

## LEE PEOPLE MAKE DECISION

National Assembly Will Choose  
Peace or Continued War  
for Russia.

## CZAR PREPARES MANIFESTO

Decision by His Council Expected  
Any Hour—Battle in Manchuria  
Will Surely Precede Meet-  
ing of Assembly.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 2.—(S. A. M.)—St. Petersburg is full of rumors of the most contradictory character regarding the prospects of peace, but in the best informed quarters the Associated Press was told that no definite decision had been reached. Nevertheless, it is persistently reported that an imperial manifesto may be expected within a brief time.

The ministers who went to the council at Tsarskoe-Selo Thursday were so expectant of immediate action that the editor of the official messenger was instructed to hold his forms open for an important announcement, but at the last moment the editor was informed that this announcement was not yet ready. Again at night the manifesto was expected, but at 2 o'clock this morning the editor learned that no announcement had been made.

### Call Assembly to Decide.

This manifesto, it is credibly reported, will proclaim the immediate convocation of a national assembly, to which the question of peace or war will be submitted, thereby shifting the burden of a decision from the shoulders of the Emperor to the whole nation, robbing agitators of opportunity to make revolutionary capital out of the decision, whichever may be taken.

On account of the imperative haste of the summoning of an assembly for this purpose, it would be necessary to postpone the convocation of a permanent Zemsky Sobor, which is contemplated in the Emperor's ukase of March 2, but it is probable that the first assembly will be held at night, in a constitutional convention and give advice as to the ultimate form of a new legislative organization.

### Another Battle Will Come First.

The Emperor's advisers realize that whatever haste may be made in calling together the representatives of the people, it will be impossible for them to meet in time to forestall another battle in Manchuria, but, though a request for an armistice is a possibility, the present disposition is to leave the matter entirely in the hands of the assembly, for another defeat on land, unless decisive, could not change the situation or make it much worse, while a victory for Lieutenant-General Linievich would alter the complexion of affairs entirely.

The Admiralty has not yet recovered from the stupefaction caused by the naval disaster, but from news received from the commanders of the Almaz, Izumrud and the torpedo-boat destroyers the naval authorities are gradually piecing out a connected story of the battle up to the last stage before the surrender of the fleet under Nebogatoff. There is little comfort for the Russians in their own reports.

### POPULAR WRATH IS BOILING

Liberals Demand Reformed Government and Thrown Bureaucrats.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 1.—The immediate realization of the internal reforms seems the only thing which can save the government from the wrath of the people. The truth is now known to the humblest people in the capital, and will soon spread through the empire, and the mutterings of the people are certain to have an ominous effect on the army at the front. It is feared that the revolutionists and socialists are planning to take advantage of the government's discomfiture by exciting demonstrations and renewals of strikes. As a precautionary measure, more guard regiments have been ordered back from camp and additional Cossack reinforcements have been brought to St. Petersburg.

The industrial members of the Labor Commission, headed by Prince Minister Kozlovskoff, withdrew in a body at today's sitting on the plea that owing to the national calamity they were unable to attend. The government is endeavoring to disperse current affairs and considered that the alarming situation required their presence in their respective provinces.

Kozlovskoff declined to postpone the work of the Commission, saying that the interests of the working classes would thereby be prejudiced, and vainly appealed to the industrial members to consider their decision. Finally M. Kozlovskoff decided that the Government members of the Commission should continue their work.

The newspaper report that Vice-Admiral Biriouff, who started for Vladivostok May 25, to take command of the Baltic fleet, is returning to St. Petersburg.

The Bourgeois Gazette says the recent events mean the complete bankruptcy of the bureaucracy. The paper declares that the Government is shaken to its foundations and issues a warning note to the effect that, unless a National Assembly is convoked and other reforms are sincerely executed at once, it will be too late.

A recurrence of the strike movement is already reported at Pavlograd, Ekaterinburg, Lodz, Ivano-Voznesensk, Shuia and other places. At Lodz the workmen are armed with revolvers and knives.

