PEACE MEETING DATE IS PROPOSED

President Roosevelt Believed to Have Made Suggestion to Russia.

FIRST WEEK IN AUGUST

Reply From the Czar Is Expected in a Day or Two—Battle in Manchuria May Take Place in the Meantime.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 26.—(12:51 A. M.)—Negotiations for the peace conference have taken an important step forward, and a proposal for the date of the meeting of the plenipotentiaries at Washington has been submitted to Russia and is now under consideration. The exact date proposed has not been ascertained, but there is reason to suppose that it is some time during the first week or ten days of August, which is about the earliest period at which the Japanese representatives could be expected to reach Washington, allowing reasonable time for the acceptance of the proposal and the interchange of the nominations of plenipotentiaries.

The Emperor's answer is not expected for a day or two, as the diplomatic mills of Russia grind slowly, and the Foreign Office, as one of the secretaries put it, "is not used to hustling American methods," but it is thought that the date will be satisfactory, as it will give ample time, for Nelidoff, the Russian Ambassador at Paris, or other Russian negotiators to reach Washington, and there will be little preliminary work for them to do until the Japanese terms are submitted.

Meyer Conducts Negotiations.

Whether the proposal regarding the date originated at Tokio or at Washington cannot be learned, but the fact that the negotiations were conducted through Ambassador Meyer may indicate that President Roosevelt has perhaps again stepped to the fore and suggested to the two powers, neither of whom would be willing to take the initiative, a suitable date.

Ambassador Meyer is still exchanging communications with Foreign Minister Lamsdorff by letter, the Minister being confined to his apartments in the Ministry, but in his latest note, written by his own hand, Count Lamsdorff expressed the hope that he would have sufficiently recovered to permit of personal exchange of views today.

The Minister's indisposition also prevented him from receiving the German, French and other Ambassadors during the last few days.

Battle May Take Place.

M. Heratoff, Under-Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the spokesman of the Foreign Office, in an interview in the Gazetta, declares an armistice pending the meeting of the plenipotentiaries is improbable, and he comments on the possibility of a battle taking place before a conference is held.

The Russky Invalid, the morning paper, supplies argument for peace in an estimate of the strength of the Japanese armies, which it places from 550,000 to 660,000 men, including the forces operating in Corea. In the seven Japanese armies oposing General Linievitch, exclusive of cavalry, and artillery, it estimates that there are from 430,000 to 456,000 bayonets, which give Field Marshal Oyama a decided numerical superiority over the strength usually allotted to Linievitch's army. The Japanese forces, it says, are divided as follows:

General Kuroki, 115,000 to 120,000 bayonets; General Oku, 110,000 to 115,000 bayonets; General Nogi, 80,000 to 90,000 bayonets; General Nodzu, 45,000 bayonets; General Kawamura, 72,000 to 80,000 bayonets.

Moderate Terms of Japan.

The Novoe Vremya prints an interview which its correspondent at Paris had with a Japanese diplomat, who says that while nobody outside of the Emperor of Japan and his principal advisers is yet in possession of Japan's terms, he believes that they are moderate and will be acceptable. He adds that Japan is anxious to conclude a lasting peace, but that their attitude is not influenced by the slightest doubt as to her financial ability to continue the war, she having anticipated a much longer and more difficult period of hostilities.

CALLED TO THE WHITE HOUSE

German Ambassador Spends Over an Hour With the President.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—At the request of the President, Baron von Sternberg, the German Ambassador, called at the White House today at 2 o'clock and remained with the President for more than an hour. He came to Washington today to see the President and will return to Deer Park, Md., tomorrow. His visit was the only outward sign of activity in the peace negotiations.

Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, today received several cablegrams signed by Count Lamsdorff, from which it is inferred here that the Foreign Minister's indisposition is disappearing.

So far as Japan's plenipotentiaries are concerned, the President will be able to announce them as soon as he receives the names of the Russian envoys. That Mr. Takahira, the Japanese Minister, may be one of them, in case there are three, as already stated, is the belief of more than one Ambassador in the corps, but official communication of this, of course, is withheld at the Japanese legation.

