USES WARM WORDS

Governor Mead Scores Governor of Minnesota.

INJUSTICE IS ALLEGED

Requisition for Dessie M. Allen Was Refused Without Giving Washington Executive Opportunity to Be Heard.

OLYMPIA, Wash., July 12.—(Special.)—Governor Mead today addressed a warmly-worded letter to Governor Johnson, of Minnesota, in which he reviews the Minnesota requisition for Ida M. Johnson, granted today, and the Washington requisition for Dessie M. Allen, denied by Governor Johnson, last April.

Governor Mead sets forth some of the telegraphic correspondence between the two Governors in relation to the Allen matter, from which it appears that Governor Johnson dishonored the requisition on the ground that the papers failed to include an affidavit showing the perpetration of the crime charged, and because no reason was given for the delay in making the application. It also appears that Governor Mead's request for an opportunity to correct the technical defects was in effect refused by a summary denial of the requisition. Governor Mead says in part:

With the recital of the records of these two cases, I submit to the candid judgment of the people of the two states interested that the people of Washington have a right to complain of the injustice suffered at your hands. Owing to the brief time occupied by you in consideration of this matter and the objections you have urged, which could have been easily overcome, I feel that the State of Washington was practically denied a hearing in our efforts to extradite a fugitive from justice in your state.

I presume the only alternative left to me is to protest against this sort of treatment, which I shall continue to do whenever requisition papers issued from this office are so summarily denied a hearing, practically refused and no opportunity given to meet your views of the law in extradition cases.

LEWISTON BANKERS INVOLVED

Federal Grand Jury Finishes Taking of Testimony at Boise.

BOISE, Idaho, July 12.—(Special.)—The taking of testimony by the special grand jury investigating timber frauds closed today, and it is expected the jury will close up and make report tomorrow. No indictments were returned into court today, but it is believed four or five will be voted. From what has been learned of the nature of the testimony, the Government appears to have been tracing transactions with which George H. Kester and F. W. Kettenbach, the Lewiston bankers, have been connected.

The cases under consideration by the grand jury today are those of residents of the vicinity of Asotin, Wash. In at least four cases it is alleged final proof was made on timber claims in North Idaho by Asotin people, who then transferred the claims to Jackson O'Keefe, of Asotin, he in turn assigning them to George H. Kester and F. W. Kettenbach, prominent bankers of Lewiston.

The impression that Kester and Kettenbach will be indicted is based on the manner in which the jury traced the deals in their finality to them. The grand jury heard the last of the testimony in the pending cases today, closing up all proceedings that were jeopardized by the statute of limitation.

It is possible that later on additional indictments will be returned in cases of more recent origin. Among the witnesses today was Jackson O'Keefe, the alleged go-between in the Kester-Kettenbach deals. Others before the grand jury were Joseph H. Prentice and E. H. Dammorell, Edgar J. Taylor, of Cloverdale, Wash., and E. Taylor, of Asotin.

J. HAM WOULD GO TO CONGRESS

Seattle Statesman Will Use Chicago Appointment at Stepping Stone.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 12.—(Special.)—Seattle friends of James Hamilton Lewis, appointed general corporation counsel of Chicago by Mayor Dunne, who have kept posted on his career in the Windy City, state that Lewis is really attempting to force his way into Congress from a fairly safe Democratic district in Chicago. Lewis has always wanted to go back to the National capital. During the two years he was there he was treated to widespread newspaper notoriety and this has always been enthusiastically received by Lewis.

A special dispatch from Chicago today says the appointment of Lewis as corporation counsel carries with it the right to name 33 assistants, ten of whom will be classed as assistants corporation counsel.

During the Dunne campaign Lewis made a number of characteristic speeches for the Democratic candidate, and even then he confided to friends that his purpose was to seek re-election to Congress from an Illinois district. The new appointment is not likely to swerve him from this determination. The fact that he went to the Kansas City convention as a solitary boomer of the Lewis candidacy for the Vice-Presidency indicates Lewis will take care of his own political fortunes in the Chicago office.