In St. Petersburg the Government has placed a weapon in the hands of the Socialist leaders of the workmen by conceding eight hours work per day at the Admiralty, thus embarrassing private owners, who insist that the conditions of Russian labor do not permit them to agree to such hours. From the Caucasus the news continues that Edvira has been placed under martial law, but the fear of Persian Kurds crossing the frontier fortunately has not been realized.

### RUSSIA CRIES FOR VENGEANCE

Demands That Officers Be Shot for Surrendering Ships.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 2.—(S. A. M.)—According to the dispatches from Baron Ferns, the commander of the cruiser Izumrud, the battle between the Russian fleet and the Japanese fleet was still in progress when he was cut off, and this increases the deep resentment felt here at the surrender of the ships. The Novoye Vremya declares that the officers ought to be court-martialed and shot for hauling

## WILL TOUR SOUTH

President Decides to Start on  
October 17.

### HE DELAYS EXTRA SESSION

Two Weeks Will Be Spent in Visiting  
Principal Southern Cities—Congress Will Be Called After  
November Elections.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—President Roosevelt will start on his trip through the South next autumn on the night of October 17. This announcement comes with the statement that the extraordinary session of Congress, which it is the present intention of the President to call, will not begin until after the November elections.

The President had hoped to begin his Southern trip early in October, but within a day or two he has concluded to postpone his departure until the 17th. The trip will consume about two weeks. The itinerary has not yet been arranged definitely, but it is the President's intention to visit many of the important cities of the South, including Richmond, Va.; Raleigh, N. C.; Atlanta, Ga.; Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla.; Birmingham, Tennessee; Montgomery and Mobile, Ala.; New Orleans, La.; and Little Rock, Ark.

The trip will end at Little Rock and the President and party will return directly to Washington from that city. It is likely that some other cities will be included in the stops made by the President.

### FINAL ACT IN GREAT TRAGEDY

Overconfident Russians Were Surrounded and Pounded to Pieces.

LONDON, June 2.—The Daily Telegraph this morning publishes a continuation of the description of the naval battle from a correspondent with the Japanese fleet, forwarded by its Tokyo correspondent and published yesterday morning. The story proceeds as follows:

"The tremendous cannonade had not ceased from 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon until 3 o'clock Sunday morning, when the formation of the Japanese fleet remained unaltered, but the battle was not finished until Monday morning.

"The Russians made straight for the waters of the Tsushima strait, with the attempt at reconnaissance, convincing the Japanese that they were afflicted with excessive confidence. The facts have proved that the Russians were completely ignorant of the exact whereabouts of the Japanese fleet, which lay concealed in places kept strictly secret. There was no sign of the movements of the fleet were hampered by great waves.

"Almost every Japanese shell told, and told well. The Russians made repeated attempts to break the ring of steel and at night they concentrated a fearful fire on the Japanese torpedo flotilla. Togo estimates that he thus compelled them to use an enormous quantity of ammunition.

The most severe cannonading occurred between 4 and 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon, when four of the Russian warships were sent to the bottom and the enemy thrown into confusion, began its northward flight, Togo having closed the gate to the southward. It was short races, Togo's superior speed soon enabled him to place a crescent-shaped barrier in front of the Russian vessels, whose plight then became miserable. The Russian ships were scattered. They were beyond control and fled or foundered in the heavy sea, offering a feeble resistance.

"The Japanese navy, without loss, gained one of the greatest victories ever won. It was not altogether strategy nor altogether gallantry, but the battle was won by a splendid combination of both qualities.

### SAILORS MUTINY IN BATTLE

Throw Admiral and Officers Overboard—Mutiny Rife in Army.

### SPECIAL CABLE.

LONDON, June 2.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times writes that he had obtained from high authority a report that Admiral Nebogatoff's sailors mutinied in the battle and threw the admiral and many of their officers overboard. He states further that the sailors found their officers in the cabins and hoisted a white flag, surrendering to the Japanese.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Standard says that General Linievich, believing that his troops were in a rebellious frame of mind, recently had 25 officers and 300 men executed. The officers were shot and the men were hanged. The officers were accused of distributing proclamations that were found in the possession of the men.