It is believed that Morocco was also a subject of discussion at tonight's conference between the President and the German Ambassador. The Washington Government, it is pointed out, is aware that Germany does not wish or contemplate war with France and the officials here believe there is no reason why an agreement should not be reached after friendly though tedious negotiations.

CZAR NAMES PLENIPOTENTIARY

Unofficial Report Is Given Out at Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—It is reported unofficially that the President at a late hour tonight was informed by Mr. Meyer, the American Ambassador at St. Petersburg, of the selection of the Russian peace plenipotentiaries.

Count Cassini Is Going Home.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, has engaged passage for July 11 from New York. The Ambassador will probably remain in Washington to await the arrival of his successor, Baron Rosen, who will land in New York July 6. Count Cassini will then go to New York for a few days, and thence to Oyster Bay, there to present his letters of recall to the President. This ceremony over, the Ambassador will return to New York and remain until he sails.

The presentation of Baron Rosen as Ambassador will take place at Oyster Bay, soon after the departure of Count Cassini, and will be characterized by ceremonies appropriate to the reception of the personal envoy of Emperor Nicholas.

Otaghiri One of Plenipotentiaries.

LONDON, June 26.—The correspondent of the Morning Post at Shanghai says: "M. Otaghiri, the Japanese Consul here, has been recalled. He leaves Tuesday in order to proceed to Washington as one of the peace plenipotentiaries."

CHARGE AGAINST DIRECTORS

ALLEGED EQUITABLE GRAFTERS MUST ANSWER IN COURT.

New York Officials Will Draw Up Papers Against Men Who Profited in the Bond Transaction.

NEW YORK, June 25.—With Attorney-General Mayer and his deputies working over the evidence taken by Superintendent Hendricks, of the State Insurance Department, in his investigation of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, and District Attorney Jerome also investigating the Equitable, proceedings against the men who, Superintendent Hendricks says, accumulated profits for themselves at the society's expense, will be only a question of days.

The Attorney-General and Alexander T. Mason, the deputy in charge of the former's office here, were in consultation today, and tomorrow Mr. Mason will begin the actual drawing of the papers against the directors, who, it is alleged, profited from the syndicate transactions.

Attorney-General Mayer will tomorrow go to Albany, where he will have a long conference with Governor Higgins, ex-Governor Odell, Superintendent Hendricks and some of the party leaders in both houses of the Legislature.

Alexander Is Very Ill.

NEW YORK, June 25.—At the home of his daughter tonight it was announced that James W. Alexander, ex-president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, was getting along nicely. His condition last night was grave.

SPRECKLES' COMPETITOR

Hawaiian Company Has Purchased California Sugar Refinery.

HONOLULU, June 25.—The Sugar Factors Company, representing all of the sugar interests here outside those of the Spreckels Sugar Company, has purchased, for approximately $2,000,000, the controlling interest in the Crockett, Cal., refinery, and intends to begin next January refining the Hawaiian product in competition with the Spreckels Company.

It is expected that there will be a lively fight. The Sugar Factors Company controls 340,000 of the 400,000 tons of the annual sugar crop of Hawaii, and has, it is stated, renewed for three years its contract with Eastern refiners to dispose of the crop, with the provision of being allowed to refine up to 150,000 tons on the Pacific Coast.

The Sugar Factors Company says it has paid yearly $1,250,000 to the Spreckels refineries, because it was unable to compete, and it now proposes to resist the Spreckels interest. The Sugar Factors Company was organized last year for the purpose of combining interests here to oppose the Spreckels Company.

MIXING WHITE AND BLACK

Solution of Negro Problem Advocated by Colored Author.

