

PUBLIC ETHICS
SHER THEME

Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman
Delivers Address to
Chautauqua.

LOVE, TRUTH AND JUSTICE

Those Are the Three Great Lasting
Principles, She Declares, While
Much of Ethics of Biblical
Times Have Passed.

GLADSTONE PARK, July 13.—(Special)—Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman, the poet and preacher of social reform, demonstrated her ability as one of the foremost American women on the platform when she spoke on "Public Ethics" before several hundred hearers at Gladstone Park last night. For two hours members of the Chautauqua Association listened to her on the grand development of public ethics along certain lines and its degradation along other lines. According to Mrs. Gilman, certain virtues accorded to the human race in biblical times have entirely disappeared, while others as important have taken their place. "Three great human virtues still exist, have existed and will always exist," she declared, "and being the love, truth and justice, being the three that humanity is most in need of."

Mrs. Gilman drew her examples from all walks of life, including the part taken in the world's affairs by men and women, and showing how in some ways women were leaders in particular virtues while men led in others. She dwelt on necessity as the mother of ethics, the difference between ethics of religion and ethics pertaining to public affairs, showing that while religion changes, public ethics never do. In her comparison of the lives of women and men, the speaker pointed out the different spheres in which the sexes were allowed to advance, showing that by strenuous contact with each other from boyhood to manhood men were permitted to grow up as free men, while women were restricted to home life, and consequently were not well versed in life's affairs.

According to Mrs. Gilman, the only way to improve the public ethics of the world, and especially of America, was to eliminate personality so far as it pertained to business affairs. "We are for the human race to work together for the good of humanity, claiming this to be the foundation of love, friendship and usefulness in public ethics," she said. She took a snap at the corporations and trusts of the United States, showing their greed for money and the dishonest methods adopted to procure it. On the whole, her oratory was pessimistic, but here and there she threw out a gleam of hope for the betterment of public ethics and virtue.

Mrs. Gilman's personality was commanding, her voice was clear and she advanced her arguments and parallels with vigor. Her talk was given at the last of the series of lectures by the Chautauqua, and she held her audience to the last.

Great interest is being manifested at the park in the lecture series, which are in history, literature, school of cooking, and physical culture. Each of the classes is well attended and the instructors have almost as many pupils as they can take.

Class in Literature.
Dr. Hoadley's class in English literature, because of the number of pupils, has been separated into two divisions. His lectures to the classes are especially interesting as he deals with only the interesting portions of the growth of English letters.

Dr. J. Whitcomb Brougher's lecture yesterday on "A Tenderfoot Abroad" was both amusing and instructive. He held the audience through the long and tedious task of the English language.

Everett Kemp, the reader for the Chautauqua, is a humorist of no mean ability. He is attracting larger audiences to the auditorium than most of the speakers, and the spectators are kept in laughter from his appearance on the stage until he leaves it.

The Baseball Game.
The baseball game yesterday between the Rainier Maroons and the Stephens Addition teams was a baseball game almost without incident. Mr. Kemp's humor was the only feature of interest. The game was replete with errors and bad plays, and resulted in a score of 16 to 13 in favor of the Rainier Maroons.

An interesting programme has been prepared for today. Homer Davenport, the famous cartoonist, will deliver a lecture at 8 P. M. on "Indian Stories and Stories of Oregon." He will be preceded by ex-Governor T. T. Geer, who will make an introductory address.

Attendance at Gladstone Park is increasing daily, and it is expected that before the close of the park, July 22, the Chautauqua meeting will be one of the most successful in its history.

Programme for Today.
7-8—Physical culture, ladies; Professor O. Miller Babcock.
8-9—Physical culture, Juniors; Professor O. Miller Babcock.
9-10—Junior Bible study; Rev. Howard N. Smith.
10-11—English literature; Dr. B. J. Hoadley.
11-12—Science; Professor Herbert Kemp.
1-2—Nature study; Professor Albert B. Sweetser.
3-4—United States history; Professor Willie Chatman Hawley.
4-5—Medical department; Professor Frederick W. Goodrich.
6-7—W. C. T. U. institute; Lucia Paxson Addison, state president.
8-9—Domestic science; Miss Lillian Tingle.
10-11—Bible study; Dr. W. C. Sherman.
12—Music; Professor's Orchestra.
2-Reading; Everett Kemp; solo, Mrs. Viola Gilbert-Persebury; lecture, "America's Face Today," Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman, of New York.
3-5—Baseball; Vancouver vs. Chemawa.
6—Music; Professor's Orchestra.
7-9—Introductory address, ex-Governor T. T. Geer; lecture, "Indian Stories and Stories of Oregon," by Homer Davenport, of New York.

