from First Page.)

called on Mrs. Taggart. They sent me out to play with the children. I returned unexpectedly to the house, and in Taggart's bedroom I saw Mrs. Taggart and Captain Bash in an indecent position. Neither of the parties saw nor heard me, for I was in my bare feet and kept concealed. Captain Taggart scolded his wife once when she came home with Captain Bash at 2 o'clock in the morning."

Barrel of Whisky Bottles.

R. F. Christie, of Orrville, said that he lived at the Hurd house while Mrs. Taggart lived there, and saw her and Billy Taggart eat together, and on several occasions saw him go upstairs with her to her room.

Mrs. Peter Everly, who lives next to the house occupied by Mrs. Taggart in Orrville, said that on one occasion she saw Mrs. Taggart and Billy leave the house in the evening and return to it about 5 o'clock the next morning; that she frequently saw "Billy" bringing quart bottles of whisky to the house, and after Mrs. Taggart left the house they hauled away a barrel of quart whisky bottles.

OPEN YAKIMA LAND

But Forest Areas Will First Be Reserved.

LOTTERY IN SUMMER 1906

Reservation Now Being Examined for Selection of Land—After Indians Take Allottments. Settlers Will Enter.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 4.—Before the Yakima Indian reservation, in Eastern Washington, is thrown open to entry, its most valuable timber lands are to be embraced in a forest reservation. How large this reserve will be or just where it will be located is not now known. J. B. Leiberg, of the forest service, has just been sent to the Yakima Indian reservation to make a personal investigation of all its timber lands. He will ascertain what lands are desirable for a forest reserve and what are not. Based upon his report, the President will issue a proclamation creating this reserve.

From what little knowledge is available, it is believed the most valuable timber on the Yakima reservation is yellow pine.

When all allotments to Indians are completed, the reservation will be thrown open to entry under the lottery system, just as the lands of the Uintah reservation, in Utah, are now being opened. Persons desiring to make entries will be required to register their names at designated points, and on a given day, probably some time next Summer, there will be a big drawing, and the names of all persons registering will be picked from the box one at a time. The person whose name is first called will be permitted to make the first entry, and others in order.

There is much good land on the Yakima reservation, and it is anticipated that there will be many more settlers than there will be lands. No definite steps looking to opening the reservation will be taken this Fall.

FREE SEEDS FOR THEIR FARM

Two Congressmen Involved in Agricultural Department Fraud.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 4.—As has been expected, scandal has developed in other bureaus of the Department of Agriculture beside the bureau of statistics. This time the bureau of plant industry, which controls the distribution of seeds, plants, shrubs, etc., comes in for criticism.

Fifty miles down the Potomac River, below Washington, two members of Congress—J. A. T. Hull, of Iowa, and James W. Wadsworth, of New York, the latter chairman of the committee on agriculture—own a large farm. It is reported that last Spring the department sent to this farm about $300 worth of seed for use there. This would, perhaps, have gone unnoticed, but for the fact that farmers owning adjoining property were unable to obtain any seed whatever from the Government, but had to go down into their pockets to buy what they needed. Naturally, they have set up a howl.

In all probability, nothing will come of it, as the department officials state that the seed was sent to the farm of Messrs. Hull and Wadsworth for experimental purposes, and altogether within the intent of the law. Mr. Wadsworth, being at the head of the committee which appropriates money for the Government seed distribution and which frames legislation for that department, will probably be in a position to shunt any investigation that may be directed at his farm or the men who supplied it.

GROWLING ABOUT IRRIGATION

Move to Reorganize Reclamation Service Will Be Turned Down.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 4.—It is evident from murmurings that have been heard of late that an attempt will be made at the coming session of Congress to bring about a reorganization of the Reclamation Service. There is disgruntlement in states where the Government has failed, as yet, to undertake the construction of irrigation works; there is a different kind of grumbling in other states where certain politicians have been unable to unload upon the present service certain schemes in which they or their friends are interested.

The majority of the members of Congress will be inclined to set aside any bill proposing to reorganize the Reclamation Service, for this reason: The National Irrigation law went into effect only three years ago; there has not been time to test any single project built under that law; therefore, it is not known to a certainty whether the Reclamation Service, as now organized, is a success or a failure, though every indication is in its favor. Moreover, the criticisms of the service are not on broad grounds, but local ones, and with much that is important to occupy its time, Congress is not apt to give an ear to the man who has a tale of woe.