BOSTON, June 25.—Amalgamation of the white and colored races through intermarriages as a solution of the race problem was advanced today by Charles W. Chestnutt, a well-known negro author of Cleveland, in an address before the Boston Literary and Historical Association. Mr. Chestnutt, who is here to attend his son's graduation from Harvard, spoke on "Race Prejudice, Its Causes and Cure." After discussing the differences between the two races the speaker said:

"The most difficult of the differences which hold us apart from our fellow-citizens is our difference in color. Should this difference disappear entirely prejudice and the race problem would cease to exist. I not only believe the mixture will in time be an accomplished fact, but that it will be a good thing for all concerned."

SITE FOR GERMAN EMBASSY

Reproduction of German Castle Will Be Erected.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The German government has purchased a splendid site for its embassy here, opposite the property of the new French Embassy, overlooking Sheridan Circle, on S street, in the northwest section of the city. The property, which is surrounded by magnificent trees and residences to a considerable height above the street, measures about 200 by 195 feet.

On this site will be erected a splendid stone structure of the style of Frederick the Great, reproducing, perhaps, in general outline the famous Sans Souci Castle or the new castle at Potsdam.

The Ambassador and Baroness Speck von Sternberg, will sail for Bremen, July 6, on the Bremen, to be gone for three months.

MILWAUKIE COUNTRY CLUB

Eastern and Seattle races. Take Sellwood and Oregon City cars, First and Alder.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

If Baby Is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and diarrhoea.

FORCE HILL POSITION

Japanese Drive the Russians Before Them.

CAUSE HEAVY LOSSES

Red Cross Flag Is Hoisted by the Enemy in an Attempt to Check the Firing of the Mikado's Troops.

TOKIO, June 25.—(3 P. M.)—The following official report has been received from the Japanese headquarters in Manchuria:

"The enemy holding the northwest eminence of Manchenzo, was attacked and dislodged on the afternoon of June 22, but a portion of them holding the hills to the west offered stubborn resistance, and the hills were finally taken by assault. Another force of the enemy holding the hills due north was attacked from the front and we simultaneously resorted to a turning movement from the northeast intercepting his retreat and causing him heavy loss.

"The enemy hoisted the Red Cross flag, but this did not stop our firing, and he fled in disorder. His strength in cavalry and infantry was some 3000 men and several guns. Fifty corpses were left on the field. The enemy's loss was fully 200. Our loss was insignificant."

LINIEVITCH CLAIMS VICTORY

Positions Taken by the Enemy Are Recovered in Battle.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 25.—The Emperor has received the following dispatch from General Linievitch, dated June 23:

"There is no change in the position of the armies.

"After the Japanese advance on our right flank, which I have already repulsed, the enemy advanced against our front east of the railway, where the Cossacks, noticing the enemy's advantage, had withdrawn slowly.

"June 19, our cavalry, having been reinforced, met the Japanese advance, when the enemy hastily withdrew to the southward.

"The morning of June 20 our cavalry reoccupied points on the Mandarin road. Japanese infantry began at 9 o'clock on the same day a determined advance against Gugichi, opening an artillery fire on our outposts. At noon our men to the north withdrew and the advance-guard of the division retreated still further to the heights north of Schichussa, in the face of superior forces, finally falling back as far as Liaoenjao.

"The fight ended in the evening, the enemy remaining four miles south of this spot. It was found later that two regiments of Japanese infantry and two regiments of cavalry, with machine, mountain and field guns, had advanced along the Mandarin road.

"To the west, three battalions of infantry, a squadron of cavalry and three guns advanced. We resolved to advance on June 20, in order to drive the enemy back and to enable our advance-guards to recover their former positions. For this purpose the troops selected began to move toward Liaoenjao. Scouts were thrown out, and the Japanese retired before our advance-guard.

"In the evening of June 20 our advanced troops occupied Menchuaga and a pass to the west of that place.

"The morning of June 21 our further advance began, and the enemy, pursued by us, retired gradually to positions near Rescopingao. A lively fire was opened by degrees, four Japanese batteries being engaged. The Japanese showed a disposition to offer an obstinate resistance, and the appearance of our troops here caused confusion among them, compelling them to send for reinforcements.