REMORSE DROVE TO THE HILLS

There Pneumonia Seized J. C. Bush, Who Denied His Brother.

BUTTE, Mont., July 12.—Eugene Bush, of Kansas City, Mo., has appeared before the courts here, laying claim to a portion of the estate of the late Charles Colbert, who died in Butte several years ago. With the presentation of Bush's claim a remarkable state of affairs was disclosed, it appearing that J. C. Bush, a brother of Eugene Bush, had represented himself as the sole heir to the estate.

J. C. Bush at first denied his brother, but finally confessed his identity, acknowledging his attempt to secure the whole of the estate for himself. Suffering from pangs of remorse, J. C. Bush fled to the mountains, where he was found this morning, suffering from pneumonia contracted from exposure.

BIG CROPS IN LINN COUNTY.

Hay, Wheat, Oats and Hops Give Great Promise

ALBANY, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—The hay crop of Linn County is greater this year than ever before, and thousands of tons of hay will be shipped away. In addition to the extra acreage is the yield. It is unusually good. Hay is selling for $4 and $5 loose, and $6 and $7 baled—low prices even for the opening market. Haying has been in progress for some time, and this week will see the crop cut and in the cock. Most of it will also be in the barn or stack ere the end of the week.

Never did wheat in Linn County look better. Binders will begin moving the yellow grain this week, much of it being now fully ripe and ready for cutting. The aphis mentioned early in the Summer during the rains have all disappeared, leaving no mark behind. The output of the county will not be much larger than in the past, for the acreage is not much larger than usual, but the yield is the greatest in years.

Threshing will begin the last of July or the first of August, on the Fall-sown grain. Three or four weeks later work will begin on the Spring grain, which is looking fine where sowed early enough, but that sown late will ripen pretty close to the ground, making binding difficult.

Oats are looking fine, and will be a fairly heavy crop. The acreage is not as large as in some years, but the yield is excellent.

One of the bumper crops of the county will be hops. There is every indication of a full crop—better than last year. No damage has been done by the lice, the hot weather coming in time to put an end to the ravages of the little pest. The few yards that were infested with lice have been sprayed, and the crop is not affected in the least. If we have warm weather until picking season is over, the crop will be a full one. A prominent Albany hop-grower today estimated the output of Linn County at about 150,000 bales.

NO OPERATOR OUT ON STRIKE

Spokane Men Are Waiting for Orders From Headquarters.

SPOKANE, July 12.—No operator has gone on strike here, either in railroad or commercial offices. The dispatchers here are waiting for instructions from headquarters. About Northern Pacific offices there is a rumor tonight that the difficulty between the road and its operators has been settled.

BIG MILL FOR HOOD RIVER

PROPOSAL TO BUILD MILLION-DOLLAR COTTON PLANT.

Eastern Promoters Ask a Site, Power and Subscription to Stock in Concern.

HOOD RIVER, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—Hood River is considering a proposal for a $1,000,000 cotton mill. E. W. Tarr, of Boston, accompanied by Dr. A. LeRoy, superintendent of the information department of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, was here last night and presented his plans to an open meeting of the Hood River Commercial Club.

It is asked that Hood River business men furnish a 25-acre site, free water-power and subscribe a portion of the stock. It is expected that the greater part of the stock will be taken in Portland. A committee of the Commercial Club has been appointed to inquire further into the matter and to see if the necessary site and power can be secured at a reasonable figure.

Right Given to Another.

BOISE, Idaho, July 12.—(Special.)—Judge Beatty has decided the condemnation suit of Headrick & Baillie vs. Larson & Greenough against the plaintiffs. This action was brought to condemn what is known as the Morning tunnel, which penetrates property of the plaintiffs in reaching the Morning mine.