Premier Attendance at Ashland.
ASHLAND, Or., July 13.—(Special)—The thirteenth annual assembly of the Southern Oregon Chautauqua Assembly began yesterday with the largest attendance in its history. The enlarged auditorium was crowded with 120 people last night at the introductory concert given by the Pamoses and other assembly musical talent. It was a brilliant first-evening programme.

This afternoon and evening Bishop Hamilton, of San Francisco, lectured to large audiences.

Trust Says Swift Robbed It.
CHICAGO, July 13.—Proceedings have

been commenced by the International Harvester Company against Rodney B. Swift, who recently filed suits charging the corporation with obtaining rebates from railroads, and in various ways exceeding the corporate authority. The suit filed by the Harvester Company accuses Swift of making false representations to the company while employed by it, concerning its rights in connection with certain patents. It is alleged in the bill that Swift appropriated to his own use money and securities to the value of \$25,000, which the bill avers should rightfully have been turned over to the company. The court is asked to order that Swift give an accounting of his transactions and that he be ordered to turn over to the company the \$25,000 he is alleged to have wrongfully appropriated.

FIGHT ON LIQUOR ISSUE
North and South Divide in Elks' Grand Lodge.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 13.—The Grand Lodge of Elks voted to repeal two rules adopted at last year's meeting at Cincinnati, making the decision of the committee on laws and the committee on grievance and appeals final. These rules left no right of appeal to the grand lodge, and proved objectionable. The proposal to cut down the size of the grand lodge by limiting its membership was then taken up. A committee on parade prizes announced its decision as follows:

Best-appearing lodge in parade, Toledo Lodge, No. 25, first prize of \$500.
Most unique uniform, Windsor, No. 500, awarded to Cleveland Lodge, No. 18.
Greatest mileage, \$500, El Paso Lodge, No. 182.
Lodge accompanied by the greatest number of ladies, \$500, Bridgeport, Conn., Lodge, No. 187.
Lodge having greatest number in line, near-by lodges barred, \$500, Erie, Pa., Lodge, No. 45.
Lodge having the greatest number of men in line, home lodges barred, Rochester first, Lockport second.
At the afternoon session the Southern lodge led a fight to secure passage of a resolution debaring saloonkeepers and others connected with the liquor traffic from membership in the order. The Northern lodge opposed such a move, and the matter was laid over. It will probably come up at Denver next year.

A resolution to affiliate with the Canadian Order of Elks was defeated.

Loan Oversubscribed in Chicago.
CHICAGO, July 13.—Subscriptions in Chicago to the Japanese loan are variously estimated from \$100,000,000 to \$15,000,000. The known amounts were those received by the Illinois Trust and the Merchants Loan & Trust Companies. The former reported approximately \$2,500,000, and the latter \$2,000,000.

While the oversubscription was regarded as largely due to the fact that the time banks and banking houses predominated, while for the previous loan individual subscribers were more numerous. The banks this time were heavy subscribers. The bonds are selling at 97 1/2. The subscription price for both loans was the same 97 1/2.

Fatal Riot of Striking Tailors.
NEW YORK, July 13.—One man probably was fatally injured, more than a score were slightly hurt, and hundreds were involved in a riot of striking tailors and their sympathizers today in Wall-street. About 500 tailors, organized in the union of Brooklyn. It was not until the crowd had wrecked the clothing factory of Isaac Newman that the police dispersed the crowd. Two arrests were made. Newman, the owner of the factory, is the man who will probably die. He was struck on the head by an iron bar in the hands of a striker.

Franco-American Bank Launched.
PARIS, July 13.—The Franco-American Financial Association was formally incorporated here today, with a capital of \$10,000,000. The chief founders are the Banque de l'Union Parisienne and Speyer & Co. of New York. The board of directors elected Frederick Mallet, a leading figure in finance, president, and James Speyer vice-president. The directors include the president of the Bank of France, Co. De Neufville Sons, and other leading Paris banks, and also Adrian Fleisler, Gordon MacDonald and Norman B. Ream, of New York.