"The object of our advance being fully attained, our troops were withdrawn in the falling darkness, the positions which the enemy had occupied before our advance remaining in our hands.

"A Japanese battalion and 200 cavalry appeared north of Chajunhen, Corea, on June 20."

District Is Denuded of Food.

LONDON, June 26.—The Japanese correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Moji, Japan, represents the Russians as making strenuous efforts to improve the defenses of Vladivostok, and says that the whole of the Usuri district has been denuded to the point of famine in order to provide the fortress with adequate food supplies.

The correspondent adds that General Linievitch has issued strict orders to non-commissioned officers and men to refrain from the use of alcoholic liquors, threatening them with severe penalties for violations of these orders.

Russian Vessels Are Raised.

ROME, June 25.—A Port Arthur dispatch, received from an Italian engineer who is engaged in raising the Russian ships sunk in the harbor there, says that three ironclads have been refloated.

SUNK BY RUSSIAN CRUISER

BRITISH STEAMER IKHONA IS LOST WITH CARGO.

Vessel Was Carrying Mails and Rice From Rangoon for Yokohama.

SINGAPORE, June 25.—The British India Steam Navigation Company's steamer Ikhona was sunk by the Russian cruiser Terek June 5, 190 miles north of Kongkong. The crew was landed here tonight by the Dutch steamer Pontak, which the Terek met June 19. The Ikhona was carrying mails and rice from Rangoon to Yokohama.

The Ikhona was a steel vessel of 5,382 tons, built at Glasgow in 1900. She was 419 feet long, with 50 feet beam and was equipped with electricity. The steamer left Rangoon on May 17. Her cargo was valued at $450,000.

Dnieper Sinks Only One Vessel.

JIBUTIL, French Somaliland, June 25.—The captain of the Russian Auxiliary cruiser Dnieper says that he examined many ships, but sank only the British steamer St. Kilda. He says he came at full speed from the Yellow Sea on hearing of the disaster to the Russian fleet in the battle of the Sea of Japan.

COSSACKS MURDER FAMILY

(Continued From First Page.)

revolutionary doctrines, and for the same reason there is little discussion in the clubs and cafes, most of the people not being aware that anything unusual is happening in Poland.

When the details become known it may be expected that the news will create the deepest impression in all industrial sections of Russia and bring about disorders which would be particularly unfortunate coming just at this juncture when the government is bending every effort to induce the people to be patient and to await the issuance of a ukase announcing the convocation of a national assembly, the proclamation regarding which cannot be long delayed.

The date for the convocation was some time ago tentatively fixed for June 28 but the final revision of the project is taking longer than had been expected and the ukase will probably have to be postponed.

In Poland itself the events at Lodz may initiate an era of open resistance to the troops lasting for months. Besides Lodz, Warsaw, Kalisch, Petrakovk, and other manufacturing centers have been on the verge of anarchy for several months and disturbances similar to those at Lodz on a greater or smaller scale are to be feared wherever and whenever military condition give the slightest encouragement.

Hard Labor Instead of Death.

LONDON, June 26.—The Warsaw correspondent of the Standard says that the court-martial which tried Stephen Okreeia, the locksmith who threw the bomb into the Praga police station, March 6, injuring six policemen, has reduced his sentence from that of death to 20 years at hard labor.

CONFERENCE WITH TAFT

PANAMA ENGINEER WALLACE MAY RESIGN POSITION.

Said to Be Dissatisfied With the Letting of Contracts for Dredging the Panama Canal.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Secretary Taft had a conference at the Manhattan Hotel today with John F. Wallace, chief engineer of the Panama canal; T. P. Shonts, chairman of the Canal Commission, and William Nelson Cromwell, Counsel for the commission, but refused to make any statement as to what matters had been discussed. Immediately after the conference Secretary Taft left for New Haven.