Recently the defendants instituted condemnation proceedings and Judge Beatty appointed appraisers to assess the damages. Then Headrick & Baillie commenced condemnation proceedings covering the identical tunnel, the purpose being to secure joint use of it. Having given the defendants a tunnel right the Judge holds that he cannot grant an identical right to Headrick & Baillie.

Beat Guard and Escape.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—Two military convicts, a negro and a white man, attacked their guard at Fort Mason, felled him to the ground with a rake, and seizing his rifle, beat him into insensibility with the bayonet and then made their escape. McMurray, the white man, who is under a ten-year sentence to Alcatraz prison, was captured by Lieutenant MacArthur, son of General MacArthur. The negro, whose name is Shepard, is still at large, and the police are hunting for him. Guard Montzner, who had charge of the convicts, is in Fort Mason Hospital. The surgeons have grave doubts of his recovery.

ESCAPES ACROSS THE LINE

BIGAMIST COLLINS FEELS SAFE AT VICTORIA, B. C.

San Francisco Attorney Says He Could Not Get Justice in California Court.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 12.—Attorney T. D. Collins, wanted at San Francisco for bigamy, and Mrs. Collins are at the Driard Hotel, in this city, fugitives from the San Francisco police. Telegrams have been received by the local police, asking them to arrest and hold Collins for bigamy, but the police have not done so, as bigamy is not an extraditable offense. Chief Langley, of Victoria, has wired to San Francisco to this effect.

Collins came north overland. In an interview given here Collins said he knew he could not be extradited from British Columbia for bigamy. During 16 years' practice at the California bar he said he had made powerful enemies, and had personal troubles with Mr. De Young, of the San Francisco Chronicle. He said he was the victim of conspiracy, and would not get justice in a California court, so decided to come to Canada. Collins rode as far as Portland in the same sleeping-car with Governor Pardee. He distinguished himself by eating a $13 dinner and tipping waiters and porters with silver dollars. When the passengers learned who the woman was they cut her, and she was greatly distressed, but cheered up after the big dinner.

Brunswick Bills at Vancouver.

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 12.—The police have arrested Francis Grazinna, charged with uttering bogus bank bills, a number of which have been passed.

The notes are of the New Brunswick State Bank of New Jersey, said to have been out of existence for many years. The prisoner is believed by the police to be one of a gang engaged in circulating these bills in the British Columbia towns.

WIPE OUT OLD LINES

Factions to Disappear in Republican Party Affairs.

BOSSES OUT OF FASHION

Roosevelt and Anti-Roosevelt Will Probably Be the War Cries on National Issues, but Not in Local Elections.

SALEM, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—That there will be a new line-up in Republican party affairs, or possibly an almost complete obliteration of factional lines, is generally believed and frequently asserted by men who take an interest in politics. That the old line of cleavage—Mitchell and anti-Mitchell—has already, or must soon, disappear, is acknowledged by all except those few who refuse to believe the testimony in the land-fraud cases or to accept the verdict of the jury.

Though it is admitted new lines must be found, if there are to be any lines at all, no one seems to have any definite idea of what the new alignment will be. There seems to be no figure in Oregon politics around which shattered forces may rally—no name of an Oregon political organizer that may be adopted as a factional designation.

There are those who declare that under the direct primary law the maintenance of factional lines such as have existed in the past will be impossible. They assert that the people never have favored factionalism, but under the old convention system, where one crowd secured control and named the ticket, there was nothing to do but stand with one faction or the other. As a rule, the faction that controlled the convention named the ticket from top to bottom, and the yellow dog of the prevailing crowd was preferred over the best man in the defeated faction.

It is asserted that this is no longer possible, for the people will pick the best men in the primaries, and there will be no prevailing faction. No one or two men will be able to name all the candidates. No man can build up a political machine, because under the direct primary no man can "deliver the goods," and therefore can make no promises that will carry weight. Any man who wishes to do so may be a candidate and have a fair chance of winning, regardless of alliances formed or not formed with political manipulators. The new method of nominating candidates, it is said by some men who have thought upon the matter, will obliterate all factional lines.