Pennsylvania's War on Wabash.
PITTSBURGH, July 13.—Under cover of darkness Wednesday night, a force of Pennsylvania railroad employees tore out the connection between the West Side Belt Line recently acquired by the Wabash road and the Pennsylvania tracks in the west end. A stretch of switch costing probably \$10,000 was rendered useless and the transfer of freight business between Pennsylvania and Wabash effectually cut off.

Improves Wireless Telegraphy.
NEW YORK, July 13.—An important improvement in wireless telegraphy is announced by Professor Braun, of Strasbourg, the inventor of the system which bears his name, says a Berlin dispatch to the Times. The professor has succeeded in directing wireless electrical waves in a definite direction. Up to now it has been possible only to transmit waves in all directions. Much energy is saved by the new invention.

Rebel Arsenal at Tiflis Found.
ST. PETERSBURG, July 13.—The bomb factory seized at Tiflis, Caucasus, contained, in addition to a large quantity of dynamite, nitroglycerine and other explosives. Thirteen persons belonging to the local revolutionary committee were captured. A chemist who was implicated committed suicide.

Tie in Chess Tournament.
OSTEND, July 13.—The afternoon session in the chess tournament gave these results:

Janowski won from Marshall and the games between Marco and Tarrasch, Grodwin and Schlozer, Taubenshaus and Teichmann, and Burz and Gurew were drawn. At the close of play today Janowski and Maroczy were tied for first place.

Condition of Bankrupt Company.
CHARLESTON, S. C., July 13.—Bridgman & Williams, S. C., today issued a circular to the stockholders of the Independent Cotton Oil Company, reporting the condition of the company and giving a statement of assets and liabilities. He places the liabilities at \$1,759,953 and the assets at \$1,274,311.

Will Investigate Paper Trust.
MILWAUKEE, July 13.—Judge Quarles, of the United States District Court, announced today that a special United States Grand Jury will be summoned in September to meet in Milwaukee. The Grand Jury, it is said, will devote itself to an inquiry into the affairs of the General Paper Company, the so-called paper trust.

Riotous Soldiers to Be Tried.
HAVANA, July 13.—Twenty militia men who took part in the conflicts here last Wednesday, in which the citizens of the tenderloin district have been held without bail. The charges against them include sedition and murder.

ASKS SUPERINTENDENT
Jerome Eager to Get Into the
Equitable Fight,

BUT HE MEETS OBSTACLES
Hendricks' Assistant Imposes Con-
ditions, Which Jerome Refuses
to Accept—He Makes Per-
emptory Demand.

NEW YORK, July 13.—District Attorney Jerome today made an unsuccessful attempt to secure from the office of the First Deputy Superintendent of Insurance, Robert A. Hunter, in this city, a copy of the detailed evidence on the affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, taken before Superintendent of Insurance Francis Hendricks.

He then sent Mr. Hunter a letter, in which he said that he had Governor Higgins' order for a copy of the report, and requested that it be delivered to one of his assistants. Mr. Hunter declined to comply with the request unless Mr. Jerome gave him a receipt to show that the copy in Mr. Hunter's hands was the property of Superintendent of Insurance.

Mr. Jerome then sent another letter to Mr. Hunter, in which he demanded all the correspondence which has passed between himself and Governor Higgins on the subject, as well as copies of the letters exchanged with Mr. Hendricks. Concluding, the letter says:

"I ask that you deliver to me, without qualification or conditions, a copy of the testimony taken by the Superintendent of Insurance, pursuant to the order made by the Superintendent of Insurance to the Governor. I will answer to your superiors for its safe custody and return at the proper time."

NEVER RECOMMENDED LOAN
Depew's Explanation of Land Com-
pany's Equitable Deal.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Senator Chauncey M. Depew has made a statement to the Paris correspondent of the New York Tribune regarding the deal made by the Equitable Society to the Depew Land Improvement Company on property alleged to have been worth \$150,000, in which he has never advocated or recommended any such transaction, because he was a director of the Equitable. Senator Depew was asked by the Tribune:

"That loan never could have been made unless the official appraisers of the Equitable had reported after examination that the property was only \$50 per cent of the property's value, such being the rule of the society, and that on such a report the officers of the company had unanimously approved it."