There will be other conferences before Mr. Taft starts for the Philippines. Today's conference was brought about, it is believed, by the recent return of Mr. Wallace from the Isthmus, but it is not known whether his visit portends his resignation unconditionally or conditionally, if certain plans decided upon already are not changed. It is believed he is dissatisfied, whether about dredging contracts already let or generally he will not say.

Melbourne to Invite Taft Party.

MELBOURNE, June 25.—The Commonwealth Government has decided to invite Secretary of War Taft and the members of his family and Miss Roosevelt to extend their tour from the Philippines to Australia. Assurance is given that the Secretary and his party will be cordially welcomed by all classes.

Taft Goes to Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 25.—Secretary Taft arrived here tonight for the Yale commencement exercises. He will be the speaker at the Law School exercises tomorrow afternoon.

PRESIDENT HADLEY SPEAKS

Yale Men Will Pour Into New Haven Today.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 25.—President Hadley, of Yale, this morning delivered the annual baccalaureate address to the members of the senior class of the University of Woolsey Hall.

This afternoon and evening was spent in showing the visitors about the city and tomorrow morning the big influx of Yale men is expected. The programme tomorrow will include meetings of the corporation, the Law School Alumni Association, and presentation exercises of the senior class.

President Hadley's topic was the scriptural text, "Except your righteousness shall exceed the righteousness of the scribes and pharisees, ye shall in no case enter into the kingdom of heaven."

AT THE HOTELS.

The Portland—L. I. Youngernuett, L. A. Hansen, Los Angeles; S. Wile, Cincinnati; O. W. Anderson, Minneapolis; Mrs. F. Robson, Whitehall; H. Jeschke, Chicago; P. M. Palmer and wife, Janesville; M. Adelsdorfer, San Francisco; J. V. Buell and wife, Eaton, Pa.; W. D. Barbour and wife, New York; Mrs. W. Ronaldson, Denver; C. R. Mannville and wife, Milwaukie; Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Carlson, Miss C. O. Goldthwaite, Lynn, Mass.; Miss A. Ryan, Santa Monica, F. Deering and wife, Santa Monica; A. B. C. Doberman and wife, San Francisco; G. R. Smith and wife, Chicago; Mrs. Dorwand, M. Wolf, Misses H. and F. Dolph, J. Hausman, San Francisco; J. Barclay, Madison, Wis.; L. Schilsky, J. Douttewelden, New York; T. D. Fuller, Columbus, O.; S. Caldwell, R. Stephenson, Columbus, O.; H. G. Smith and wife, Sacramento; P. H. Keyes, Dana, Ind.; T. J. Dugan, Indianapolis, Ind.; M. P. Gilbert, S. Hart, San Francisco; Mrs. M. A. Hutten, Walla Walla; H. H. Sedbury, Mrs. H. S. Houston, St. Louis; C. Thayer, Tillamook; R. H. Burns and wife, R. H. Burns, Jr., Pittsburg; F. T. Kelly and wife, Baker City; D. A. Heilbruner, New York; A. L. Castle, Rexney, Ill.; G. Gosbury, Chicago; F. D. Cato, San Francisco; W. I. Dickson, Vancouver, B. C.; E. B. Strong, wife and daughter, San Francisco; J. M. Hunt and wife, Chicago; H. C. Simonds, Wisconsin; C. J. Smith, San Francisco; W. E. Slater, Seattle; J. C. Pond, Milwaukee; E. H. Cox, Madera, Cal.; R. Q. Hopkins, Sacramento; J. N. Perry, Chicago; N. Breyger, San Francisco; Mrs. O. B. Ross, Columbus, O.; G. W. Smith and wife, Minneapolis; J. Lambie, D. O. Anderson, St. Paul; D. S. Crumb and wife, St. Louis; E. H. Eddy and wife, Grand Rapids; H. Beckman and wife, Child, O.; W. M. Dressler, wife and son, Chicago; E. Webb, E. Hill, Nashville, Tenn.; H. Cashman, Seattle; R. P. Habersham, Astoria; H. J. King, J. C. Edmonds, San Francisco; J. W. Turner, Chicago; W. H. Workman, Jr., Seattle; J. B. Mands, New zaland; S. R. Davidson, G. M. Maizan, Seattle; H. S. Houston, New York; G. H. Fairchild and family, Hawaiian Islands; F. B. McCoy, E. Albersworth, St. Louis.