It may be set down for a positive fact that any bill proposing to reorganize the Reclamation Service so as to place it within the reach of politicians will not be passed, for the President will not stand for it, and he has a good deal of influence with Congress on matters of this sort. The service is today nonpartisan and nonpolitical; the President wants it kept so.

Crop of Investigation

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 4.—There is talk of a number of Congressional investigations at the coming session, but it is too early to ascertain positively what plan will be followed. If the investigating fever sweeps over the Senate and House, there is very apt to be an inquiry into the workings of the Department of Agriculture, which have permitted the perpetration of such gross fraud as has been recently unearthed. There will also be an inquiry into the late accident on the gunboat Bennington, which may result in a material change in the naval personnel law, and it is also hinted that Congress may make a thorough inquiry into the manner in which the President has expended the $10,000,000 which was originally appropriated for the Panama Canal.

Members of the postal committees believe it would be well to have a comprehensive study made of the operations of the Postoffice Department, to ascertain exactly why the postal service is always operated at a loss, and to determine the best means of making the service self-supporting.

These are all mere rumors, but it is more than likely the coming session will be enlivened with a series of inquiries; they could do no harm; they might result in good.

IN TOMORROW'S OREGONIAN

WITH THE HOUSEBOAT COLONY ON THE WILLAMETTE.

A number of new floating Summer homes have been built this year. Some of them are beautifully furnished. Marion MacRae describes and Fred Routledge pictures them. These houseboats show a big improvement over the original model made by Mr. Noah for his family.

MISSED HEAVEN AND FOUND HELL.

For the first time in his life, William T. Stead, editor of the Review of Reviews, at the age of 55 visited a theater recently. This noted reformer, honest but erratic, unconventional, impetuous, says he missed heaven and found hell. He submits to an interview by a New York correspondent and repeats what he told W. R. Hearst. His estimate of Pinero, England's foremost playwright, is a choice bit of criticism and will be enjoyed by all who care for vigorous English and the exposure of dramatic rottenness.

THOUSANDS IMPRISONED FOR IMPERIAL DISRESPECT.

A most interesting letter from Berlin detailing how 4000 persons are imprisoned yearly for lese majeste—simply showing disrespect for the Emperor. The law is barbarous. Only one witness is needed. A discharged servant, for example, could, out of revenge, cause his employer to be incarcerated. Such cases are on record. Under the German system everyone must be an informer.

THE JAPANESE EMPEROR A SON OF HEAVEN.

Thus he is regarded by his people. Curiously, Frederic Haskin has the same topic as our Berlin correspondent. In Japan it is unlawful to talk about the Mikado, but the attitude of the populace toward the ruler presents a marked contrast with that of the Teuton nation.

AN OPINION FROM THE HIGHEST COURT.

In the "Shades of Our Fathers" series which conclude tomorrow, Washington and Jefferson propound some economic and social questions of National interest. In response there is an answer from one of the Judges of the United States Supreme Court. This is a genuine letter, but The Oregonian is not authorized to reveal his name.

FRENCHY AND PARDNER.

A story of the range by Hugh Herdman, dealing with the friendship of two cowboys outside the pale of civilization.

WHAT MERE MONEY CANNOT DO.

Dexter Marshall, who has been writing articles on "Men and Women We Read About," tells of the disappointed ambitions of men whose wealth is their chief claim to distinction.

MOUNTAIN CLIMBING FOR HALF A CENTURY.

Cyrus H. Walker, of Albany, the first white child born in "The Oregon Territory," writes recollections of mountain climbing in Oregon. His first ascent was in 1857, and one of his companions was Marcus Whitman.

HOW UNCLE SAM WATCHES OVER MARINERS.

Government expert at the Lewis and Clark Exposition discloses interesting facts regarding the protection of shipping.

UTAH'S EXHIBIT AT THE FAIR.

An illustrated article describing how a sister state is exploiting its mineral riches at the Lewis and Clark Exposition.

ALL THE NEWS AND THE CUSTOMARY DEPARTMENTS.

WRONG TIME TO BUY

Dalrymple Condemns Mayor Dunne's Policy.