The Depew Land Improvement Company was operated some five years before I was induced to become a stockholder. The town had then about 30,000 inhabitants and many other industries, including the New York Central shops, the connection with several trunk lines. The company appointed a general manager, who built homes, laid out streets, extended the water and sewer systems and incurred great liabilities in improvements.

"A few days before I sailed from New York I placed my resignation as counsel to the Depew Land Improvement Company on my table, and I had made my mind before I reached 72 to secure something of that nature and freedom from incessant work that has been denied me year after year."

DID NOT TENDER RESIGNATION
Morton Contradicts Statement of
Depew—Salary Will Stop.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Senator Depew has not resigned, a director of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. This announcement was made today by Chairman Paul Morton, of the Equitable, when his attention was directed to a report given in view with the Senator in Paris yesterday, which was printed here today.

Mr. Morton said that just before Senator Depew called for the resignation, he called as the chairman that he would resign as a director and that he had no objection to his resignation, as long as a special counsel to the Society being cancelled or abolished. No formal presentation of the resignation ever had been made, however, and Mr. Morton said he was unprepared to say whether or not it would be accepted if tendered.

Senator Depew's connection with the Society as a special counsel will terminate on August 1, if having been announced some time ago that the position would be abolished at the end of the present month.

Cutting Off Strikers' Funds.
ALEXANDER TOO ILL TO KNOW
Recent Developments in Equitable
Affairs Concealed From Him.

NEW YORK, July 13.—James W. Alexander, ex-president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, continues very ill. He is undergoing treatment in a secluded place in Long Island.

It was said today by a person in a position that all knowledge of the recent developments in the society have been kept from him. Alexander does not know that Paul Morton is at the head of the Equitable. Neither has he been informed of the Ryan purchase and the installation of Messrs. Cleveland, O'Brien and Westinghouse as trustees. The fact of the acceptance of his own resignation and that of Mr. Hyde, it was declared, has not been made known to him, and no information being conducted in his return of syndicate money, nor the purport of the report of State Superintendent of Insurance Hendricks.

HENDRICKS' STORY OF LOAN
Marked Property Down to \$150,000
and Caused Foreclosure.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 13.—State Insurance Superintendent Hendricks today was asked as to why references to the Depew Improvement Company and its exorbitant loan from the Equitable Life Assurance Society were not contained in the preliminary report of his investigation of the society's affairs. Mr. Hendricks said:

"That was ancient history. We had gone into that before. We told them (the society) to call in the loan. We marked the property down to \$150,000. They kicked on that and we told them that if we made any change it would be less. They then foreclosed the mortgage on the property, bid it in for \$50,000 and they have it yet."

Mr. Hendricks also replied to the comment of District Attorney Jerome, of the Equitable, who had said that he had a copy of the evidence taken in the Equitable investigation when he (the District Attorney) was not Mr. Hendricks.

"If Jerome wanted a copy of the testimony, why did not he ask for it? He has never asked for a copy of the testimony."

It is understood that a copy of the testimony was sent to the New York office of the department to be ready for Mr. Jerome if he asked for it.

GETS TRADE BY REBATES
METHODS OF STANDARD OIL IN
MISSOURI EXPOSED.
Manager of Pretended Competitor
Betrays in State's Suit to
Oust Monopoly.

KANSAS CITY, July 13.—The giving of rebates as a common practice to secure business was brought out today in the testimony of A. G. Shires, of Marietta, O., traveling salesman for the Pennsylvania Refining Company, of Oil City, Pa., who was a witness at the hearing in the state's suit to oust the Standard Oil Company, the Republic Oil Company and the Waters-Pierce Oil Company from the State of Missouri.

Mr. Shires was manager of the Republic Oil Company at St. Joseph, Mo., from November, 1901, to May, 1902, and came to Kansas to get trade from the Standard and the Republic Oil Company. He found the Standard and the National "the only" companies here, he said. He had charge of the tank business for the Republic, the National and the Standard, and handled gasoline and kerosene for grocers. He was, he said, instructed to get after the National's customers. Henry Teagle, the manager, Mr. Shires said, told him to get after the National's customers, and if necessary, pay a rebate of one-half a cent a gallon.

"Did you ever, during your whole employment here," inquired Attorney-General Hadley, "offer any rebate or any inducement to customers to take their trade from the Standard Oil Company?"

"No, sir, never."

"Where did you get the information regarding prices to charge for oil?"

"From the Standard Oil Company's salesmen."