The Perkins—W. A. Abernathy, Alaska; J. S. Lewis, New Orleans; B. F. Johnson, Aberdeen; W. C. Cox, Boise; J. V. Burwik, Nome; M. Spink, Beatrice; P. O. White, city; J. H. Schotten, San Francisco; L. W. Cline, Seattle; C. E. Shumway, C. Gaby, Eugene; Mrs. C. R. Bagley, Mrs. Muir, Hillsboro; R. Yates and wife, Oakland; W. J. Brady and wife, Berkeley; N. W. Bethel, The Dalles; J. D. McDonald, Spokane; W. Markham, Pendleton; M. Dukes and wife, Mayville; W. McNeill, S. Pendergast, Sand Center; C. C. Kerney and wife, Edith Kerney, M. Kerney, Wasco; R. F. Perkins, North Carolina; G. Flanding and wife, Brooklyn; Mrs. Ross, Milwaukee; Dr. F. W. Wolfe and wife, Gainesburg; T. C. Elliott, Walla Walla; F. F. Eastman, C. W. Eastman, San Francisco; Mrs. H. E. Mitchell, Fort Stevens, O.; F. S. Wilson, Union; E. Burlingame, C. L. Dodger, Pomeroy; J. E. Landon and wife, Chehalis; N. D. Evans and wife, Seattle; G. C. Davis and wife, Oakland; J. A. McGillicuddy, C. V. McGillicuddy; F. D. McGillicuddy, Aberdeen; M. E. Bus, Mrs. M. J. Thern, Harneston; Mrs. J. D. Holmes, Seattle; H. M. Ward, San Francisco; J. H. Ceraney and wife, Gintock; W. A. Barnum, Spokane; L. D. Brown, Little Falls, Mont.; Mrs. C. Cannon, Miss Cannon, Miss J. Cannon, M. E. Rothe, Denver, Colo.; Jane Rodgers, John Rodgers, Mrs. Rodgers, Dick Rodgers, Prescott; C. H. Langdon, Denver; J. A. Denholm, L. Smith, Tacoma; J. O. Watts, Eugene; L. G. Caswall, Mrs. Caswall, Irene Hays, Mrs. G. Blanchard, Seaside; Warner Gleet and wife, Glendale; W. D. Cannon, Jr., and wife, Iowa City, Ia.; Mrs. F. H. Chamberlain, Iowa City, Ia.; Mrs. F. M. Wilson, Columbus, O.; H. Koupke, Alpena; W. Ernest Crowe, Ostrander; Mr. Dan Hay, McMinnville; J. A. Ross and wife, Minneapolis.

The Imperial—R. G. Way, Victoria; M. Abrahams, New York; E. Davis, Tacoma; C. C. Thomas, Chicago; George E. Richards, Union, Or.; F. Schweickhart and wife, St. Louis; M. P. Anden, Seattle; W. H. Schapers, Seattle; Howard Brownell and wife, Colfax; J. W. Hitchcock and wife, Starbuck; F. C. Holland and wife, Walla Walla; Mrs. Edwards, Denver; J. H. Letts, Vinnie Letts, Adelga Letts, Letts; Henry Blanke, St. Louis; W. Grove, Ostrande; Mrs. Dan Hay, McMinnville; Mrs. Fewell, Latch, Wash.; E. Zundel, La Grande; J. L. Wright, Leadville; George Darran, H. J. Labaureile, Pendleton; George Artlis, George Wetmarth and wife, Hood River; Madge Cochran, Emporia, Kan.; P. R. Trinshaw and wife, J. A. Moffatt and wife, A. E. Sears, Centralia; A. E. Sears, Peter J. Laychywek and wife, Chehalis; F. A. Swingle, Pendleton; A. W. Whitney, Seattle; J. W. Berry, Salem; Maud Parrish, Buenos Ayres; M. B. Long, Marlene; Ira J. Hallensby, Greensburg; W. A. Johnson and wife, Chicago; Sam Jennings, Chas. Chapes, Wisconsin; T. R. Glass and wife, Holly, Colo.; H. Armstrong and wife, Chicago; H. H. Armstrong, Chicago; Helen V. Boswell, Mary Wood, New York; Eva D. Frome, Pendleton.