FRANCHISES TOO COSTLY

Scotch Expert Says Municipal Ownership of Street Railways Would Fail Under the Prevailing Conditions.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—(Special.)—James Dalrymple, in his advisory letter to Mayor Dunne, said the plan of the tentative ordinance is the most practical solution of the traction situation in Chicago. This statement is made upon the authority of one who stands close to Mayor Dunne, and this recommendation is assigned as the reason why the letter from the Glasgow municipal tramway manager has not been given publicity by the administration which invited him to Chicago.

Mr. Dalrymple advises municipal ownership in his letter, but warns Mayor Dunne that it would be out of the question for the city to expect to make a success of operation under present political conditions in this city, and especially if the traction companies are to be paid the values which the present owners paid for the lines.

Should Not Buy Franchises.

While he does not mention the tentative ordinance by name, what he recommends to Mayor Dunne is that the city announce its intention of taking over the lines in the near future and prepare for that event, but for the present allow the traction companies to "continue to operate in the streets for a sufficient time to work out their present franchise values."

This, he holds, would insure success for the municipality in both ownership and operation, when it takes over the lines, by simply paying for the physical properties.

In his letter, which is lengthy, and which contains many references that are held to be side-slaps at members of the administration cabinet and others in the traction situation, including some Aldermen, Mr. Dalrymple points out that it is unlikely that the present owners of the traction companies, especially the City Railway, would part with their properties, including franchises, for less than they paid. This would mean $36,000,000, at least, for the City Railway Company, without rehabilitation.

Childish to Parallel Lines.

The Scot further declares that the project of paralleling the lines of the old companies is childish, according to this City Hall man. Mr. Dalrymple takes the position that the traction lines now in existence are now in the right streets, and, with the exception of a readjustment of terminals, the lines should stay there, and that any attempt to parallel them in other streets would make operation hazardous and impossible, so far as the transportation is concerned. To parallel the existing lines by municipal lines on other streets would place the municipal system at such a disadvantage as almost to invite failure.

AT THE HOTELS.

The Portland—E. T. Hart, Massachusetts; L. M. Palma, Victoria, B. C.; J. C. Buchanan, Tacoma; Miss Kenney, Minneapolis; E. Mandel, Chicago; W. Bruce, Columbus, O.; J. C. Stubbs and wife, R. F. Wilson, Chicago; H. C. Barroll, Chicago; Mrs. I. N. Robinson, Toronto; S. M. Fairbanks and wife, city; D. C. Wells and wife, J. J. Hollock, New York; C. W. Whitehouse, Toronto; F. A. Moyer, New York; Mrs. Van Brunagh, G. Van Brunagh, Los Angeles; W. H. Greer, Toronto; T. A. Graham, San Francisco; C. L. Frost, New York; H. Selby, San Francisco; A. Muston, C. M. Graves, Spokane; H. S. Cotter, Detroit; E. R. Warner, Denver; H. P. Clancy, Chicago; D. Wilson, Kansas City, Mo.; A. C. Churchill and wife, Newberg; J. D. Thomson and wife, Mt. Holley; J. H. Houston and wife, Moorestown, N. J.; J. Black and wife, E. A. Moore and wife, Winnipeg; W. J. Bernard and wife, Miss M. Bernard, Seattle; Mrs. R. A. Bruggeman, Chicago; T. Eberle, Butte; D. O'Day and wife, W. D. Rees and wife, New York; S. Cohn, B. W. Frost, San Francisco; J. Gerstle, Mrs. D. D. McBean and daughter, New York; Mrs. S. M. Smith and niece, Des Moines, Ia.; E. W. Lindquist, Butte; P. Musto and wife, E. Musto, L. Musto, F. Musto, Stockton, Cal.; R. S. Woodward and wife, Miss L. D. Gill, Miss L. Woodward, C. Rudar, New York; R. B. Whiteside and wife, R. Whiteside, W. Whiteside, M. Whiteside, Duluth; J. I. Frost, New York; H. L. Archer, Minneapolis; W. B. Chintz, Ohio; F. S. Hays, Boston; T. Mayer, wife and child, Omaha; S. Friedenthal, New York; J. Macbeth, London, Ont.; J. F. Bigler, Erie, Pa.; R. A. Perry, San Francisco.