But there are those who take a different view. A prominent man suggested a few days ago that although the old lines have been broken, new ones must and will be formed. The new lines, he says, will be drawn upon ideas and not men—upon principles and not plunder. He finds some indication of this in the discussion that has arisen as a result of the land-fraud trials. He finds that there is one group of men who took offense at the vigor with which the Administration prosecuted the land-fraud cases, and have been assailing the Administration ever since the prosecution began.

This group of men insisted that the prosecutions should have been left in the hands of John Hall and Mr. Heney should not have been imported from California to take charge of the case. Angered by the Administration's course in that particular, they have found fault with nearly everything that the Administration at Washington undertakes to do. They oppose the Roosevelt idea of tariff revision, take flings at his Panama Canal work and criticism nearly all his important acts.

There is another group of men who are believers in Roosevelt, his policies and his manner of accomplishing desired ends. Out of this situation, it is asserted, a new line-up will be found, with those men who are opposed to Rooseveltian ideas on one side and those who support Rooseveltian ideas on the other. It is predicted, therefore, that in the next campaign the candidates for the United States Senate and for Congress will be Roosevelt or anti-Roosevelt men, and the people will line up in support of one faction or the other.

So far as the election of a United States Senator brings National policies into the Legislature, the new line-up as indicated would have its influence in the selection of candidates for the Legislature. In the primaries there would be Republicans in favor of supporting this Administration and others opposed to it, but after the ticket had been named all would be plain Republicans and support the nominees of the party.

This theory of a new line-up would vary according to the issues. In the nomination of county candidates there would be local issues which would form the dividing line. Retrenchment, public road improvement, salaries of county officers, courthouse building and the other questions that come up in every county, would form the issues to be fought out in the primaries. The question would not be whether the candidate for County Judge or Commissioner is a friend of one political manipulator or another, but whether he stands for good roads or bad ones, reduction of county expenses or extravagance, increase of tax burdens or decrease. Each county would have its own local issues.

In the nomination of a Governor, according to this theory, the line-up would again be upon ideas and not upon previous factional affiliations. It is averred that when the aspirants for the Gubernatorial nomination go into the campaign they will have to declare the principles of state government for which they stand, as for example, the question of appropriations, railroad regulation, franchise taxes and other subjects which come to the attention of the Governor because of his veto power.

Candidates for Legislative nominations would find themselves confronted with similar questions, and before a man could be nominated he would find it necessary to tell what he thinks of amending the local option law, creating a new county, enactment of franchise tax laws, repeal of the direct primary law, abrogation of the initiative and referendum and Normal School appropriations.

LAUTH IS TO HANG TODAY.

Murdered Mrs. L. B. Jones at Oregon City About a Year Ago.

SALEM, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—Superintendent James, of the penitentiary, has everything in readiness for the execution of G. W. Lauth, tomorrow at 12:30. Only about 20 men have been invited to be present, and efforts will be made to conduct the execution with as little public attention as possible. Superintendent James has permitted no interviews with the condemned man.

Lauth murdered his mistress, Mrs. Lenore B. Jones, at Oregon City, about a year ago. His attorneys have made every effort to save his life.

This will be the third execution at the Penitentiary, the other men hanged here being Charles Egbert and Frank Guglielmo.

FILE ON ROCKS IN THE OCEAN

Portland Men After Apparently Worthless Islets.

ASTORIA, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—W. S. Chapman, of Portland, has made a filing in the County Clerk's office, under the timber and stone act of building-stone claims on Bird Island and Crescent Rock, comprising about 20 acres each. The rocks are located below the line of high-water mark, in the Pacific Ocean, about one-half mile north of the mouth of Elk Creek. At the same time W. E. Mulhollan, through his attorney, W. S. Chapman, made a similar filing on what is known as Haystack Rock. The latter is also said to contain about 20 acres, and is located about one mile south of the mouth of Elk Creek.