The St. Charles—O. S. Phillips, Spokane; T. C. Johnson, E. C. Johnson, Hillsboro; A. Overly and two daughters, Austin; C. Krause, H. Peterson, Iola; M. R. Knox, C. McBride; D. C. Bryden, city; T. Nordstrom, Astoria; G. W. Chapman and wife, McCormick; C. Boyle, Sacramento; W. Sommers, H. Sommers, Wisconsin; G. N. Ely, Douglas; G. Walter, Curtinsville; J. Hins and wife, Omaha; C. E. Baker, Kate Taylor, Boise; E. W. Johnston and wife, Waterville; W. D. Redmond; J. G. Baxter, Dayton; Mrs. J. C. Stetton, Arlington; H. T. Bagley, Hillsboro; Mrs. C. Kinzer, Hubbard; G. H. Fields and wife, Newton; P. W. Rhodabarger, Aberdeen; A. C. Popejoy; A. Freeman, Seattle; D. Thomas; D. Lloyd, La Molne; S. Wilkinson, Kelso; A. P. Bernin, Brainerd; G. A. Bydon, Seattle; G. L. Rocker, Pilot Point; W. C. Williams, J. Cade, H. Stein; A. James, city; W. S. Musgrove, Hood River; S. H. Smiley, W. S. Meeker, W. A. Lee, M. O'Neill, city; J. Snider, T. Day, Lyman.

The Esmond—W. Hummel, W. Brush, Marshburgh; N. Foster and wife, Cathlamet; J. Allen and wife, M. Allen, E. Allen, C. L. Range and wife, Seattle; W. H. Caldwell, Reno; P. Maddock, Santa Rosa; H. M. Small, Moro; E. R. Reynolds, Cornelius; R. F. Tyeson, Ellensburg; C. P. Harrington, Stevenson; R. Wickham, Spirit Lake; O. L. Strannahan and wife, G. Gaunt, Hood River; A. Cook, Newberg; D. Turner, Gray's River; A. Rockey, Rainier; G. T. Prather, H. S. Davis, Hood River; W. Smith and wife, Salem; C. Serbes, Iona; G. H. Wood, Goldendale; H. N. Peabody, A. B. Reed, H. E. Kanbois, Centerville, N. Geller, N. C. Purguis, Chicago; W. Steop, Elgin; A. Tellefar, Milwaukie; A. Olson, Trout Lake; B. D. Taylor, The Dalles; G. Roberts, North Yamhill; W. T. Crane, J. Kennedy, Mayville; J. R. Davidson, New York; A. A. Bischell and wife, A. Carlson, Wilbur; Mrs. G. Nanheim, L. Nanheim, J. L. Berry and wife, Chicago; H. McCormick, Astoria; Miss L. Allen, Sacramento; W. Miller Saunves' Island; M. Shubbe, Goble; A. Hall, G. Holst, South Bend; F. Dyer, Cheyenne; F. N. Meyer, Chinook; A. F. Barclay, Oregon City; W. H. Taylor, Arlington; H. S. Taylor, Grant's Pass.