"How did you instruct your salesman here?"

"To say that the Republic Oil Company was an independent concern, handling Pennsylvania goods; that it had no connection with the Standard Oil Company, and was out of the business."

Mr. Shires said that the Standard Oil Company was managed by a man named Mr. St. Joseph for the Republic Oil Company, he once had too much oil on hand and he wired Kansas City for instructions. He was ordered, he said, to "get after the Standard Oil Company and did so. He sometimes used the Standard's horses. There was no competition in St. Joseph or Kansas City between the Republic and the Standard."

Express Confidence in Schiff.
NEW YORK, July 13.—Grover Cleveland, George W. The property down to \$150,000. They kicked on that and we told them that if we made any change it would be less. They then foreclosed the mortgage on the property, bid it in for \$50,000 and they have it yet."

A TOY CHURCH.
Queer House of Worship in New
England.

Boston Globe.

The "toy church" which is often called by persons passing through the village of West Canaan, N. H., is said to be the smallest structure in the state, and probably in New England, used exclusively for church purposes.

The dimensions are 18x23 feet.

The church is painted white, with state colored trimmings and green blinds. The main part contains three large windows on each side and two in the rear. The vestibule is about six feet deep and two feet lower than the main building. A steeply pitched roof above the whole. The approach is by seven wooden steps, running along the entire front.

As one enters this unique structure he is first attracted by the oval ceiling of hardwood, and in fact the entire interior is finished in hardwood. The pulpit and choir loft are raised a little from the main floor, which is covered with a very neat carpet in red and ecru. The settees, fifteen in number, are stained a dark red. A large stove furnishes heat. Double swing doors open into the vestibule, and there a library of sixty books is located.

At the present time Rev. J. P. Frye, of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Keeler, is the pastor, and services are held every Sunday afternoon. The pastor's salary is \$150 per year, and this amount is raised largely by the Ladies' Aid Society. The church has been built on a hillside, the president's address, Sunday, 3 P. M., at the Fair grounds auditorium, the conference sermon by James W. Lee, D. D.

SUN WILL STAY SEVENTEEN
Intense Heat Continues Deadly
Work in New York.

Despite Showers Temperature Rises
and Men Fall Dead—Humidity
Makes Heat Intolerable.
Wind Brings Comfort.

RAIN BRINGS NO RELIEF
RAIN BRINGS NO RELIEF
RAIN BRINGS NO RELIEF

NEW YORK, July 13.—Thirteen deaths attributed to the hot weather were recorded in New York today. In addition, a score or more of persons were overcome by the heat and are under treatment in the city hospitals.

Despite a drizzling rainfall during the forenoon and scattered showers throughout the day, the thermometer rose to a maximum of 85 degrees. During the afternoon the drop was more decided than for the past five days, and tonight a strong westerly breeze is bringing a share of relief.

The high humidity and the continuance throughout the night of temperatures varying only slightly from those of the hottest hours of the day, have caused the heavy fatality list attending the present hot spell in this city.

COACH YALE FOR THREE YEARS
NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 13.—William L. Lush, of the Cleveland American League baseball team, who coached Yale's champion baseball nine this year, has signed a contract to coach at Yale for three years.

ALBANY COMPANY ON THE WAY
ALBANY, Or., July 13.—(Special)—Company G, Oregon National Guard, left Albany today for Gearhart Park. The company numbered about 25 men, and was commanded about Captain C. W. Wallace.

IMPERIAL FAMILY TAKES COREAN LOAN
LONDON, July 14.—The Tokio correspondent of the Times says: The Japanese imperial household has taken up half of the Korean foreign loan.

MARKED PROPERTY DOWN TO \$150,000
AND CAUSED FORECLOSURE

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 13.—State Insurance Superintendent Hendricks today was asked as to why references to the Depew Improvement Company and its exorbitant loan from the Equitable Life Assurance Society were not contained in the preliminary report of his investigation of the society's affairs. Mr. Hendricks said:

"That was ancient history. We had gone into that before. We told them (the society) to call in the loan. We marked the property down to \$150,000. They kicked on that and we told them that if we made any change it would be less. They then foreclosed the mortgage on the property, bid it in for \$50,000 and they have it yet."

Mr. Hendricks also replied to the comment of District Attorney Jerome, of the Equitable, who had said that he had a copy of the evidence taken in the Equitable investigation when he (the District Attorney) was not Mr. Hendricks.