### RUMOR THAT CZAR IS DEAD

Suicide or Assassin, It Says, but Falsity Is Alleged.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 2.—(S. A. M.)—There are various rumors afloat in the city that the Emperor is dead, having either committed suicide or been assassinated. The rumors are untrue.

PARIS, June 2.—The rumor from St. Petersburg that the Emperor is dead is reproduced in all of the newspapers this morning. The rumor was strongly denied by the Russian Embassy.

### TOKIO CELEBRATES VICTORY

City Decked in Bunting and People March to Park for Exercises.

TOKIO, June 1, 6 P. M.—Admiral Togo's victory was celebrated here today. The entire city was decorated with flags and bunting. Literary exercises and sports were held in Hibya Park. Mayor Otsu presiding. Thousands of persons filled the park and lustily cheered. The naval staff occupied prominent seats on the platform. Various organizations and guilds paraded the streets, the procession all converging at Hibya Park.

### Admiral's Wounds Not Serious.

TOKIO, May 2.—(S. A. M.)—The serious wound of Admiral Rojdestvensky, who was taken to Suva on a Japanese battleship, is a bruise on the forehead and a slight fracture of the skull. The nature of his internal injuries is not known. The Admiral's temperature and pulse are normal, and there is no sign of brain trouble. He has other wounds, but they are not serious.

Weaver's Triumph Complete.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Without a dissenting vote both branches of the City Council today withdrew the ordinance authorizing the extension of the lease of the city gas works to the United Gas Improvement Company for a period of 25 years, for which the company was to pay the city \$25,000,000. Select Council also unanimously confirmed the appointment of Colonel Sheldon Potter as director of public safety, and A. Lincoln Ackers as director of public works.

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## OPERATION AVOIDED

EXPERIENCE OF MISS MERKLEY

She Was Told That an Operation Was Inevitable. How She Escaped It

When a physician tells a woman suffering with ovarian or womb trouble that an operation is necessary, the very thought of the knife and the operating table strikes terror to her heart, and her hospitals are full of women coming for ovarian or womb operations.



Miss Margaret Merkley

There are cases where an operation is the only resource, but when one considers the great number of cases of ovarian and womb trouble cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after physicians have advised operations, no woman should submit to one without first trying the Vegetable Compound and writing Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, which is free.

Miss Margaret Merkley of 375 Third Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—  
"Loss of strength, extreme nervousness, shooting pains through the pelvic organs, bearing down pains and cramps compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor, after making an examination, said I had ovarian trouble and ulceration and advised an operation. To this I strongly objected and decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The ulceration quickly healed, all the bad symptoms disappeared and I am once more strong, vigorous and well."

Ovarian and womb troubles are steady by the increase among women. If the monthly periods are very painful, or too frequent and excessive, if you have pain or swelling low down in the left side, bearing down pains, leucorrhoea, don't neglect yourself: try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

\$458,327,516, an increase for the year of \$42,338,951, and in increase for the month of \$7,052,571. The circulation of the United States bonds amounted to \$474,239,094, an increase for the year of \$45,969,062 and for the month of \$7,091,250. The amount of circulation secured by lawful money was \$22,088,429, a decrease for the year of \$5,821,111 and for the month of \$8,759. The amount of bonds on deposit to secure circulating notes was \$461,150,390 and to secure public deposits \$2,457,950.

## BRINGING THEM TOGETHER

### ROOSEVELT WORKING ACTIVELY

AS MEDIATOR.

After Talk With Takahira He Arranges Conference With Castelnau to Offer Aid to Russia.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Russia will know officially how ready this Government is to assist her in commencing peace negotiations with Japan at the earliest possible moment, if Count Castelnau, the Russian Ambassador, carries out his intention of seeing the President tomorrow.