The Oregon—M. F. Shafer, Omaha; W. G. Bandon, San Francisco; G. M. Bachman, Wallsburg; L. F. Anderson, Milwaukee; J. S. Hopkins, Santa Barbara; C. H. Page, Butte; T. L. Hartling and wife, Aberdeen; Miss Geta, Des Moines; F. Nelson, Lake Preston; O. J. Balstead, Chicago; Mrs. O. J. Balstead, St. Johns; D. McKenzie, city; Y. Nama, San Francisco; M. McKeing, Chicago; J. N. Hays and wife, Pittsburg; T. H. Hartley, San Francisco; H. W. Kooper, New York; J. Krazen, W. J. Ball, Seattle; G. W. Harrison, San Francisco; A. Bahal, Spokane; L. J. Lockman, Kansas City; S. Plant, New York; J. B. McMann, St. Paul; M. J. Dolan, The Dalles; M. L. Reid, C. C. Bennis, San Francisco; R. E. Kam, C. J. Kerbec, J. J. Kane, Miss Irene Kane, St. Louis; T. Bell and wife, Spokane; E. L. Powers, New York; A. M. Callager, St. Paul; A. Sherman, W. Livisting, San Francisco; J. K. Robinson and wife, St. Paul; A. A. Van Orsdale and wife, E. D. Van Orsdale, Homesville; J. F. A. Webber, San Francisco; J. A. Turney, Spokane; Mrs. Underwriter, Harrington; G. Boddle, Mrs. C. P. Overton, San Francisco; C. C. Shaw, Seattle; C. F. Clapo and wife, Fort Townsend; G. W. Grace and wife, Worcester.

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First-class restaurant in connection.

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$25 to $20 Tailor-Made Suits

At $8.75

Linette Tailor-Made Suits

At $7.50

New Black Silk Coats $10.50

$2.50 to $1.75 White Lawn Waists

At $1.29

SILK BARGAINS

$1.00 Silks, Introduction Price 72c
Great Silk Introduction at, yd. 88c
$1.25 Silks, Introduct'n Price 98c
$1.50 Silks, Introdu'n Price $1.19

5000 Yards

White Jap. Silks

Reg. 50c, Introduction Price 39c
Reg. 65c, Introduction Price 45c
Reg. 75c, Introduction Price 63c
Reg. $1, Introduction Price 85c
Reg. $1.25 Introduct'n Price $1.05

LACE BARGAINS

25c to 15c Valenciennes Lace 9c
75c to 50c Allover 25c
15c to 10c Torchon Lace 4c
$3.00 to $1.50 Dress Net 95c
$1.50 to $1.00 Laces 65c
$2.75 to $2.00 Laces $1.25
$5.00 to $3.75 Laces $1.95
$2.75 to $2.00 Allover $1.35
$4.00 to $3.00 Allover $1.95

Nemo and Smart Set Corset Demonstrat'n

Mrs. Craig is with us demonstrating the many good features and merits of "Nemo" and Smart Set Corsets. Every lady should avail herself of this opportunity to be fitted by the celebrated Corsetiere, Mrs. Craig. Prices within the reach of all, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.75 to $12.50.

CURTAIN SALE

White and Arabian Lace Curtains

Regular $1.00, Special at..... $ .79
Regular $1.50, Special at..... $1.19
Regular $2.00, Special at..... $1.59
Regular $2.50, Special at..... $1.98
Regular $3.00, Special at..... $2.39
Regular $3.50, Special at..... $2.79
Regular $4.00, Special at..... $3.29
Regular $5.00, Special at..... $4.19
Regular $6.50, Special at..... $5.19
Regular $7.50, Special at..... $5.95

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Corked or Tin Capped

Taste the Test

UNIFORMLY good taste is the infallible sign of well-brewed beer!

It demonstrates the use of the very best Barley-Malt, highest grade Bohemian Hops, special culture Yeast and thoroughly filtered Water. The best tasting beer is

Budweiser

"King of Bottled Beers"

It always tastes the same.

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n
St. Louis, U. S. A.

Orders Promptly Filled by

Tillmann & Bendel, Distributors, Portland, Oregon.