The Perkins—Dr. E. J. Ingersoll and wife, 1905; A. Miller, New York; A. G. Vent, 1905; H. E. Engelhardt, Cincinnati, O.; C. A. Palmer, Bridal Veil, Or.; C. C. Bauer, Dryard, Or.; H. Danley and wife, city; C. F. Florer, Martha Tracy, Red Oak, Ia.; C. E. Humick and wife, Chicago; Grace Grewback, Olympia; T. J. Newhill, Independence; J. C. Gardner, Klober; H. M. Ganett and wife, Boise; E. Cudihee, Seattle; E. Powell, E. Patterson, C. T. Powell, Axtis, Or.; Mattie Williams, Kittie V. Ranson, Payette, Idaho; Miss Paul, Walla Walla; Mrs. H. Mullin, Hood River; Miss L. V. Johnson, Miss M. C. Johnson, Oak Park, Ill.; T. E. Lewis and wife, Wallace, Wash.; Henry Muntzer, Alfred Muntzer, Hilda Muntzer, Lillie Muntzer, Butte; John F. Burke and wife, Anaconda, Mont.; G. W. Young and wife, Seattle; William Hansel, Dollie Hansel, Mrs. Lang, Eau Claire, Wis.; T. M. Swan and wife, Jack Swan, Fargo, N. D.; R. D. Gorby and family, Glenn's Ferry, Idaho; J. H. Motten and brother, Lewistown, Mont.; W. E. Allison, Mitchell, Or.; J. H. Devlin, 1905; C. W. Spencer, La Center, Wash.; E. L. Koehler, Aberdeen; C. Volkel and wife, Moungs, Ia.; Sofia Ludell, Miss Clara Koehler, Muscatine, Ia.; F. Klisch and wife, Philadelphia; O. McAllister, Kansas City; M. McDonald, Salem; J. F. Duffy, Seattle; B. A. Angel, Ukiah; G. H. Main, Seattle; Emma L. Powell, Charlton, Ia.; Grace M. Atherton, Carson, Nev.; E. Glass, Gardiner; M. Cunningham, Illinois; Mrs. M. Brown, Miss Grace Harding, Gaston, Or.; J. F. Campbell and family, Spokane; J. D. Lawlor and wife, Miss Lawlor, Walla Walla; William Roberts and wife, Millar, Idaho.

The Imperial—G. F. Stone, B. F. Sweeney, Seattle; I. Alsherman and wife, Roseburg; Bertha Arlen, Lena Arlen, Francis Arlen, Edith Arlen, Clinton; Mrs. Ada Rene, Seattle; J. E. Clarke, Tacoma; T. B. Gray, San Francisco; F. McLean, Mary Dacres, Josephine Finn, Walla Walla; J. L. Acree, J. Baker, H. G. Forrester, Dothern; A. F. Coats, Aberdeen; W. F. McGregor and wife, Astoria; J. Eslyamson and wife, Lichford; J. L. Whiteley, S. Hawthorn, Oshkosh; M. Cole and child, Pendleton; W. Truitt, Moscow; W. R. Eaton, W. H. Harris, Caldwell; W. L. Tarbell and wife, Colorado Springs; S. D. Butler, C. C. Campbell, Denver; E. J. Marks, Mrs. J. E. Marks, Canyon City; N. A. Stratton, Boston; P. B. Munson and maid, Minneapolis; Mrs. J. H. Robbins, Hilladale; D. B. Wilson, G. Wilson, Sioux City; C. H. Pearson, Minneapolis; A. T. Dye, Anderson; J. R. Cunningham, Ontario; J. A. Stone and wife, Oakland; S. E. Erickson, G. Durgan, Goldfield; W. J. Halderman, C. W. Halderman, Astoria; J. E. Friggert and wife, Biddle; R. Harold Miller, Baker City; Mrs. F. Harkins, Medford; Miss H. S. Dwyer, Los Angeles; L. T. Gillett, Pomona; C. F. Dougherty, Baker City; B. D. Boswell and wife, Boswell Springs.