The object of "locating" these rocks is a mystery, as they cannot be reached by boats nor on foot, excepting at the most extreme low tides, and have always been considered absolutely worthless, except to look at.

Everett Sash Factory Burns.

EVERETT, Wash., July 12.—Wheelihan & Weidauer's sash and door factory, owned by F. A. Wheelihan, was destroyed by fire this evening. The loss is $60,000, with insurance of $35,000 or $40,000. Forty men were employed. The mill will propably be rebuilt. Wheelihan is in Seattle. Over $500,000 worth of property was menaced, but the wind was fortunate.

MONTE IS FOUND GUILTY

MURDER IN SECOND DEGREE, SAYS SALEM JURY.

Indicted With Harry Wright for Providing Tracy and Merrill With Rifles at Penitentiary.

SALEM, Or., July 12.—The jury in the case of Charles Monte, jointly indicted with Harry Wright for murder in the first degree, under the direct charge of having furnished convicts Harry Tracy and David Merrill with guns, with which they effected their escape from the Oregon Penitentiary the morning of June 9, 1902, brought in a verdict tonight of murder in the second degree. The jury had been out since noon.

Monte and Wright were accused of having scaled the prison walls at night and placed guns in the prison shops, where they were found by the convicts in the morning. As the result of the outbreak, three guards, Frank Ferrell, B. F. Tiffany and S. B. T. Jones, lost their lives. Wright is to be tried tomorrow morning.

The verdict against Monte was evidently a compromise. The prosecution made a strong case against him, showing that Monte bought two 30-30 rifles from W. J. Reilly, in Portland, a few days before the outbreak, that he was in Salem a day or two before the break, and that he made admissions to other men that he aided in secreting the rifles in the prison foundry, where Tracy and Merrill could get them. Monte has served two terms in the Oregon Penitentiary. Wright is also a confirmed criminal, having served terms here and in Washington.

Indians to Get No Liquor.

OLYMPIA, Wash., July 12.—(Special.)—A letter to the Attorney-General from Superintendent Charles Buchanan, of the Tulalip Indian Agency, reveals that the Commissioner of Indian Affairs has instructed all Indian agents in this state to see that the state law making it a misdemeanor to sell or give intoxicants to Indians is strictly enforced. The occasion for the order is the recent decision of the Federal courts to the effect that an "allotted" Indian is not a ward of the Government, but a citizen of the state in which he resides, and therefore the Federal status such as the one forbidding the sale of liquors to them are dead letters so far as "allotted" Indians are concerned.

Superintendent Buchanan asks for advice as to the methods of enforcing the state law in this particular which the Attorney-General will furnish.

FOREST GROVE DISPLEASED

CITIZENS DEMAND TWO ROUND TRIPS DAILY.

Offer of the Southern Pacific Unanimously Rejected at Mass Meeting Called Last Night.

FOREST GROVE, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—At a mass meeting of the citizens tonight, it was voted to protest against the extra train service which has been offered by the Southern Pacific Company. Senator Haines read a letter from General Manager O'Brien, offering an extra train each way daily between Forest Grove and Portland.

The hours offered were not satisfactory, and it was the sense of the meeting that the new service should include at least two round trips daily. Prominent members of the Board of Trade spoke against the proposal, and the motion to reject the offer passed unanimously.

Yearly Meeting at Newberg.

NEWBERG, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—At yesterday afternoon's session of the Oregon yearly meeting of the Friends' Church this year's officers were elected as follows:

Presiding clerk, President H. Edwin McGrew, of Pacific College; recording clerk, Mrs. Mabel H. Douglas; reading clerk, Mrs. F. A. Stuart; announcing clerk, Hon. John S. Richie.

The conditions of the church were considered yesterday as shown by the statistical reports, and were seen to be very encouraging.

At this morning's session both the general and special epistles from the present yearly meeting of London, England, were read.

Church Convention at Centralia.