"If Jerome wanted a copy of the testimony, why did not he ask for it? He has never asked for a copy of the testimony."

It is understood that a copy of the testimony was sent to the New York office of the department to be ready for Mr. Jerome if he asked for it.

SPECIAL SALE
In The Boys' Department

A few of the many bargains in the things boys are in most need of. This sale should appeal to economical folk with boys to clothe.

Boys' Knee Pants and Boys' Waists
Ages 3 to 16 years, regular 50c values. This sale, 20c

Boys' and Children's Straw Sailor Hats
Many different shapes. Great values at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Boys' Tams
In tan, blue, white and crash; regular 75c and \$1.00 values. This sale, 50c.

Boys' Washable Suits
In all the latest plain and fancy patterns, in sailor and Russian effects at, ONE-HALF REGULAR PRICE

Boys' Sailor Blouse Suits
In worsteds, blue serge, chevots, and fancy tweeds; ages 3 to 10 years; regular \$4.45 and \$5.00 values. This sale, \$2.00

Boys' Norfolk Suits
In blue serge, homespuns, fancy tweeds and cassimeres; ages 3 to 6 years; regular \$4.45 and \$5.00 values. This sale, \$2.00

SAM'L ROSENBLAT & CO.
CORNER THIRD AND MORRISON STREETS

Allow me to correct a misapprehension that appears to exist in the minds of some people regarding the meetings of the National Conference of Charities and Corrections to be held in this city July 15 to 21, inclusive. These meetings are just as free to the public as they are to the delegates. In fact the conference is very anxious to have its meetings as fully attended as possible. No tickets of admission are necessary and no collections or subscriptions will be taken up. It is necessary to be enrolled or to attend by the Government representative, and cordially invited to all conference and sectional meetings and it is hoped that anyone interested in any particular subject will at least attend the meetings on that subject. Full programmes will be printed and distributed. The welcoming meeting will be at the church on next Saturday, July 15, at 2:30 P. M. when the conference will be received by the Mayor of the city. Saturday, 3 P. M., at the church, the president's address, Sunday, 3 P. M., at the Fair grounds auditorium, the conference sermon by James W. Lee, D. D.

Will Not Visit Australia.
MELBOURNE, July 13.—President Roosevelt has declined the invitation extended by the Commonwealth Government to Miss Alice Roosevelt to visit Australia with Secretary Taft and the members of the family, which was accompanied by the assurance that the party would be cordially welcomed by all classes.

"Light the Lamp that kills the germs"

Keep the Refrigerator Sweet
SUMMER SEASON—GERM SEASON.
Kill All Odors, Germs and Microbes by Using THE NEW FORMALDEHYDE LAMP

A Certain Exterminator of All Germ Life.

By a simple chemical process this lamp generates the greatest germicide and disinfectant. Easy to operate, with nothing to replace, it is the least expensive and most convenient and effective means of keeping the refrigerator sweet and wholesome, as it leaves no lingering odor.

Adopted by hospitals and sanitariums everywhere and recommended by the medical profession.

Price \$1.50 JOBBERS AND DEALERS SUPPLIED.

WOODARD, CLARKE & CO.
FOURTH AND WASHINGTON

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Mends shattered nerves. Gives a healthy red to pale cheeks. Puts good flesh on thin children. Takes off pimples and rashes. A general tonic. Ask your doctor to tell you about it.

Twenty Years of Success

In the treatment of chronic diseases, such as liver, kidney and stomach disorders, constipation, diarrhoea, dropsical swellings, Bright's disease, etc.

Kidney and Urinary
Complaints, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges speedily cured.

Diseases of the Rectum
Such as piles, fistula, fissure, ulceration, mucous and bloody discharges, cured without the knife, pain or confinement.

Diseases of Men
Blood poison, gleet, stricture, unnatural losses, impotency thoroughly cured. No failure. Cure guaranteed.

Dr. Walker's methods are regular and scientific. He uses no patent nostrums or ready-made preparations, but cures the disease by thorough medical treatment. His New PATIENTS on Private Diseases sent free to all men who describe their trouble. FURNISHING CURED AT HOME. Terms reasonable. All letters answered in plain envelope. Consultation free and absolutely confidential. Or on address.

DR. WALKER, 181 First Street, Corner Yamhill, Portland, Or.