The St. Charles—W. H. Fiefer, U. S. A.; Mrs. Clara Stewart, Medford; I. Smock, Sherwood; J. Brugard, St. Louis; W. L. Bretsch, Downs; J. Blalock, Redding; C. Wilson, Mc-Minnville; A. C. Harwood, Coltenger; L. L. Harter, Livingston; F. Larson, J. Berdahl, Warren; J. Cassidy; S. L. Overton, Halsey; J. W. Thompson, Brownsville; W. Gauger, B. A. Norton, Hood River; G. H. Clark, Astoria; G. D. Goodhue and family, A. G. Armstrong and family, Salem; J. J. Jones, Denver; G. J. Balka and wife, Mrs. M. Eberd, Orange City; L. M. Chattin, wife and child, Temple; W. E. Wills and family, Prineville; W. L. Bretsch, Downs; J. K. Powell, Hayes; G. H. Harvey, A. Erickson, Denver; W. E. Wallbridge and wife, Heppner; E. Petersen, Idaho Falls; Mrs. Curteman and children, Delano; J. V. Warne, Winlock; W. Miller, Baker City; F. C. Saylor, Colfax; J. Cline, Arthur; L. Ceeps, Banks; J. V. Harlins, Molalla; W. E. Ledger, Visalia; R. E. Hapgood, Portierside; O. Moore, Newberg; F. Bonewitz, Weston; Miss N Thomas, Cameron; B. J. Taylor, Arthur; B. Butts, M. Farr, Goble; J. W. Burkhardt and daughter, Oregon City; R. Kinney, R. P. Long, Prineville; C. C. Blair and wife, Beloit; F. Paradels, Carson; Mrs. J. H. Marr, C. White, Salmon; Mrs. Ada Gibbe, Salem; W. Beard and wife; W. G. Rhude, North Yamhill; A. G. Kelly, Knappa; J. W. Thomas, Molalla; C. W. Heart, Seattle; F. Feller, W. S. Flyner, Butteville; I. Tuke, A. A. Parrett and wife, W. Wilson and wife; A. Magallon and family, Walla Walla; R. P. Tait, La Grande; J. W. Cutright and family, Lincoln; Mrs. E. W. Jewell, Mrs. A. F. Villnock, Chicago; Etta Vrun, Seattle.

Tacoma Hotel, Tacoma.
American plan. Rates, $3 and up.

Hotel Donnelly, Tacoma, Washington.
European plan, Rates 75 cents to $2.50 per day. Free buss.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.
Very convenient for tourists.

PREPARED BY
J. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

"DRUNKENNESS"
And Tobacco Habits Cured By
TRIB

Mrs. T. J. Foster, Salem, Or., writes: "About nine months ago I purchased a treatment of your Trib at Stone's Drug Store for a friend. He had been a hard drinker for ten years. I must say he has never touched a drop of liquor since the first week he commenced taking Trib. I am very glad he has been cured and you may use this letter any way you like so long as you do not change the wording."

Remember, we give you an absolute guarantee with every treatment of Trib we sell to cure the liquor or tobacco habits. Price $12.50, a full four-weeks treatment and a cure.

ROWE & MARTIN,
Washington St., Cor. 6th.
Sole Distributers.

Summer Complaints

The diseases of Summer are numerous and can only be avoided by careful attention to diet, and the regular and judicious use of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

Hot, sultry days and breathless nights are now at hand, and thousands of men, women and children are suffering from the exhausting heat. Doctors everywhere are alarmed at the unusually large number of deaths from diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera morbus, chills, typhoid and other fevers, due to impure water, the consumption of unripe fruit and vegetables, and other causes.

In the treatment and cure of these Summer complaints it has been shown by medical science that the only sure remedy lies in the regular and judicious use of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, which drives the poisonous germs from the system, renews and builds up the wasted nerves and tissues and enriches the impoverished blood and gives new strength and vitality to every organ of the body.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

Is a form of food already digested, as it agrees with the most delicate stomach. It makes the old young and the young strong. Duffy's is an absolutely pure distillation of malt without fusel oil, and is the only whiskey recognized by the Government as medicine.

CAUTION—When you ask for Duffy's be sure you get the genuine. Look for the trade-mark, the "Old Chemist," on the label, and be certain the seal over the cork is unbroken. All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1.00 a bottle. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

TODAY'S THE DAY TONIGHT'S THE NIGHT

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All these to be seen for 10 cents admission to grounds—children 5 cents. D'Urbano's Royal Band of Artists, Chutes, Maze, Bumps, Laughing Gallery, Merry-go-Round, Miniature Railway, Ferris Wheel, Dancing Pavilion, Sunrise Tea House, Mid-Air Slide, Cozy Summer Houses, Children's Swings, the Geisha's Jinrickshas and the beautiful picturesque "Oaks Tavern." Straight to the entrance on the O. W. P. & Ry. Co.'s cars, 5 cents. Open daily until 1 A. M.

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