CENTRALIA, Wash., July 12.—The Southwestern District Convention, Church of Christ, has been in session here this week in the Christian Church. All-day sessions have been held and the convention will end at a late hour Thursday evening. Among the most prominent men present is the Rev. G. K. Berry, of Portland, who has delivered several important addresses.

Big Hay Crop in Polk.

DALLAS, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—Polk County farmers are harvesting a bumper crop. Prices for 1905 hay range from $4 to $5 per ton, and contracts are being made for baled cheat and timothy at $7 to $8 per ton. As the oat crop is light this year, farmers generally are putting up a large amount of hay.

SHORT IN ACCOUNTS

Umatilla Sheriff Startled by Report of Experts.

TOTAL SAID TO BE $20,000

Of the Amount, $12,000 Is at Once Made Good by Popular Democrat, Re-Elected to Office Last Year.

PENDLETON, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—Pendleton is wild tonight over the sensational report that the office of Sheriff T. D. Taylor is short between $20,000 and $21,000. News of the alleged shortage was given out by members of the County Court who have been in session this week for the purpose of examining the reports of Clark and Buchanan, experts employed by the county to inspect the county records. The experts have not as yet completed inspection of the Sheriff's books and while the exact shortage cannot be ascertained a member of the County Court states the rumor is essentially correct.

Sheriff Taylor this afternoon made good $12,000 of the amount as soon as he heard of the alleged shortage from the District Attorney. The Sheriff has not had charge of the books himself, his chief deputy having had full access to the money received in the office during his term of office. Mr. Taylor was unwilling to make a statement regarding the deficit tonight.

District Attorney G. W. Phelps and the members of the County Court will complete the inspection of the office tomorrow, when more light will be thrown upon the affair. It is certain that part of the reported shortage dates as far back as 1897, when Representative William Blakely was Sheriff of Umatilla County.

Taylor was re-elected Sheriff last year by a majority of 1700 over the Republican candidate, C. A. Barrett, of Athena.

Slain by Japanese Lover.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 12.—Mamie Takaki, a Japanese girl 14 years old, was murdered in her parents' home at Latah about 3 o'clock this morning by George Hama, a Japanese, who boarded with the family. Going into the girl's room, Hama shot her four times, then went to his own room, shot himself twice and cut his throat. Both were dead in an hour.

It is understood Hama wanted to marry the girl, who had been promised to him by her grandmother, but the girl refused to marry him, and her parents also opposed the match. In a jealous rage he murdered her.

Horse Kills Jackrabbit Charley.

RED LODGE, Mont., July 12.—A well-known character of Carbon County, Charles Benning, better known as "Jackrabbit Charley," has been killed by a horse falling on him while riding across country in the Upper Clark's Fork aVlley.

Benning was christened Jackrabbit Charley after being snowbound in a cabin in the Upper Clark's Fork Valley one Winter and living on jackrabbits for months, until able to get relief. Benning was a well-known newspaper man.

Governor Sarles Comes Today.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 12.—(Special.)—Governor E. Y. Sarles and the North Dakota party which will visit Portland next week to be present on Dakota day at the Exposition will reach Seattle tomorrow. With his party he is officially to welcome the Hill liner Dakota. Miss Flemington, who christened the Dakota, is in the party. Governor Sarles will leave here Sunday afternoon for Portland and his party will remain in that city until midnight, July 18.

Apsley's Mania Is Suicidal.

ASTORIA, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—John T. Apsley, a fireman at the Hume mill, was today committed to the asylum. Apsley is a native of Illinois, 30 years of age, and has been afflicted with melancholia for several months. A short time ago he attempted to cut his throat.

United Copper Declares Dividend.

BUTTE, Mont., July 12.—Mayor MacGinnis has received a telegram from A. P. Heinze, vice-president of the United Copper Company, declaring a stock dividend. The dividend is on common stock, and is one-half of 1 per cent, with an extra half of 1 per cent, and is payable July 31, to stockholders of record.