Indirectly, Count Castelnau is already informed of the willingness of the President to take up the question of peace terms with Japan, provided Russia is prepared to discuss the subject in good faith; but unless he receives instructions from his government to make the time he calls on the President, the Ambassador will personally express the firm conviction that his government has no objection to negotiating with Russia at this time. It was suggested tonight that the failure to receive any advice from St. Petersburg regarding the attitude of the Emperor of Russia, why Count Castelnau had deferred his call at the White House.

The whole situation was thoroughly explained in an informal way by Count Castelnau with his warm personal friend, Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German Ambassador, who dined at the Russian Embassy after having had a conference with the President earlier in the day. Indicative of the importance of the two conferences with the German Ambassador was the statement from the Russian Ambassador late tonight that he hoped to see the President within the next 24 hours.

### STRONG INFLUENCE FOR PEACE

United Persuasion of America, France and Britain May Prevail.

PARIS, June 1.—Strong influences are being exerted between Paris and St. Petersburg toward securing the cessation of hostilities, hopes of which for the first time assumed definite form within the last few days. Exchanges which have already occurred encourage hope of a pacific solution, but these are not yet explicit.

Although the officials observe silence with regard to their plans, it is gathered that the chief reliance is the securing of the strong influence of Great Britain, France and the United States in bringing about some basis of accord between the belligerents. Heretofore this influence has been merely moral, owing to the refusal to permit it to take more concrete shape, but the indications are that Russia may allow it to become a more material character, owing to the having nations friendly both to Japan and Russia and to the cause of peace co-operate toward terminating the conflict and initiating peace negotiations.

### Not Ready to State Terms.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Japanese Minister Takahira called at the White House today and had a brief talk with the President about the situation in the Far East. At the conclusion of the interview, Mr. Takahira declined to make public the details of his conversation with the President.

In response to an inquiry as to whether there was any foundation for the talk of peace negotiations, he said there was nothing. He added that the Mikado's government was not ready yet to state its peace terms.



Youths' Suits

All the very newest and most attractive novelties are shown. Style and fit equal to the best custom tailored suits.

Single and double-breasted suits, new wide lapel on all double-breasted coats, side or center vents in back, peg-top trousers.

\$10.00 SPECIAL

Young men's suits in single and double-breasted styles, in chevrons, thibets, serges and fancy worsteds; high, snug, close-fitting collars; coat fronts firm and shape-retaining.

\$10.00 SPECIAL

Suits that are equal to most \$12.50 and \$15.00 garments; perfection in tailoring, finest materials, choicest styles and faultless workmanship. Choice for \$10.00 while they last.

## SAM'L ROSENBLATT & CO.

RELIABLE CLOTHIERS COR. THIRD AND MORRISON STS.

## LETTER OF THE LAW

Hill Observes It in Washington Passenger Rates.

ST. PAUL, June 1.—An observance of the law so rigid that it may prove more or less annoying is announced by the Great Northern road in issuing its new passenger tariff for the State of Washington. An act regulating passenger rates strictly will go into effect in that state on June 9. Thereafter, accordingly, the Great Northern will collect exactly 3 cents a mile from every passenger. No pennies will be added or deducted, after the usual fashion, to make the rate end in multiples of 5 cents. Moreover, the same rate will be charged by conductors on trains as by agents at stations, and the customary 10 cents penalty or overcharge will not be demanded by the conductor.

### WILL CANCEL ALL PASSES

After New Commission Law Becomes Effective Only Employees Will Ride Free and Passengers Must Handle Coppers.

### NEW EXPOSITION TRAINS.

Northern Pacific Provides for Heavy Traffic.

### Atterbury's System

Ben Selling Is Sole Agent for Atterbury Clothes in Portland

Atterbury Blue Serges are numbered amongst the best achievements of modern tailors. The same compliment may rightfully be paid our flannels and homespun. To the machine clothiers these warm weather garments are unsolved enigmas. To us they are just as easy as our other lines because we devote to them the particular kind of care they require. Hence they are always stylish and always retain their shape.

Atterbury System Labels in Each Garment Authorized Agents in All Cities

Atterbury Suits and Overcoats \$20 to \$40

The Atterbury System

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